CS 3186

Assignment #10

- (I) Define/Describe a context free grammar G and the language L(G)
- (II) Define/Describe a sentential form in a derivation.
- (III) Differentiate between a leftmost and a rightmost derivation sequence.
- (IV) Define an ambiguous grammar.
- (V) Sometimes only the production rules of a grammar are defined with the starting nonterminal given by the first rule.

- **a.** What are the variables of G?
- **b.** What are the terminals of G?
- **c.** Which is the start variable of G?
- **d.** Give three strings of varying lengths in L(G).
- **e.** Give three strings *not* in L(G).
- f. True or False: $T \Rightarrow aba$.
- g. True or False: $T \stackrel{*}{\Rightarrow} aba$.
- **h.** True or False: $T \Rightarrow T$.

- i. True or False: $T \stackrel{*}{\Rightarrow} T$.
- j. True or False: $XXX \stackrel{*}{\Rightarrow} aba$.
- k. True or False: $X \stackrel{*}{\Rightarrow} aba$.
- 1. True or False: $T \stackrel{*}{\Rightarrow} XX$.
- **m.** True or False: $T \stackrel{*}{\Rightarrow} XXX$.
- **n.** True or False: $S \stackrel{*}{\Rightarrow} \lambda$

(v) Using the rule of the above grammar, using leftmost derivation (or using a rightmost derivation) show step by step the partial derivation trees, yield for each of the sentential forms in deriving aababa (as described in the notes)

(VI) Show G is ambiguous, give two leftmost, two rightmost & two derivation trees

G = ({S,A,B,,D}, {a,b,c},S,P} Where P, the production rules are:

$$S \rightarrow BC \mid AD$$

$$B \rightarrow aBb \mid \lambda$$

$$C \rightarrow cC \mid \lambda$$

$$A \rightarrow aA \mid \lambda$$

$$D \rightarrow bDc \mid \lambda$$