SVKM'S NMIMS Deemed to be UNIVERSITY

LSTM

M.Tech. Data Science, Second Year, NMIMS

By,

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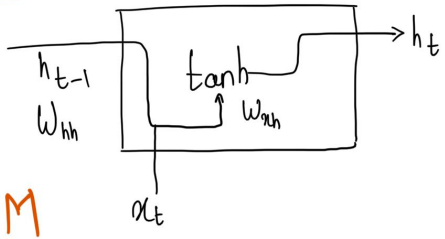
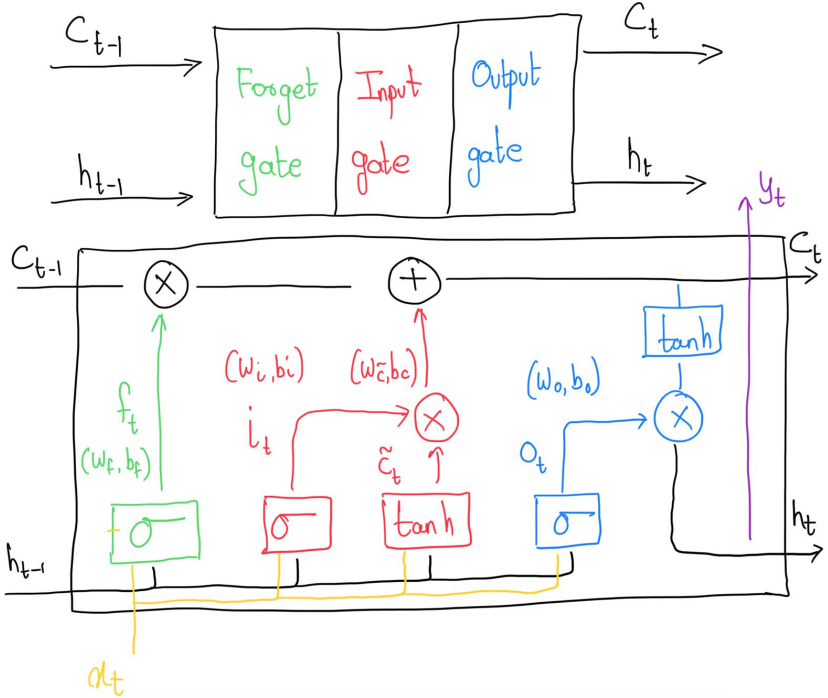
RNN



LSTM



RNN

$$h_t = \tanh\left(W_{hh}\, h_{t-1} + W_{xh}\, x_t\right)$$

$$\hat{y}_t = W_{hy} \times h_t$$

LSTM

$$f_t = \sigma\left(W_f\left[h_{t-1}, x_t\right] + b_f\right)$$

$$i_t = \sigma\left(W_i\left[h_{t-1}, x_t\right] + b_i\right)$$

$$o_t = \sigma\left(W_o\left[h_{t-1}, x_t\right] + b_o\right)$$

$$\tilde{C}_t = \tanh\left(W_c\left[h_{t-1}, x_t\right] + b_c\right)$$

$$C_t = C_{t-1} * f_t + i_t * \tilde{C}_t$$

$$h_t = O_t * \tanh\left(C_t\right)$$

- Cell state
  - Information pass through the path.
- Why sigmoid?
  - Sigmoid can output 0 or 1, it can be used to forget or remember the information.
- Why tanh?
  - To overcome the problem of vanishing gradients.
  - Tanh second derivative can sustain for a long range before going to zero.
- Forget Gate
  - It tells the information to throw away from the cell state.
  - 0 completely forget or 1 to keep all information
- Input Gate
  - It tells that what new information are going to store in the cell state.
  - Sigmoid layer decides which values are updated.
  - Tanh layer gives weights to the values to be added to the state. Candidate to get the memory vector for the current timestamp t.
- Output Gate
  - It is used to provide the activation function output.
  - Sigmoid decides which cell part for output.
  - It returns update hidden state value.

Timeline of LSTM

1991: Sepp Hochreiter analyzed the vanishing gradient problem and developed principles of the method in his German diploma thesis[1] advised by Jürgen Schmidhuber.

1995: "Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM)" is published in a technical report by Sepp Hochreiter and Jürgen Schmidhuber.[2]

1999: Felix Gers and his advisor Jürgen Schmidhuber and Fred Cummins introduced the forget gate (also called "keep gate") into the LSTM architecture,[3] enabling the LSTM to reset its own state. [4]

2004: First successful application of LSTM to speech by Schmidhuber's student Alex Graves et al.[5]

2005: First publication (Graves and Schmidhuber) of LSTM with full backpropagation through time and of bi-directional LSTM. [6]

2014: Kyunghyun Cho et al. put forward a simplified variant of the forget gate LSTM called Gated recurrent unit (GRU).[7]

References

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