

# 通用权限系统：用户管理

## 一、用户管理

### 1、用户管理CRUD

#### 1.1、mapper

```
package com.example.system.mapper;

import com.example.model.system.SysUser;
import com.example.vo.system.SysUserQueryVo;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.mapper.BaseMapper;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.metadata.IPage;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.extension.plugins.pagination.Page;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Mapper;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Param;

@Repository
@Mapper
public interface SysUserMapper extends BaseMapper<SysUser> {

    IPage<SysUser> selectPage(Page<SysUser> page, @Param("vo") SysUserQueryVo userQueryVo);

}
```

#### 1.2、xml

搜索条件暂时只加现有的，其他条件后续补充

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
    <!DOCTYPE mapper
        PUBLIC "-//mybatis.org//DTD Mapper 3.0//EN"
        "http://mybatis.org/dtd/mybatis-3-mapper.dtd">

    <mapper namespace="com.example.system.mapper.SysUserMapper">

        <resultMap id="SysUserMap" type="com.example.model.system.SysUser"
            autoMapping="true">
            </resultMap>

        <!-- 用于select查询公用抽取的列 -->
        <sql id="columns">

            id,username,password,name,phone,head_url,post_id,dept_id,description,status,create_time,update_time,is_deleted
        </sql>

        <select id="selectPage" resultMap="SysUserMap">
```

```

        select <include refid="columns" />
        from sys_user
        <where>
            <if test="vo.keyword != null and vo.keyword != ''">
                and (username like CONCAT('%',{vo.keyword},'%') or name like
CONCAT('%',{vo.keyword},'%') or phone like CONCAT('%',{vo.keyword},'%'))
            </if>
            <if test="vo.createTimeBegin != null and vo.createTimeBegin != ''">
                and create_time >= #{vo.createTimeBegin}
            </if>
            <if test="vo.createTimeEnd != null and vo.createTimeEnd != ''">
                and create_time <= #{vo.createTimeEnd}
            </if>
            and is_deleted = 0
        </where>
        order by id desc
    </select>

</mapper>

```

### 1.3、service接口

#### SysUserService接口

```

package com.example.system.service;

import com.example.model.system.SysUser;
import com.example.vo.system.SysUserQueryVo;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.metadata.IPage;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.extension.plugins.pagination.Page;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.extension.service.IService;

public interface SysUserService extends IService<SysUser> {

    IPage<SysUser> selectPage(Page<SysUser> pageParam, SysUserQueryVo
adminQueryVo);

}

```

### 1.4、service接口实现

#### SysServiceImpl实现

```

package com.example.system.service.impl;

import com.example.model.system.SysUser;
import com.example.system.mapper.SysUserMapper;
import com.example.system.service.SysUserService;
import com.example.vo.system.SysUserQueryVo;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.metadata.IPage;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.extension.plugins.pagination.Page;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.extension.service.impl.ServiceImpl;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

```

```

@Transactional
@Service
public class SysUserServiceImpl extends ServiceImpl<SysUserMapper, SysUser>
implements SysUserService {

    @Autowired
    private SysUserMapper sysUserMapper;

    @Override
    public IPage<SysUser> selectPage(Page<SysUser> pageParam, SysUserQueryVo
userQueryVo){

        return sysUserMapper.selectPage(pageParam, userQueryVo);
    }
}

```

## 1.5、controller

```

package com.example.system.controller;

import com.example.common.result.Result;
import com.example.model.system.SysUser;
import com.example.system.service.SysUserService;
import com.example.vo.system.SysUserQueryVo;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.metadata.IPage;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.extension.plugins.pagination.Page;
import io.swagger.annotations.Api;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiOperation;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiParam;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;

@Api(tags = "用户管理")
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/admin/system/sysUser")
@CrossOrigin
public class SysUserController {

    @Autowired
    private SysUserService sysUserService;

    @ApiOperation(value = "获取分页列表")
    @GetMapping("/{page}/{limit}")
    public Result index(
        @ApiParam(name = "page", value = "当前页码", required = true)
        @PathVariable Long page,

        @ApiParam(name = "limit", value = "每页记录数", required = true)
        @PathVariable Long limit,

        @ApiParam(name = "userQueryVo", value = "查询对象", required = false)
        SysUserQueryVo userQueryVo) {
        Page<SysUser> pageParam = new Page<>(page, limit);
        IPage<SysUser> pageModel = sysUserService.selectPage(pageParam,
userQueryVo);
        return Result.ok(pageModel);
    }
}

```

```

}

@ApiOperation(value = "获取用户")
@GetMapping("/get/{id}")
public Result get(@PathVariable Long id) {
    SysUser user = sysUserService.getById(id);
    return Result.ok(user);
}

@ApiOperation(value = "保存用户")
@PostMapping("/save")
public Result save(@RequestBody SysUser user) {
    sysUserService.save(user);
    return Result.ok();
}

@ApiOperation(value = "更新用户")
@PutMapping("/update")
public Result updateById(@RequestBody SysUser user) {
    sysUserService.updateById(user);
    return Result.ok();
}

@ApiOperation(value = "删除用户")
@DeleteMapping("/remove/{id}")
public Result remove(@PathVariable Long id) {
    sysUserService.removeById(id);
    return Result.ok();
}
}

```

## 1.6、knife4j测试

<http://localhost:8800/doc.html>

The screenshot shows the Knife4j API documentation interface. The left sidebar contains a menu for 'adminApi' with options like '主页', 'Swagger Models', '文档管理', '后台登录管理', '用户管理' (highlighted), and '角色管理'. The main content area displays the '获取分页列表' (Get Pagination List) endpoint details. It shows the request method as 'GET', the request URL as '/admin/system/sysUser/{page}/{limit}', and the request data type as 'application/x-www-form-urlencoded'. The response data type is '[\*\*/\*]'. Below this, a table lists the request parameters:

参数名称	参数说明	请求类型	是否必须	数据类型	schema
limit	每页记录数	path	true	integer(int64)	
page	当前页码	path	true	integer(int64)	
createTimeBegin		query	false	string	
createTimeEnd		query	false	string	
deptId		query	false	integer(int64)	
keyword		query	false	string	
postId		query	false	integer(int64)	

At the bottom of the interface, it says 'Apache License 2.0 | Copyright © 2019-Knife4j'.

## 2、用户管理前端实现

### 2.1、添加路由

修改 `src/router/index.js` 文件

```

{
  path: '/system',
  component: Layout,
  meta: {
    title: '系统管理',
    icon: 'el-icon-s-tools'
  },
  alwaysShow: true,
  children: [
    {
      name: 'sysUser',
      path: 'sysUser',
      component: () => import('@views/system/sysUser/list'),
      meta: {
        title: '用户管理',
        icon: 'el-icon-s-custom'
      },
    },
    {
      path: 'sysRole',
      component: () => import('@views/system/sysRole/list'),
      meta: {
        title: '角色管理',
        icon: 'el-icon-user-solid'
      },
    },
  ]
},

```

## 2.2、定义基础api

创建文件 src/api/system/sysUser.js

```

import request from '@utils/request'

const api_name = '/admin/system/sysUser'

export default {

  getPageList(page, limit, searchObj) {
    return request({
      url: `${api_name}/${page}/${limit}`,
      method: 'get',
      params: searchObj // url查询字符串或表单键值对
    })
  },
  getById(id) {
    return request({
      url: `${api_name}/get/${id}`,
      method: 'get'
    })
  },
  save(role) {
    return request({
      url: `${api_name}/save`,
      method: 'post',

```

```

      data: role
    })
  },

  updateById(role) {
    return request({
      url: `${api_name}/update`,
      method: 'put',
      data: role
    })
  },

  removeById(id) {
    return request({
      url: `${api_name}/remove/${id}`,
      method: 'delete'
    })
  }
}

```

## 2.3、实现页面功能

创建src/views/system/sysUser/list.vue

```

<template>
  <div class="app-container">

    <div class="search-div">
      <el-form label-width="70px" size="small">
        <el-row>
          <el-col :span="8">
            <el-form-item label="关 键 字">
              <el-input style="width: 95%" v-model="searchObj.keyword"
placeholder="用户名/姓名/手机号码"></el-input>
            </el-form-item>
          </el-col>
          <el-col :span="8">
            <el-form-item label="操作时间">
              <el-date-picker
v-model="createTimes"
type="datetimerange"
range-separator="至"
start-placeholder="开始时间"
end-placeholder="结束时间"
value-format="yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss"
style="margin-right: 10px;width: 100%;"
/>
            </el-form-item>
          </el-col>
        </el-row>
        <el-row style="display: flex">
          <el-button type="primary" icon="el-icon-search" size="mini"
@click="fetchData()">搜索</el-button>
          <el-button icon="el-icon-refresh" size="mini" @click="resetData">重置
</el-button>
        </el-row>
      </el-form>
    </div>

```

```

<!-- 工具条 -->
<div class="tools-div">
  <el-button type="success" icon="el-icon-plus" size="mini" @click="add">添
加</el-button>
</div>

<!-- 列表 -->
<el-table
  v-loading="listLoading"
  :data="list"
  stripe
  border
  style="width: 100%;margin-top: 10px;">

  <el-table-column
    label="序号"
    width="70"
    align="center">
    <template slot-scope="scope">
      {{ (page - 1) * limit + scope.$index + 1 }}
    </template>
  </el-table-column>

  <el-table-column prop="username" label="用户名" width="180"/>
  <el-table-column prop="name" label="姓名" width="110"/>
  <el-table-column prop="phone" label="手机" />
  <el-table-column label="状态" width="80">
    <template slot-scope="scope">
      <el-switch
        v-model="scope.row.status === 1"
        @change="switchStatus(scope.row)">
      </el-switch>
    </template>
  </el-table-column>
  <el-table-column prop="createTime" label="创建时间" />

  <el-table-column label="操作" align="center" fixed="right">
    <template slot-scope="scope">
      <el-button type="primary" icon="el-icon-edit" size="mini"
@click="edit(scope.row.id)" title="修改"/>
      <el-button type="danger" icon="el-icon-delete" size="mini"
@click="removeDataById(scope.row.id)" title="删除" />
    </template>
  </el-table-column>
</el-table>

<!-- 分页组件 -->
<el-pagination
  :current-page="page"
  :total="total"
  :page-size="limit"
  style="padding: 30px 0; text-align: center;"
  layout="total, prev, pager, next, jumper"
  @current-change="fetchData"
/>

<el-dialog title="添加/修改" :visible.sync="dialogVisible" width="40%" >

```

```

    <el-form ref="dataForm" :model="sysUser" label-width="100px" size="small"
    style="padding-right: 40px;">
      <el-form-item label="用户名" prop="username">
        <el-input v-model="sysUser.username"/>
      </el-form-item>
      <el-form-item v-if="!sysUser.id" label="密码" prop="password">
        <el-input v-model="sysUser.password" type="password"/>
      </el-form-item>
      <el-form-item label="姓名" prop="name">
        <el-input v-model="sysUser.name"/>
      </el-form-item>
      <el-form-item label="手机" prop="phone">
        <el-input v-model="sysUser.phone"/>
      </el-form-item>
    </el-form>
    <span slot="footer" class="dialog-footer">
      <el-button @click="dialogVisible = false" size="small" icon="el-icon-
refresh-right">取 消</el-button>
      <el-button type="primary" icon="el-icon-check" @click="saveOrUpdate()"
size="small">确 定</el-button>
    </span>
  </el-dialog>
</div>
</template>

<script>
import api from '@api/system/sysUser'
const defaultForm = {
  id: '',
  username: '',
  password: '',
  name: '',
  phone: '',
  status: 1
}
export default {
  data() {
    return {
      listLoading: true, // 数据是否正在加载
      list: null, // banner列表
      total: 0, // 数据库中的总记录数
      page: 1, // 默认页码
      limit: 10, // 每页记录数
      searchObj: {}, // 查询表单对象

      createTimes: [],

      dialogVisible: false,
      sysUser: defaultForm,
      saveBtnDisabled: false,
    }
  },

  // 生命周期函数：内存准备完毕，页面尚未渲染
  created() {
    console.log('list created.....')
    this.fetchData()
  },

```



```

// 生命周期函数：内存准备完毕，页面渲染成功
mounted() {
  console.log('list mounted.....')
},

methods: {
  // 加载banner列表数据
  fetchData(page = 1) {
    debugger
    this.page = page
    if(this.createTimes && this.createTimes.length ==2) {
      this.searchObj.createTimeBegin = this.createTimes[0]
      this.searchObj.createTimeEnd = this.createTimes[1]
    }

    api.getPageList(this.page, this.limit, this.searchObj).then(
      response => {
        //this.list = response.data.list
        this.list = response.data.records
        this.total = response.data.total

        // 数据加载并绑定成功
        this.listLoading = false
      }
    )
  },

  // 重置查询表单
  resetData() {
    console.log('重置查询表单')
    this.searchObj = {}
    this.createTimes = []
    this.fetchData()
  },

  // 根据id删除数据
  removeDataById(id) {
    // debugger
    this.$confirm('此操作将永久删除该记录，是否继续?', '提示', {
      confirmButtonText: '确定',
      cancelButtonText: '取消',
      type: 'warning'
    }).then(() => { // promise
      // 点击确定，远程调用ajax
      return api.removeById(id)
    }).then((response) => {
      this.fetchData(this.page)
      this.$message.success(response.message || '删除成功')
    }).catch(() => {
      this.$message.info('取消删除')
    })
  },

  //弹出添加表单
  add(){
    this.dialogVisible = true
    this.sysUser = {}
  }
}

```

```

    },
    //编辑
    edit(id) {
        this.dialogVisible = true
        api.getById(id).then(response => {
            this.sysUser = response.data
        })
    },

    //添加或更新
    saveOrUpdate() {
        if (!this.sysUser.id) {
            this.save()
        } else {
            this.update()
        }
    },

    //添加
    save() {
        api.save(this.sysUser).then(response => {
            this.$message.success('操作成功')
            this.dialogVisible = false
            this.fetchData(this.page)
        })
    },

    //更新
    update() {
        api.updateById(this.sysUser).then(response => {
            this.$message.success(response.message || '操作成功')
            this.dialogVisible = false
            this.fetchData(this.page)
        })
    }
}
}
</script>

```

## 3、更改用户状态

### 3.1、需求分析

用户状态：状态（1：正常 0：停用），当用户状态为正常时，可以访问后台系统，当用户状态停用后，不可以登录后台系统

### 3.2、controller方法

操作类：SysUserController

```

@ApiOperation(value = "更新状态")
@GetMapping("updateStatus/{id}/{status}")
public Result updateStatus(@PathVariable Long id, @PathVariable Integer status)
{
    sysUserService.updateStatus(id, status);
    return Result.ok();
}

```

### 3.3、service接口

操作类: SysUserService

```
void updateStatus(Long id, Integer status);
```

### 3.4、service接口实现

操作类: SysServiceImpl

```
@Override
public void updateStatus(Long id, Integer status) {
    SysUser sysUser = sysUserMapper.selectById(id);
    sysUser.setStatus(status);
    sysUserMapper.updateById(sysUser);
}
```

## 4、前端实现

### 4.1、添加api

src/api/system/sysUser.js

```
//更新用户状态
updateStatus(id, status) {
    return request({
        url: `${api_name}/updateStatus/${id}/${status}`,
        method: 'get'
    })
}
```

### 4.2、修改页面

更改src/views/system/sysUser/list.vue

```
//切换用户状态
switchStatus(row) {
    row.status = row.status === 1 ? 0 : 1
    api.updateStatus(row.id, row.status).then(response => {
        if (response.code) {
            this.$message.success(response.message || '操作成功')
            this.fetchData()
        }
    })
}
```

## 二、给用户分配角色

### 1、给用户分配角色

#### 1.1、接口分析

- 1、进入分配页面：获取已分配角色与全部角色，进行页面展示
- 2、保存分配角色：删除之前分配的角色和保存现在分配的角色

## 1.2、controller方法

操作类：SysRoleController

```
@ApiOperation(value = "根据用户获取角色数据")
@GetMapping("/toAssign/{userId}")
public Result toAssign(@PathVariable Long userId) {
    Map<String, Object> roleMap = sysRoleService.getRolesByUserId(userId);
    return Result.ok(roleMap);
}

@ApiOperation(value = "根据用户分配角色")
@PostMapping("/doAssign")
public Result doAssign(@RequestBody AssginRoleVo assginRoleVo) {
    sysRoleService.doAssign(assginRoleVo);
    return Result.ok();
}
```

## 1.3、service接口

操作类：SysRoleService

```
/**
 * 根据用户获取角色数据
 * @param userId
 * @return
 */
Map<String, Object> getRolesByUserId(Long userId);

/**
 * 分配角色
 * @param assginRoleVo
 */
void doAssign(AssginRoleVo assginRoleVo);
```

## 1.4、service接口实现

操作类：SysRoleServiceImpl

```
@Autowired
private SysUserRoleMapper sysUserRoleMapper;

@Override
public Map<String, Object> getRolesByUserId(Long userId) {
    //获取所有角色
    List<SysRole> roles = sysRoleMapper.selectList(null);
    //根据用户id查询
    QueryWrapper<SysUserRole> queryWrapper = new QueryWrapper<>();
    queryWrapper.eq("user_id", userId);
    //获取用户已分配的角色
    List<SysUserRole> userRoles =
    sysUserRoleMapper.selectList(queryWrapper);
```

```

        //获取用户已分配的角色id
        List<Long> userRoleIds = new ArrayList<>();
        for (SysUserRole userRole : userRoles) {
            userRoleIds.add(userRole.getRoleId());
        }
        //创建返回的Map
        Map<String, Object> returnMap = new HashMap<>();
        returnMap.put("allRoles", roles);
        returnMap.put("userRoleIds", userRoleIds);
        return returnMap;
    }

    @Override
    public void doAssign(AssginRoleVo assginRoleVo) {
        //根据用户id删除原来分配的角色
        QueryWrapper<SysUserRole> queryWrapper = new QueryWrapper<>();
        queryWrapper.eq("user_id", assginRoleVo.getUserId());
        sysUserRoleMapper.delete(queryWrapper);
        //获取所有的角色id
        List<Long> roleIdList = assginRoleVo.getRoleIdList();
        for (Long roleId : roleIdList) {
            if(roleId != null){
                SysUserRole sysUserRole = new SysUserRole();
                sysUserRole.setUserId(assginRoleVo.getUserId());
                sysUserRole.setRoleId(roleId);
                //保存
                sysUserRoleMapper.insert(sysUserRole);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

## 1.5、添加SysUserRoleMapper类

```

package com.example.system.mapper;

import com.example.model.system.SysUserRole;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.mapper.BaseMapper;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Mapper;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;

@Repository
@Mapper
public interface SysUserRoleMapper extends BaseMapper<SysUserRole> {

}

```

## 2、前端实现

### 2.1、添加api

src/api/system/sysRole.js

```

//根据用户id查询用户已分配的角色
getRolesByUserId(userId) {

```

```

    return request({
      url: `${api_name}/toAssign/${userId}`,
      method: 'get'
    })
  },

  //分配角色
  assignRoles(assignRoleVo) {
    return request({
      url: `${api_name}/doAssign`,
      method: 'post',
      data: assignRoleVo
    })
  }
}

```

## 2.2、修改页面

更改src/views/system/sysUser/list.vue

添加分配角色按钮

```

<el-button type="warning" icon="el-icon-baseball" size="mini"
  @click="showAssignRole(scope.row)" title="分配角色"/>

```

添加分配角色表单

```

<el-dialog title="分配角色" :visible.sync="dialogRoleVisible">
  <el-form label-width="80px">
    <el-form-item label="用户名">
      <el-input disabled :value="sysUser.username">/el-input>
    </el-form-item>

    <el-form-item label="角色列表">
      <el-checkbox :indeterminate="isIndeterminate" v-model="checkAll"
        @change="handleCheckAllChange">全选</el-checkbox>
      <div style="margin: 15px 0;"></div>
      <el-checkbox-group v-model="userRoleIds"
        @change="handleCheckedChange">
        <el-checkbox v-for="role in allRoles" :key="role.id"
          :label="role.id">{{role.roleName}}</el-checkbox>
      </el-checkbox-group>
    </el-form-item>
  </el-form>
  <div slot="footer">
    <el-button type="primary" @click="assignRole" size="small">保存</el-
button>
    <el-button @click="dialogRoleVisible = false" size="small">取消</el-
button>
  </div>
</el-dialog>

```

添加方法

```

<script>
import api from '@api/system/sysUser'
import roleApi from '@api/system/sysRole'

```

```

const defaultForm = {
  id: '',
  username: '',
  password: '',
  name: '',
  phone: '',
  status: 1
}
export default {
  data() {
    return {
      listLoading: true, // 数据是否正在加载
      list: null, // banner列表
      total: 0, // 数据库中的总记录数
      page: 1, // 默认页码
      limit: 10, // 每页记录数
      searchObj: {}, // 查询表单对象

      createTime: [],

      dialogVisible: false,
      sysUser: defaultForm,
      saveBtnDisabled: false,

      dialogRoleVisible: false,
      allRoles: [], // 所有角色列表
      userRoleIds: [], // 用户的角色ID的列表
      isIndeterminate: false, // 是否是不确定的
      checkAll: false // 是否全选
    }
  },

  // 生命周期函数：内存准备完毕，页面尚未渲染
  created() {
    console.log('list created.....')
    this.fetchData()
  },

  // 生命周期函数：内存准备完毕，页面渲染成功
  mounted() {
    console.log('list mounted.....')
  },

  methods: {
    //添加以下方法

    //展示分配角色
    showAssignRole (row) {
      this.sysUser = row
      this.dialogRoleVisible = true
      roleApi.getRolesById(row.id).then(response => {
        this.allRoles = response.data.allRoles
        this.userRoleIds = response.data.userRoleIds
        this.checkAll = this.userRoleIds.length===this.allRoles.length
        this.isIndeterminate = this.userRoleIds.length>0 &&
this.userRoleIds.length<this.allRoles.length
      })
    },
  },

```

```

/*
全选勾选状态发生改变的监听
*/
handleCheckAllChange (value) { // value 当前勾选状态true/false
  // 如果当前全选，userRoleIds就是所有角色id的数组，否则是空数组
  this.userRoleIds = value ? this.allRoles.map(item => item.id) : []
  // 如果当前不是全选也不全不选时，指定为false
  this.isIndeterminate = false
},

/*
角色列表选中项发生改变的监听
*/
handleCheckedChange (value) {
  const {userRoleIds, allRoles} = this
  this.checkAll = userRoleIds.length === allRoles.length &&
allRoles.length>0
  this.isIndeterminate = userRoleIds.length>0 &&
userRoleIds.length<allRoles.length
},

//分配角色
assignRole () {
  let assginRoleVo = {
    userId: this.sysUser.id,
    roleIdList: this.userRoleIds
  }
  roleApi.assignRoles(assginRoleVo).then(response => {
    this.$message.success(response.message || '分配角色成功')
    this.dialogRolevisible = false
    this.fetchData(this.page)
  })
},

}
}
</script>

```