USA SHOOTINGS

Code ▼

Details about this project can be found in the readme file

Hide

getwd()

[1] "C:/Users/Michael/Documents/R Projects"

import the required libraries

Hide

```
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
library(readr)
library(ggplot2)
```

library(lubridate)

library(lattice)

print("Setup Complete!")

[1] "Setup Complete!"

Import the Data-set

Hide

```
filepath <- "F:/Data Science/My Datasets/USA_shootings.csv"
shootings <- read.csv(filepath)
print("Import Successful")</pre>
```

[1] "Import Successful"

EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

Hide

head(shootings)

id name <int×chr></int×chr>	date <chr></chr>	manner_of_death <chr></chr>	armed <chr></chr>	gen <dbl×chr></dbl×chr>	race <chr></chr>	cit y <cr< th=""></cr<>
1 3 Tim Elliot	2015-01-02	shot	gun	53 M	Asian	She
2 4 Lewis Lee Lembke	2015-01-02	shot	gun	47 M	White	Alo
3 5 John Paul Quintero	2015-01-03	shot and Tasered	unarmed	23 M	Hispanic	Wic

4= 04 04					_
)15-01-04 s	shot	toy weapon	32 M	White	Sa
)15-01-04 s	shot	nail gun 🤇	39 M	Hispanic	Eva
)15-01-04 s	shot	gun	18 M	White	Gu
					•

dim(shootings)

[1] 4895 15

• There are 4895 victims and 10 observations surrounding their death

Addition of the Age group column

Hide

Now lets check if the column has been added

Hide

head(shootings)

id name <int×chr></int×chr>	date <chr></chr>	manner_of_death <chr></chr>	armed <chr></chr>	gen <dbl×chr></dbl×chr>	race <chr></chr>	city <cr< th=""></cr<>
1 3 Tim Elliot	2015-01-02	shot	gun	53 M	Asian	She
2 4 Lewis Lee Lembke	2015-01-02	shot	gun	47 M	White	Alo
3 5 John Paul Quintero	2015-01-03	shot and Tasered	unarmed	23 M	Hispanic	Wic
4 8 Matthew Hoffman	2015-01-04	shot	toy weapon	32 M	White	Saı
5 9 Michael Rodriguez	2015-01-04	shot	nail gun	39 M	Hispanic	Eva
6 11 Kenneth Joe Brown	2015-01-04	shot	gun	18 M	White	Gu
6 rows 1-10 of 16 columns						

Tadaaaaa>>>>

Conversion of columns to appropriate classes

Hide

```
shootings$manner_of_death <- as.factor(shootings$manner_of_death)
shootings$armed <- as.factor(shootings$armed)
shootings$date <- ymd(shootings$date)
shootings$gender <- as.factor(shootings$gender)
shootings$race <- as.factor(shootings$race)
shootings$city <- as.factor(shootings$city)
shootings$state <- as.factor(shootings$state)
shootings$signs_of_mental_illness <- as.factor(shootings$signs_of_mental_illness)
shootings$threat_level <- as.factor(shootings$threat_level)
shootings$flee <- as.factor(shootings$flee)
shootings$body_camera <- as.factor(shootings$arms_category)</pre>
```

Lets check if the classes of the columns have been changed

Hide

head(shootings)

id name <int×chr></int×chr>	date <date></date>	manner_of_death <fctr></fctr>	armed <fctr></fctr>	gen <dbl×fctr></dbl×fctr>	race <fctr></fctr>	city <fc< th=""></fc<>
1 3 Tim Elliot	2015-01-02	shot	gun	53 M	Asian	She
2 4 Lewis Lee Lembke	2015-01-02	shot	gun	47 M	White	Alo
3 5 John Paul Quintero	2015-01-03	shot and Tasered	unarmed	23 M	Hispanic	Wic
4 8 Matthew Hoffman	2015-01-04	shot	toy weapon	32 M	White	Saı
5 9 Michael Rodriguez	2015-01-04	shot	nail gun	39 M	Hispanic	Eva
6 11 Kenneth Joe Brown	2015-01-04	shot	gun	18 M	White	Gu
6 rows 1-10 of 16 columns						
4						•

Manner Of Death

Hide

```
mann.tbl <- shootings %>% group_by(manner_of_death) %>% summarize(`Death Toll` = n())
```

```
`summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
```

```
mann.tbl <- rename(mann.tbl, "Manner of Death" = "manner_of_death")
mann.tbl</pre>
```

Manner of Death <fctr></fctr>	Death Toll <int></int>
shot	4647
shot and Tasered	248
2 rows	

· As seen above, only few of the victims were shot and tasered

g <- ggplot(mann.tbl, aes(x = `Manner of Death`, y = `Death Toll`))
g + geom_bar(stat = "identity") + ggtitle("DEATH TOLL BY MANNER OF DEATH") + theme_classic()</pre>



• The chart above clearly shows the wide difference between individuals that were only shot and individuals that were shot and tasered

Armed

Hide

```
armed_grp <- table(shootings$armed)
armed_grp <- as.data.frame(armed_grp)
armed_grp <- rename(armed_grp, "Weapons" = "Var1", "Victims Count" = "Freq")
#new_column_name = old_column_name
armed_grp <- armed_grp %>% arrange(desc(`Victims Count`)) %>% mutate(Percentage = (`Victims Count`)/4895) * 100)
armed_grp$Percentage <- round(armed_grp$Percentage, digits = 1)
armed_grp</pre>
```

Weapons <fctr></fctr>	Victims Count <int></int>	Percentage <dbl></dbl>
gun	2755	56.3
knife	708	14.5
unknown	418	8.5
unarmed	348	7.1
toy weapon	171	3.5
vehicle	120	2.5
machete	39	0.8
Taser	24	0.5
sword	22	0.4
ax	21	0.4
1-10 of 89 rows	Previous 1 2 3 4 5	6 9 Next

• As seen above most of the victims were armed with Guns (56%) and Knives (14.1%). The victims might have tried to shoot at or stab the police officer before being shot dead

Lets move further to uncover more insights

```
guns <- subset(shootings, armed == "gun")
gun.grp <- guns%>% select(race) %>% group_by(race) %>% summarize(`Owned Gun` = n()) %>% arrange
(desc(`Owned Gun`))
```

```
`summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
```

Hide

```
print(gun.grp)
```

race <fctr></fctr>	Owned Gun <int></int>
White	1451

race <fctr></fctr>	Owned Gun <int></int>
Black	762
Hispanic	447
Native	41
Asian	35
Other	19
6 rows	

• More white victims owned guns more than any other race in this data set

Gender and Race

Hide

 $gr_grp \leftarrow shootings \%\%$ select(race, gender) %% group_by(race, gender) %% summarize(`Victim Co unts` = n())

`summarise()` regrouping output by 'race' (override with `.groups` argument)

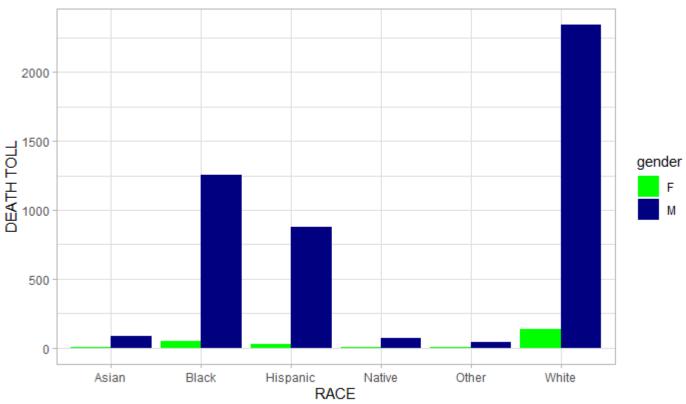
Hide

gr_grp

race <fctr></fctr>	gender <fctr></fctr>	Victim Counts <int></int>
Asian	F	4
Asian	М	89
Black	F	47
Black	М	1251
Hispanic	F	26
Hispanic	М	876
Native	F	5
Native	М	73
Other	F	4
Other	М	44
1-10 of 12 rows		Previous 1 2 Next

```
g <- ggplot(gr_grp, aes(x = race, y = `Victim Counts`))
g + geom_bar(aes(fill = gender), stat = "identity", position = position_dodge()) + xlab("RACE")
+ ylab("DEATH TOLL") + ggtitle("DEATH TOLL BY RACE AND GENDER") + scale_fill_manual(values = c(
"green", "navy blue")) + theme_light()</pre>
```





• It is evident that police shot more white men and women than any other race as opposed to popular belief that blacks have been the more victims.

Lets dive deeper

City

<fctr>

```
Hide

city.grp <- shootings %>% select(city) %>% group_by(city) %>% summarize(`Death Toll` = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(`Death Toll`)) %>% mutate(Percentage = (`Death Toll`/4895) *100)

`summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)

Hide

city.grp$Percentage <- round(city.grp$Percentage, digits = 1)
  city.grp

City

Death Toll

Percentage
```

<int>

<dbl>

city <fctr></fctr>	Death Toll <int></int>	Percentage <dbl></dbl>
Los Angeles	78	1.6
Phoenix	66	1.3
Houston	51	1.0
Las Vegas	41	0.8
San Antonio	40	0.8
Chicago	38	0.8
Columbus	36	0.7
Albuquerque	32	0.7
Jacksonville	31	0.6
Oklahoma City	30	0.6
1-10 of 2,288 rows	Previous 1 2	3 4 5 6 100 Next

• The top three cities where victims were killed are Los Angeles, Phoenix and Houston. There are 2288 cities in the data-set

State

Hide

states_grp <- shootings %>% select(state) %>% group_by(state) %>% summarize(`Death Toll` = n())
%>% arrange(desc(`Death Toll`)) %>% mutate(Percentage = (`Death Toll`/4895) * 100)

```
`summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
```

```
states_grp$Percentage <- round(states_grp$Percentage, digits = 1)
states_grp</pre>
```

state <fctr></fctr>	Death Toll <int></int>	Percentage <dbl></dbl>
CA	701	14.3
TX	426	8.7
FL	324	6.6
AZ	222	4.5
CO	168	3.4

state <fctr></fctr>	Death Toll <int></int>					P		ntage <dbl></dbl>
GA	161							3.3
OK	151							3.1
NC	148							3.0
ОН	146							3.0
WA	126							2.6
1-10 of 51 rows	Previous	1	2	3	4	5	6	Next

· As seen above the top three states with the highest Death toll are California, Texas and Florida

Mental Status

Hide

```
mental.illness <-table(shootings$signs_of_mental_illness)
mental.illness</pre>
```

```
False True
3792 1103
```

Most of the victims didn't show signs mental illnesses

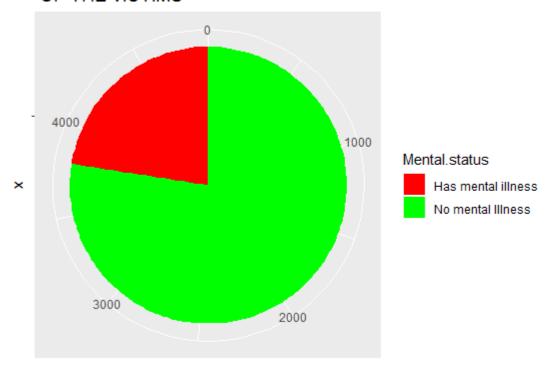
```
ment <- data.frame(`Mental status` = c("No mental Illness", "Has mental illness"), `Death toll` = c(3792,\ 1103)) ment
```

Mental.status <chr></chr>	Death.toII <dbl></dbl>
No mental Illness	3792
Has mental illness	1103
2 rows	

```
Hide
```

```
g <- ggplot(ment, aes(x = "", y = Death.toll, fill = Mental.status))
bar <- g + geom_bar(stat = "identity")
bar + coord_polar("y", start = 0) + scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "green")) +ggtitle("CHAR
T SHOWING THE DEATH TOLL BY MENTAL STATUS \n OF THE VICTIMS")</pre>
```

CHART SHOWING THE DEATH TOLL BY MENTAL STATUS OF THE VICTIMS



Death.toll

Threat level

Hide

threat <- shootings %>% select(threat_level, race) %>%group_by(race,threat_level) %>% summarize
(Death.toll = n()) %>% arrange(desc(Death.toll))

`summarise()` regrouping output by 'race' (override with `.groups` argument)

Hide

threat <- rename(threat, "Threat level" = "threat_level")
threat</pre>

race <fctr></fctr>	Threat level <fctr></fctr>	Death.toll <int></int>
White	attack	1640
Black	attack	873
White	other	743
Hispanic	attack	521
Black	other	364
Hispanic	other	333

USA SHOOTINGS 9/23/2020

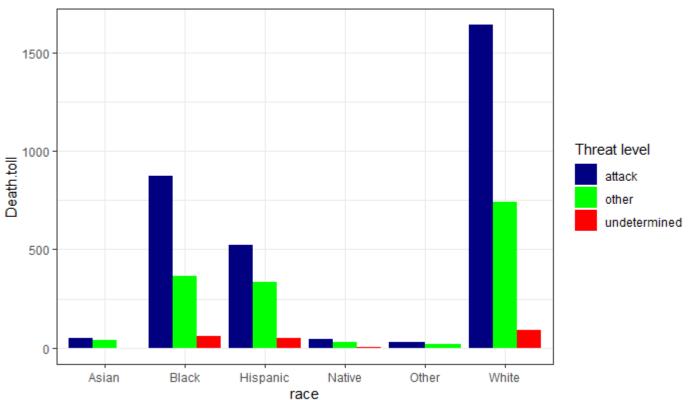
race <fctr></fctr>	Threat level <fctr></fctr>	Death.toII <int></int>
White	undetermined	93
Black	undetermined	61
Asian	attack	51
Hispanic	undetermined	48
1-10 of 17 rows		Previous 1 2 Next

Majority of the victims were a potential threat to the police hence they were shot

Lets see how the death toll by threat level regarding race in a chart below

Hide g <- ggplot(threat, aes(x = race, y = Death.toll, fill = `Threat level`))</pre> g + geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = position_dodge()) + scale_fill_manual(values = c("nav y blue", "green", "red")) + ggtitle("DEATH TOLL BY RACE AND THREAT LEVEL") + theme bw()

DEATH TOLL BY RACE AND THREAT LEVEL



• The white race leads in all categories

Was the Victim Fleeing

flee <- shootings %>% select(flee) %>% group_by(flee) %>% summarize(`Death toll` = n()) %>% arrange(desc(`Death toll`))

`summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)

Hide

flee <- rename(flee, "Fleeing status" = "flee")
flee</pre>

Fleeing status <fctr></fctr>	Death toll <int></int>
Not fleeing	3073
Car	820
Foot	642
Other	360
4 rows	

· Most of the victims were not fleeing

Was the incident recorded on body camera

Hide

camera <- shootings %>% select(body_camera) %>% group_by(body_camera) %>% summarize(`Death toll`
= n()) %>% arrange(desc(`Death toll`))

`summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)

Hide

camera

body_camera <fctr></fctr>	Death toll <int></int>
False	4317
True	578
2 rows	

· Most of the incidents were not recorded on body camera

Arms Category

Hide

arms <- shootings %>% select(arms_category, armed) %>% group_by(arms_category, armed) %>% summar
ize(`Death toll` = n()) %>% arrange(desc(`Death toll`))

`summarise()` regrouping output by 'arms_category' (override with `.groups` argument)

Hide

arms <- rename(arms, "Weapon"= "armed")
arms</pre>

arms_category <fctr></fctr>	Weapon <fctr></fctr>								De	eath toll <int></int>
Guns	gun									2755
Sharp objects	knife									708
Unknown	unknown									418
Unarmed	unarmed									348
Other unusual objects	toy weapon									171
Vehicles	vehicle									120
Sharp objects	machete									39
Electrical devices	Taser									24
Sharp objects	sword									22
Blunt instruments	ax									21
1-10 of 89 rows		Previous	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	Next

Hide

age_group <- shootings %>% select(Age_group, race, gender) %>% group_by(Age_group, gender, race)
%>% summarize(`Death toll` = n())

`summarise()` regrouping output by 'Age_group', 'gender' (override with `.groups` argument)

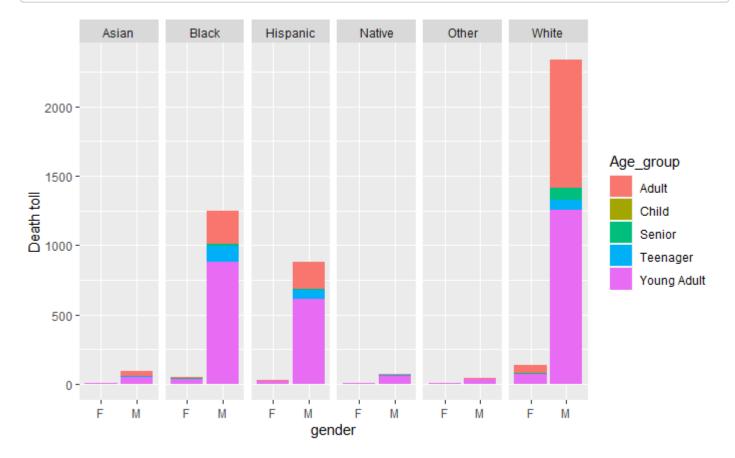
Hide

age_group

Age_group <chr></chr>	gender <fctr></fctr>	race <fctr></fctr>	Death toll <int></int>
Adult	F	Asian	1
Adult	F	Black	9

Age_group <chr></chr>	gender <fctr></fctr>	race <fctr></fctr>	Death toll <int></int>
Adult	F	Hispanic	3
Adult	F	Other	1
Adult	F	White	58
Adult	M	Asian	30
Adult	M	Black	242
Adult	M	Hispanic	192
Adult	M	Native	12
Adult	M	Other	10
1-10 of 38 rows			Previous 1 2 3 4 Next

```
g <- ggplot(age_group, aes(x = gender, y = `Death toll`, fill = Age_group))
g + geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = position_stack()) + facet_grid(. ~ race)</pre>
```



• As seen above, most of the victims were male young adults between the ages of 18 and 35 followed by male adults between the ages of 36 and 65