grasp Documentation

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A Simple GRASP (grasp.nhlbi.nih.gov) API based on SQLAlchemy and Pandas.

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License	MIT License, made at Stanford, use as you wish.
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For an introduction see the github readme

For table information see the wiki

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CHAPTER

ONE

SUBMODULES

1.1 grasp.tables

InMiRNABS

LSSNP

GRASP table descriptions in SQLAlchemy ORM.

These tables do not exist in the GRASP data, which is a single flat file. By separating the data into these tables querying is much more efficient.

This submodule should only be used for querying.

```
class grasp.tables.SNP (**kwargs)
     Bases: sqlalchemy.ext.declarative.api.Base
     An SQLAlchemy Talble for GRASP SNPs.
     Study and phenotype information are pushed to other tables to minimize table size and make querying easier.
     Table Name: snps
     Columns: Described in the columns attribute
         The ID number of the SNP, usually the NHLBIkey
     str
         SNP loction expressed as 'chr:pos'
     hvgs_ids
         A list of HGVS IDs for this SNP
         A dictionary of all columns 'column_name'=>('type', 'desc')
     ConservPredTFBS
     CreationDate
     EqtlMethMetabStudy
     HUPfield
     HumanEnhancer
     InGene
     InLincRNA
     InMiRNA
```

```
LastCurationDate
NHLBIkey
NearestGene
ORegAnno
PolyPhen2
RNAedit
SIFT
UniProt
chrom
columns = OrderedDict([('id', ('BigInteger', 'NHLBIkey')), ('snpid', ('String', 'SNPid')), ('chrom', ('String', 'chr')), ('pring', 'snpid', ('String', 'snpid', 'snpi
              A description of all columns in this table.
dbSNPClinStatus
dbSNPMAF
dbSNPfxn
dbSNPinfo
dbSNPvalidation
display_columns (display_as='table', write=False)
              Return all columns in the table nicely formatted.
              Display choices: table: A formatted grid-like table tab: A tab delimited non-formatted version of table
                         list: A string list of column names
                         Parameters
                                     display_as - {table,tab,list}
                                     • write - If true, print output to console, otherwise return string.
                         Returns A formatted string or None
get_columns (return_as='list')
             Return all columns in the table nicely formatted.
              Display choices: list: A python list of column names dictionary: A python dictionary of name=>desc
                         long_dict: A python dictionary of name=>(type, desc)
                         Parameters return_as - {table,tab,list,dictionary,long_dict,id_dict}
                         Returns A list or dictionary
get_variant_info (fields='dbsnp', pandas=True)
```

Use the myvariant API to get info about this SNP.

Note that this service can be very slow. It will be faster to query multiple SNPs.

Parameters

• fields - Choose fields to display from: 'docs.myvariant.info/en/latest/doc/data.html#availablefields'_ Good choices are 'dbsnp', 'clinvar', or 'gwassnps' Can also use 'grasp' to get a different version of this info.

```
Returns A dictionary or a dataframe.
     hvgs_ids
          The HVGS ID from myvariant.
     id
     paper_loc
     phenotype_cats
     phenotype_desc
     population
     population_id
     pos
     pval
     snp loc
          Return a simple string containing the SNP location.
     snpid
     study
     study id
     study_snpid
class grasp.tables.Phenotype(**kwargs)
     Bases: sqlalchemy.ext.declarative.api.Base
     An SQLAlchemy table to store the primary phenotype.
     Table Name: phenos
     Columns: phenotype: The string phenotype from the GRASP DB, unique. alias: A short representation of the
          phenotype, not unique. studies: A link to the studies table.
     int
          The ID number.
     str
          The name of the phenotype.
     alias
     id
     phenotype
     studies
class grasp.tables.PhenoCats (**kwargs)
     Bases: sqlalchemy.ext.declarative.api.Base
     An SQLAlchemy table to store the lists of phenotype categories.
     Table Name: pheno_cats
     Columns: category: The category from the grasp database, unique. alias: An easy to use alias of the category,
```

• pandas – Return a dataframe instead of dictionary.

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not unique. snps: A link to all SNPs in this category. studies: A link to all studies in this category.

```
int
          The PhenoCat ID
     str
          The category name
     alias
     category
     id
     snps
     studies
class grasp.tables.Platform(platform)
     Bases: sqlalchemy.ext.declarative.api.Base
     An SQLAlchemy table to store the platform information.
     Table Name: platforms
     Columns: platform: The name of the platform from GRASP. studies: A link to all studies using this platform.
     int
          The ID number of this platform
     str
          The name of the platform
     id
     platform
     studies
class grasp.tables.Population(population)
     Bases: sqlalchemy.ext.declarative.api.Base
     An SQLAlchemy table to store the platform information.
     Table Name: populations
     Columns: population: The name of the population. studies: A link to all studies in this population. snps: A
          link to all SNPs in this populations.
     int
          Population ID number
     str
          The name of the population
     id
     population
```

1.2 grasp.db

Functions for managing the GRASP database.

get_session() is used everywhere in the module to create a connection to the database. initialize_database() is used to build the database from the GRASP file. It takes about an hour 90 minutes to run and will overwrite any existing database.

```
grasp.db.get_session(echo=False)
```

Return a session and engine, uses config file.

Parameters echo – Echo all SQL to the console.

Returns

A SQLAlchemy session and engine object corresponding to the grasp database for use in querying.

Return type session, engine

grasp.db.initialize_database(study_file, grasp_file, commit_every=250000, progress=False)

Create the database quickly.

Study_file Tab delimited GRASP study file, available here: github.com/MikeDacre/grasp/blob/master/grasp_studies.txt

Grasp_file Tab delimited GRASP file.

Commit_every How many rows to go through before committing to disk.

Progress Display a progress bar (db length hard coded).

1.3 grasp.config

Manage a persistent configuration for the database.

```
grasp.config.config = <configparser.ConfigParser object>
```

A globally accessible ConfigParger object, initialized with CONFIG_FILE.

```
grasp.config.CONFIG_FILE = '/Users/dacre/.grasp'
```

The PATH to the config file.

grasp.config.init_config(db_type, db_file='', db_host='', db_user='', db_pass='')
Create an initial config file.

Parameters

- db_type 'sqlite/mysql/postgresql'
- **db file** PATH to sqlite database file
- **db_host** Hostname for mysql or postgresql server
- **db user** Username for mysql or postgresql server
- **db_pass** Password for mysql or postgresql server (not secure)

Returns NoneType

Return type None

```
grasp.config.init_config_interactive()
```

Interact with the user to create a new config.

Uses readline autocompletion to make setup easier.

```
grasp.config.write_config()
```

Write the current config to CONFIG_FILE.

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1.4 grasp.query

A mix of functions to make querying the database and analyzing the results faster.

Return a list of studies filtered by phenotype and population.

There are two ways to query both phenotype and population.

Phenotype: GRASP provides a 'primary phenotype' for each study, which are fairly poorly curated. They also provide a list of phenotype categories, which are well curated. The problem with the categories is that there are multiple per study and some are to general to be useful. If using categories be sure to post filter the study list.

Note: I have made a list of aliases for the phenotype categories to make them easier to type. Use pheno_cats_alias for that.

Population: Each study has a primary population (list available with 'get_populations') but some studies also have other populations in the cohort. GRASP indexes all population counts, so those can be used to query also. To query these use *has_* or *only_* (exclusive) parameters, you can query either discovery populations or replication populations. Note that you cannot provide both *has_* and *only_* parameters for the same population type.

For doing population specific analyses most of the time you will want the excl_disc_pop query.

Argument Description: Phenotype Arguments are 'primary_phenotype', 'pheno_cats', and 'pheno_cats_alias'.

Only provide one of pheno_cats or pheno_cats_alias

Population Arguments are primary_pop, has_disc_pop, has_rep_pop, only_disc_pop, only_rep_pop.

primary pop is a simple argument, the others use bitwise flags for lookup.

The easiest way to use the following parameters is with the _ref.PopFlag object. It uses py-flags. For example:

```
pops = _ref.PopFlag.eur | _ref.PopFlag.afr
```

In addition you can provide a list of strings correcponding to PopFlag attributes.

Note: the *only*_ parameters work as ANDs, not ORs. So only_disc_pop='eurlafr' will return those studies that have BOTH european and african discovery populations, but no other discovery populations. On the other hand, *has*_ works as an OR, and will return any study with any of the spefified populations.

Parameters

- **primary_phenotype** Phenotype of interest, string or list of strings.
- pheno_cats Phenotype category of interest.
- pheno_cats_alias Phenotype category of interest.
- primary_pop Query the primary population, string or list of strings.
- has_disc_pop Return all studies with these discovery populations
- has_rep_pop Return all studies with these replication populations
- only_disc_pop Return all studies with ONLY these discovery populations

- only_rep_pop Return all studies with ONLY these replication populations
- query Return the query instead of the list of study objects.
- count Return a count of the number of studies.
- **dictionary** Return a dictionary of title->id for filtering.
- pandas Return a dataframe of study information instead of the list.

Returns A list of study objects, a query, or a dataframe.

```
grasp.query.get_snps (studies, pandas=True)
```

Return a list of SNPs in a single population in a single phenotype.

Studies A list of studies.

Pandas Return a dataframe instead of a list of SNP objects.

Returns Either a DataFrame or list of SNP objects.

grasp.query.get_variant_info (snp_list, fields='dbsnp', pandas=True)
Get variant info for a list of SNPs.

Parameters

- snp_list A list of SNP objects or SNP rsIDs
- fields Choose fields to display from: 'docs.myvariant.info/en/latest/doc/data.html#available-fields'_ Good choices are 'dbsnp', 'clinvar', or 'gwassnps' Can also use 'grasp' to get a different version of this info.
- pandas Return a dataframe instead of dictionary.

Returns A dictionary or a dataframe.

Return a list of phenotypes that are present in all populations.

Can only provide one of primary_pops or pop_flags. pop_flags does a bitwise lookup, primary_pops quries the primary string only.

By default this function returns a list of phenotype categories, if you want to check primary phenotypes instead, provide check='primary'.

Parameters

- primary_pops A string or list of strings corresponding to the tables. Study. phenotype column
- pop_flags A ref.PopFlag object or list of objects.
- **check** cat/primary either check categories or primary phenos.
- **pop_type** disc/rep Use with pop_flags only, check either discovery or replication populations.
- exclusive Use with pop_flags only, do an excusive rather than inclusion population search
- list_only Return a list of names only, rather than a list of objects

Returns A list of *table.Phenotype* or *table.PhenoCat* objects, or a list of names if *list_only* is specified.

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```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $\tt grasp.query.collapse\_dataframe (\it df, mechanism='median', pvalue\_filter=None, protected\_columns=None) \end{tabular} $$pvalue\_filter=None, protected\_columns=None) $$
```

Collapse a dataframe by chrom:location from get_snps.

Will use the mechanism defined by 'mechanism' to collapse a dataframe to one indexed by 'chrom:location' with pvalue and count only.

This function is agnostic to all dataframe columns other than:

```
['chrom', 'pos', 'snpid', 'pval']
```

All other columns are collapsed into a comma separated list, a string. 'chrom' and 'pos' are merged to become the new colon-separated index, snpid is maintained, and pval is merged using the function in 'mechanism'.

Parameters

- df A pandas dataframe, must have 'chrom', 'pos', 'snpid', and 'pval' columns.
- mechanism A numpy statistical function to use to collapse the pvalue, median or mean are the common ones.
- pvalue_filter After collapsing the dataframe, filte to only include pvalues less than this cutoff.
- **protected_columns** A list of column names that will be maintened as is, although all duplicates will be dropped (randomly). Only makes sense for columns that are identical for all studies of the same SNP.

Returns

Indexed by chr:pos, contains flattened pvalue column, and all original columns as a comma-separated list. Additionally contains a count and stddev (of pvalues) column. stddev is nan if count is 1.

Return type DataFrame

Plot all SNPs that overlap between two pvalue series.

Parameters

- series A pandas series object
- names A list of two names to use for the resultant dataframes
- **stats** Print some stats on the intersection
- plot Plot the resulting intersection

Returns with the two series as columns

Return type DataFrame

1.5 grasp.info

Little functions to pretty print column lists and category info.

get_{phenotypes,phenotype_categories,popululations} all display a dump of the whole database.

get_population_flags displays available flags from PopFlag.

display {study,snp} columns displays a list of available columns in those two tables as a formatted string.

get_{study,snp}_columns return a list of available columns in those two tables as python objects.

grasp.info.display_snp_columns (display_as='table', write=False)

Return all columns in the SNP table as a string.

Display choices: table: A formatted grid-like table tab: A tab delimited non-formatted version of table list: A string list of column names

Parameters

- display_as {table,tab,list}
- write If true, print output to console, otherwise return string.

Returns A formatted string or None

grasp.info.display_study_columns (display_as='table', write=False)

Return all columns in the Study table as a string.

Display choices: table: A formatted grid-like table tab: A tab delimited non-formatted version of table list: A string list of column names

Parameters

- display_as {table,tab,list}
- write If true, print output to console, otherwise return string.

Returns A formatted string or None

grasp.info.get_phenotype_categories (list_only=False, dictionary=False, table=False)
Return all phenotype categories from the PhenoCats table.

List_only Return a simple text list instead of a list of Phenotype objects.

Dictionary Return a dictionary of phenotype=>ID

Table Return a pretty table for printing.

grasp.info.get_phenotypes (list_only=False, dictionary=False, table=False)

Return all phenotypes from the Phenotype table.

List_only Return a simple text list instead of a list of Phenotype objects.

Dictionary Return a dictionary of phenotype=>ID

Table Return a pretty table for printing.

grasp.info.get population flags (list only=False, dictionary=False, table=False)

Return all population flags available in the PopFlags class.

List_only Return a simple text list instead of a list of Phenotype objects.

Dictionary Return a dictionary of population=>ID

Table Return a pretty table for printing.

 $\verb|grasp.info.get_populations|| (\textit{list_only=False}, \textit{dictionary=False}, \textit{table=False})|$

Return all populations from the Population table.

List_only Return a simple text list instead of a list of Phenotype objects.

Dictionary Return a dictionary of population=>ID

Table Return a pretty table for printing.

1.5. grasp.info

```
grasp.info.get_snp_columns(return_as='list')
```

Return all columns in the SNP table.

Display choices: list: A python list of column names dictionary: A python dictionary of name=>desc long_dict: A python dictionary of name=>(type, desc)

Parameters return_as - {table,tab,list,dictionary,long_dict,id_dict}

Returns A list or dictionary

```
grasp.info.get_study_columns(return_as='list')
```

Return all columns in the SNP table.

Display choices: list: A python list of column names dictionary: A python dictionary of name=>desc long_dict: A python dictionary of name=>(type, desc)

Parameters return_as - {table,tab,list,dictionary,long_dict,id_dict}

Returns A list or dictionary

1.6 grasp.ref

ref.py holds some simple lookups and the *PopFlags* classes that don't really go anywhere else. Holds reference objects for use elsewhere in the module.

```
class grasp.ref.PopFlag
     Bases: flags.Flags
```

A simplified bitwise flag system for tracking populations.

CHAPTER

TWO

CONSOLE SCRIPT

A Simple GRASP (grasp.nhlbi.nih.gov) API based on SQLAlchemy and Pandas

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License	MIT License, use as you wish
Created	2016-10-08
Version	0.3.0b1

Last modified: 2016-10-17 00:18

This is the front-end to a python grasp api, intended to allow easy database creation and simple querying. For most of the functions of this module, you will need to call the module directly.

```
usage: grasp [-h] {search,conf,info,init} ...
```

Sub-commands:

search (s, lookup) Query database for variants by location or id

Query for SNPs in the database. By default returns a tab-delimeted list of SNPs with the following columns: 'id', 'snpid', 'study_snpid', 'chrom', 'pos', 'phenotype', 'pval'

The -extra flag adds these columns: 'InGene', 'InMiRNA', 'inLincRNa', 'LSSNP'

The -study-info flag adds these columns: 'study_id (PMID)', 'title'

The –db-snp flag uses the myvariant API to pull additional data from db_snp.

Positional arguments:

query rsID, chrom:loc or chrom:start-end

Options:

--extra Add some extra columns to output
 --study-info Include study title and PMID
 --db-snp Add dbSNP info to output
 --pandas Write output as a pandas dataframe
 -o, --out File to write to, default STDOUT.
 --path PATH to write files to

13

conf (config) Manage local config

Options:

--db Set the current database platform.

Possible choices: sqlite, postgresql, mysql

--get-path Change the sqlite file path--set-path Change the sqlite file path

--init Initialize the config with default settings. Will ERASE your old

config!

info Display database info

Write data summaries (also found on the wiki) to a file or the console.

Choices: all: Will write everything to separate rst files, ignores all other flags except '-path' phenotypes: All primary phenotypes. phenotype_categories: All phenotype categories. populations: All primary populations. population_flags: All population flags. snp_columns: All SNP columns. study_columns: All Study columns.

Positional arguments:

display Choice of item to display, if all, results are written to independent

rst files, and optional args are ignored

Possible choices: populations, snp_columns, phenotypes, popu-

lation_flags, phenotype_categories, study_columns, all

Options:

-o, --out File to write to, default STDOUT.

--path PATH to write files to

init Initialize the database

```
usage: grasp init [-h] [-n] study_file grasp_file
```

Positional arguments:

study_file GRASP study file from: github.com/MikeDacre/grasp/blob/master/grasp2_studies.txt

grasp_file GRASP tab delimeted file

Options:

-n, --no-progress Do not display a progress bar

CHAPTER

THREE

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