COMP1835

Lab 3_extra/optional. Working with Redis database

Converting JSON into Redis hash and loading mass data

Lab 3.9 Convert JASON into Redis Hash (map)

The below JSON document

```
{
    "colour":"blue",
    "make":"bmw",
    "model":{
        "trim" : "aero",
        "name" : x3
},
    "features":[ "powerlocks", "moonroof" ]
}
```

can be converted into a Redis hash with the following HSET commands for each pair:

```
> HSET car1 colour blue
> HSET car1 make bmw
> HSET car1 model.trim aero
> HSET car1 model.name x3HSET
> HSET car1 features[0] powerlocks
> HSET car1 features[1] moonroof
> HGETALL car1
```

```
127.0.0.1:6379> HSET car1 colour blue
(integer) 1
127.0.0.1:6379> HSET car1 make bmw
(integer) 1
127.0.0.1:6379> HSET car1 model.trim aero
(integer) 1
127.0.0.1:6379> HSET car1 features[0] powerlocks
(integer) 1
127.0.0.1:6379> HSET car1 features[10 moonroof
(integer) 1
127.0.0.1:6379> HGETALL car1
 1) "colour"
 2) "blue"
 3) "make"
 4) "bmw"
 5) "model.trim"
 6) "aero"
 7) "features[0]"
 8) "powerlocks"
 9) "features[10"
10) "moonroof"
127.0.0.1:6379>
```

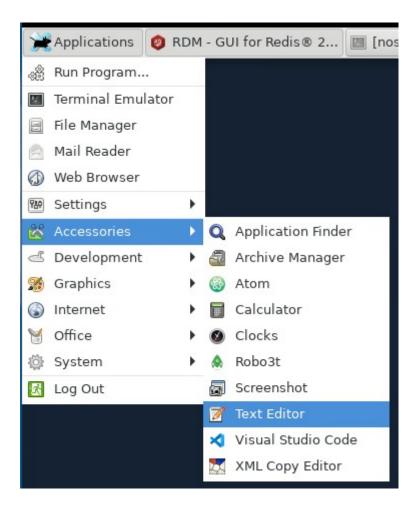
Lab 3.10 Loading large data set.

In 2.6 or later versions of Redis the redis-cli utility supports a new mode called pipe mode that was designed in order to perform mass insertion.

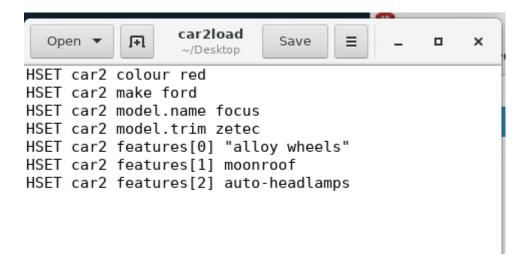
First you need to create a text file with multiple SET commands, or HSET, or others for each key, hash, list, etc.

Then you will use the terminal command: cat file_name | redis-cli --pipe

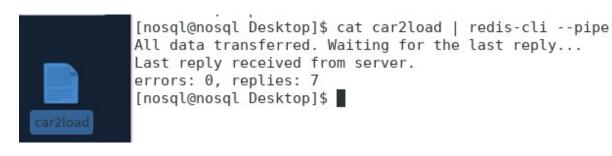
Open Text Editor



Create file with any number of SET or HSET commands, for example:



Save it on the Desktop as a text file, called **car2load**Then open terminal on the Desktop and run the following command: **cat car2load | redis-cli --pipe**



To check that the values have been inserted, you can use HGETALL car2 or navigate to Redis Desktop Manager interface and refresh your connection:

