Gitpod Cheat Sheet



Many of the videos in the programme were created using Cloud9. Unfortunately, Cloud9 has changed and is no longer suitable for use. We now recommend using Gitpod as an IDE, but there are some differences between the two environments. Here's a handy cheat sheet to help you translate Cloud9 terms into their Gitpod equivalents.



When we tell you to do this in Cloud9...



Do this in Gitpod instead.

Create a blank workspace	Create a new repo on GitHub and open it in Gitpod
Click the Run button to run the project	For User Centric and Interactive: 1. Type this in the terminal: python3 -m http.server 2. Click the Expose button in the pop-up 3. Click on Open Browser Run all Python, Flask and Django projects from the terminal
Running a Flask Project	 Type this in the terminal: python3 app.py Click the Expose button in the pop-up Click on Open Browser
Running a Django Project	 Type this in the terminal: python3 manage.py runserver Click the Expose button in the pop-up Click on Open Browser
Click the Preview button to preview your code	Click the Preview icon in the top right of the code editing window. This is only for static pages. Flask and Django projects will need to be run differently





When we tell you to do this in Cloud9...



Do this in Gitpod instead.

Press Control+Shift+B on a PC or Command+Shift+B on a Mac to beautify your code	Press Alt+Shift+F on a PC or a Mac
Run a command with: sudo	Omit the sudo keyword, so: sudo pip3 install Flask becomes pip3 install Flask
Run Python files and commands with the python command	Use the python3 command instead
Set a run alias in bash	We've done this already for you in our template, so just start using the aliases immediately
Set an environment variable	 Click on your Avatar icon when you're at the gitpod.io/workspaces page Click on Environment Variables Click Add Variable Supply the variable name (e.g. MONGO_URI), the value and specify which workspace it refers to (this is the repository

When you want to re-open a workspace, do this from the Gitpod dashboard. If you open it from GitHub, you'll create a new copy of your work each time. Make sure you regularly push everything back to GitHub too - it's the best way of making sure you won't lose any work when you create a new Django Project.

Django will automatically create a new folder in your directory. Alternatively (and to avoid a few headaches), you can rename the outer folder, drag the files and folder that is inside to the outer directory. Then delete the folder we renamed.

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