grasp Documentation

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A Simple GRASP (grasp.nhlbi.nih.gov) API based on SQLAlchemy and Pandas.

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For an introduction see the github readme

For table information see the wiki

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CHAPTER

ONE

SUBMODULES

1.1 grasp.tables

InMiRNABS

LSSNP

GRASP table descriptions in SQLAlchemy ORM.

These tables do not exist in the GRASP data, which is a single flat file. By separating the data into these tables querying is much more efficient.

This submodule should only be used for querying.

```
class grasp.tables.SNP (**kwargs)
     Bases: sqlalchemy.ext.declarative.api.Base
     An SQLAlchemy Talble for GRASP SNPs.
     Study and phenotype information are pushed to other tables to minimize table size and make querying easier.
     Table Name: snps
     Columns: Described in the columns attribute
         The ID number of the SNP, usually the NHLBIkey
     str
         SNP loction expressed as 'chr:pos'
     hvgs_ids
         A list of HGVS IDs for this SNP
         A dictionary of all columns 'column_name'=>('type', 'desc')
     ConservPredTFBS
     CreationDate
     EqtlMethMetabStudy
     HUPfield
     HumanEnhancer
     InGene
     InLincRNA
     InMiRNA
```

```
LastCurationDate
NHLBIkey
NearestGene
ORegAnno
PolyPhen2
RNAedit
SIFT
UniProt
chrom
columns = OrderedDict([('id', ('BigInteger', 'ID')), ('snpid', ('String', 'SNPid')), ('chrom', ('String', 'chr')), ('pos', ('Integrated orderedDict([('id', ('BigInteger', 'ID')), ('snpid', ('String', 'SNPid')), ('chrom', ('String', 'chr')), ('pos', ('Integrated orderedDict([('id', ('BigInteger', 'ID')), ('snpid', ('String', 'SNPid')), ('chrom', ('String', 'chr')), ('pos', ('Integrated orderedDict([('id', ('BigInteger', 'ID')), ('snpid', ('String', 'SNPid')), ('chrom', ('String', 'chr')), ('pos', ('Integrated orderedDict([('id', ('BigInteger', 'ID')), ('snpid', ('String', 'SNPid')), ('chrom', ('String', 'chr')), ('pos', ('Integrated orderedDict([('id', ('String', 'chr'), ('Integrated orderedDict([('id', 
               A description of all columns in this table.
dbSNPClinStatus
dbSNPMAF
dbSNPfxn
dbSNPinfo
dbSNPvalidation
get_variant_info (fields='dbsnp', pandas=True)
              Use the myvariant API to get info about this SNP.
               Note that this service can be very slow. It will be faster to query multiple SNPs.
                           Parameters
                                       • fields - Choose fields to display from: docs.myvariant.info/en/latest/doc/data.html#available-
                                            fields Good choices are 'dbsnp', 'clinvar', or 'gwassnps' Can also use 'grasp' to get a
                                            different version of this info.
                                       • pandas – Return a dataframe instead of dictionary.
                           Returns A dictionary or a dataframe.
hvgs_ids
              The HVGS ID from myvariant.
id
paper_loc
phenotype_cats
phenotype_desc
population
population_id
pval
snp_loc
              Return a simple string containing the SNP location.
snpid
```

```
study
     study_id
     study_snpid
class grasp.tables.Phenotype(**kwargs)
     Bases: sqlalchemy.ext.declarative.api.Base
     An SQLAlchemy table to store the primary phenotype.
     Table Name: phenos
     Columns: phenotype: The string phenotype from the GRASP DB, unique. alias: A short representation of the
          phenotype, not unique. studies: A link to the studies table.
     int
          The ID number.
     str
          The name of the phenotype.
     alias
     id
     phenotype
     studies
class grasp.tables.PhenoCats(**kwargs)
     Bases: sqlalchemy.ext.declarative.api.Base
     An SQLAlchemy table to store the lists of phenotype categories.
     Table Name: pheno_cats
     Columns: category: The category from the grasp database, unique. alias: An easy to use alias of the category,
          not unique. snps: A link to all SNPs in this category. studies: A link to all studies in this category.
     int
          The PhenoCat ID
     str
          The category name
     alias
     category
     id
     snps
     studies
class grasp.tables.Platform(platform)
     Bases: sqlalchemy.ext.declarative.api.Base
     An SQLAlchemy table to store the platform information.
     Table Name: platforms
     Columns: platform: The name of the platform from GRASP. studies: A link to all studies using this platform.
     int
          The ID number of this platform
```

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querying.

Return type session, engine

Create the database quickly. **Study file** Tab

```
str
          The name of the platform
     id
     platform
     studies
class grasp.tables.Population (population)
     Bases: sqlalchemy.ext.declarative.api.Base
     An SQLAlchemy table to store the platform information.
     Table Name: populations
     Columns: population: The name of the population. studies: A link to all studies in this population. snps: A
          link to all SNPs in this populations.
     int
          Population ID number
     str
          The name of the population
     id
     population
1.2 grasp.db
Functions for managing the GRASP database.
get_session() is used everywhere in the module to create a connection to the database. initialize_database() is used
to build the database from the GRASP file. It takes about an hour 90 minutes to run and will overwrite any existing
database.
grasp.db.get_session(echo=False)
     Return a session and engine, uses config file.
          Parameters echo – Echo all SQL to the console.
          Returns
               A SQLAlchemy session and engine object corresponding to the grasp database for use in
```

grasp.db.initialize_database(study_file, grasp_file, commit_every=250000, progress=False)

GRASP

study

file,

delimited

Progress Display a progress bar (db length hard coded).

Grasp_file Tab delimited GRASP file.

github.com/MikeDacre/grasp/blob/master/grasp_studies.txt

Commit_every How many rows to go through before committing to disk.

available

here:

1.3 grasp.config

```
Manage a persistent configuration for the database.
```

```
grasp.config.config = <configParser.ConfigParser object>
    A globally accessible ConfigParger object, initialized with CONFIG_FILE.

grasp.config.CONFIG_FILE = '/Users/dacre/.grasp'
    The PATH to the config file.

grasp.config.init_config(db_type, db_file='', db_host='', db_user='', db_pass='')
    Create an initial config file.
```

Parameters

- **db_type** 'sqlite/mysql/postgresql'
- db_file PATH to sqlite database file
- **db_host** Hostname for mysql or postgresql server
- **db_user** Username for mysql or postgresql server
- **db_pass** Password for mysql or postgresql server (not secure)

Returns NoneType

Return type None

```
{\tt grasp.config.init\_config\_interactive()}
```

Interact with the user to create a new config.

Uses readline autocompletion to make setup easier.

```
grasp.config.write_config()
```

Write the current config to CONFIG_FILE.

1.4 grasp.query

A mix of functions to make querying the database and analyzing the results faster.

```
\label{lem:grasp.query.get_studies} $$\operatorname{grasp.query.get\_studies}(primary\_phenotype=None, pheno\_cats=None, pheno\_cats\_alias=None, primary\_pop=None, has\_disc\_pop=None, has\_rep\_pop=None, only\_disc\_pop=None, only\_rep\_pop=None, query=False, count=False, pandas=False)
```

Return a list of studies filtered by phenotype and population.

There are two ways to query both phenotype and population.

Phenotype: GRASP provides a 'primary phenotype' for each study, which are fairly poorly curated. They also provide a list of phenotype categories, which are well curated. The problem with the categories is that there are multiple per study and some are to general to be useful. If using categories be sure to post filter the study list.

Note: I have made a list of aliases for the phenotype categories to make them easier to type. Use pheno_cats_alias for that.

Population: Each study has a primary population (list available with 'get_populations') but some studies also have other populations in the cohort. GRASP indexes all population counts, so those can be used to query also. To query these use *has*_ or *only*_ (exclusive) parameters, you can query either discovery populations

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or replication populations. Note that you cannot provide both *has_* and *only_* parameters for the same population type.

For doing population specific analyses most of the time you will want the excl_disc_pop query.

Argument Description: Phenotype Arguments are 'primary_phenotype', 'pheno_cats', and 'pheno_cats_alias'.

Only provide one of pheno_cats or pheno_cats_alias

Population Arguments are *primary_pop*, *has_disc_pop*, *has_rep_pop*, *only_disc_pop*, *only_rep_pop*.

primary_pop is a simple argument, the others use bitwise flags for lookup.

The easiest way to use the following parameters is with the _ref.PopFlag object. It uses py-flags. For example:

```
pops = _ref.PopFlag.eur | _ref.PopFlag.afr
```

In addition you can provide a list of strings correcponding to PopFlag attributes.

Note: the *only*_ parameters work as ANDs, not ORs. So only_disc_pop='eurlafr' will return those studies that have BOTH european and african discovery populations, but no other discovery populations. On the other hand, *has*_ works as an OR, and will return any study with any of the spefified populations.

Parameters

- primary_phenotype Phenotype of interest, string or list of strings.
- pheno_cats Phenotype category of interest.
- pheno_cats_alias Phenotype category of interest.
- **primary_pop** Query the primary population, string or list of strings.
- has_disc_pop Return all studies with these discovery populations
- has_rep_pop Return all studies with these replication populations
- only disc pop Return all studies with ONLY these discovery populations
- only_rep_pop Return all studies with ONLY these replication populations
- query Return the query instead of the list of study objects.
- count Return a count of the number of studies.
- pandas Return a dataframe of study information instead of the list.

Returns A list of study objects, a query, or a dataframe.

```
grasp.query.get_snps (studies, pandas=True)
```

Return a list of SNPs in a single population in a single phenotype.

Studies A list of studies.

Pandas Return a dataframe instead of a list of SNP objects.

Returns Either a DataFrame or list of SNP objects.

```
grasp.query.get_variant_info(snp_list, fields='dbsnp', pandas=True)
```

Use the myvariant API to get info about this SNP.

Note that this service can be very slow.

Snp_list A list of SNP objects or 'chr:loc'

Fields Choose fields to display from: docs.myvariant.info/en/latest/doc/data.html#available-fields Good choices are 'dbsnp', 'clinvar', or 'gwassnps' Can also use 'grasp' to get a different version of this info.

Pandas Return a dataframe instead of dictionary.

grasp.query.get_pop_flags(pop_flags)

Merge a list, string, int, or PopFlag series.

grasp.query.get_phenotypes (list_only=False, dictionary=False, table=False)

Return all phenotypes from the phenotype table.

List_only Return a simple text list instead of a list of Phenotype objects.

Dictionary Return a dictionary of phenotype=>ID

Table Return a pretty table for printing.

grasp.query.get_phenotype_categories (list_only=False, dictionary=False, table=False)
Return all phenotype categories from the PhenoCats table.

List_only Return a simple text list instead of a list of Phenotype objects.

Dictionary Return a dictionary of phenotype=>ID

Table Return a pretty table for printing.

grasp.query.get_populations (list_only=False, dictionary=False, table=False)
Return all phenotypes from the phenotype table.

List_only Return a simple text list instead of a list of Phenotype objects.

Dictionary Return a dictionary of population=>ID

Table Return a pretty table for printing.

grasp.query.get_population_flags (list_only=False, dictionary=False, table=False)
Return all population flags available in the PopFlags class.

List_only Return a simple text list instead of a list of Phenotype objects.

Dictionary Return a dictionary of population=>ID

Table Return a pretty table for printing.

grasp.query.get_study_columns (list_only=False, dictionary=False, table=False)
Return all columns in the Study table.

List_only Return a simple text list instead of a list of Phenotype objects.

Dictionary Return a dictionary of population=>ID

Table Return a pretty table for printing.

grasp.query.get_snp_columns (list_only=False, dictionary=False, table=False)
Return all columns in the SNP table.

List_only Return a simple text list instead of a list of Phenotype objects.

Dictionary Return a dictionary of population=>ID

Table Return a pretty table for printing.

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1.5 grasp.ref

ref.py holds some simple lookups and the *PopFlags* classes that don't really go anywhere else. Holds reference objects for use elsewhere in the module.

class grasp.ref.PopFlag
 Bases: flags.Flags

A simplified bitwise flag system for tracking populations.

CHAPTER

TWO

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