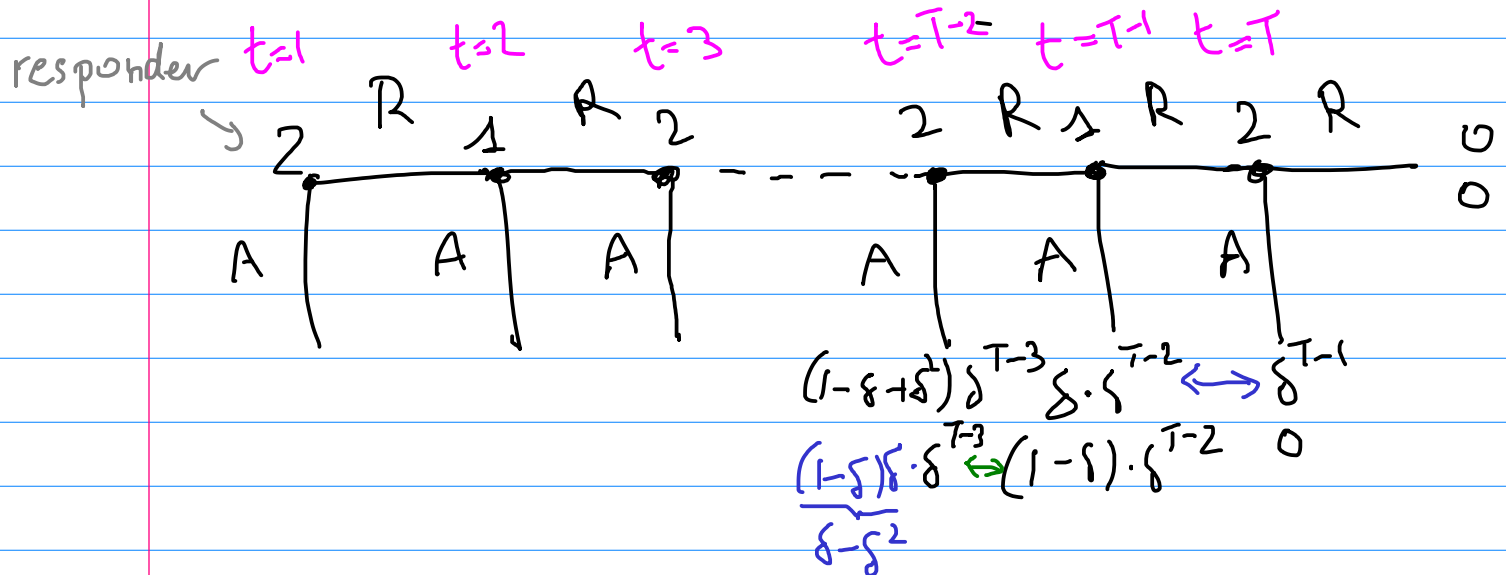


Lecture 17 (Simplified game)



If Player 1 is the last proposer

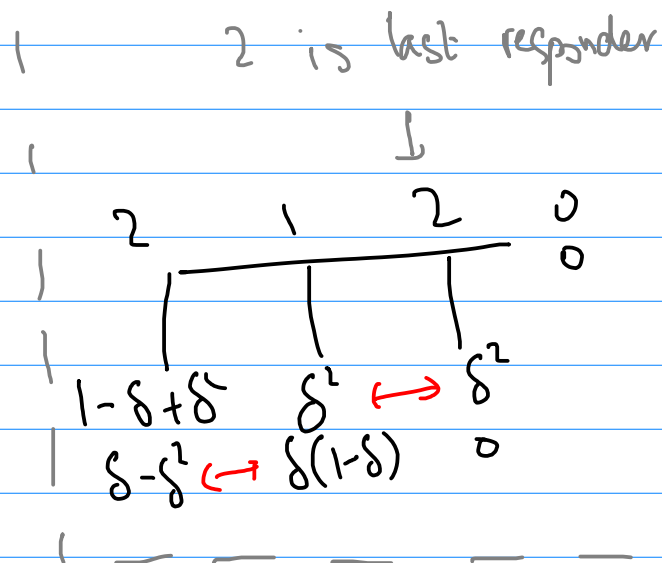
$$T=1 \Rightarrow \underline{1} \quad 0$$

$$T=2 \Rightarrow \delta \quad \underline{1-\delta}$$

$$T=3 \Rightarrow \underline{1-\delta+\delta^2} \quad \delta-\delta^2$$

$$T=4 \Rightarrow \delta-\delta^2+\delta^3 \quad \underline{1-\delta+\delta^2-\delta^3}$$

\vdots



First proposer gets $\underbrace{(-1)^0 \delta^0} + \underbrace{(-1)^1 \delta^1} + \dots + (-1)^{T-1} \delta^{T-1} = x$

First responder get $\delta - \delta^2 + \delta^3 - \delta^4 + \dots + (-1)^T \delta^{T-1} = 1-x$

First proposer

$$1 - \delta + \delta^2 - \delta^3 + \dots + (-1)^{T-1} \delta^{T-1} =$$

$$= (-\delta)^0 + (-\delta)^1 + (-\delta)^2 + \dots + (-\delta)^{T-1} =$$

$$= \sum_{t=1}^T (-\delta)^{t-1} = \sum_{t=0}^{T-1} (-\delta)^t = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} (-\delta)^t - \sum_{t=T}^{\infty} (-\delta)^t =$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - (-\delta)} - \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \overbrace{(-\delta)^t (-\delta)^T}^{(-\delta)^t (-\delta)^T} = \frac{1}{1 + \delta} - (-\delta)^T \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} (-\delta)^t$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \delta} - \frac{(-\delta)^T}{1 + \delta}$$

If T is odd \rightarrow First proposer gets $\frac{1 + \delta^T}{1 + \delta}$

First responder gets $\frac{\delta - \delta^T}{1 + \delta}$