Chapter 23: TCP Keepalive Timer



Network & System Lab, NSYSU

1

Introduction

- □ A conventional feature may not be placed in TCP (should be done by application, if desired).
- ☐ The keepalive timer provides the capability to let a server know if the client's host has either crashed and is down, or crashed and rebooted.
 - The keepalive feature is intended for server applications that might tie up resources on behalf of a client, and want to know if the client host crashes.
 - The keepalive feature is intended to detect those half-open connection from the the server side.



Introduction (Cont.)

- □ Keepalive feature is not part of the TCP specification. The Host Requirements RFC provides three reasons not to use them.
 - They can cause perfectly good connections to be dropped during transient failures.
 - * They consume unnecessary bandwidth .
 - They cost money on an internet that charges by the packet.



Network & System Lab, NSYSU

2

Description

- ☐ The end that enables the keepalive option is server, and other is the client.
- ☐ If there is no activity on a given connection for 2 hours, the server sends a probe segments to the client.
- ☐ The client host must be one of 4 states:
 - The client host is still up and running and reachable from the server.
 - The client's host has crashed and is either down or in the process of rebooting.
 - * The client's host has crashed and rebooted.
 - The client's host is up and running, but unreachable from the server.



Keepalive Example

□ Other End Crashes

- Establish a connection between a client **bsdi** and the standard echo server on the host **svr4**.
- Verify that data can go across the connection.
- Watch the client's TCP send keepalive packets every 2 hours and see them acknowledged by the server's TCP.
- Disconnect the Ethernet cable from the server, and leave it off until the example is complete.
- The client send 10 keepalive probes, 750 seconds apart before declaring the connection dead.



Network & System Lab, NSYSU

5

Keepalive Example

```
Here is the interactive output on the client:

bsdi * sock -K svr4 echo
hello, world
hello, world
read error: Connection timed out

Figure 23.1 shows the topdump output. (We have removed the connection establish ment and the window advertisements.)

1 0.0 bsdi 1055 > svr4 echo. P 1:14 (13) ack 1
2 0.006105 ( 0.0061) svr4 echo > bsdi 1055; F 1:14 (13) ack 1
3 0.093140 ( 0.0870) bsdi 1055 > svr4 echo. ack 14
```

```
1 0.0 bsdi.1055 > svr4.echo: P 1:14(13) ack 1
3 0.093140 ( 0.0870) bsdi.1055: P 1:14(13) ack 14
4 7199.972793 (7199.8797) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
6 7199.975741 ( 0.0021) arp reply svr4.echo: ack 14

8 14400.134330 (7200.1545) arp rwho-has svr4 tell bsdi
14400.136452 ( 0.0021) arp reply svr4 is-at 0:0:c0:c2:9b:26
10 14400.137391 ( 0.0021) arp reply svr4.echo: ack 14
11 14400.136452 ( 0.0021) arp reply svr4 is-at 0:0:c0:c2:9b:26
10 14400.137391 ( 0.0021) arp reply svr4 is-at 0:0:c0:c2:9b:26
11 14400.136452 ( 0.0021) arp reply svr4 is-at 0:0:c0:c2:9b:26
12 1600.318309 (7200.1769) arp reply svr4 is-at 0:0:c0:c2:9b:26
13 21675.322407 ( 75.0021) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
15 21825.324460 ( 75.0021) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
17 21975.438787 ( 75.0020) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
18 20050.440842 ( 75.0021) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
19 22125.438788 ( 75.0021) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
19 22275.436788 ( 75.0021) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
10 22200.434697 ( 75.0021) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
11 22275.436788 ( 75.0021) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
12 22275.436788 ( 75.0021) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
13 22275.436788 ( 75.0021) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
14 22275.436788 ( 75.0021) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
15 22275.436788 ( 75.0021) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
```

Figure 23.1 Keepalive packets that determine that a host has crashed.



Keepalive Example

Other end crashes and reboots

```
bsdi % sock -K svr4 echo
hi there
thi there
thi there
there
connection reset by peer

-K to enable keepalive option
type this to verify connection is up
and this is echoed back from other end
here server is rebooted while disconnected from Ethernet
read error: Connection reset by peer
```

Figure 23.2 shows the tcpdump output. (We have removed the connection establishment and the window advertisements.)

```
1 0.0 bsdi.1057 > svr4.echo: P 1:10(9) ack 1
2 0.006406 ( 0.0064) svr4.echo > bsdi.1057: P 1:10(9) ack 10
3 0.176922 ( 0.1705) bsdi.1057 > svr4.echo: . ack 10
4 7200.067151 (7199.8902) arp who-has svr4 tell bsdi
5 7200.069751 ( 0.0026) arp reply svr4 is-at 0:0:c0:c2:9b:26
6 7200.070468 ( 0.0007) bsdi.1057 > svr4.echo: . ack 10
7 7200.075050 ( 0.0046) svr4.echo > bsdi.1057: R 1135563275:1135563275(0)
```

Figure 23.2 Keepalive example when other host has crashed and rebooted.



Network & System Lab, NSYSU

Keepalive example

□ Other end is unreachable

```
slip % sock -K vangogh.cs.berkeley.edu echo
testing we type this line
and see it echoed
sometime in here the dialup SLIP link is taken down
read error: No route to host
```

Figure 23.3 shows the topdump output that was collected on the router bsdi. (The connection establishment and window advertisements have been removed.)

```
1 0.0 slip.1056 > vangogh.echo: P 1:9(8) ack 1 vangogh.echo > slip.1056: P 1:9(8) ack 9 3 0.424423 ( 0.1468) slip.1056 > vangogh.echo: ack 9 4 7200.818081 (7200.3937) slip.1056 > vangogh.echo: ack 9 5 7201.243046 ( 0.4250) vangogh.echo > slip.1056: ack 9 5 14400.688106 (7199.4451) slip.1056 > vangogh.echo: ack 9 5 14400.689261 ( 0.0012) slip.1056 > vangogh.echo: ack 9 5 14475.684360 ( 74.9951) slip.1056 > vangogh.echo: ack 9 5 14475.685504 ( 0.0011) sun > slip: icmp: net vangogh unreachable 14 lines deleted

24 15075.759603 ( 75.1008) slip.1056 > vangogh.echo: R 9:9(0) ack 9 5 15075.760761 ( 0.0012) sun > slip: icmp: net vangogh unreachable
```

Figure 23.3 Keepalive example when other end is unreachable.



Summary

- ☐ The keepalive feature is controversial.
- □ Sending a probe packet across a connection after the connection has been idle for 2 hours, four different scenarios can occur:
 - ❖ The other end is till there.
 - ❖ The other end has crashed.
 - ❖ The other end has crashed and reboot.
 - The other end is currently unreachable.

