

# 아두이노실습

Using the Arduino Uno

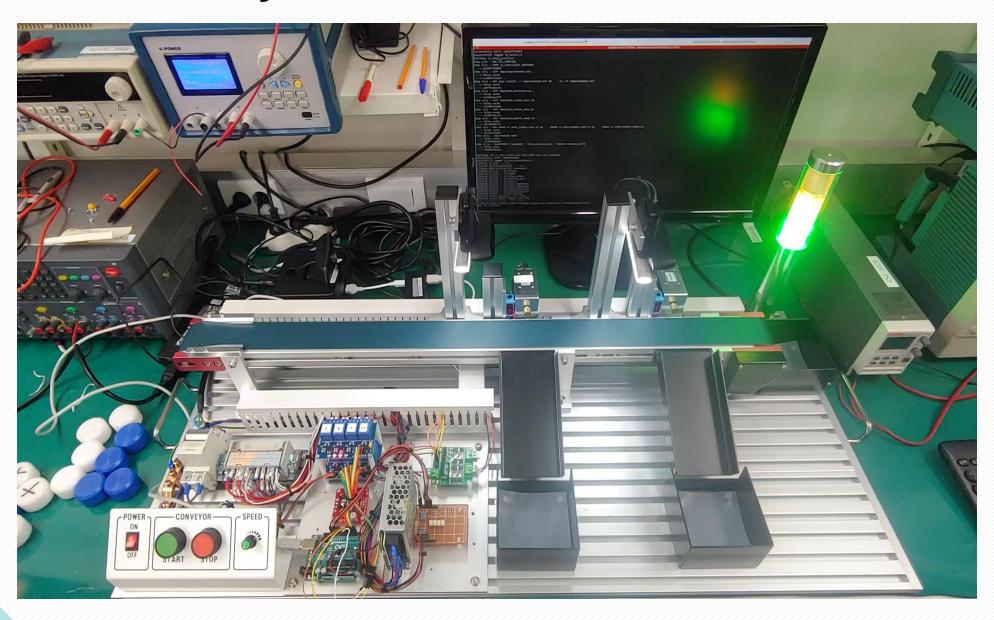
## Agenda

- Hands-on System Overview
- Basic Hands-on
- Smart Factory Hands-on
- Al Hands-on
- Demo Implementation

- Why Arduino?
- Arduino Environment Overview
- Arduino Directory Analyze
- Arduino Control

## Hands-on System Overview

# **Smart Factory**



#### Overview

#### **NUC** NUC10i7FN

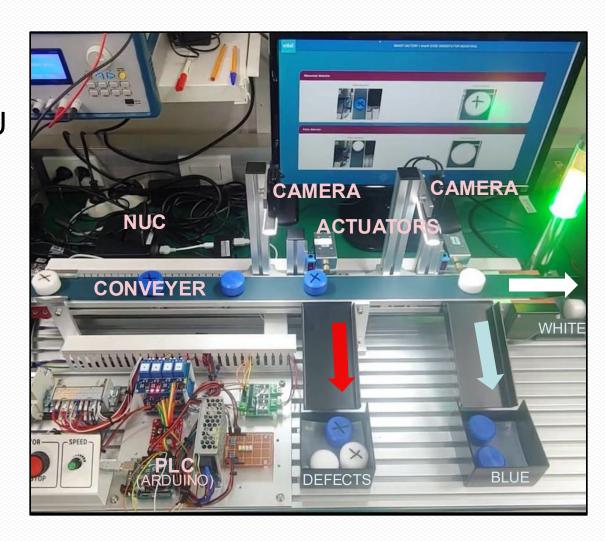
10<sup>th</sup> Generation Intel® Core<sup>™</sup> i7-10710U 1.1 GHz – 4.7 GHz Turbo, 6 core, 12 thread, 12MB Cache 25W Intel® UHD Graphics, 300 MHz – 1.15 GHz

16GB RAM / 512GB SSD

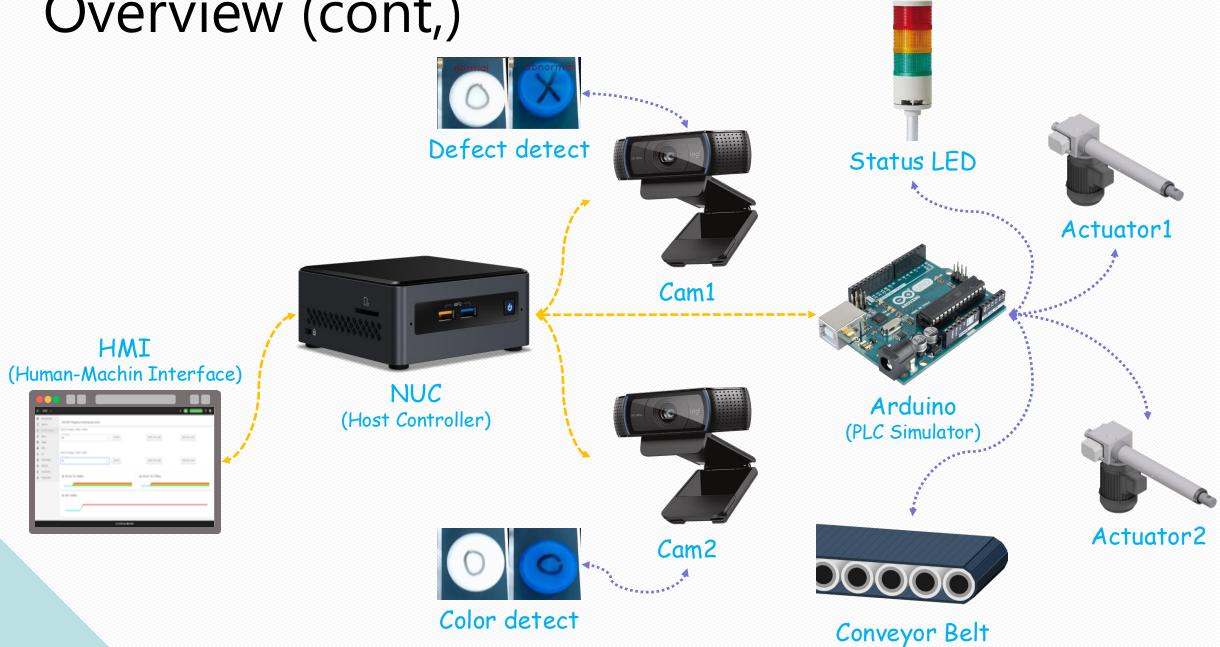
## **CAMERA**LOGITECH HD PRO WEBCAM C920N

640x480 30 fps / up to 1920x1080 30 fps

ARDUINO UNO



### Overview (cont,)



### Tool Hands-on

### **Motion Detect**

#### CALIBRATE CROP AND ROI BOX POSITION

Implement the codes for setting the ROI, motion detection and crop/save the images



## Multi-Threading with Queue













Queue the camera stream, receive it from the main and process it



QUEUE BUFFER



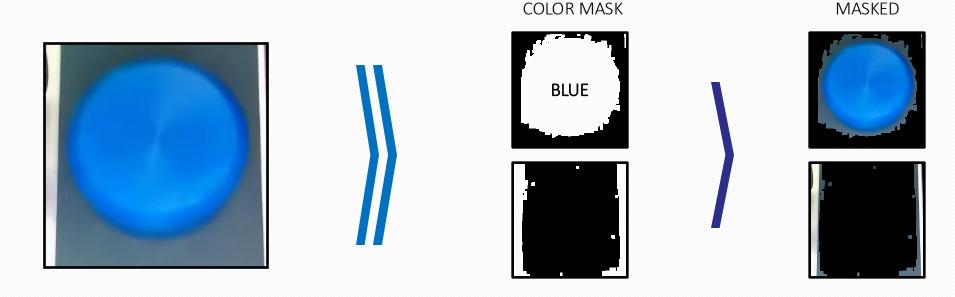


QUEUE BUFFER

Running 'imshow' on each thread can cause crash issues!



### Color Detect



#### APPLY COLOR MASKS TO THE FRAMES

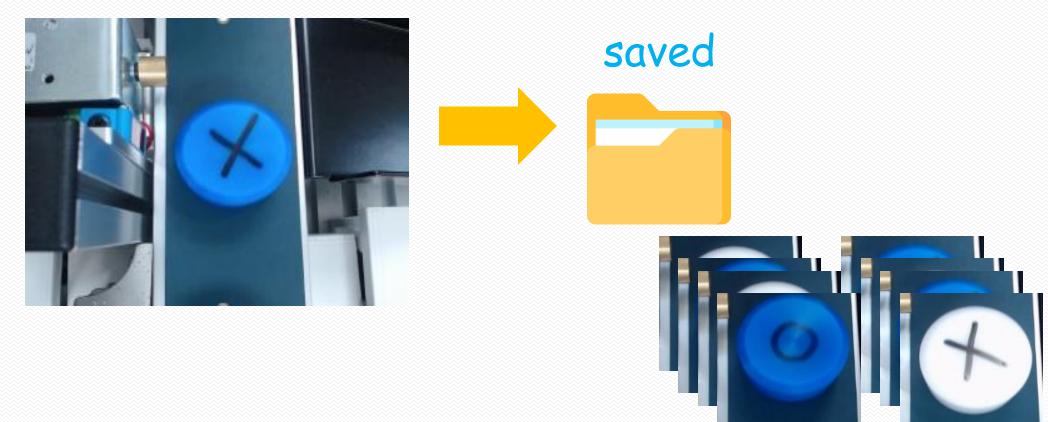
Using the HSV color model to specify the color position and color "purity"

COUNT THE MASKED PIXELS AND PREDICT COLORS

### Al Hands-on

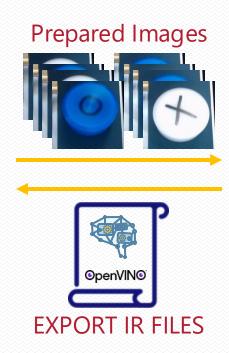
### Data Preparation

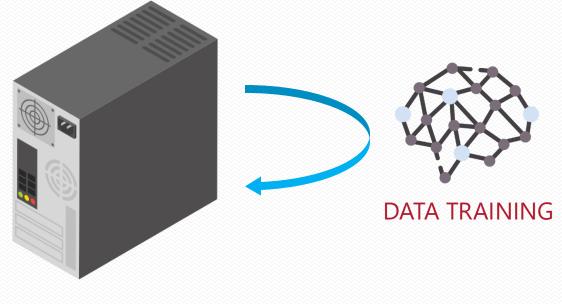
#### Motion Detect



## Training







**OpenVINO™ Training Extensions** 

# Why Arduino?

### **Smart Factory Overview**

#### **NUC** NUC10i7FN

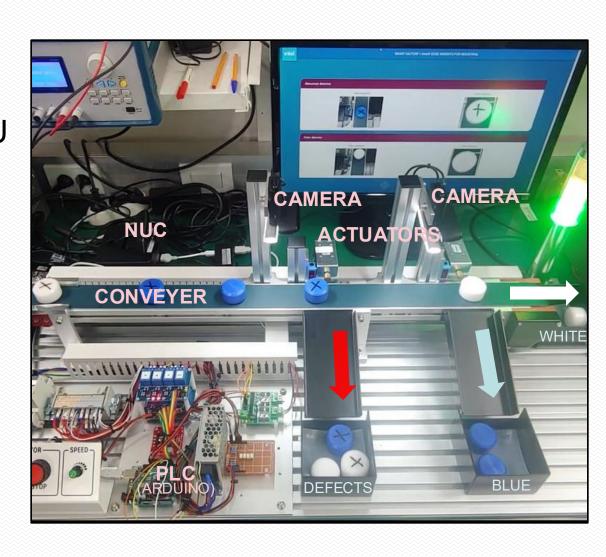
10<sup>th</sup> Generation Intel® Core<sup>™</sup> i7-10710U 1.1 GHz – 4.7 GHz Turbo, 6 core, 12 thread, 12MB Cache 25W Intel® UHD Graphics, 300 MHz – 1.15 GHz

16GB RAM / 512GB SSD

#### CAMERA LOGITECH HD PRO WEBCAM C920N

 $640x480\ 30\ fps$  / up to 1920x1080 30 fps

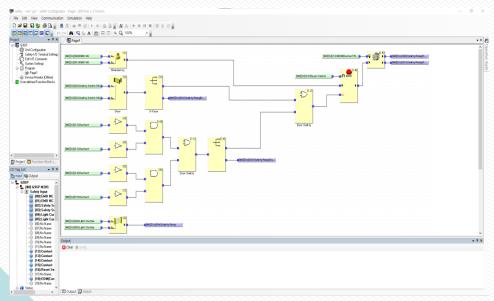
ARDUINO UNO

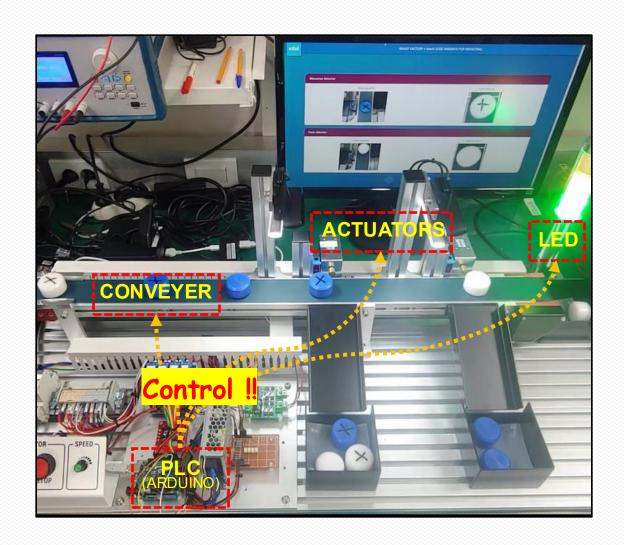


### PLC

- Programmable Logic Controller
- Programming using Ladder Diagram

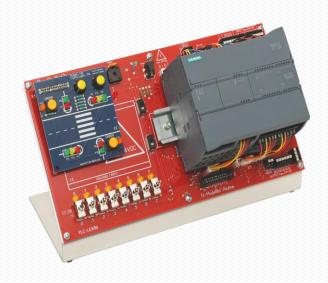






### Arduino

• PLC Simulator



- HW ON/OFF Control
- Using Ladder Diagram
- Communication with Host PC



- GPIO Control only
  - Conveyor Belt Control (PWM)
  - LED Control
  - Actuator Control
- Using C language
- Communication with Host PC also

### Arduino Environment Overview

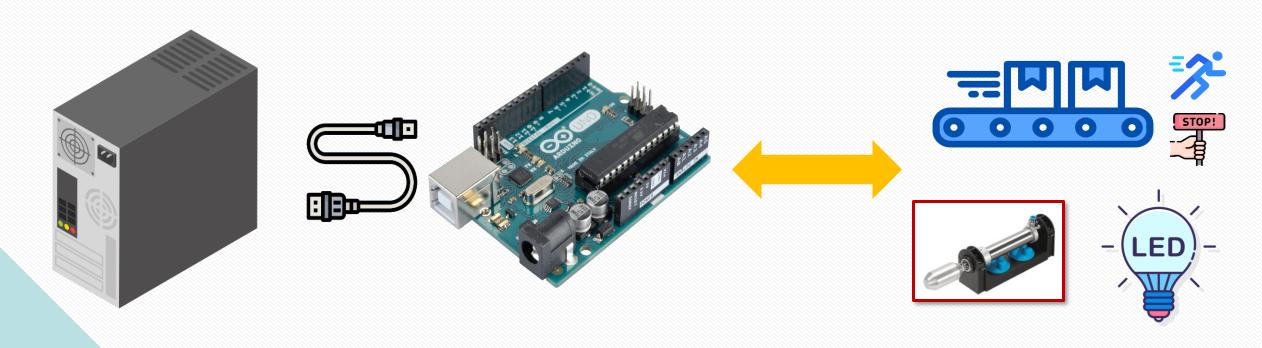
#### Where is to use the Arduino?

#### CONTROL the HW through ARDUINO / UART

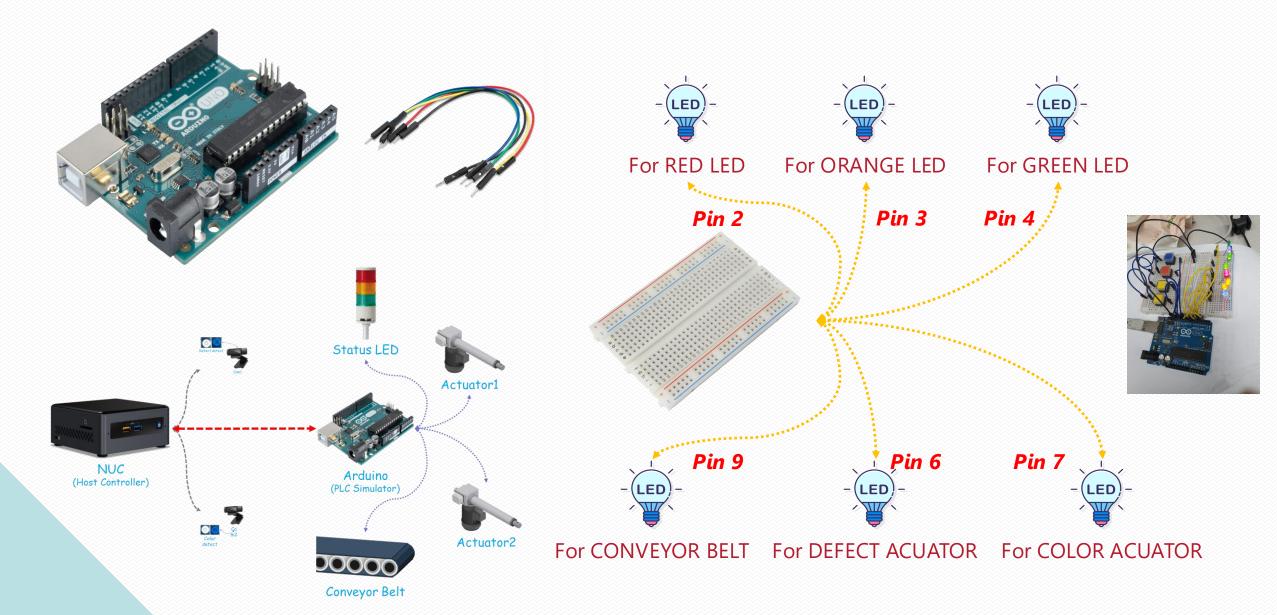
Conveyer Belt On/Off

Actuator Motor Push/Release

LED(Red/Orange/Green) Control



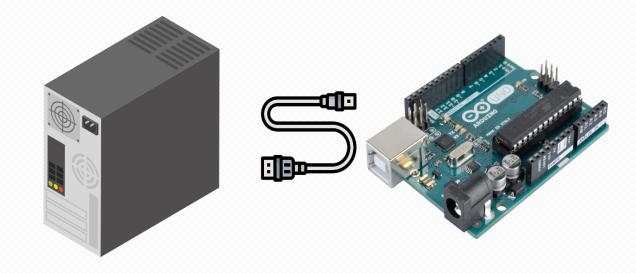
### Arduino Setup for Simulation



## Arduino Directory Analyze

### Setup the Permission

- In arduino directory,
   \$ cd <root dir>/arduino
- Connect the Arduino with the PC
- Check the permission
   \$ Is -al /dev/ttyACM0
- Change the permission(Temporarily)
   \$ sudo chmod a+rw /dev/ttyACM0
- Re-check the permission
   \$ Is -al /dev/ttyACM0



Add the user to group
 \$ sudo usermod -aG dialout \$USER

### **Arduino Connection & Flash**

Download Arduino CLI Application

```
$ curl -fsSL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/arduino/arduino-cli/master/install.sh | sh $ cd bin && ls -al
```

Setup the Environment

```
$ arduino-cli config init --overwrite
```

\$ arduino-cli core install arduino:avr

Build and Flash the Arduino

```
$ arduino-cli compile -b arduino:avr:uno . -e -v
$ arduino-cli upload -p /dev/ttyACMO -b arduino:avr:uno -t -v -i
build/arduino.avr.uno/arduino.ino.hex
```

### Make

- Make
  - A build automation tool that builds executable programs and libraries from source code by reading files called makefiles which specify how to derive the target program.



In Makefile



Setup the basic environment using arduino-cli

make init



• make build

Source code build(arduino.ino)

make flash

Flash to the Real HW Arduino (build/arduino.avr.uno/arduino.ino.hex)

### **Arduino Control**

### Arduino Control using Python

Change directory for Python API
 \$ cd <root dir>
 \$ cd iotdemo/factory\_controller
 \$ ls -al

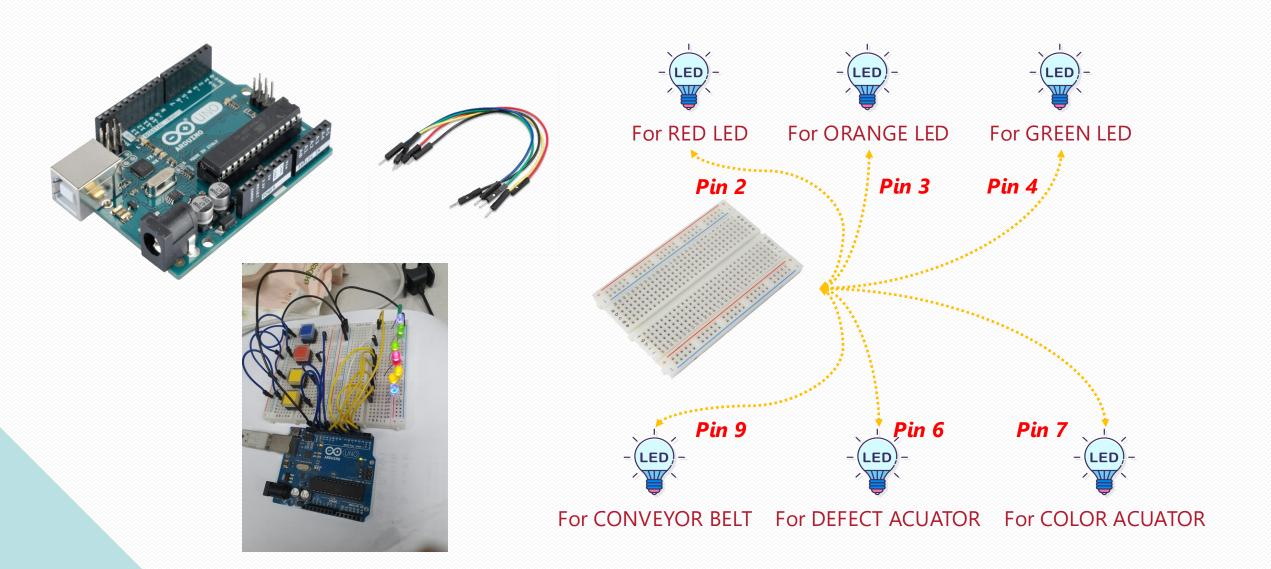
- factory\_controller.py
  - Refer to the Public Properties/methods

### Hands-on

Change the arduino directory and delete "arduino-cli"
 \$ cd <root\_dir>
 \$ cd arduino
 \$ rm ./bin/\*

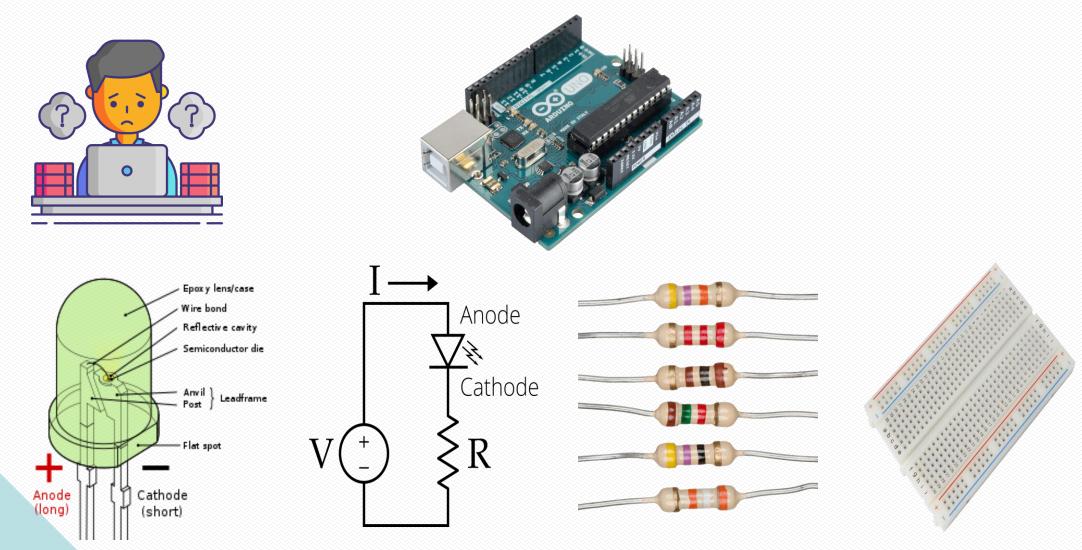
- Test what happens when executing the command below.
  - make init
  - make build
  - make flash
  - make clean

### Hands-on with Real HW



### Hands-on with Real HW (cont,)

• How to connect wires, LEDs, resistors with Arduino?



## Arduino Control using Python (cont,)

#### **PYTHON MODULE APIS**

(from iotdemo import FatoryController)

#### Init the system

- with FactoryController('/dev/ttyACM0') as ctrl:

or ctrl = FactoryController('/dev/ttyACMO')

Close the system

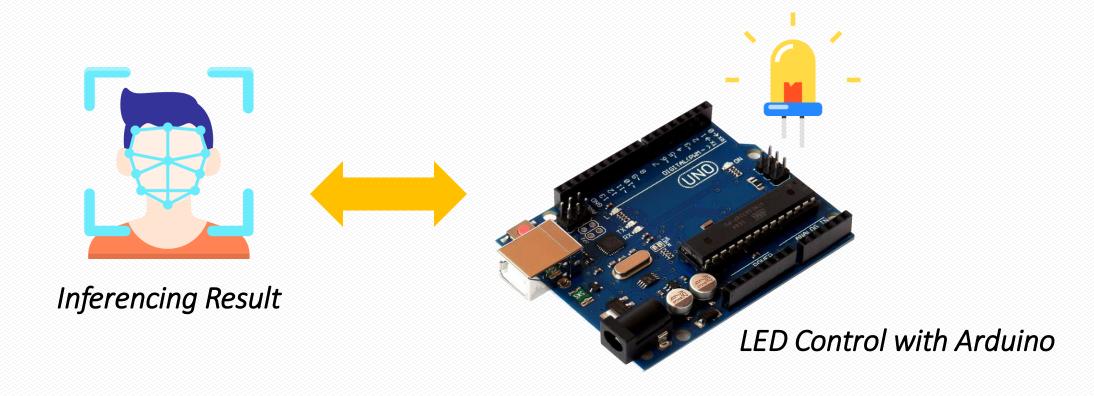
- ctrl.close()

# For Micro Control the HW Module

Input	API
1	system_start()
2	system_stop()
3	red
4	orange
5	green
6	conveyor
7	push_actuator(1)
8	push_actuator(2)

### Basic Hands-on

### **HW Control**



Utilize Arduino LED with Inferencing Result

## Demo Implementation

### Demo on Localhost

**VIDEO INPUT** 



./resources/factory/conveyor.mp4



ARDUINO SIMULATION

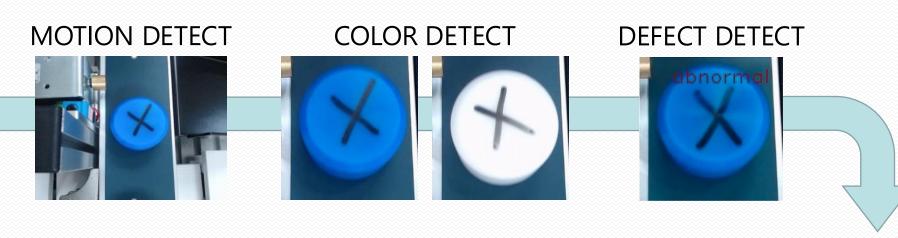


### Let's try Real HW World!

**CAMERA INPUT** 



/dev/video\*



**SMART FACTORY** 



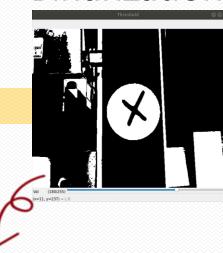
### How to use tool?

#### Motion Detect

Camera Input



Binarization

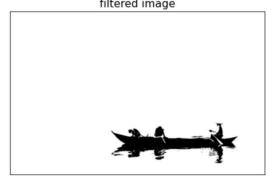


To drastically reduce the amount of information you have to work with



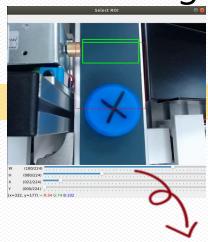


filtered image



Region of Interesting

**ROI** Setting

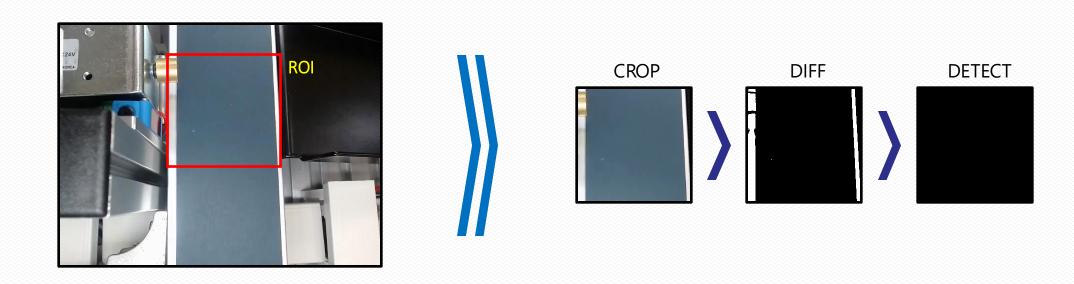


**Motion Detect** 



Video Stream with 640x480 resolution 224x224 image

## **Detailed Flow**

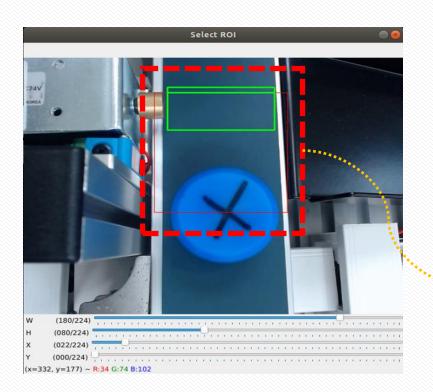


- Crop the frame per selected ROI
- Calculate the frame difference
  - Apply custom threshold with brightness value
- Choose the best frames to pass

## Select ROI to Detect Motion

Python Tool (iotdemo-motion-detector)

iotdemo-motion-detector -l ./resource/factory/conveyor.mp4



**Pre-Implemented Tool** 

#### Python Main (factory.py)

Detect the Frame (each Thread)

- detected = det.detect(frame)

if detected is None: continue

Enqueue (each Thread)

- q.put(('VIDEO: Cam1 detected', detected))
- q.put(('VIDEO: Cam2 detected', detected))



motion.cfg

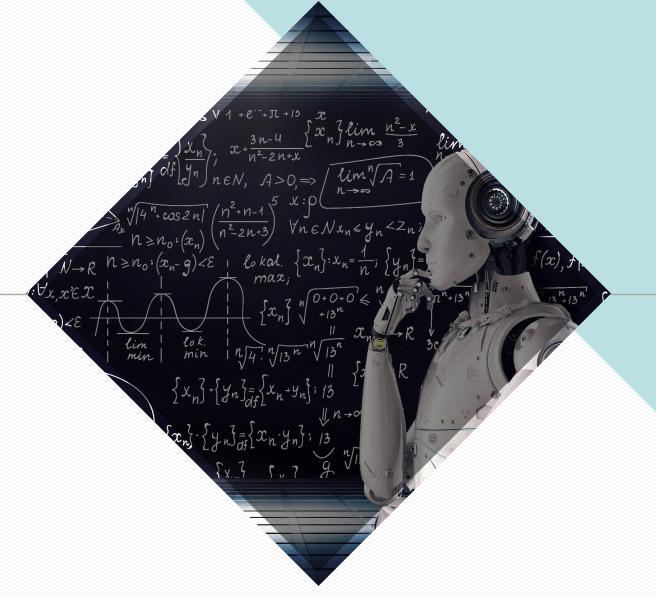


**Cropped Image** 

#### Homework Submission

- There'll be several homework
- Submission
  - Fork the class GitHub <a href="https://github.com/kccistc/smart-factory/">https://github.com/kccistc/smart-factory/</a>
  - Create your homework submission PR under Class02/homework/<your\_name>/hw##

Deadline is by next day morning



# **THANK** YOU

# Back Up

# Prerequisite

### **Terminal Command**

- We use Terminator(Terminal) and Visual Studio Code(VSC)
  - Next page, explain how to install the Terminator and VSC
- Command on Terminator
  - \$ Is -al
- <root dir>
  - It means the root directory from the Github code

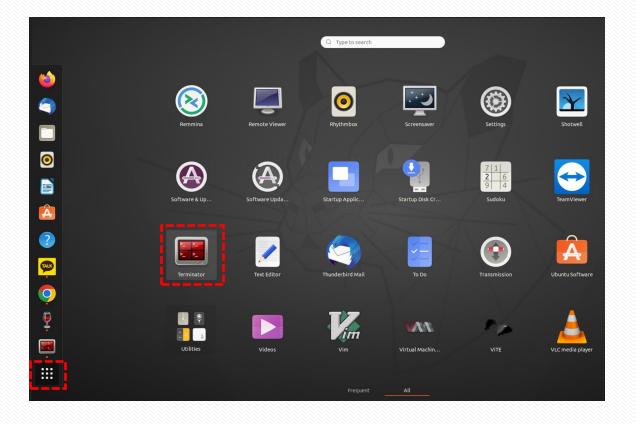
~/code\_test/temp/demo.smart-factory-legacy

```
errylee@jaeseong-mobl2:~/code_test/temp/demo.smart-factory
jerrylee@jaeseong-mobl2:~/code_test/temp/demo.smart-factory-legacy$
drwxrwxr-x 9 jerrylee jerrylee 4096 7월 27 16:47 .
drwxrwxr-x 9 jerrylee jerrylee 4096 7월 27 13:30 ...
frwxrwxr-x 4 jerrylee jerrylee 4096 7월 25 15:05 arduino
 rwxrwxr-x 4 jerrylee jerrylee 4096 7월 25 14:55 build
 rwxrwxr-x 1 jerrylee jerrylee 175 7월 25 15:01 build.sh
 rwxrwxr-x 1 jerrylee jerrylee 638 7월 27 16:56 cam.sh
frwxrwxr-x 2 jerrylee jerrylee 4096 7월 25 14:55 dist
 rwxrwxr-x 1 jerrylee jerrylee 3993 7월 25 14:55 factory.py
 lrwxrwxr-x 9 jerrylee jerrylee 4096 7월 25 14:55 totdemo
drwxrwxr-x 2 jerrylee jerrylee 4096 7월 25 14:55 totdemo.egg-info
rw-rw-r-- 1 jerrylee jerrylee 1078 7월 25 14:55 LICENSE
rw-rw-r-- 1 jerrylee jerrylee 37 7월 25 14:55 MANIFEST.in
 rw-rw-r-- 1 jerrylee jerrylee 482 7월 27 14:47 motion.cfg
 rw-rw-r-- 1 jerrylee jerrylee 192 7월 25 14:55 README.md
 rw-rw-r-- 1 jerrylee jerrylee 94 7월 25 15:01 requirements.txt
drwxrwxr-x 3 jerrylee jerrylee 4096 7월 25 14:59 resources
drwxrwxr-x 2 jerrylee jerrylee 4096 7월 25 15:07 saved
 rw-rw-r-- 1 jerrylee jerrylee 962 7월 25 14:55 setup.py
 errylee@jaeseong-mobl2:~/code_test/temp/demo.smart-factory-legacy$
```

## **Terminator**

- Install the Terminator
   \$ sudo apt install terminator
- Execute the Terminator
  - Find in the all application on Ubuntu and Click the Terminator icon
  - On the Desktop, input the key below
     "ctrl + alt + t"





## Visual Studio Code(VSC)

Pre-packages Install
 \$ sudo apt update
 \$ sudo apt install software-properties-common apt-transport-https wget



- Get Microsoft GPG key
   \$ wget -q https://packages.microsoft.com/keys/microsoft.asc -O- | sudo apt-key add -
- Add the apt repository for VSC
   \$ sudo add-apt-repository "deb [arch=amd64] https://packages.microsoft.com/repos/vscode stable main"
- VSC install
   \$ sudo apt install code
- Execution the VSC\$ code

## Arduino Basic

## What is the Arduino

• A microcontroller board, contains the onboard power supply, USB port to communicate with PC, and an Atmel microcontroller chip

• It simplifies the process of creating any control system by providing the standard board that can be programmed and connected to the system without the need for any sophisticated PCB design and implementation

• It is open-source hardware, anyone can get the details of its design and modify it or make his own one himself

# Why Arduino?

- It is Open Source, both in terms of Hardware and Software
- It is cheap, the hardware can be built from components or a prefab board can be purchased
- It can communicate with a computer via a serial connection over USB
- It can be powered from USB or standalone DC power
- It can run standalone from a computer (chip is programmable) and it has memory (a small amount)
- It can work with both Digital and Analog electronic signals. Sensors and Actuators.
- You can make cool stuff!!
   Some people are even making simple robots, and we all know robots are just cool.

### What can Arduino do?

#### Sensors

- Push button, touch pads, tilt switches.
- Variable resistors (e.g. volume knob / sliders)
- Photoresistors (sensing light level)
- Thermistors (temperature)
- Ultrasound (proximity range finders)

#### Actuators

- Lights, LEDs
- Motors
- Speakers
- Display (LCD)

## The kinds of the Arduino







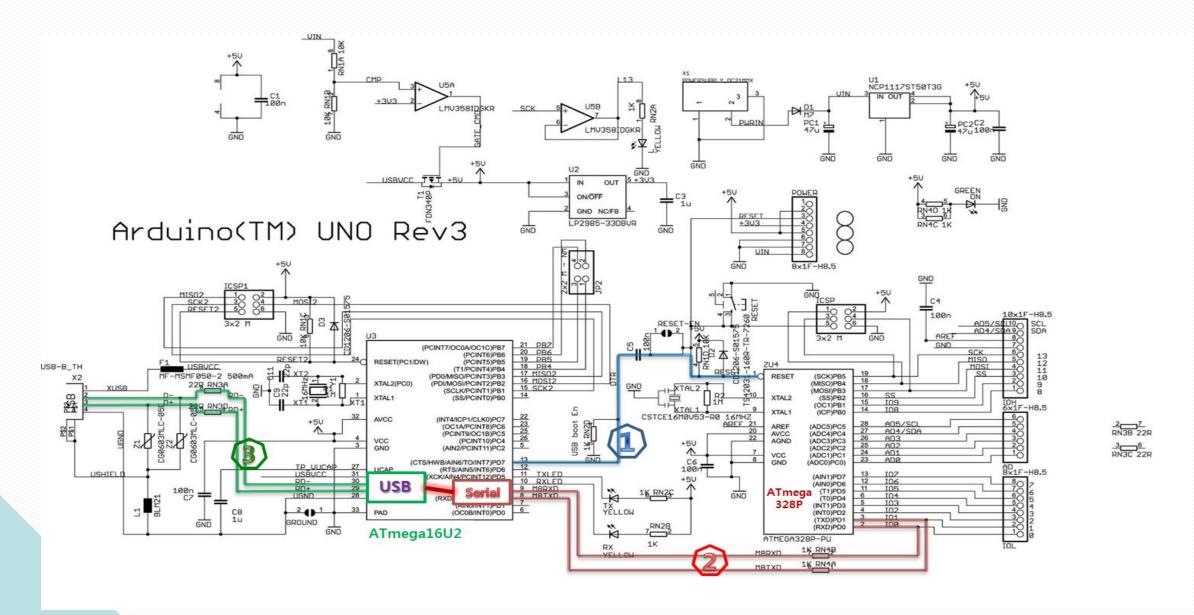




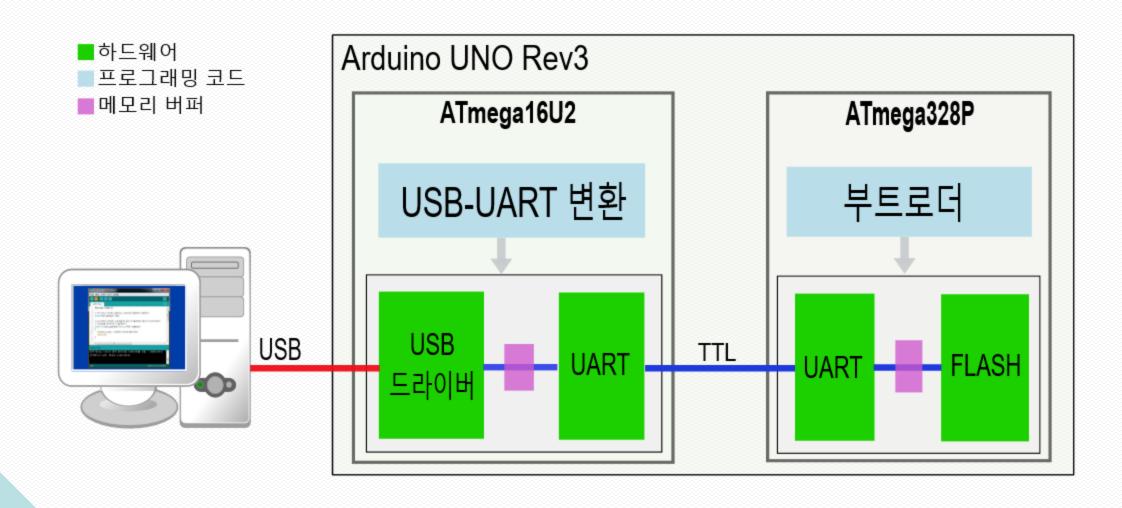




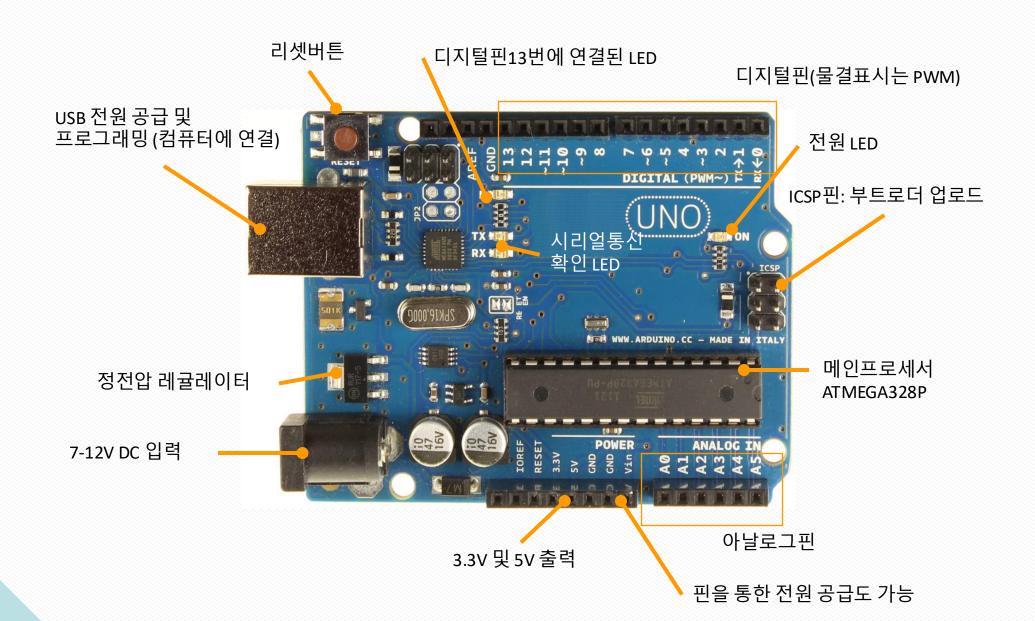
## Arduino Uno Circuit



# Environment using Arduino Uno



## HW of the Arduino Uno



### Power for Arduino Uno

- 1. 배럴잭을 통한 전원 공급 (DC 어댑터를 사용하거나 배터리와 배터리홀더를 사용한 방법)
- 2. USB 케이블을 통한 전원 공급 (컴퓨터에 USB 케이블을 연결)
- 3. VIN과 GND를 통한 전원 공급 (배럴잭이 아닌 일반 전선을 사용할 경우)

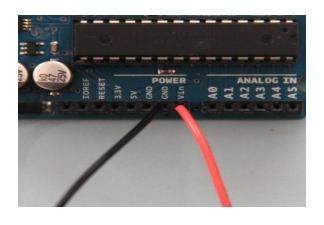


DC 어댑터의 배럴잭을 통한 전원 공급



Due allano y

컴퓨터에 연결된 USB 케이블을 통한 전원 공급



배터리의 전선을 보드의 VIN과 GND 에 직접 연결하여 전원 공급

# Digital or Analog

- All physical quantities are analog
- Analog means that the quantity can take any value between its minimum value and maximum value
- Digital means that the quantity can take specific levels of values with specific offsets between each other

- Ex Digital
  - English alpha consists of 26 letters, there is no letter between A and B
- Ex Analog
  - Temperature can take any value [-1, 12.8, 25.002, ... ]
  - Sine waves are analog

### Download Arduino IDE

https://www.arduino.cc/en/software

#### Downloads



#### Arduino IDE 1.8.19

The open-source Arduino Software (IDE) makes it easy to write code and upload it to the board. This software can be used with any Arduino board.

Refer to the **Getting Started** page for Installation instructions.

#### SOURCE CODE

Active development of the Arduino software is **hosted by GitHub**. See the instructions for **building the code**. Latest release source code archives are available here. The archives are PGP-signed so they can be verified using **this** gpg key.

#### DOWNLOAD OPTIONS

Windows Win 7 and newer

Windows ZIP file

Windows app Win 8.1 or 10 Get



Linux 32 bits

Linux 64 bits

Linux ARM 32 bits

Linux ARM 64 bits

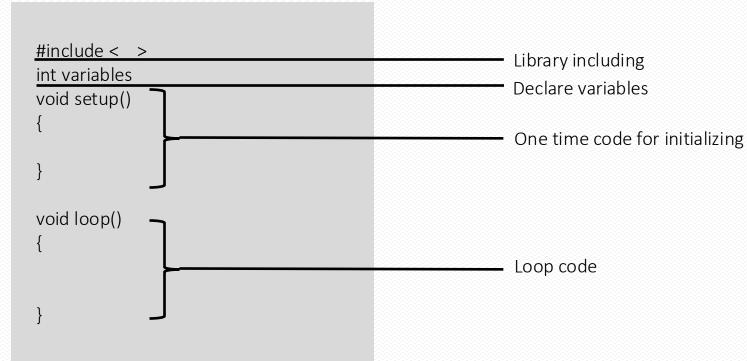
Mac OS X 10.10 or newer

Release Notes

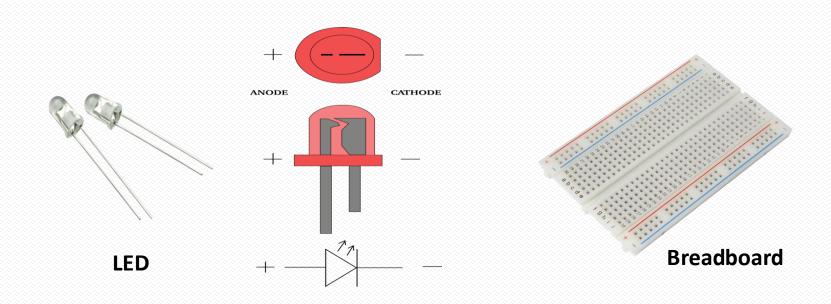
Checksums (sha512)

### Code Structure

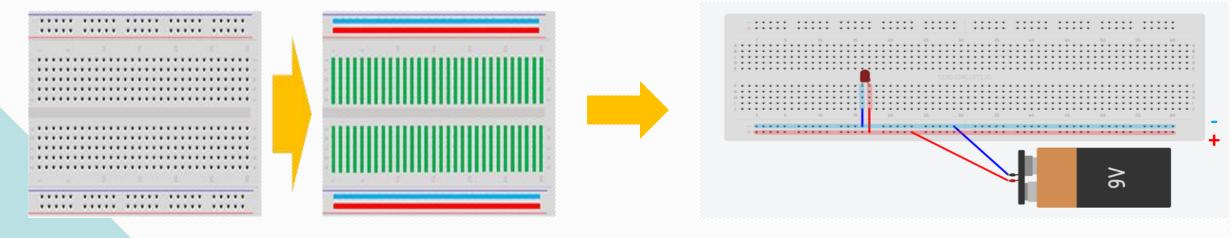
- void setup() {}
  - Used to indicate the initial values of system on starting
- void loop() {}
  - Contains the statements that will run whenever the system is powered after setup



## How to deal with LED and Breadboard



#### How to connect the LED on the Breadboard



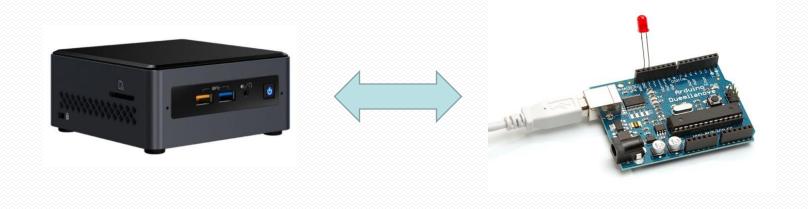
# Let's implement

• LED on/off in every 1sec on the Arduino

- Used functions :
  - Language Reference Link Click
    - pinMode()
    - digitalRead()
    - digitalWrite()
    - delay(time\_ms)

## Communicate with Arduino

• NUC sends command to Arduino via USB-UART to turn on LEDs.



#### References

- <a href="https://www.slideshare.net/xxahmedsakrxx/introduction-to-arduino-16634116">https://www.slideshare.net/xxahmedsakrxx/introduction-to-arduino-16634116</a>
- <a href="https://ko.wikipedia.org/wiki/%EC%95%84%EB%91%90%EC%9D%B4%EB%85%B8">https://ko.wikipedia.org/wiki/%EC%95%84%EB%91%90%EC%9D%B4%EB%85%B8</a>
- http://mechasolution.com/
- https://www.arduino.cc/
- https://www.slideshare.net/avikdhupar/intro-to-arduino