Pratical Exercices Nº 7 - Debriefing

Expression Tree

1. Create Expr, Value, Add, Sub and Mul representation.

```
public interface Expr {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Expr expression = new Add(new Value(2), new Value(3));
        Expr expression2 = new Sub(new Mul(new Value(2), new Value(3)), new Value(4));
    }
}
```

```
import java.util.Objects;
public record Add(Expr leftExpr, Expr rightExpr) implements Expr {
    public Add {
        Objects.requireNonNull(leftExpr, "leftExpr can't be null");
        Objects.requireNonNull(rightExpr, "rightExpr can't be bull");
    }
}
```

```
import java.util.Objects;
public record Sub(Expr leftExpr, Expr rightExpr) implements Expr {
    public Sub {
        Objects.requireNonNull(leftExpr, "leftExpr can't be null");
        Objects.requireNonNull(rightExpr, "rightExpr can't be bull");
    }
}
```

```
import java.util.Objects;
public record Mul(Expr leftExpr, Expr rightExpr) implements Expr {
   public Mul {
      Objects.requireNonNull(leftExpr, "leftExpr can't be null");
      Objects.requireNonNull(rightExpr, "rightExpr can't be bull");
   }
}
```

```
public record Value(int value) implements Expr {}
```

2. Add eval() methode to the Expr interface

```
public interface Expr{
    ...
    public int eval();
}
```

So we have to add eval method to all classes that implements Expr.

```
public record Add(Expr leftExpr, Expr rightExpr) implements Expr {
    ...
    public int eval() {
        return leftExpr.eval() + rightExpr.eval();
    }
}
```

```
public record Sub(Expr leftExpr, Expr rightExpr) implements Expr {
    ...
    public int eval() {
        return leftExpr.eval() - rightExpr.eval();
    }
}
```

```
public record Mul(Expr leftExpr, Expr rightExpr) implements Expr {
    ...
    public int eval() {
        return leftExpr.eval() * rightExpr.eval();
    }
}
```

```
public record Value(int value) implements Expr {
    ...
    public int eval() {
        return value;
    }
}
```

3. Write parse() method which take a given expression and parse it to an expression tree

```
public interface Expr{
    ...
    static Expr parse(Scanner tokens) {
        var token = tokens.next();
        return switch (token) {
            case "+" -> new Add(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            case "-" -> new Sub(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            case "*" -> new Mul(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            default -> new Value(Integer.parseInt(token));
        };
    }
}
```

4. How to fix the bug?

To fix the bug, we have to make the Expr interface sealed.

```
public sealed interface Expr permits Add, Sub, Mul, Value {}
```

- 5. Move the main() method to another class. $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ Done.
- 6. What interface to use to allow passing a list of String? To be able to pass a list of String, we have to use the Iterable interface. So, the code will look like this:

```
public sealed interface Expr permits Add, Sub, Mul, Value {
    ...
    static Expr parse(Iterator<String> tokens) {
        var token = tokens.next();
        return switch (token) {
            case "+" -> new Add(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            case "-" -> new Sub(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            case "*" -> new Mul(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            default -> new Value(Integer.parseInt(token));
        };
    }
}
```

7. Add a method to be able to print the tree

```
public sealed interface Expr permits Add, Sub, Mul, Value{
    ...
    public StringBuilder stringify();
}
```

So we have to add stringify method to all classes that implements Expr.

```
public record Value(int value) implements Expr {
    ...
    @Override
    public StringBuilder stringify() {
        return new StringBuilder().append(value);
    }
}
```

8. 9, 10 : Refactor the code and add a second interface BinOp

```
public sealed interface BinaryOp extends Expr permits Add, Sub, Mul {
    Expr leftExpr();
    Expr rightExpr();
    int operator(int leftValue, int rightValue);
    default int eval() {
        int leftValue = leftExpr().eval();
        int rightValue = rightExpr().eval();
        return operator(leftValue, rightValue);
    }
}
```

```
public sealed interface Expr permits BinaryOp, Value {
   public int eval();
   public StringBuilder stringify();
   static Expr parse(Iterator<String> tokens) {
      var token = tokens.next();
      return switch (token) {
            case "+" -> new Add(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            case "-" -> new Sub(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            case "*" -> new Mul(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            default -> new Value(Integer.parseInt(token));
      };
   }
}
```

```
public record Add(Expr leftExpr, Expr rightExpr) implements BinaryOp {
    ...
    @Override
    public int operator(int leftValue, int rightValue) {
        return leftValue + rightValue;
    }
}
```

```
public record Sub(Expr leftExpr, Expr rightExpr) implements BinaryOp {
    ...
    @Override
    public int operator(int leftValue, int rightValue) {
        return leftValue - rightValue;
    }
}
```

```
public record Mul(Expr leftExpr, Expr rightExpr) implements BinaryOp {
    ...
    @Override
    public int operator(int leftValue, int rightValue) {
        return leftValue * rightValue;
    }
}
```

Code Source

Value.java

```
public record Value(int value) implements Expr {
    @Override
    public int eval() {
        return value;
    }
    @Override
    public StringBuilder stringify() {
        return new StringBuilder().append(value);
    }
}
```

Add.java

Sub.java

Mul.java

Expr.java

```
public sealed interface Expr permits BinaryOp, Value {
   public int eval();
   public StringBuilder stringify();
   static Expr parse(Iterator<String> tokens) {
      var token = tokens.next();
      return switch (token) {
            case "+" -> new Add(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            case "-" -> new Sub(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            case "*" -> new Mul(parse(tokens), parse(tokens));
            default -> new Value(Integer.parseInt(token));
      };
   }
}
```

BinaryOp.java

```
public sealed interface BinaryOp extends Expr permits Add, Sub, Mul {
    Expr leftExpr();
    Expr rightExpr();

int operator(int leftValue, int rightValue);

default int eval() {
    int leftValue = leftExpr().eval();
    int rightValue = rightExpr().eval();
    return operator(leftValue, rightValue);
}
```

Main.java

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        //Expr expression = new Add(new Value(2), new Value(3));
        //Expr expression2 = new Sub(new Mul(new Value(2), new Value(3)), new
Value(4));
        System.out.println("Welcome in calculation with tree\n");
        var input = new Scanner(System.in);
        var mainExpr = Expr.parse(input);

        System.out.println(mainExpr.stringify().toString() + " = " + mainExpr.eval());
    }
}
```