```
#include<iostream>
#include<vector>
// FinalExam.cpp : This file contains the 'main' function. Program execution begins and ends
there.
//
void Q1()
  //std::cout << The saint said, "God is one.";
  std::cout << "The saint said, \"God is one\".";
  //std::cout << \"The saint said, "God is one".\";
  //std::cout << "The saint said, \\"God is one\\".";
}
void Q2()
  int a = 1, b = 2, c = 3;
  std::cout << (++a) - (b--) + (c++);
void Q3()
  int a = 5, b = 4, c;
  a = (a > 3) + (b <= 5);
  b = (a == 3) + ((b - 2) >= 3);
  c = (b != 1);
  std::cout << a << ' ' << b << ' ' << c;
void Q4()
  std::cout << \sim (\sim 0 << 5);
void Q5()
  unsigned int a = 0xb9;
  a = a ^ 0x1 << 4;
  std::cout << std::hex << a;
}
void Q6()
  union m { char a; int b; int c; };
  std::cout << sizeof(m);
}
```

```
void Q7()
{
  typedef struct { int a; int b; } M;
  std::cout << sizeof(M);
void Q8()
  typedef struct { int a; } S;
  S z, * pz{ &z };
  z.a = 10;
  pz->a = z.a * 2;
  std::cout << z.a << ' ' << pz->a;
void Q9()
  typedef struct { int a; long sq; } SQ;
  int i, j;
  SQ squares[4], * sp;
  for (i = 10, j = 0; i \le 40; i += 10, j++) {
     squares[j].a = i; squares[j].sq = i * i;
  for (j = 0, sp = squares; j < 4; ++j, sp++) {
     std::cout << sp->a << " squared is " << sp->sq << std::endl;
  }
#pragma region Q10_13
int* GetArrayOfNumbers(int count) {
  int* p = new int[count];
  memset(p, 0, count * sizeof(int));
  return p;
void DisplayNumbers(const int* p, unsigned int count)
  while (count-- > 0) std::cout << *p++ << ' ';
void Q10_13() {
```

```
const int count{ 40 };
  int* nums = GetArrayOfNumbers(count);
  for (int i{ 0 }; i < count; i++)
     nums[i] = rand() % count;
  DisplayNumbers(nums, count);
  delete[] nums;
  // potentially more code here
#pragma endregion
#pragma region Q14_19
// define Square object structure
struct Square {
  float side;
  float perimeter;
  float area;
};
Square** CreateSquares(const float* side, const int& count)
{
  // Pointer to array of pointers to Square objects.
  Square** pSquarePtrs = new Square*[count];
  Square* pSquare{ nullptr }; //pointer to individual Square object
  // create Square object for each of the side
  for (int row = 0; row < count; row++) {
     // allocate memory on heap to create a Square object
     pSquare = new Square;
     // fill with data
     pSquare->side = side[row];
     pSquare->area = pSquare->side * pSquare->side;
     pSquare->perimeter = 4 * pSquare->side;
     // store the Square object pointer in pSquaresPtrs
     pSquarePtrs[row] = pSquare;
  }
  return pSquarePtrs;
void SortSquaresBySide(Square** pSquarePtrs, const int& count)
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
     for (int j = i + 1; j < count; j++) {
       if (pSquarePtrs[i]->side > pSquarePtrs[j]->side ) {
          Square* temp = pSquarePtrs[i];
          pSquarePtrs[i] = pSquarePtrs[j];
          pSquarePtrs[j] = temp;
       }
    }
  }
void DisplaySquaresData(Square** pSquarePtrs, const int& count)
{
  Square* pSquare = NULL;
  for (int row = 0; row < count; row++) {
     // let pSquare point to individual Square object present
     pSquare = pSquarePtrs[row];
     printf("Side=%.1f, Perimeter=%.2f, Area=%.2f\n",
       pSquare->side, pSquare->perimeter, pSquare->area);
  }
}
void UseSquares()
  float side[] = \{4.0,5.7,2.4,3.5\};
  Square** pSquarePtrs = CreateSquares(side, 4);
  SortSquaresBySide(pSquarePtrs, 4);
  DisplaySquaresData(pSquarePtrs, 4);
  // free all memory allocated on heap
  for (int i{ 0 }; i < 4; i++)
  {
     delete pSquarePtrs[i];
  delete[] pSquarePtrs;
#pragma endregion
#pragma region Q20_Q28
template<typename T>
struct Stack
{
  Stack(size_t expectedSize)
  {
```

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tos = -1;
     stack = new T[expectedSize];
  void Push(T ele)
     stack[++tos] = ele;
  T Pop()
     return stack[tos--];
  }
private:
  T* stack;
  int tos;
};
struct Player
  int gameld;
  int age;
  int pay;
void UseStack()
  // create stack of integers
  Stack<int> stackInts(6);
  stackInts.Push(5);
  stackInts.Push(3);
  std::cout << stackInts.Pop() << std::endl;</pre>
  // create stack of Player objects
  Stack<Player> stackPlayer(11);
  stackPlayer.Push(Player{ 10,26,60000 });
  stackPlayer.Push(Player{ 10,27,50000 });
  stackPlayer.Push(Player{ 10,24,20000 });
  auto p = stackPlayer.Pop();
  std::cout << p.gameId << ' ' << p.age << ' ' << p.pay << std::endl;
template<typename T>
void Sort(T* items, size_t count, bool (*comparer)(T left, T right))
{
  for (int i{ 0 }; i < count; i++)
  {
```

```
for (int j{ i }; j < count; j++)
     {
       if (comparer(items[i], items[j]) > 0)
          // swap
          auto temp = items[i];
          items[i] = items[j];
          items[j] = temp;
       }
     }
  }
}
bool ComparePlayerByPay(Player p1, Player p2)
{
  return p1.pay > p2.pay ? true : false;
void UseSort()
  const int count{ 5 };
  Player players[count]{
     {10, 24, 20000},
     {10, 25, 60000},
     {10, 22, 30000},
     {10, 24, 50000},
     {10, 27, 80000},
  };
  Sort(players, count, ComparePlayerByPay);
  for (int i{ 0 }; i < count; i++)
     std::cout << players[i].pay << ' ' << players[i].age << std::endl;
  }
#pragma endregion
#pragma region Q29_Q40
struct Student{
  Student(int a, int i) { age = a; id = i; }
  int age;
  int id;
};
static bool operator== (Student& s1, Student& s2)
```

```
{
  // check equality of two student objects by Id
  return s1.id == s2.id ? true : false;
}
template<typename T>
struct LLNode //Node of Doubly Linked List
  std::unique_ptr<T> data; // each node owns its data object provided by the user of DLL
  std::shared_ptr<LLNode<T>> next; // pointer to the next node
  std::weak_ptr<LLNode<T>> prev; // pointer to the previous node, avoiding cyclic reference
};
template<typename T>
class DLL // doubly linked list
{
public:
  DLL(bool (*callback) (T&, T&))
     // need a callback to ask user of DLL to check for equality
     comparer = callback;
  }
  void Add(std::unique_ptr<T> data) // add a node to linked list with data
  {
     std::shared_ptr<LLNode<T>> newNode = CreateNode(std::move(data));
     if (startLL == nullptr)
       startLL = newNode;
     }
     else
       newNode->next = startLL;
       startLL->prev = newNode;
       startLL = newNode;
    }
  }
  std::unique_ptr<T> Extract(T id) // search for a node, remove from list and return it
     auto p{ startLL };
     std::unique_ptr<T> extract;
```

```
while (p != nullptr && p->next != nullptr)
       T^* obj1 = p->data.get();
       if (*obj1 == id) // use comparer callback
       {
          // got a match, let's remove it from list and return it
          extract = std::move(p->data); // hold a pointer to data of the LL node
          if (p == startLL)
          {
            // there was only one node the list
            startLL = nullptr;
          else
            // remove the node and let the prev & next nodes be linked
            auto prevNode = p->prev.lock();
            prevNode->next = p->next;
            p->next->prev = prevNode;
          break; // we found the node, no need to iterate further
       }
       p = p->next; // go to next node
     }
     return extract;
  }
private:
  std::shared_ptr<LLNode<T>> CreateNode(std::unique_ptr<T> data)
  {
     // create a node
     std::shared_ptr<LLNode<T>> pNode = std::make_shared<LLNode<T>>();
     pNode->data = std::move(data); // get exclusive ownership of the data
     return pNode;
  }
private:
  std::shared_ptr<LLNode<T>> startLL; // pointer to start of the node
  bool (*comparer)(T&, T&);
};
void UseDLL()
```

```
DLL<Student> doubleLL(operator==);
  // add few nodes
  auto s = std::make_unique<Student>(17, 20001020);
  doubleLL.Add(std::move(s));
  s = std::make_unique<Student>(19, 20001022);
  doubleLL.Add(std::move(s));
  s = std::make_unique<Student>(18, 20001023);
  doubleLL.Add(std::move(s));
  s = std::make_unique<Student>(19, 20001024);
  doubleLL.Add(std::move(s));
  Student search(0, 20001023); // set a search by Id
  // see if we get the data back from DLL
  s = doubleLL.Extract(search);
  std::cout << "Got back from doubly linked list: \n" << "Age: " << s->age << " Id: " << s->id <<
std::endl;
}
#pragma endregion
void main()
  UseDLL();
```