```
(define talk
  (make-presentation
  (make-title
    "Recursion"
    "Lather Rinse Repeat.")
   (make-author
    "Mike Harris MikeMKH"))))
```

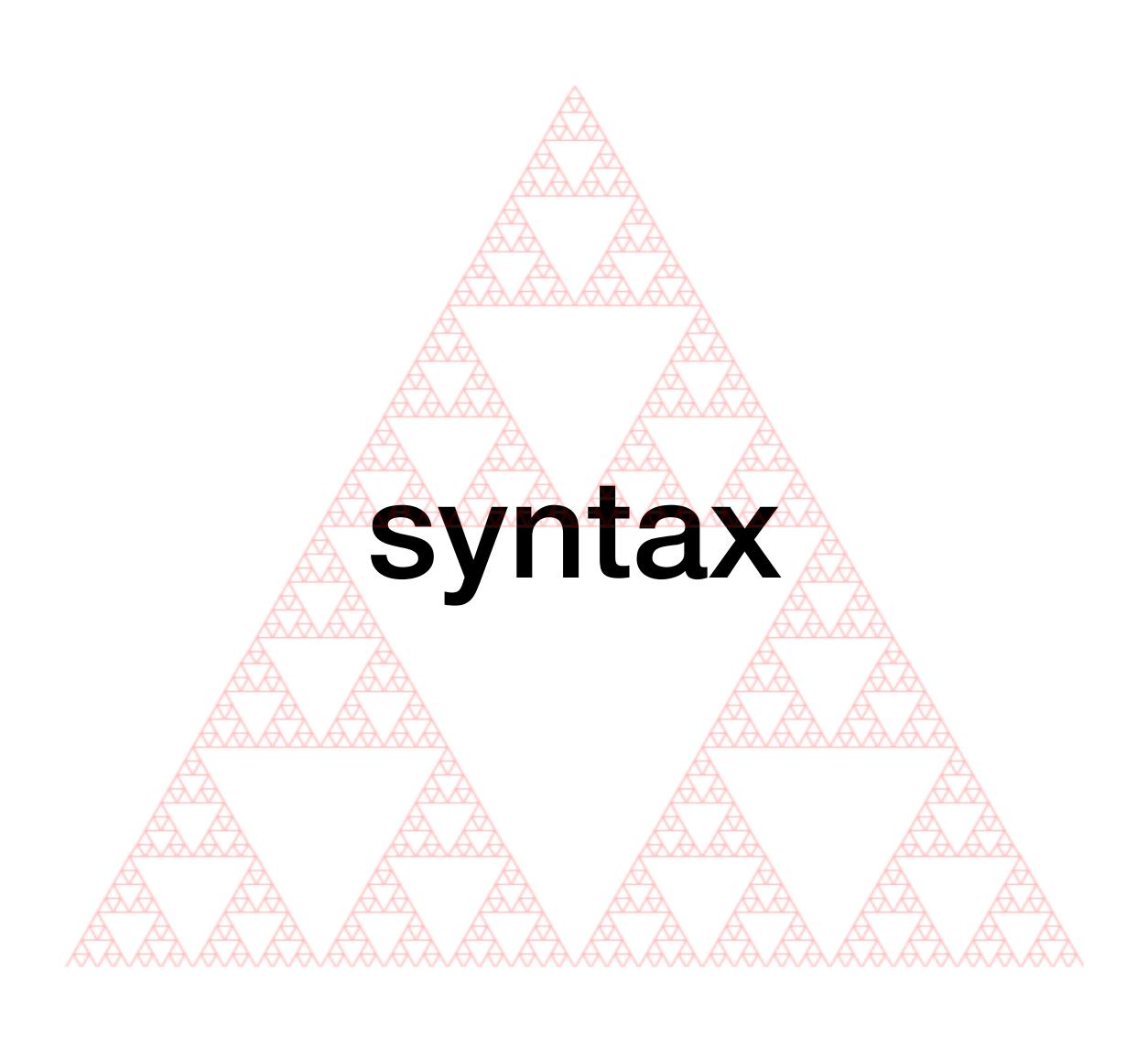


```
(define talk-goats
  '("solving problems with recursion"
    "understanding FP examples"))
```



```
(define topics
 (make-agenda
  ' ("Recursive Data Type"
    "Structural Recursion"
    "General Recursion")))
```





5

5

atom



plus5 (n : number) : number n + 5

```
(define (plus-5 n)
(+ n 5))
```

definition*

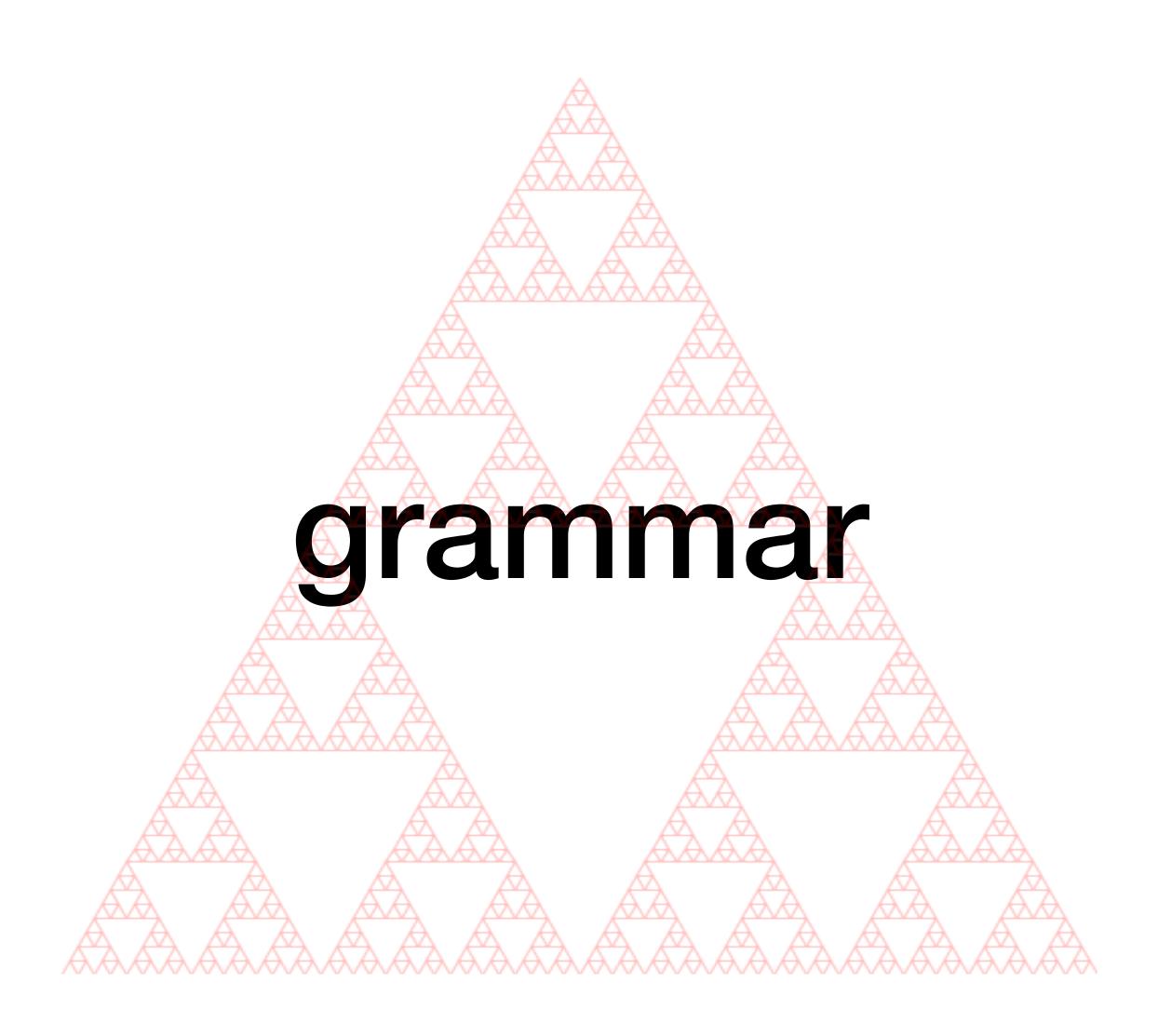


plus5(42) // 47

```
(plus-5 42); 47
```

function application





```
expr = (name expr expr ...)
      number
       boolean
       magic
       (cond [expr expr] ...
        [else expr expr])
```

magic = (define name expr) (define (name expr)) (check-expect expr expr) (check-satisfied expr expr

things I am using but not defining

```
(define topics
 (make-agenda
  '("Recursive Data Type"
    "Structural Recursion"
    "General Recursion")))
```





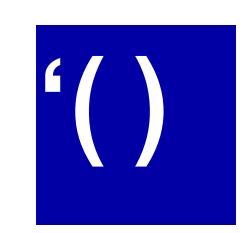
list = (cons value list)

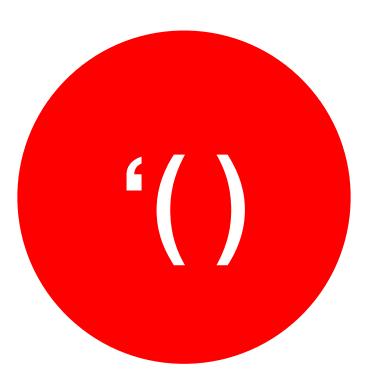
constructors

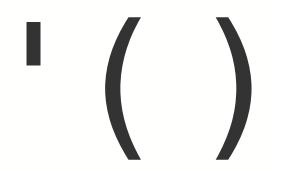
```
; list - constructors
; - (cons value list)
; - '()
```



empty

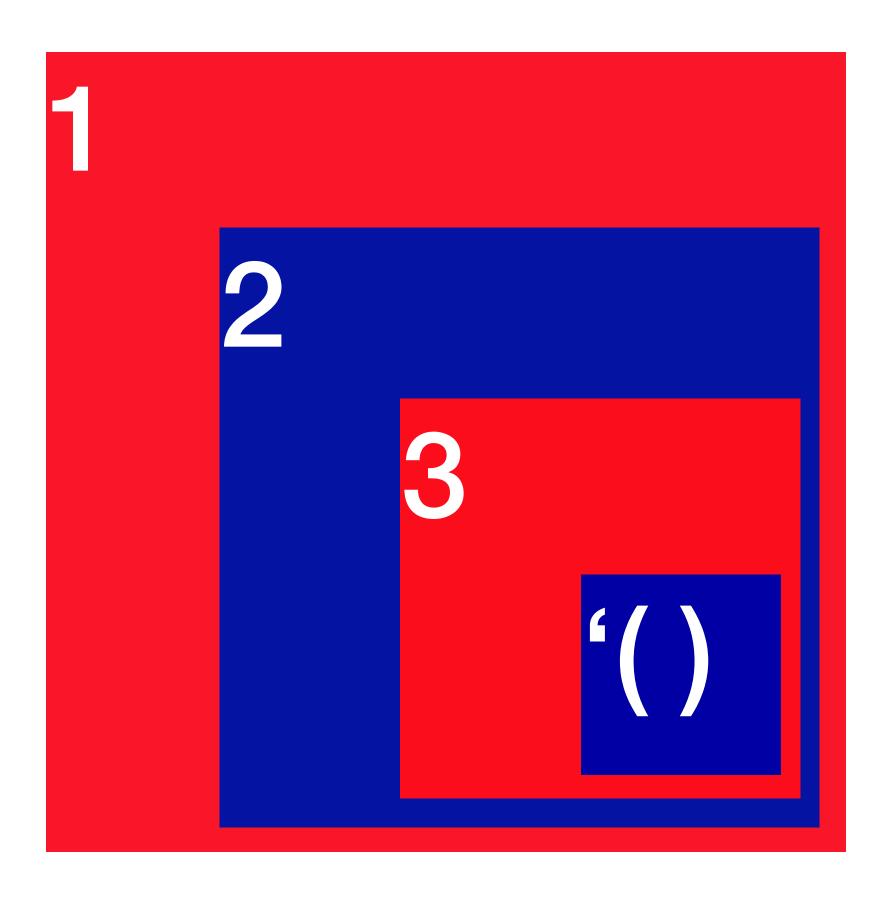






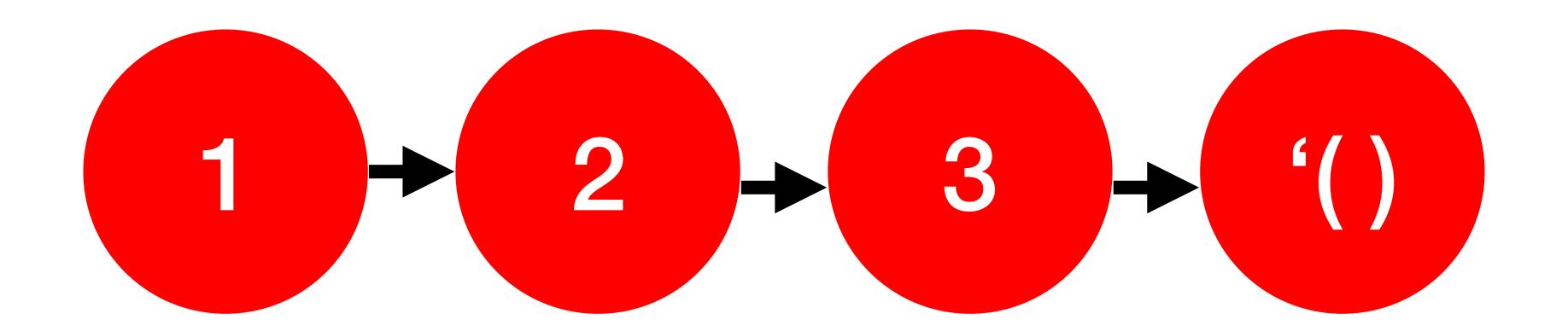


CONS



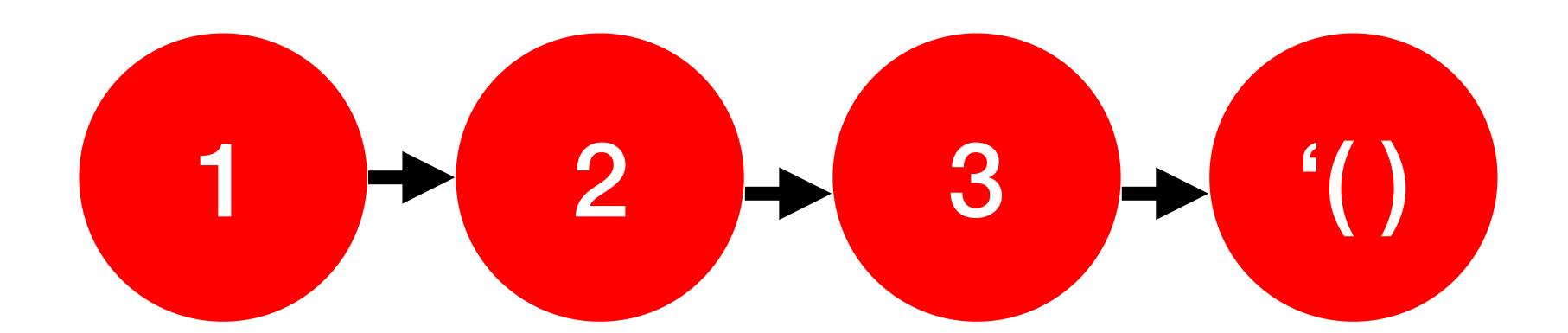
```
(cons 1
      (cons 2
             (cons 3 '())))
```





(cons 1 (cons 2 (cons 3 '())))







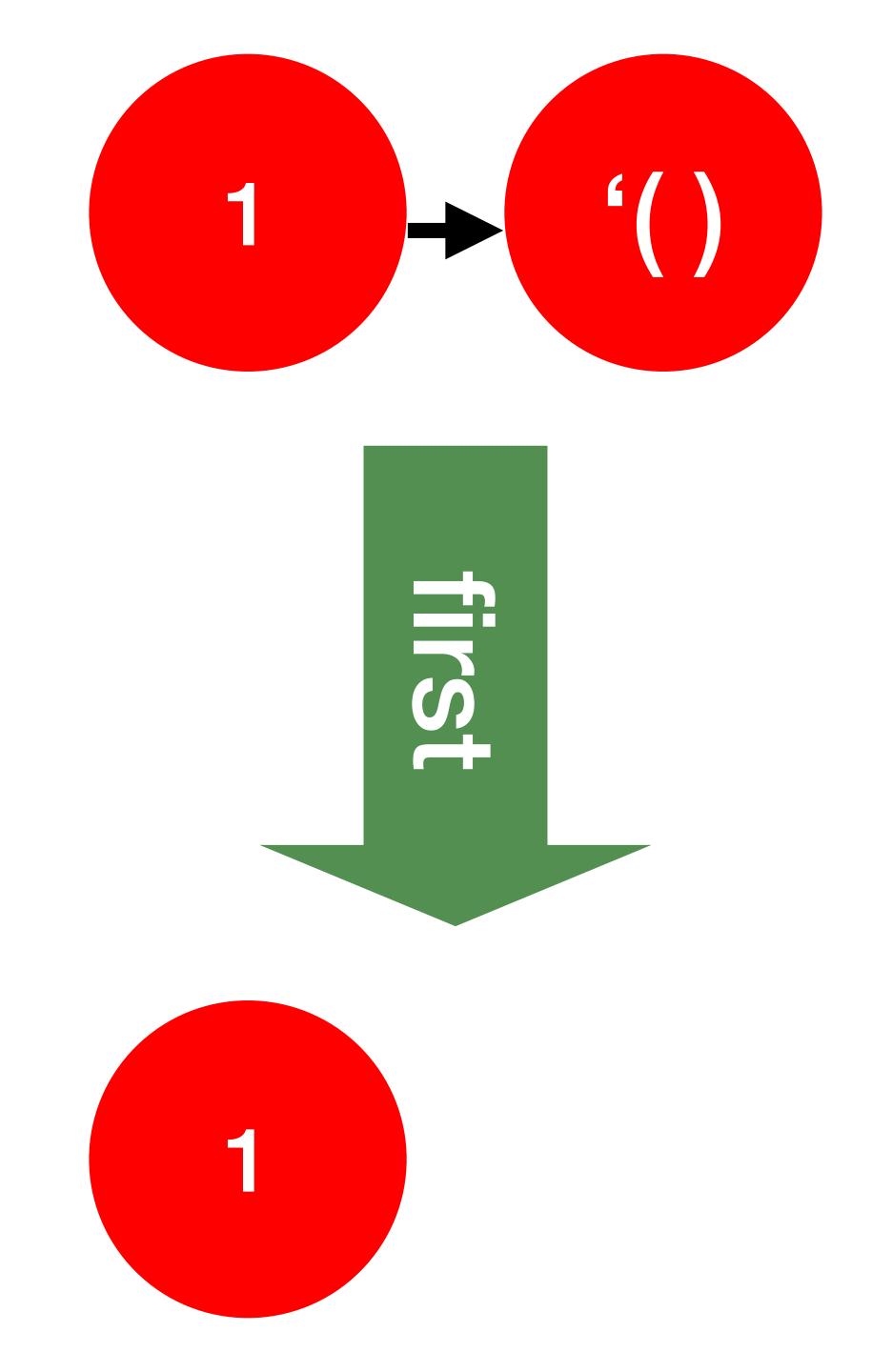
selectors

```
; list - selectors
; - first : list -> value
; - rest : list -> list
```



first: list -> value





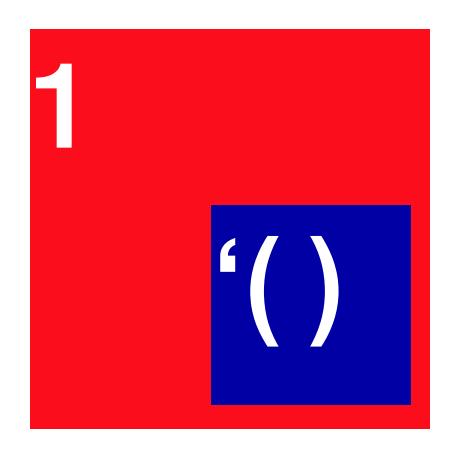
```
(check-expect
  (first (cons 1 '()))
  1)
```



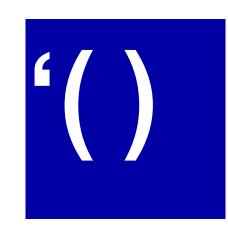
```
(check-expect
  (first '(1))
  1)
```

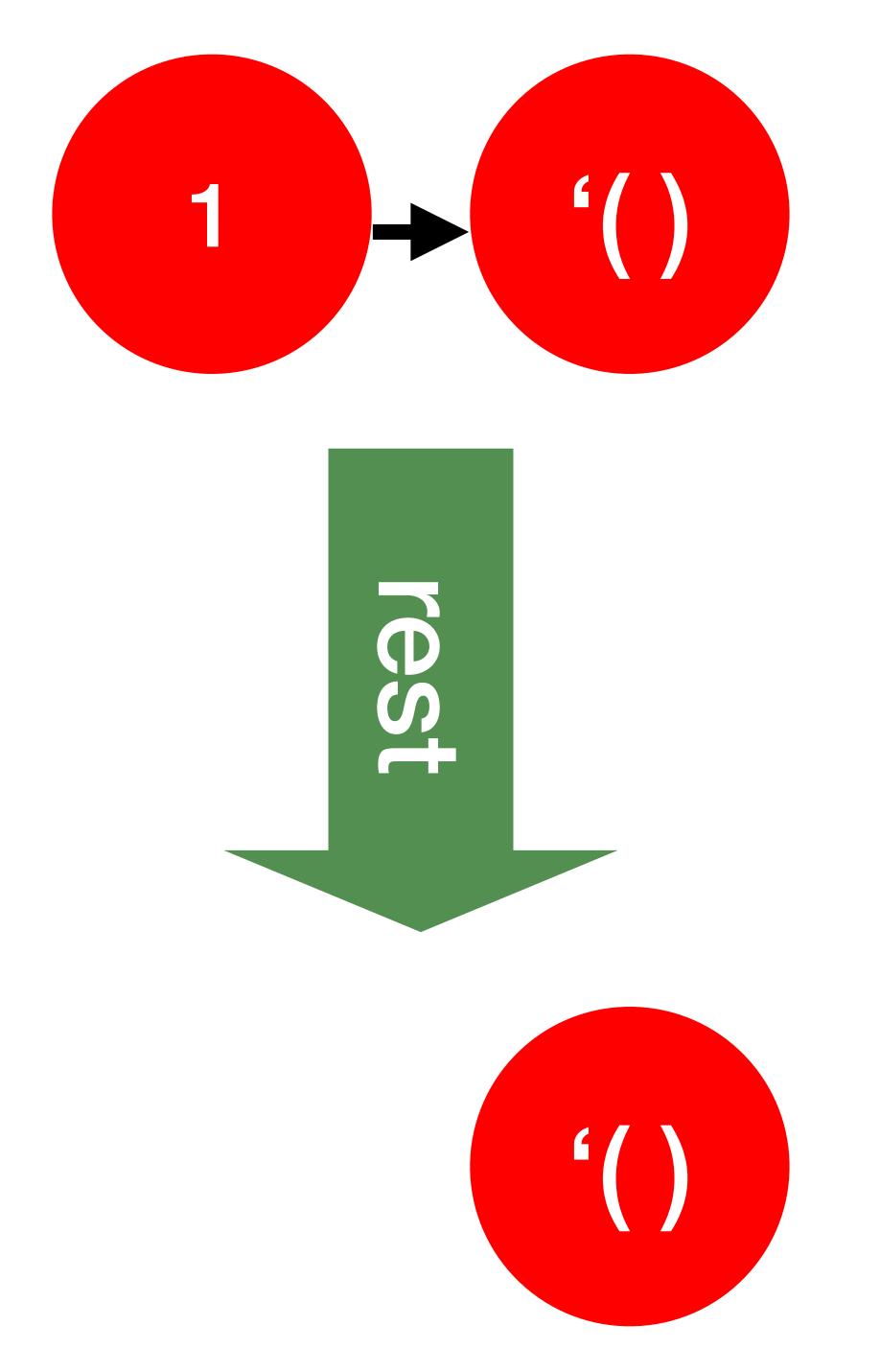


rest: list -> list









```
(check-expect
  (rest (cons 1 '()))
  '())
```



```
(check-expect
  (rest '(1))
  '())
```



predicates

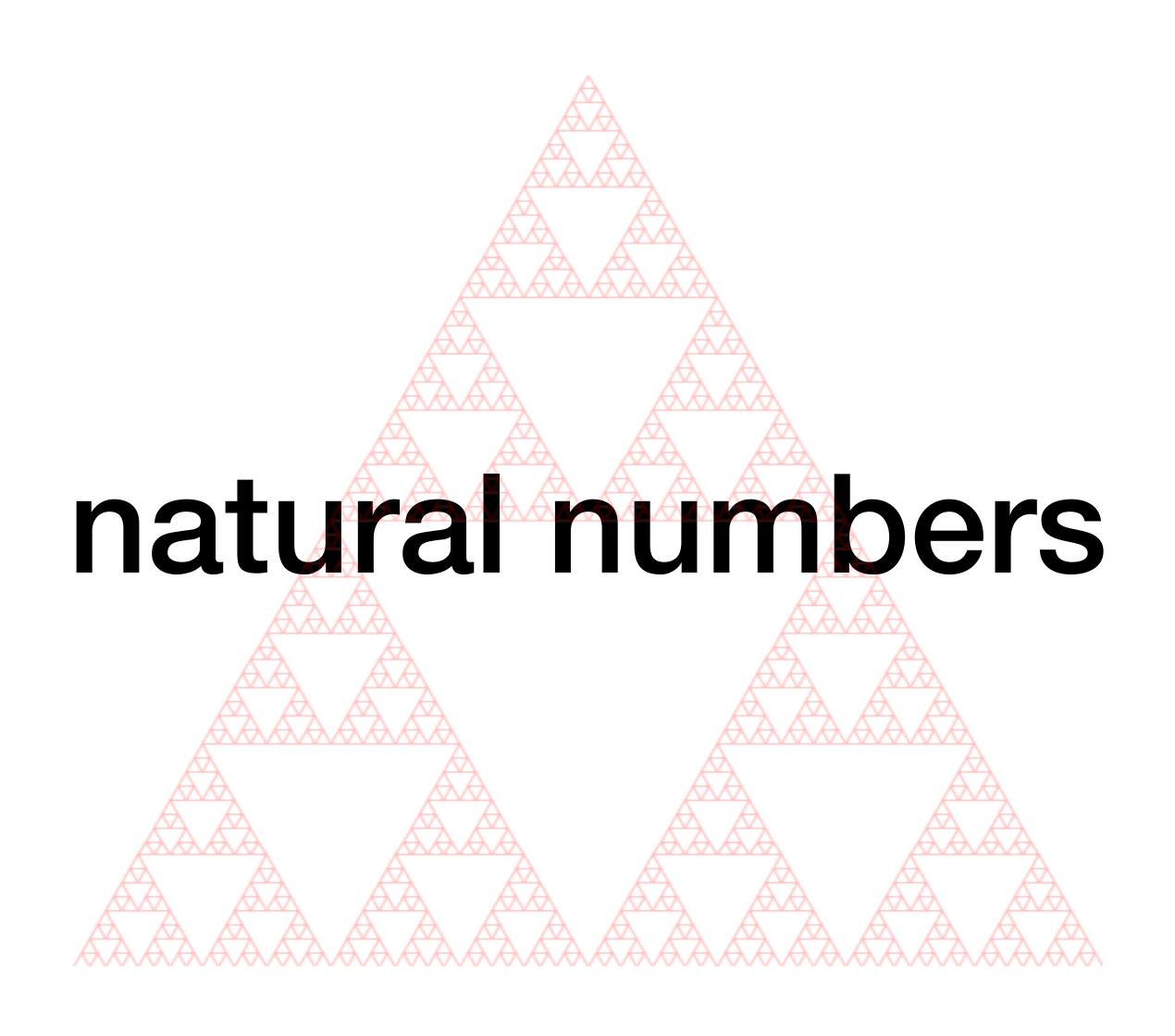
```
; list - predicates
; - empty? : list -> boolean
```



empty?: list -> boolean

```
(check-satisfied
'()
empty?)
```



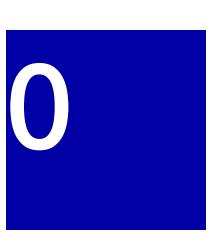


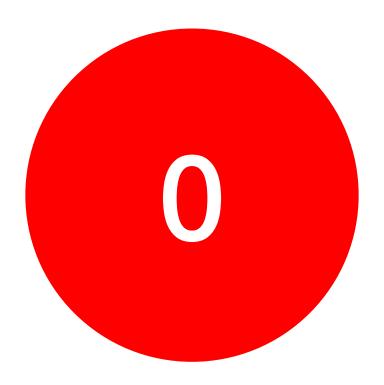
constructors

```
; nat - constructors
; - 0
; - (add1 nat)
```



zero

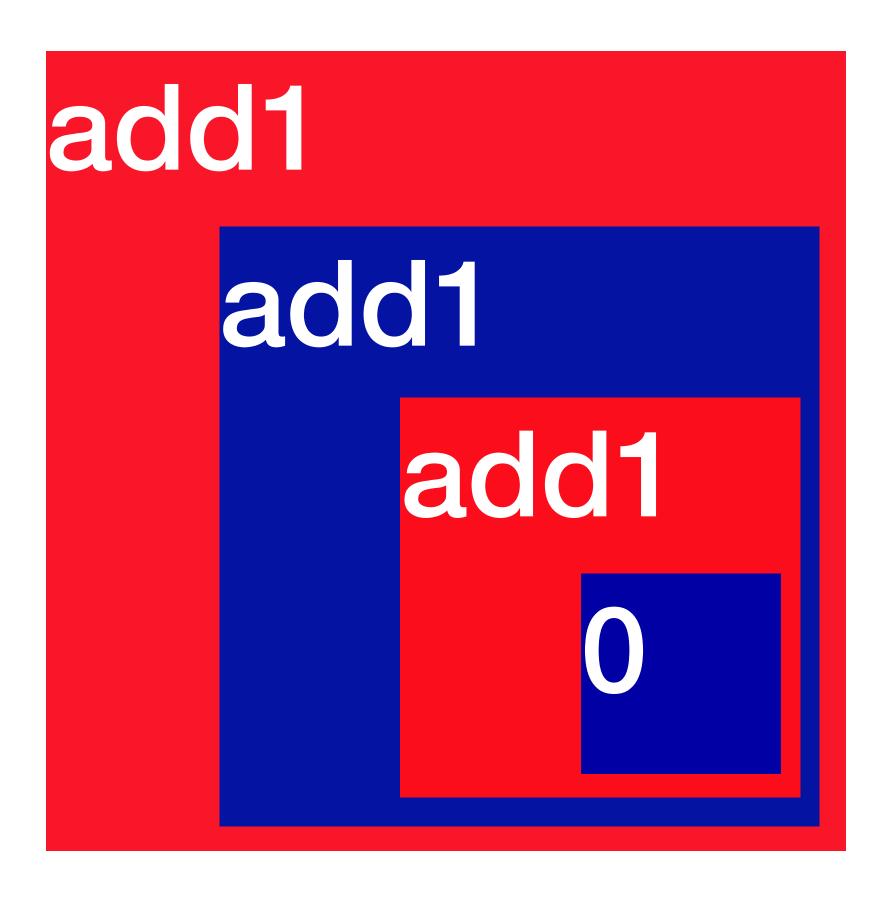






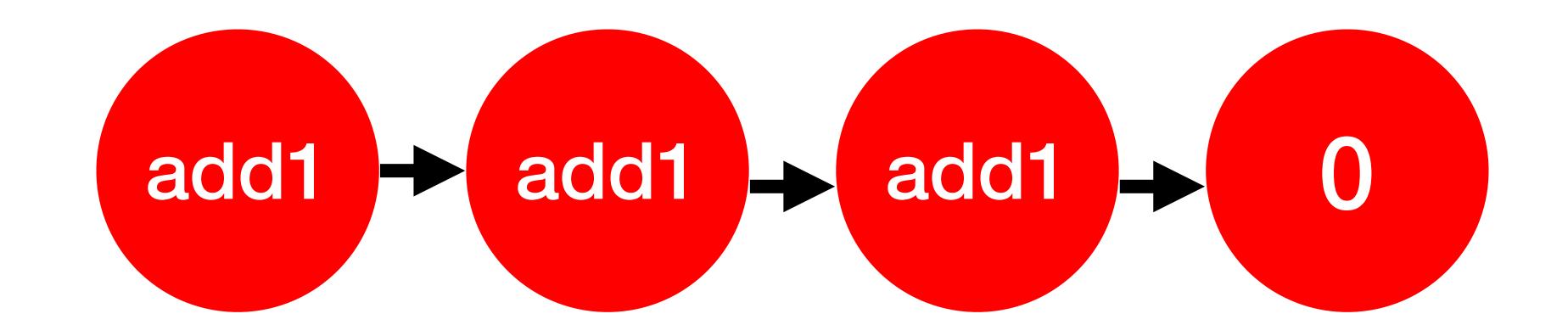


SUCCESSOr



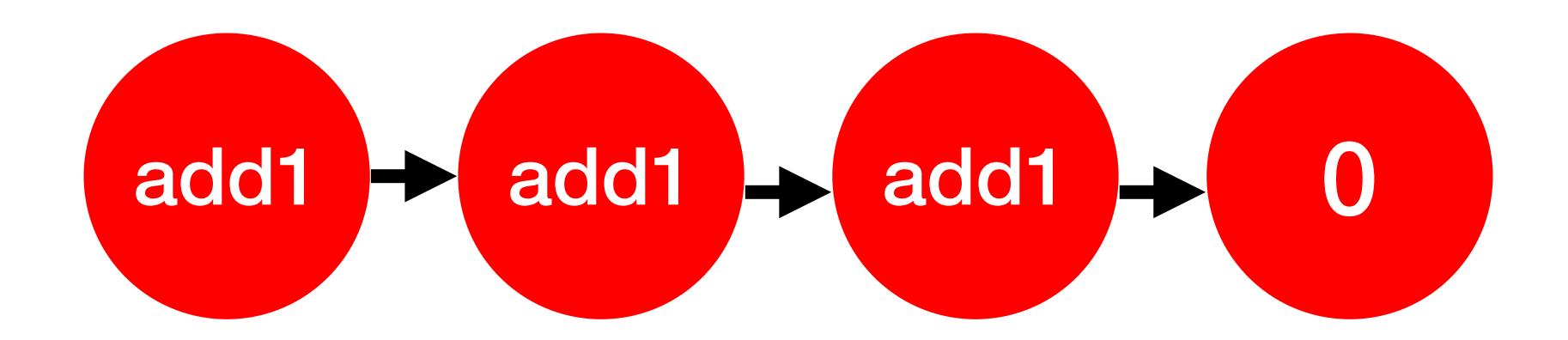
```
add1 \rightarrow add1 \rightarrow add1 \rightarrow 0
  (add1
      (add1
           (add1 0)))
```





(add1 (add1 (add1 0)))





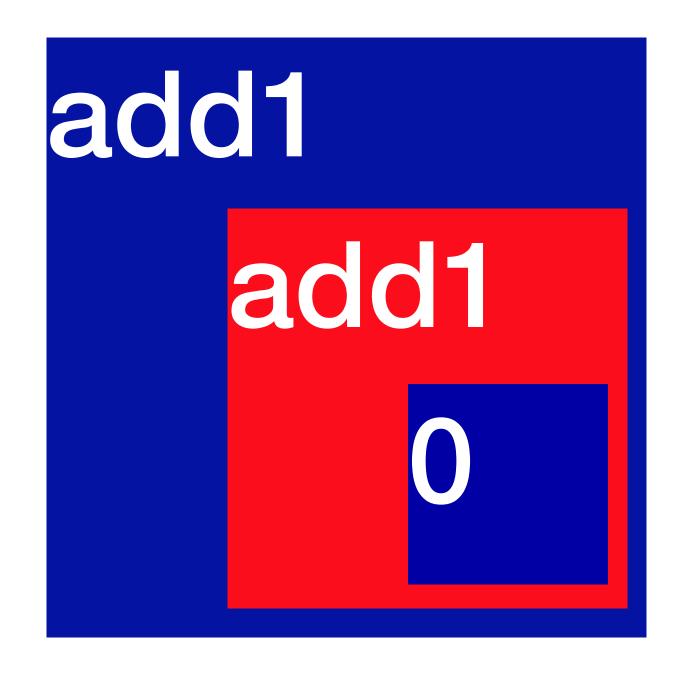


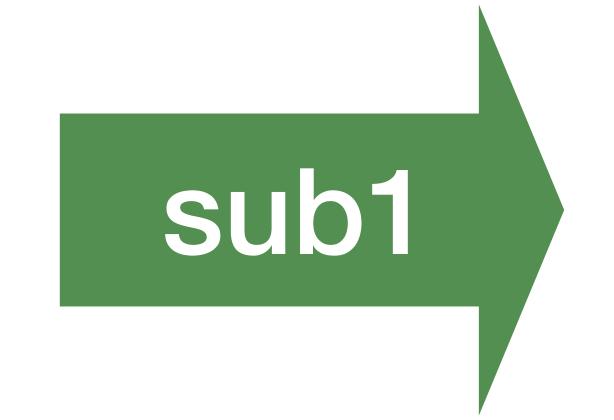
selectors

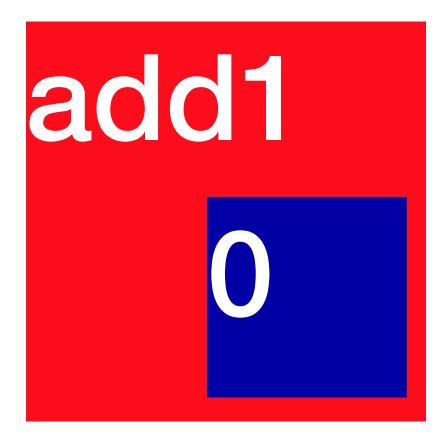
```
; nat - selectors
; - sub1 : nat -> nat
```

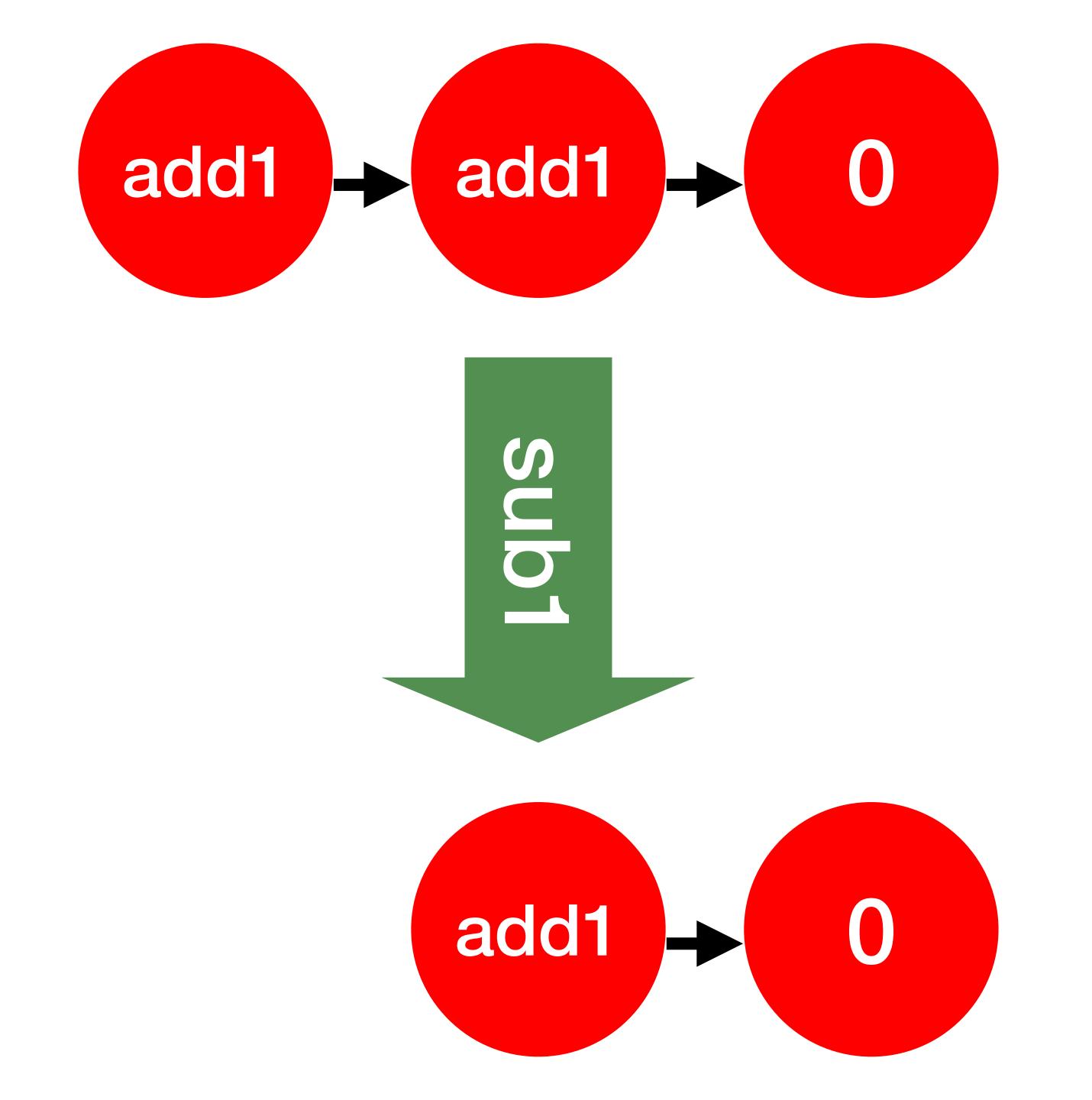


sub1: nat -> nat









```
(check-expect
 (sub1
  (add1
   (add1 (0)))
 (add1 (0))
```



```
(check-expect
(sub1 2)
1)
```



```
; nat - predicates
; - zero? : nat -> boolean
```



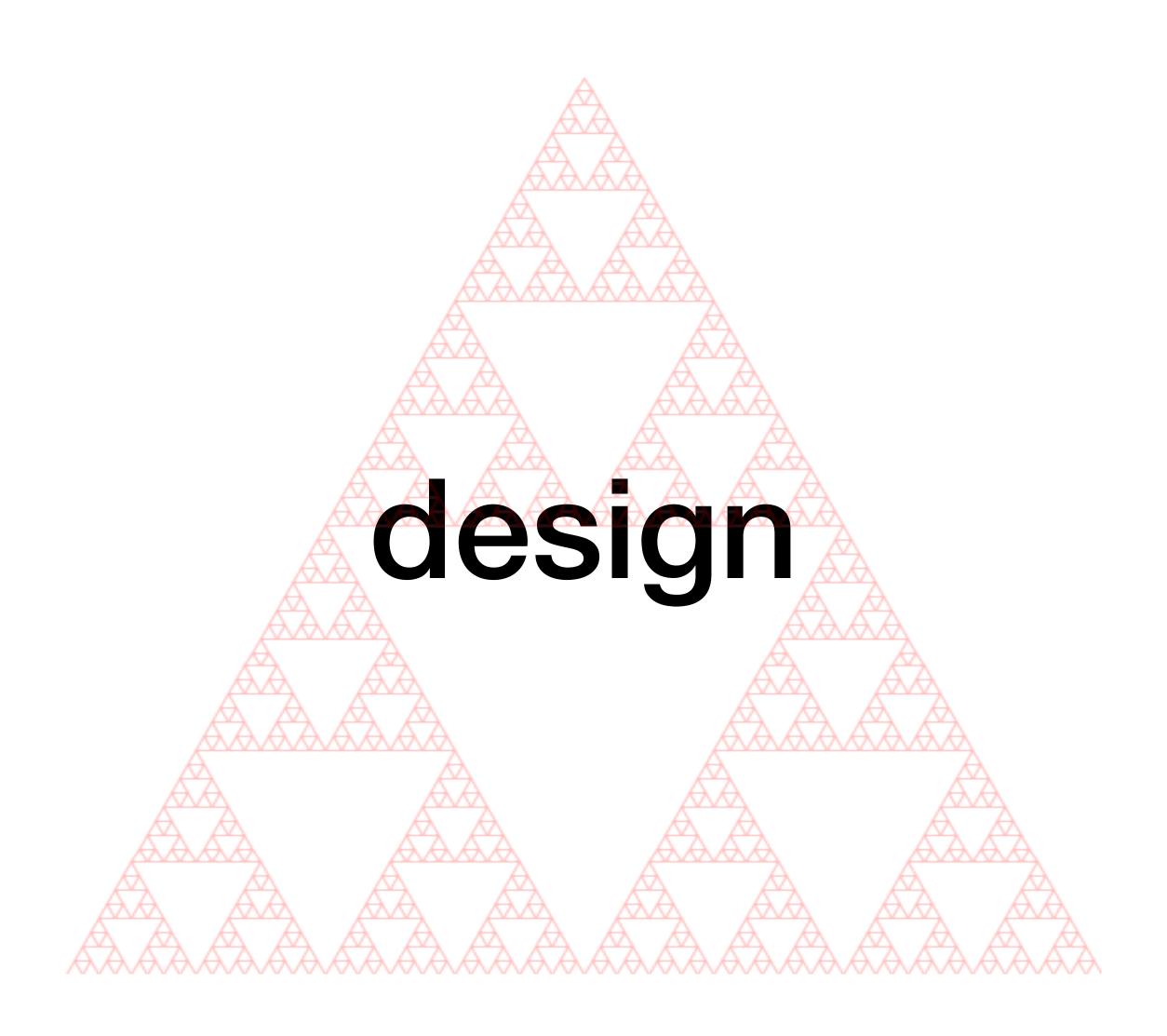
zero?: nat -> boolean

```
(check-satisfied
0
zero?)
```



```
(define topics
 (make-agenda
  '("Recursive Data Type"
    "Structural Recursion"
    "Genéral Récursion")))
```





```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```





```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



given two natural numbers combine them to yield a natural number which is their total size

```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```

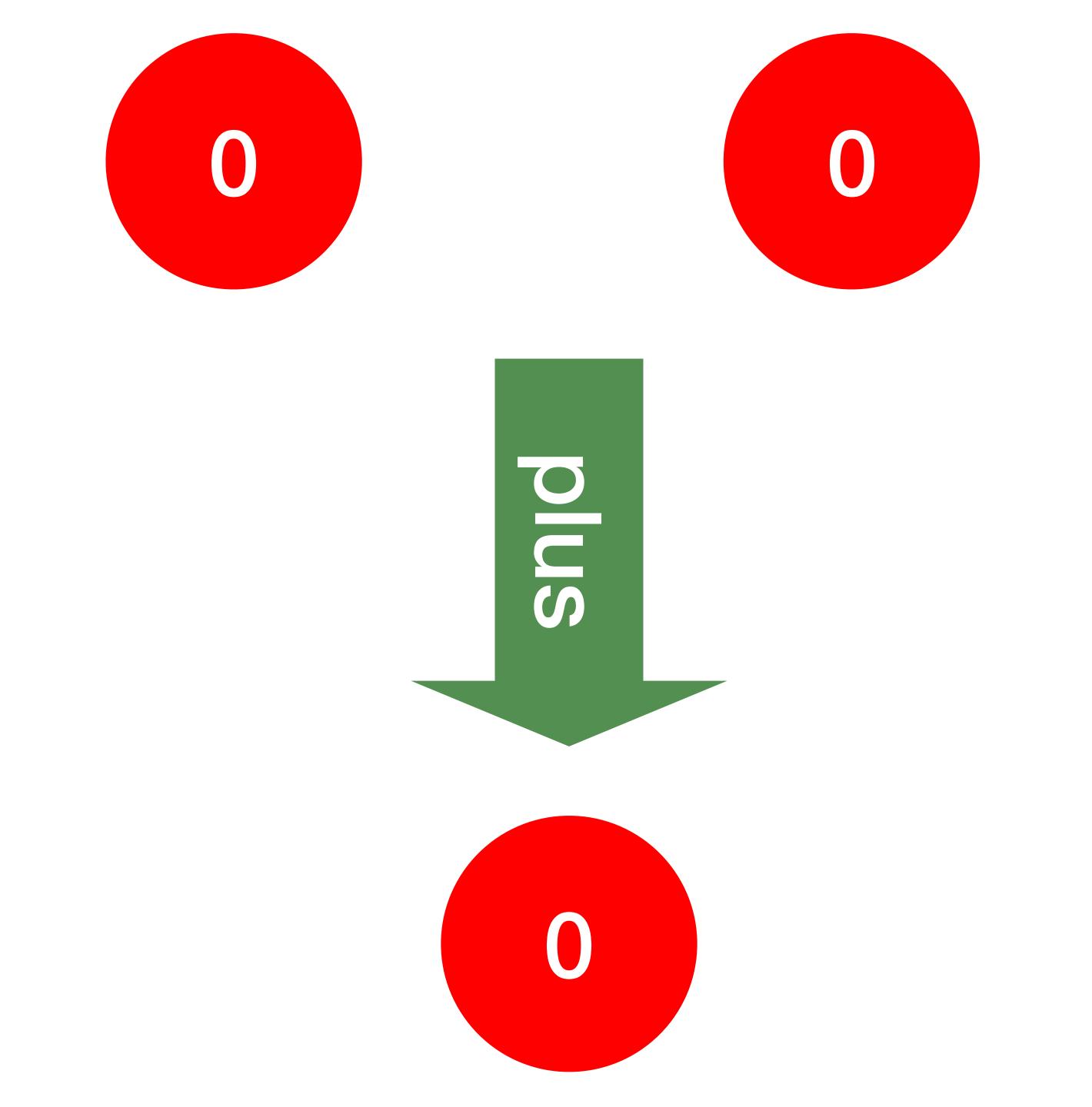


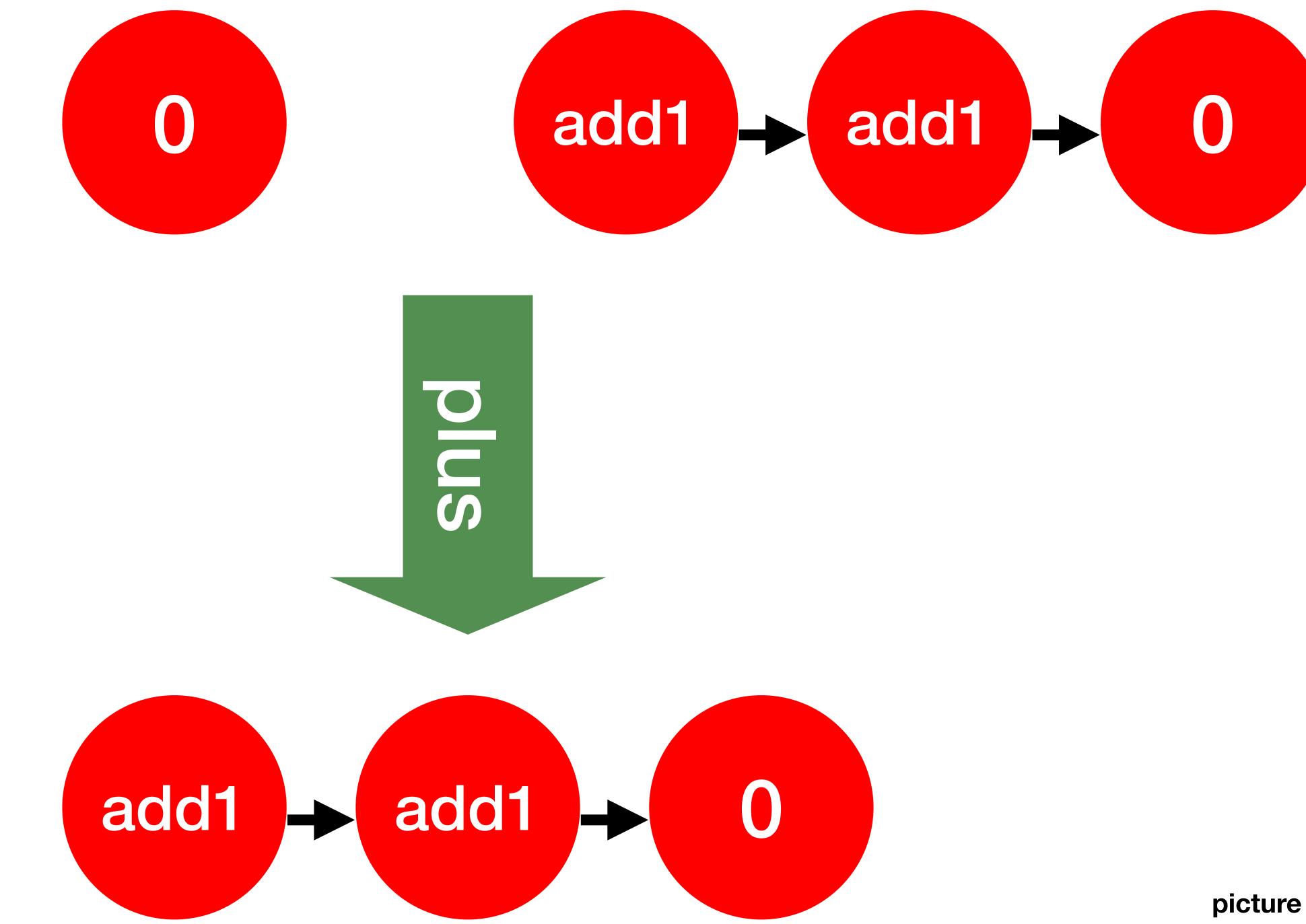
; plus : nat -> nat -> nat

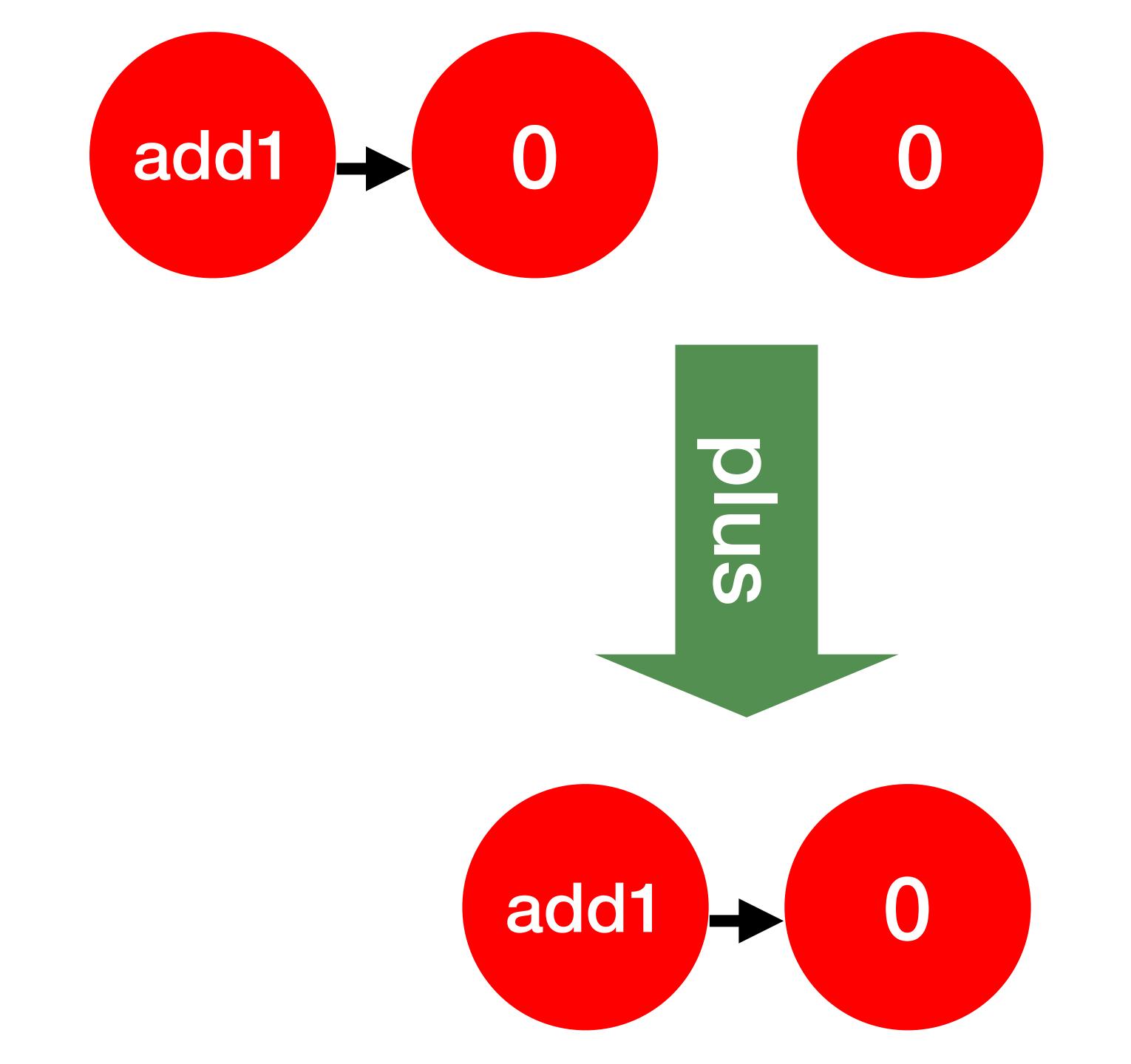


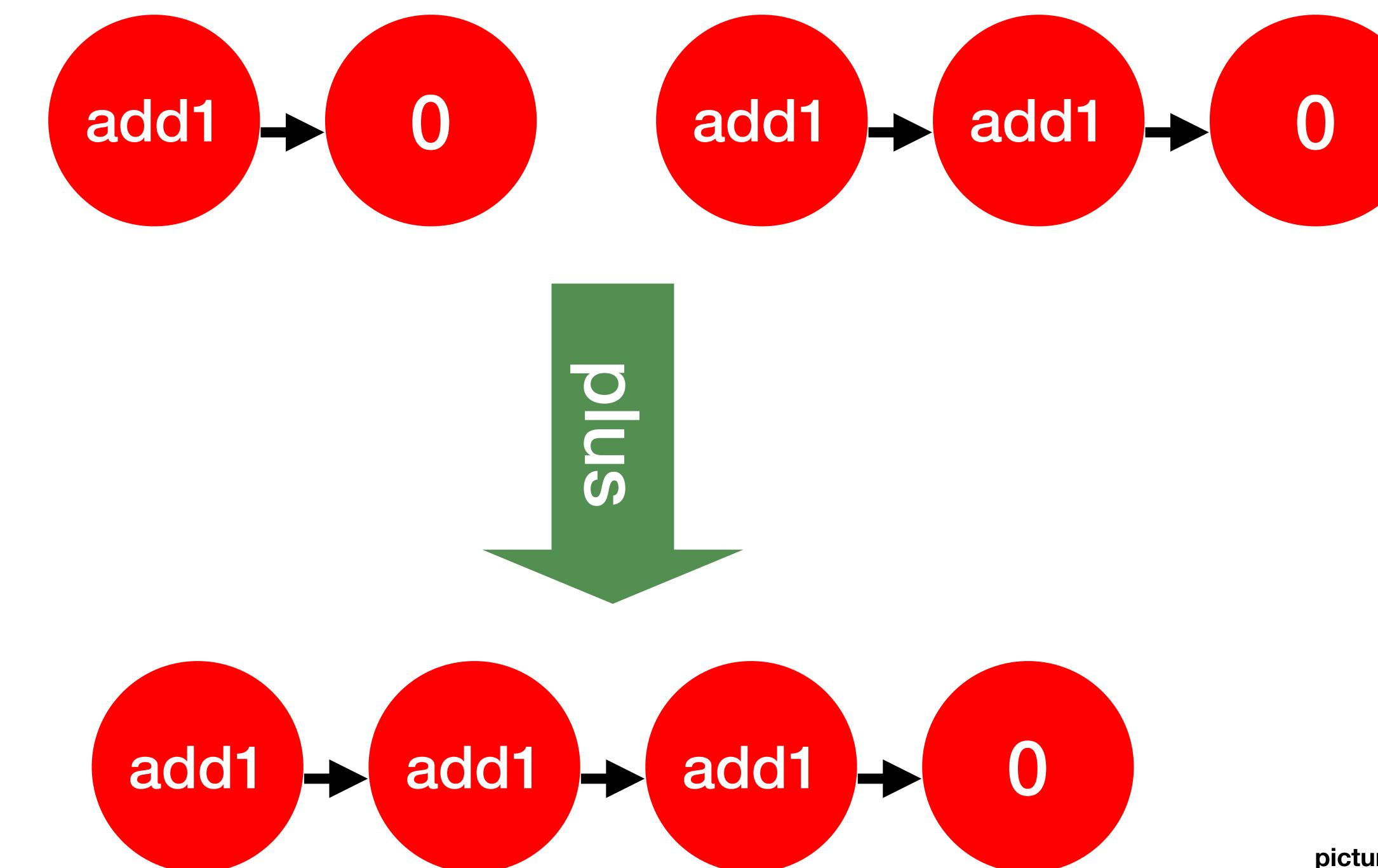
```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```











picture

```
; (plus 0 0); 0
; (plus 0 b); b
; (plus a 0); a
; (plus a b); a + b
```



```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



```
(define (plus a b)
  (cond
    [[ (zero? a) b]
    lelse
     (add1
      (plus (sub1 a)
             b))))
```



```
(define recusive-process
  '("identify principal"
    "test basis"
    "reduced recursion"
    "combine results"))
```



plus: (a:nat) -> nat -> nat

principal	a:nat
basis	zero?
reducer	sub1
combine	add1

```
(define (plus a b)
  (cond
    [[ (zero? a) b]
    lelse
     (add1
      (plus (sub1 a)
             b))))
```



```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



```
; (plus 0 0); 0
(check-satisfied
 (plus (0)
zero?)
```



```
; (plus 0 b); b
(check-expect
 (plus ( 2 )
```



```
; (plus a 0); a
(check-expect
 (plus 1 0)
```



```
; (plus a b); a + b
(check-expect
(plus 1 2)
```



```
; (plus a b); a + b
(check-expect
 (plus
  (add1 0)
  (add1 (add1 0)))
 (plus
  (add1 (add1 (add1 0)))))
```





```
(define (plus a b)
  (cond
    [[ (zero? a) b]
    lelse
     (add1
      (plus (sub1 a)
             b))))
```





```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



given a natural number n and a list yield a list with the first n elements

```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```

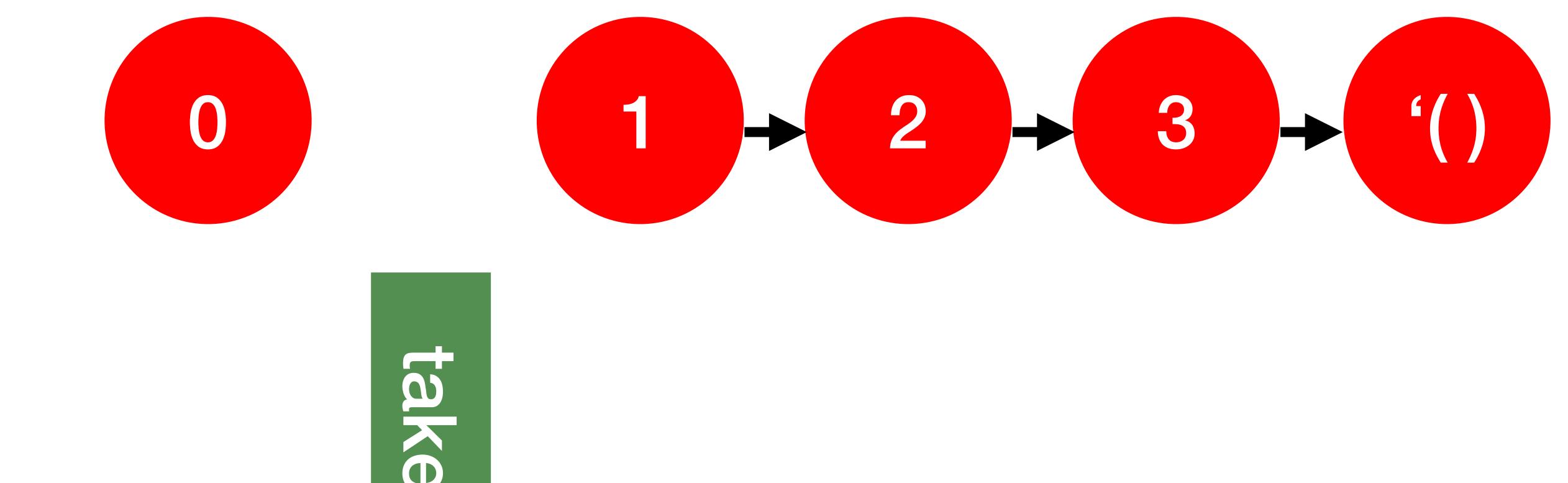


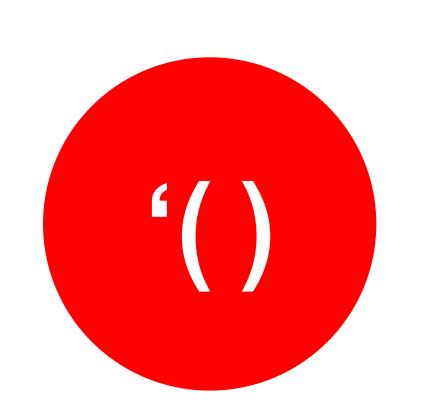
; take : nat -> list -> list

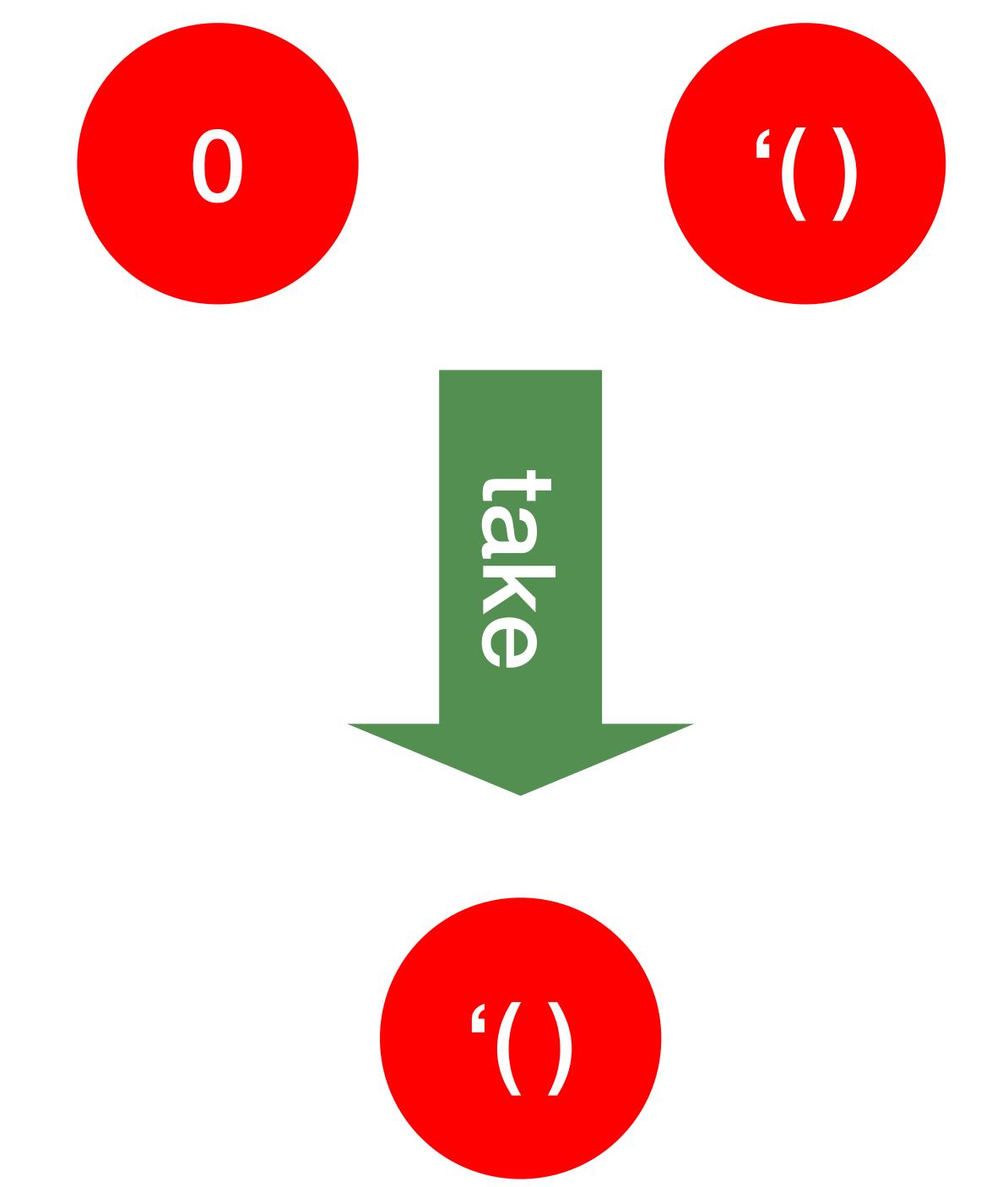


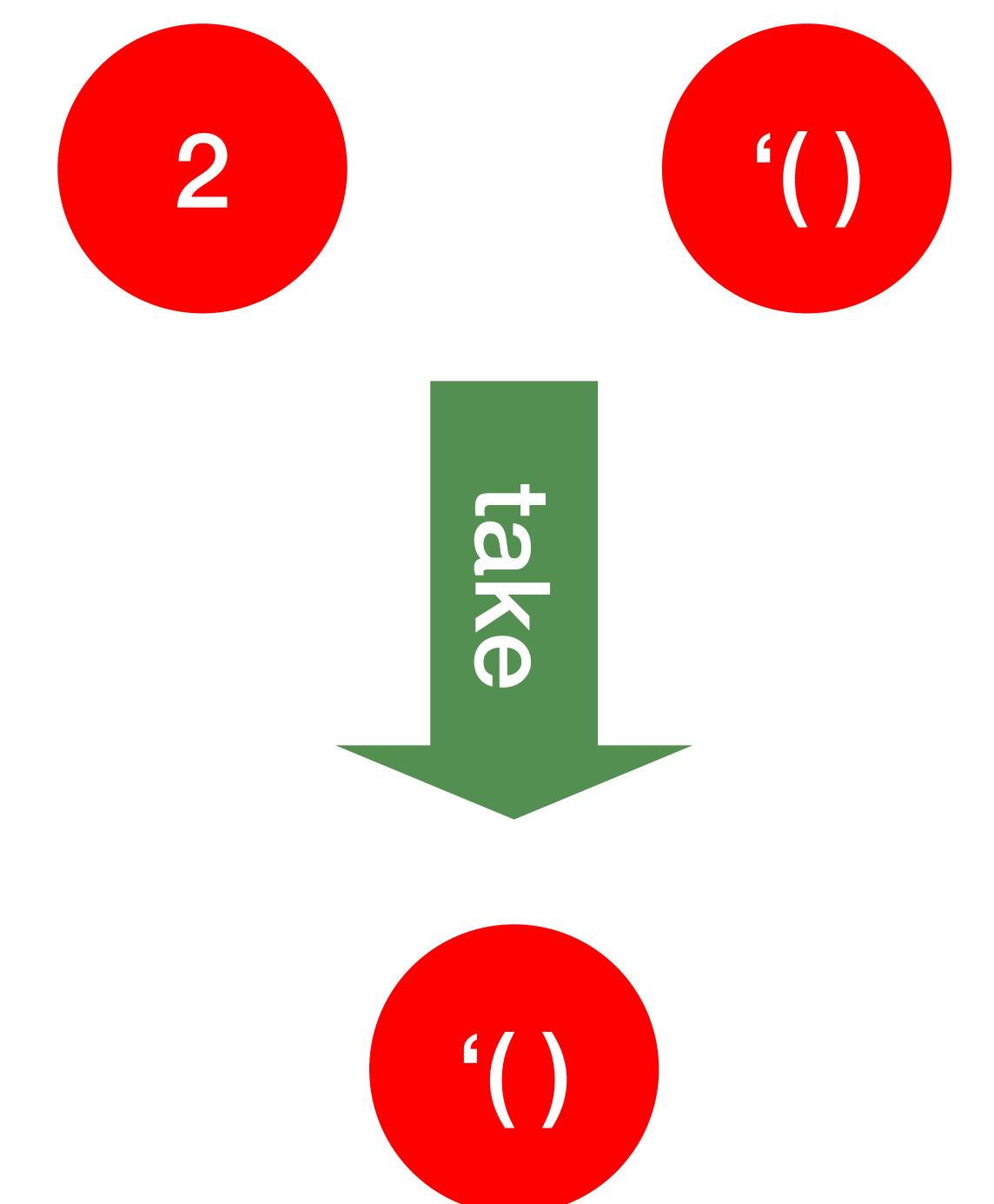
```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```

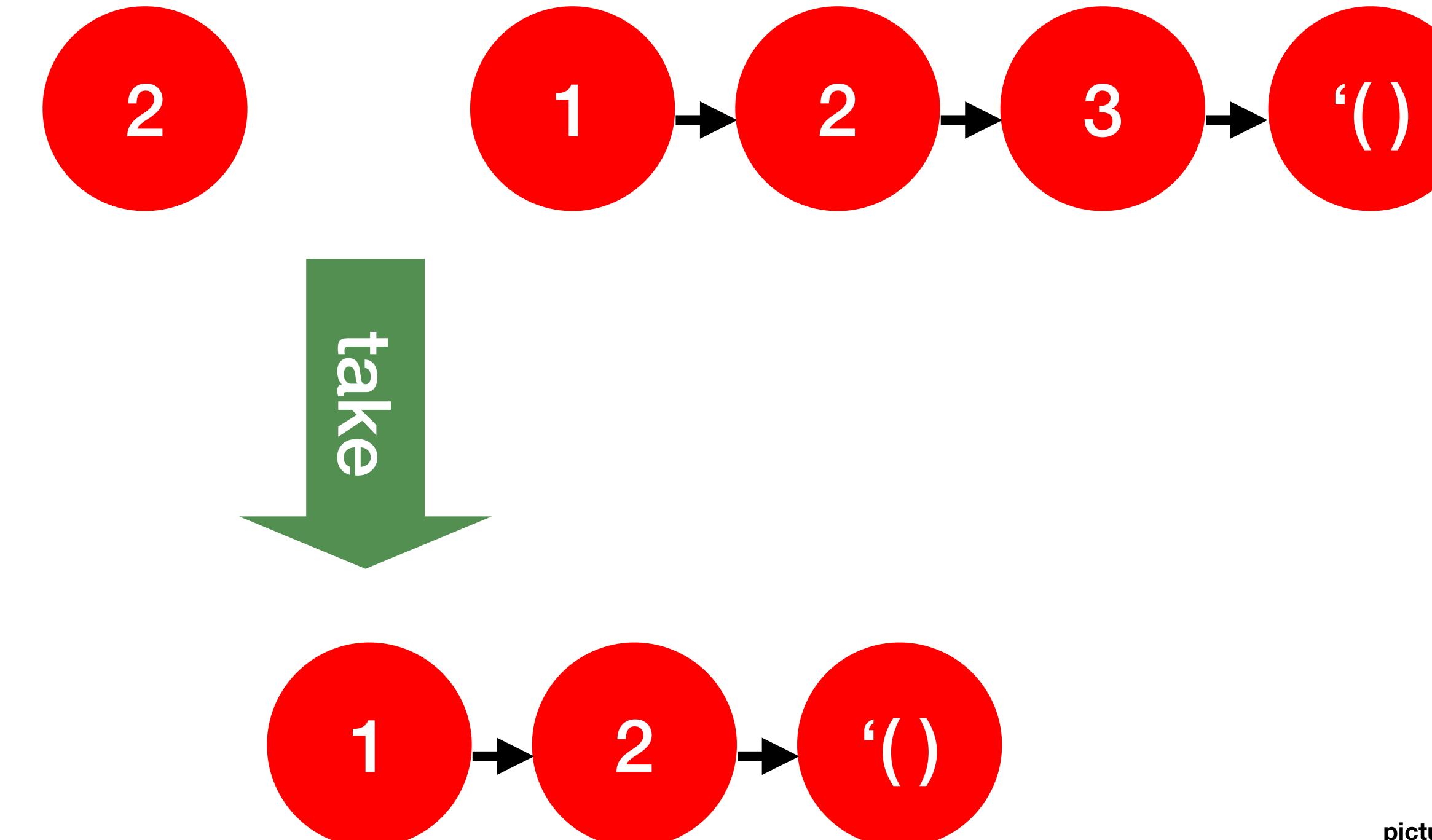




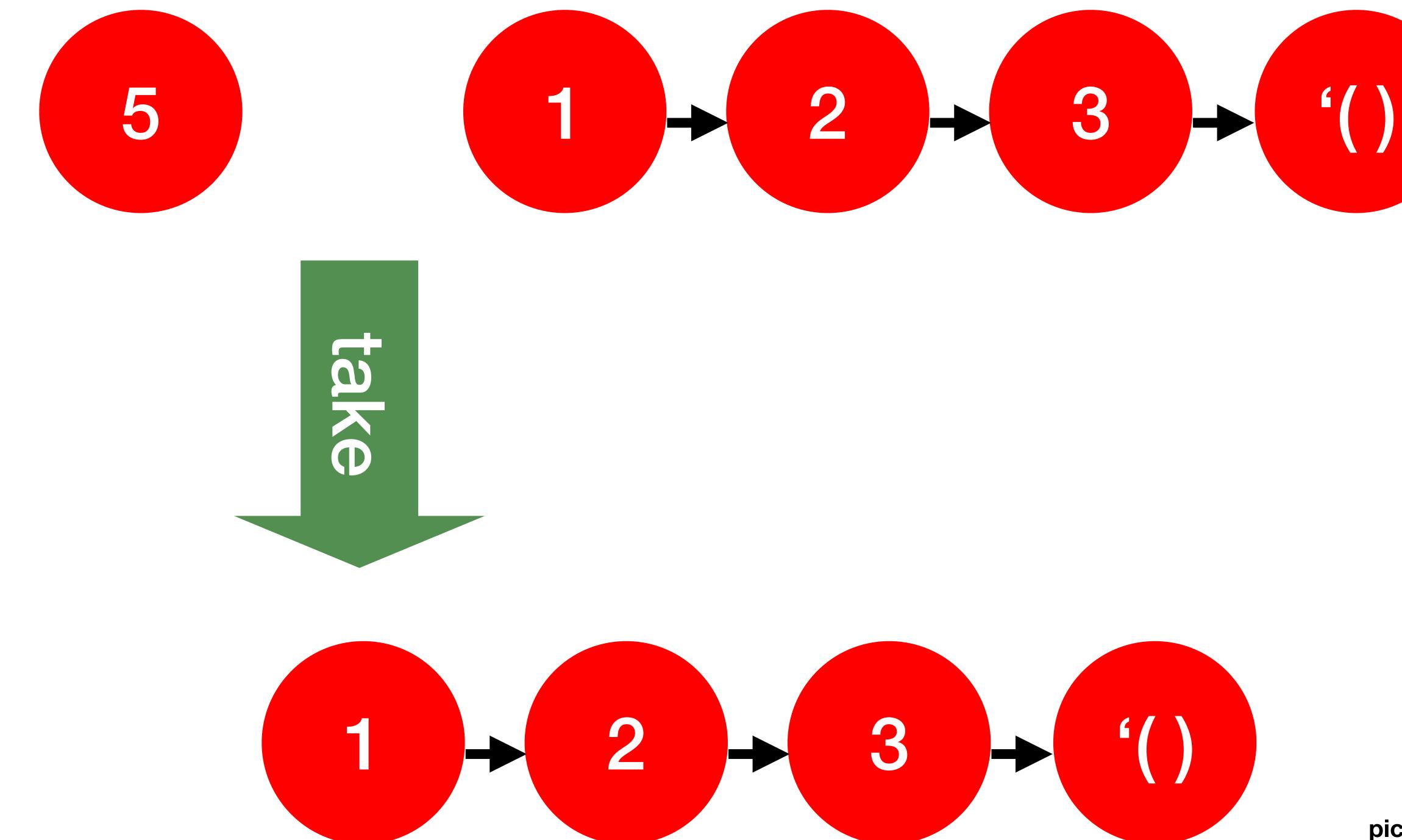








picture



picture

```
; (take 0 l); '()
; (take 0 '()); '()
; (take n '()); '()
; (take n l of size > n); l of size n
; (take n l of size < n); l
```



```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



```
(define (take n l)
  (cond
    [[ (zero? n) '()]
    [(empty? l) '()]
    else
     (cons (first l)
            (take (sub1 n)
                  (rest (1)))))))
```

```
(define recusive-process
  '("identify principal"
    "test basis"
    "reduced recursion"
    "combine results"))
```



take: (n:nat) -> (l:list) -> list

principal	n:nat	I : list
basis	zero?	empty?
reducer	sub1	rest
combine		cons

```
(define (take n l)
  (cond
    [[ (zero? n) '()]
    [(empty? l) '()]
    else
     (cons (first l)
            (take (sub1 n)
                  (rest (1)))))))
```

```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



```
; (take 0 l); (d)
(check-satisfied
 (take 0 '(1 2 3))
empty?)
```



```
; (take 0 '()); '()
(check-satisfied
(take 0 '())
empty?)
```



```
; (take n '()); '()
(check-satisfied
 (take 2 '())
empty?)
```



```
; (take n l of size > n); l of size n
(check-expect
 (take 2 '(1 2 3))
 '(12))
```



```
; (take n l of size > n); l of size n
(check-expect
(take
  (add1 (add1 0))
  (cons 1 (cons 2 (cons 3 '())))
 (cons 1 (cons 2 '())))
```



```
; (take n l of size > n); l of size n
(check-expect
 (take
  (add1 (add1 0))
  '(123))
 (cons (first '(1 2 3))
       (cons (first '(2 3))
```

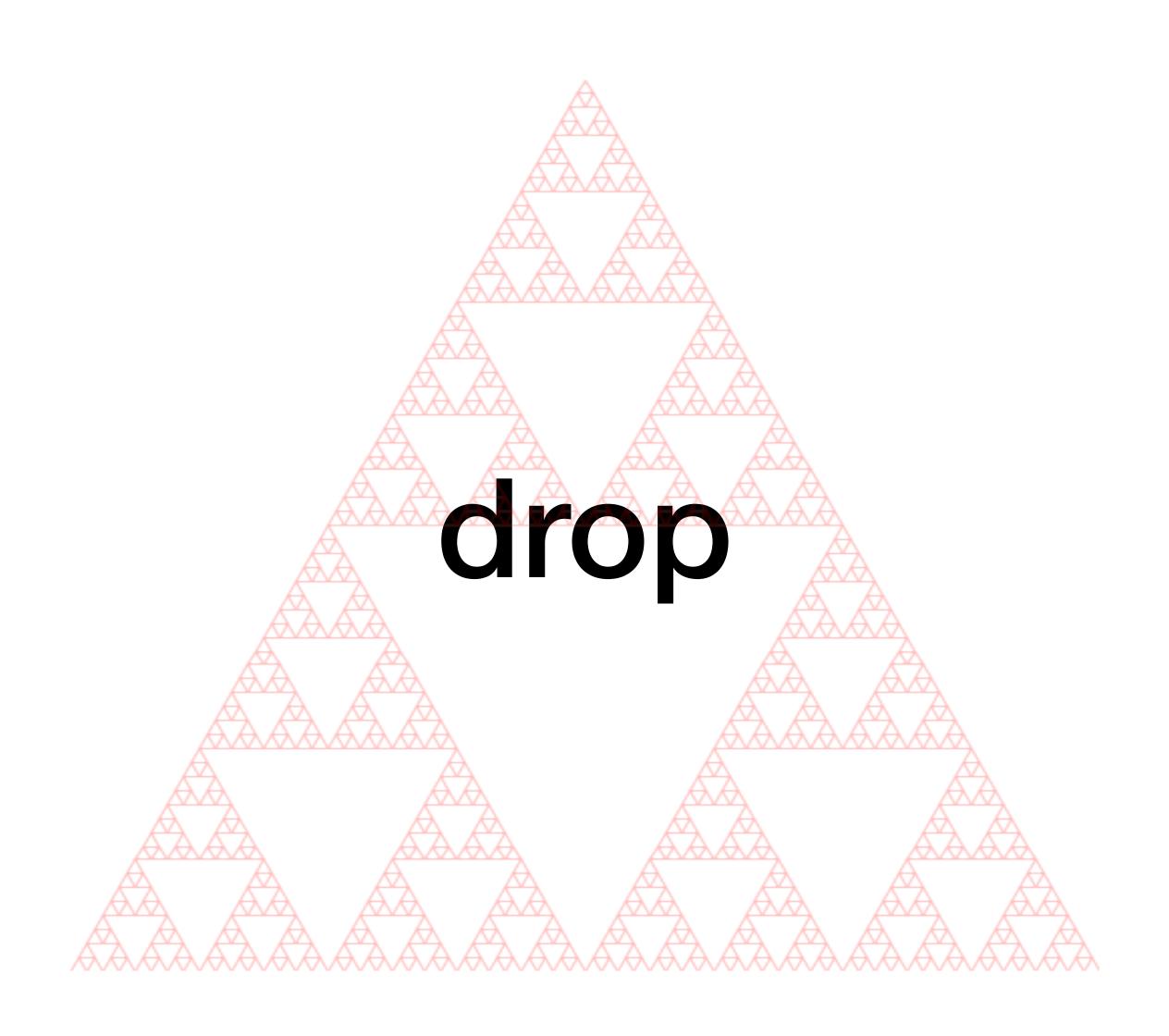


```
; (take n l of size < n); l
(check-expect
 (take 5 '(1 2 3))
 1(123)
```





```
(define (take n l)
  (cond
    [[ (zero? n) '()]
    [(empty? l) '()]
    else
     (cons (first l)
            (take (sub1 n)
                  (rest (1)))))))
```



```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



given a natural number n and a list yield a list without the first n elements

```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```

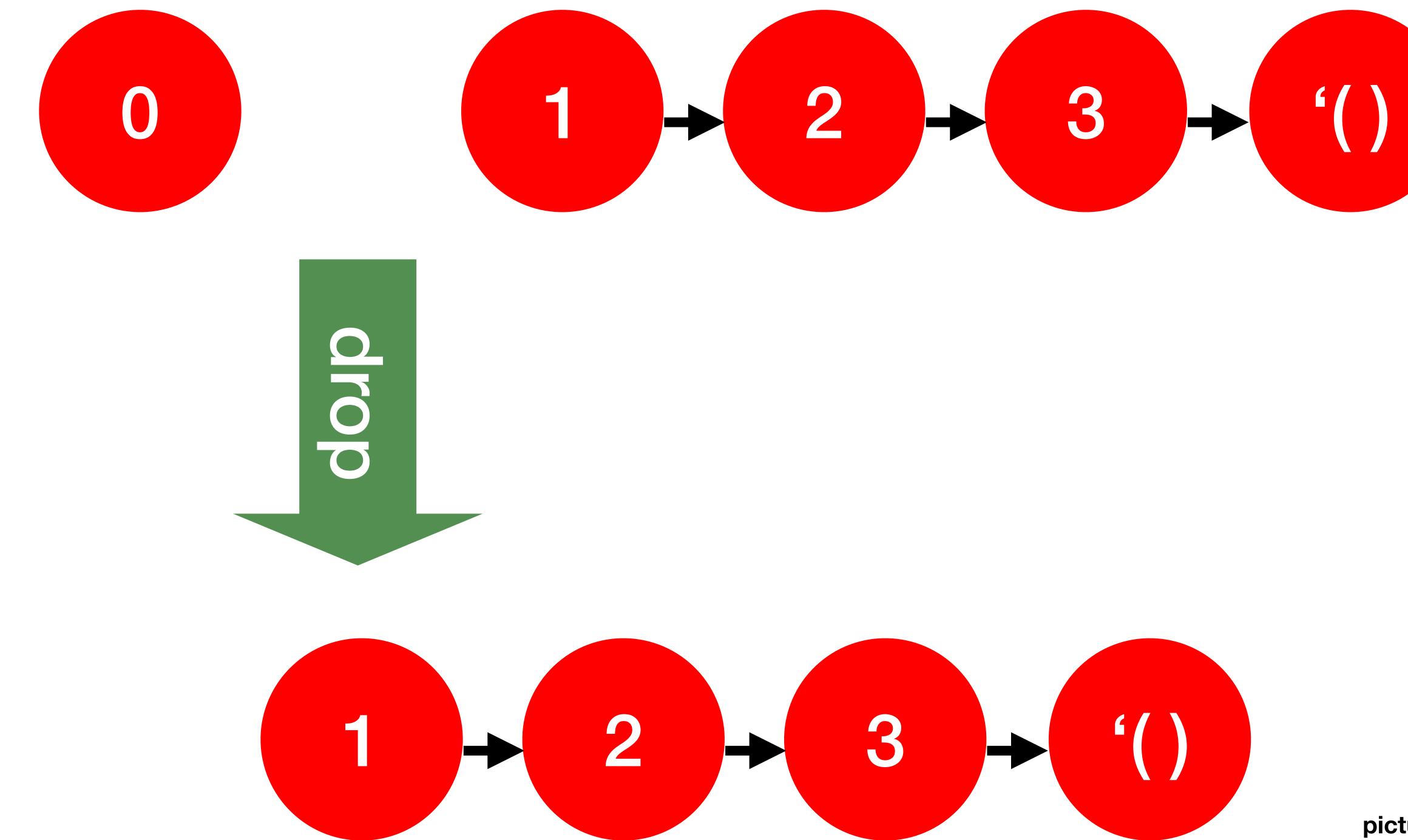


; drop : nat -> list -> list

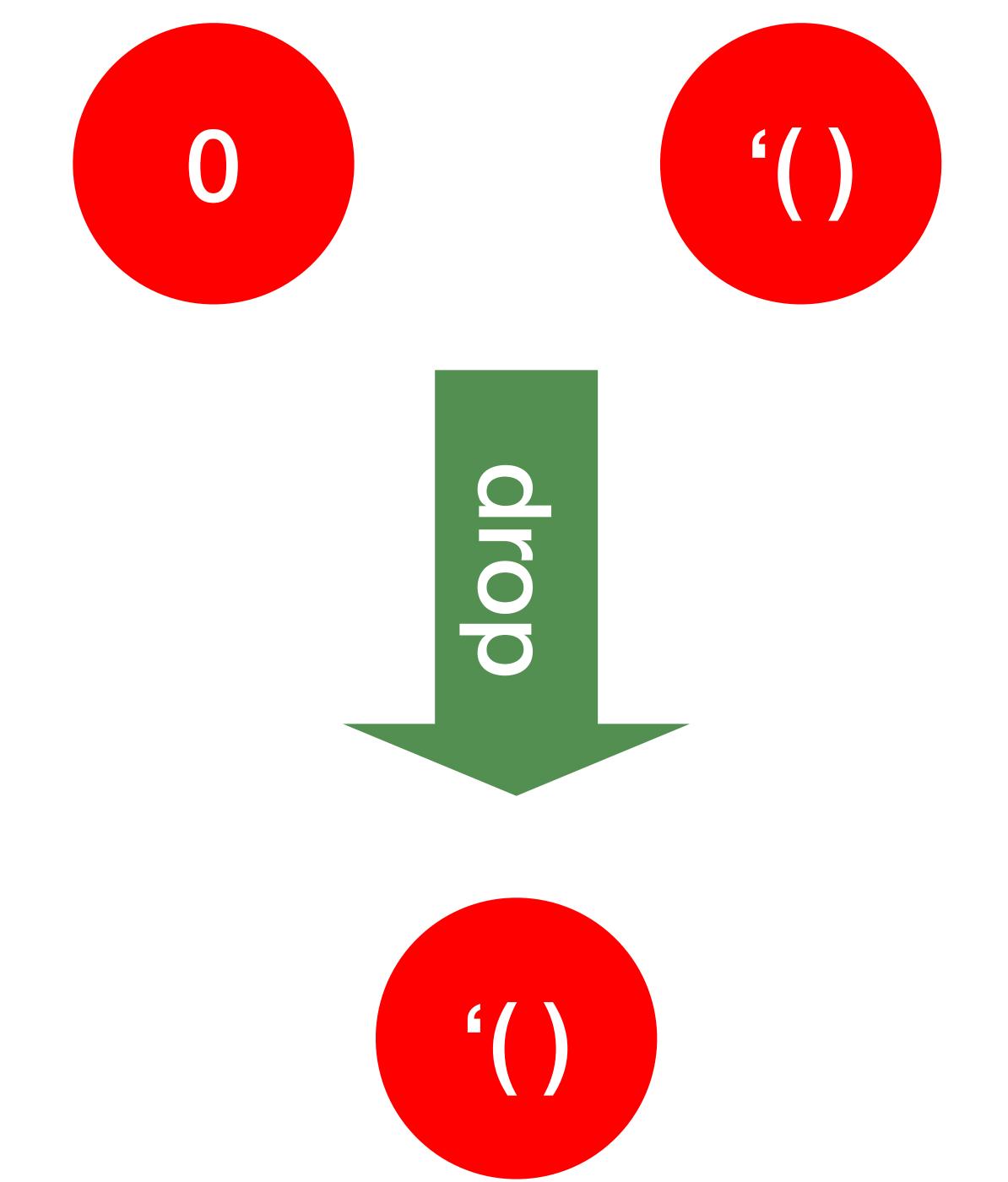


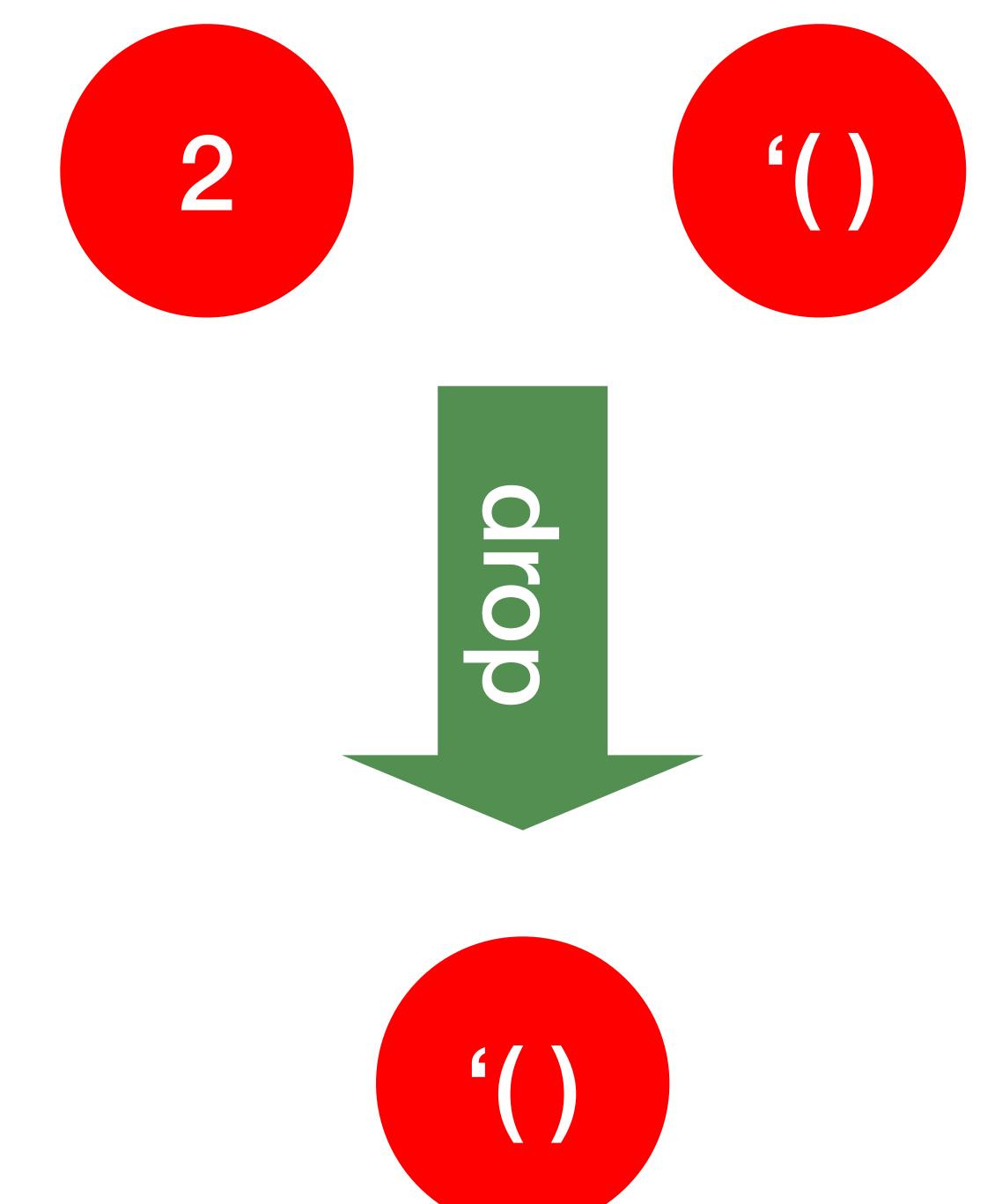
```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```

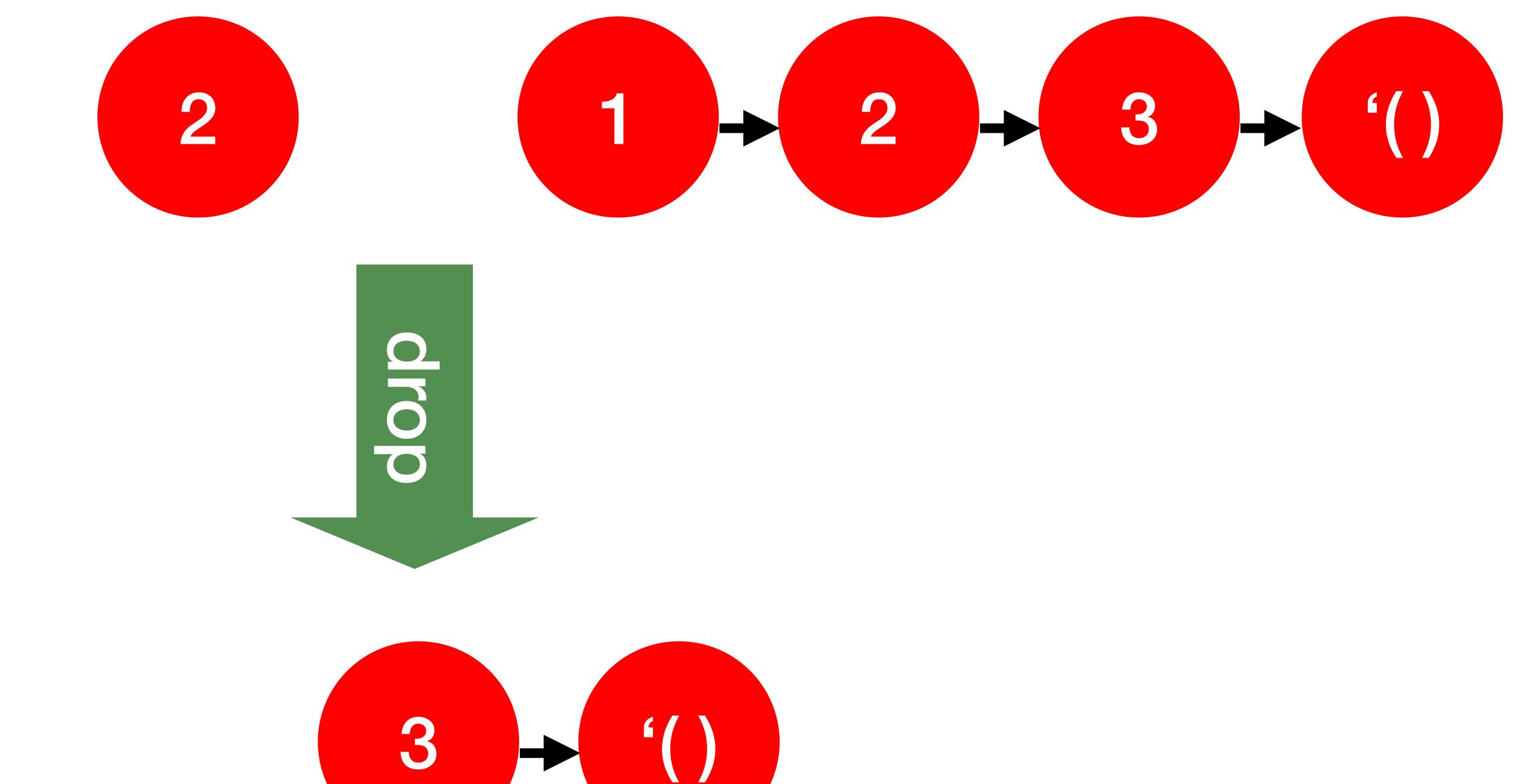


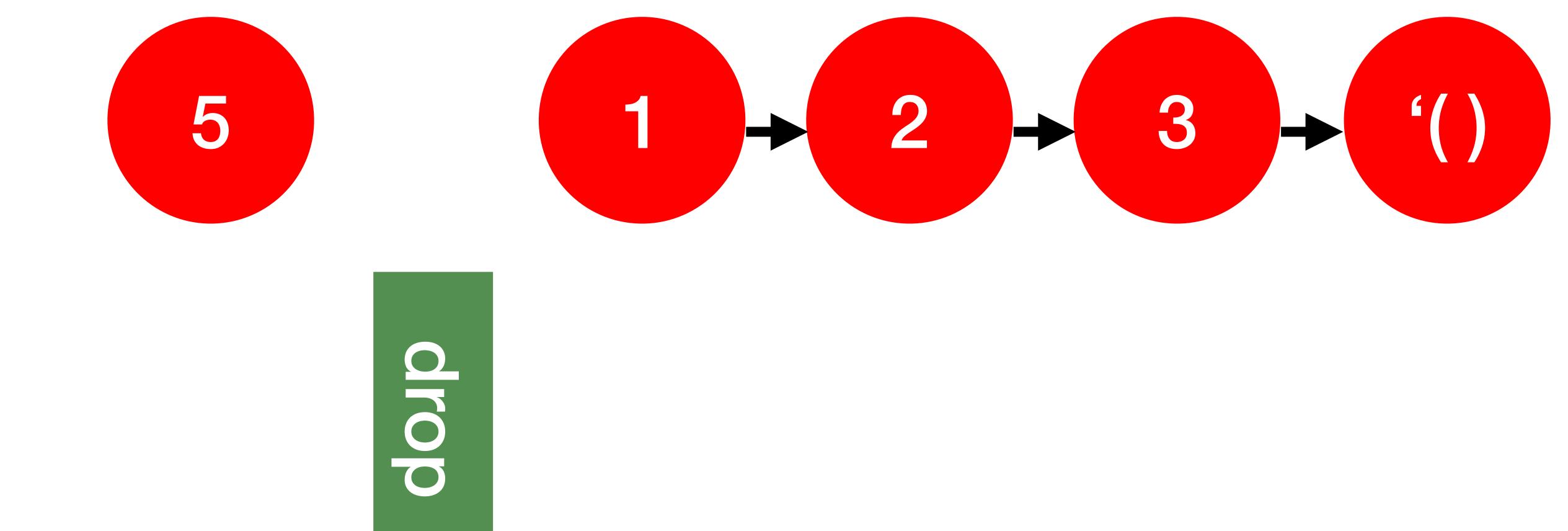


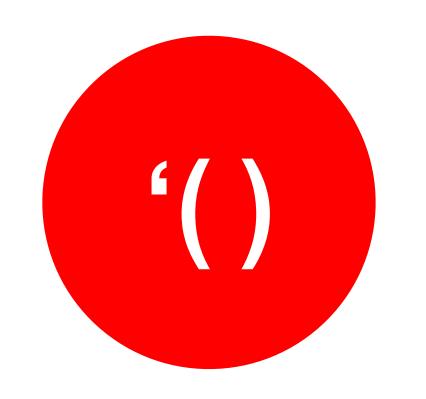
picture











```
; (drop 0 l); l
; (drop 0 '()); '()
; (drop n '()); '()
; (drop \ n \ l \ of size \ n + m); l \ of size \ m
; (drop n l of size < n); '()
```



```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



```
(define (drop n l)
 (cond
    [(zero?n)]
    [(empty? l) '()]
    else
     (drop (sub1 n)
           (rest (1)))))
```



```
(define recusive-process
  '("identify principal"
    "test basis"
    "reduced recursion"
    "combine results"))
```



drop: (n:nat) -> (l:list) -> list

principal	n:nat	l: list
basis	zero?	empty?
reducer	sub1	rest
combine		

```
(define (drop n l)
 (cond
    [(zero?n)]
    [(empty? l) '()]
    else
     (drop (sub1 n)
           (rest (1)))))
```



```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



```
; (drop 0 l); l
(check-expect
 (drop 0 '(1 2 3))
 1(123)
```



```
; (drop 0 '()); '()
(check-satisfied
 (drop 0 '())
empty?)
```



```
; (drop n '()); '()
(check-satisfied
(drop 2 ())
empty?)
```

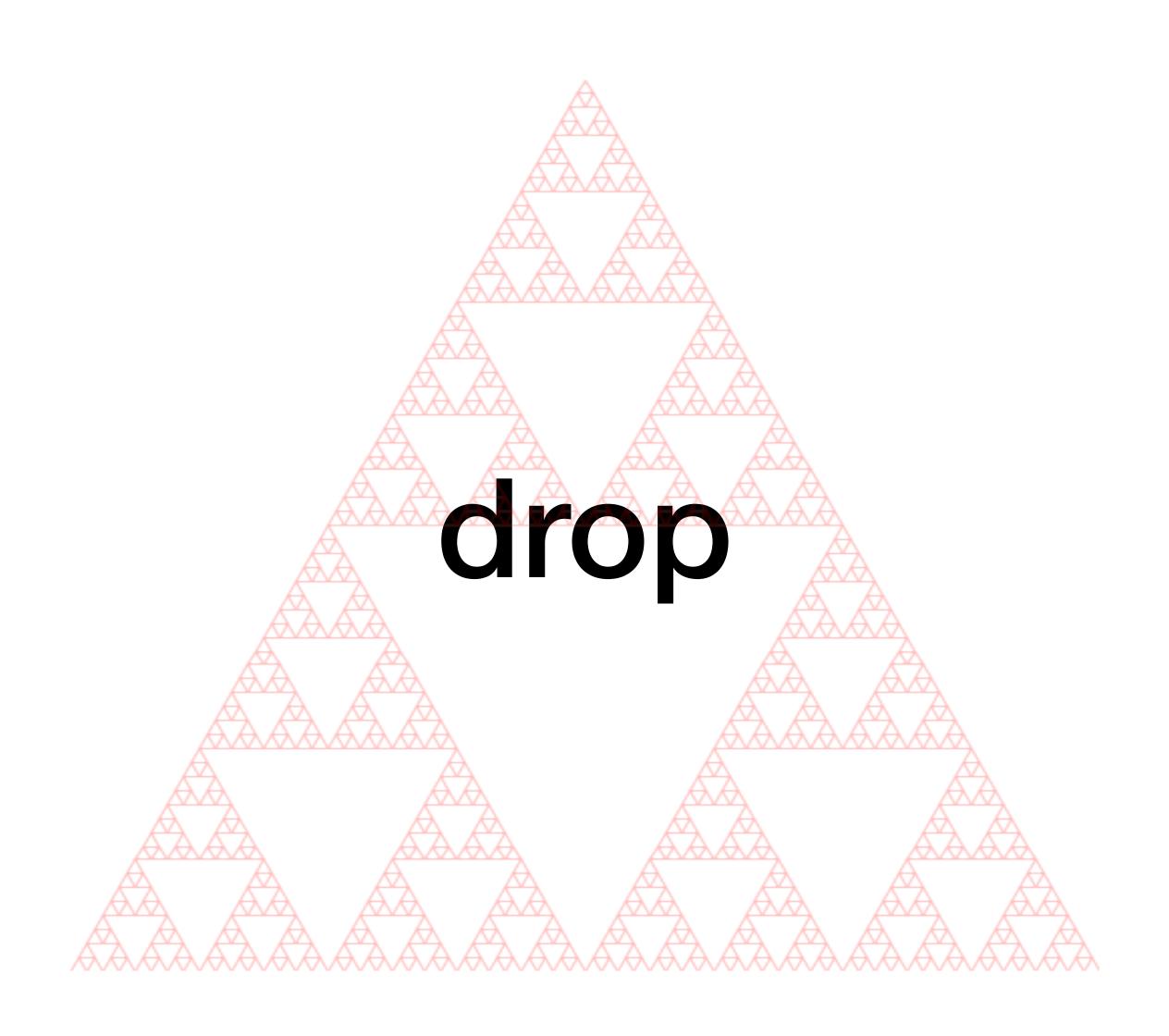


```
; (drop n l of size n + m); l of size m
(check-expect
 (drop 2 '(1 2 3))
 1(3))
```



```
; (drop n l of size < n); ()
(check-satisfied
 (drop 5 '(1 2 3))
empty?)
```





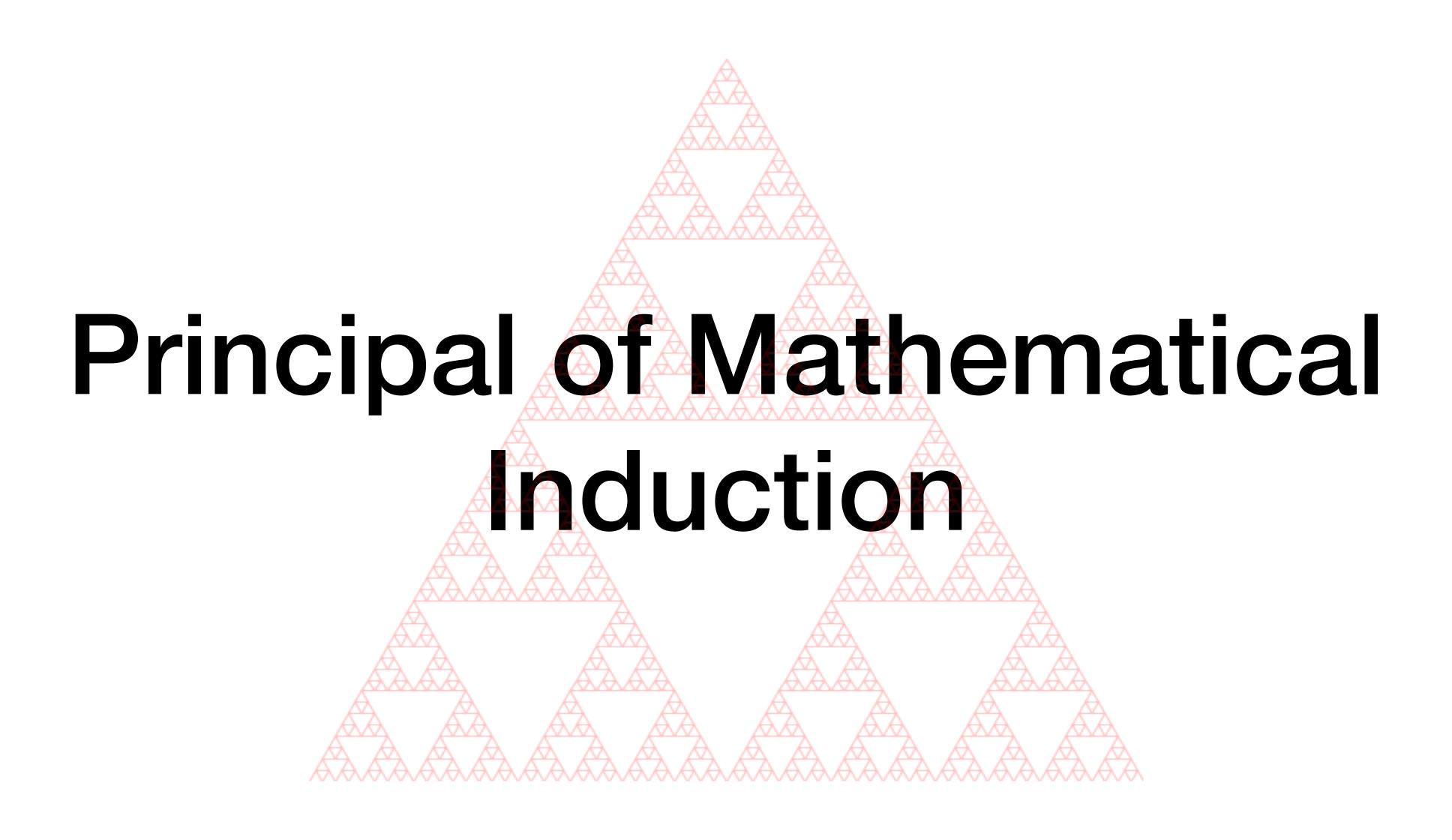
```
(define (drop n l)
 (cond
    [(zero?n)]
    [(empty? l) '()]
    else
     (drop (sub1 n)
           (rest (1)))))
```





```
(define (take n l)
                               (define (drop n l)
                                 (cond
  (cond
    [(zero? n) '()]
                                   [(zero? n) l]
                                   [(empty? l) '()]
    [(empty? l) '()]
                                    [else
    [else
                                   ; combine-solutions
     (cons (first l)
           (take (sub1 n)
                                     (drop (sub1 n)
                  (rest 1)))))))
                                           (rest l))))
```

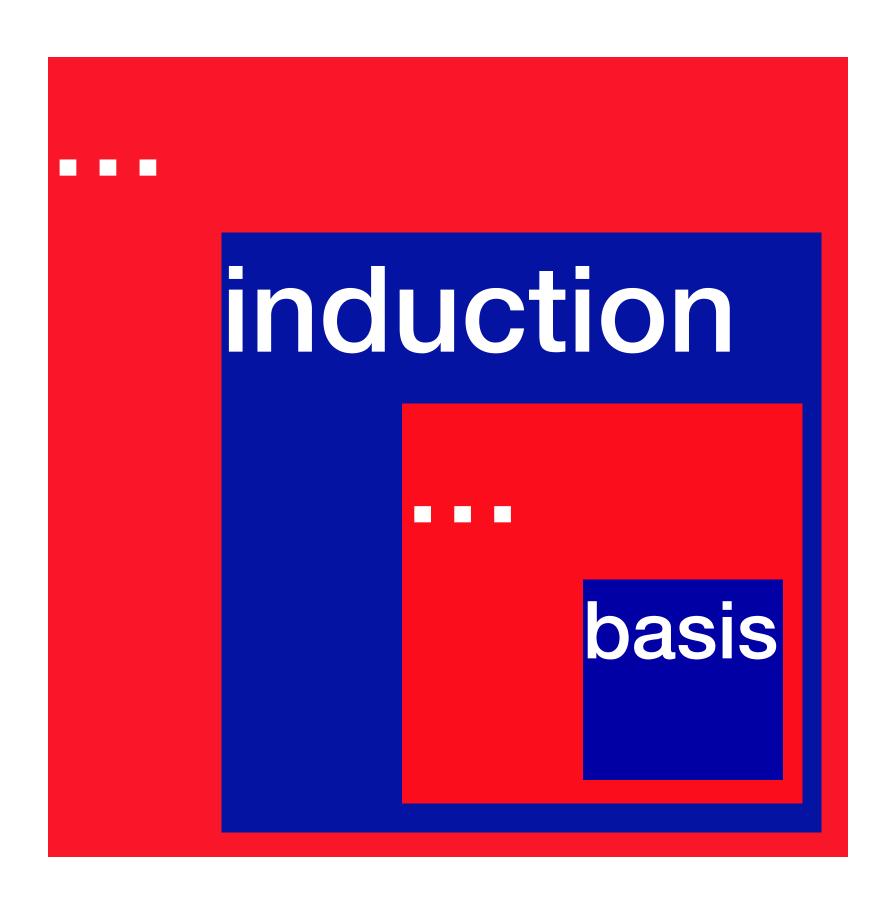


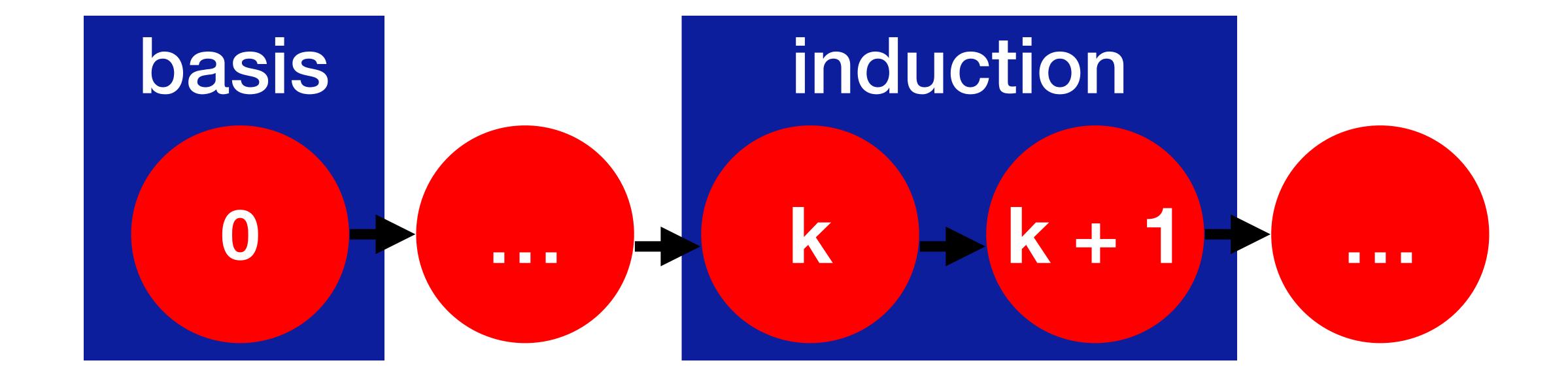


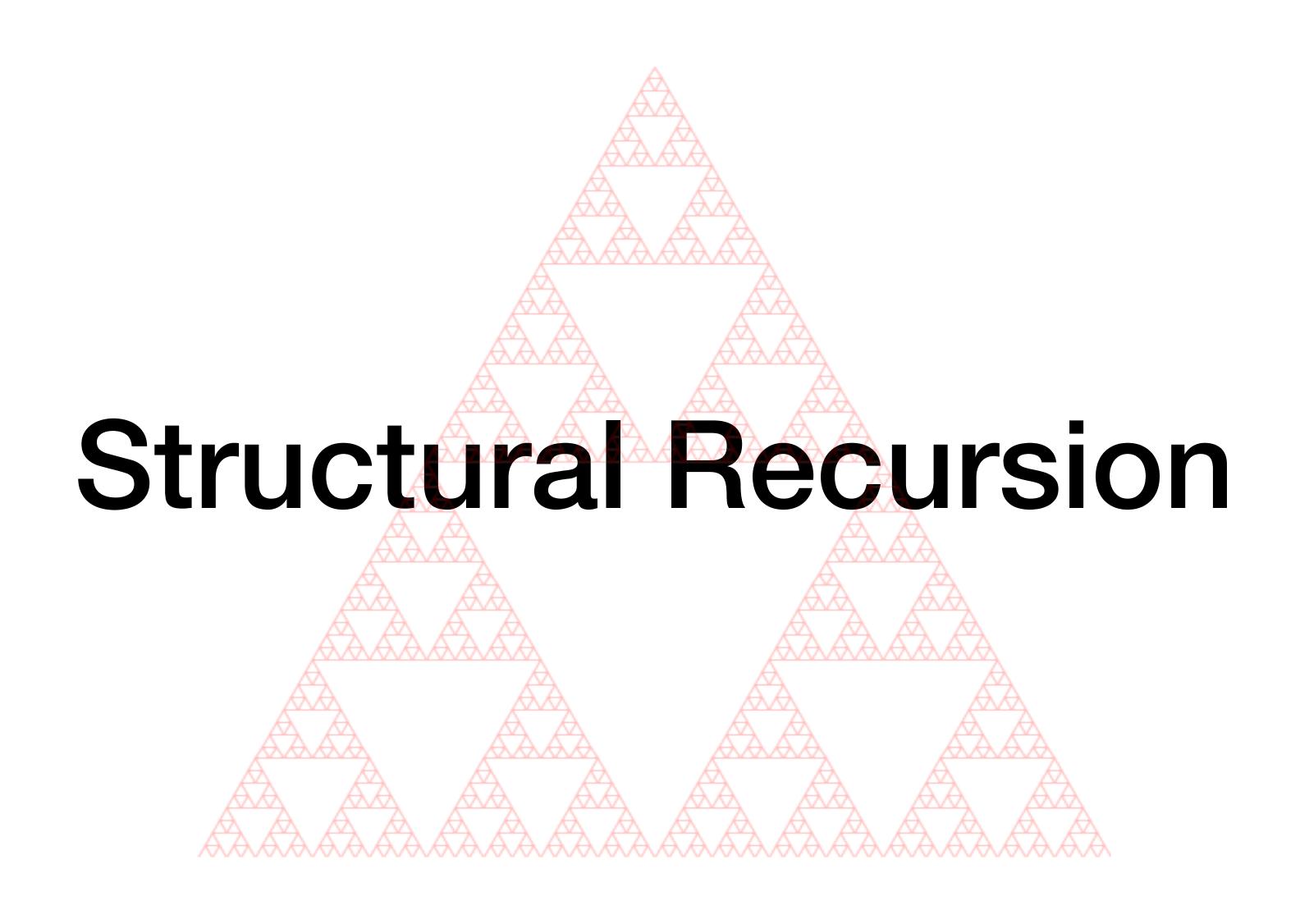
Pholds for all values 0, 1, 2, ... if

basis step: P(0) is true

induction step: P(k) is true => P(k + 1) is also true







```
(define (structural P)
  (cond
    [(basis? P) (solve P)]
    else
     (combine-solutions
       (structural
         (induction P)))))
```



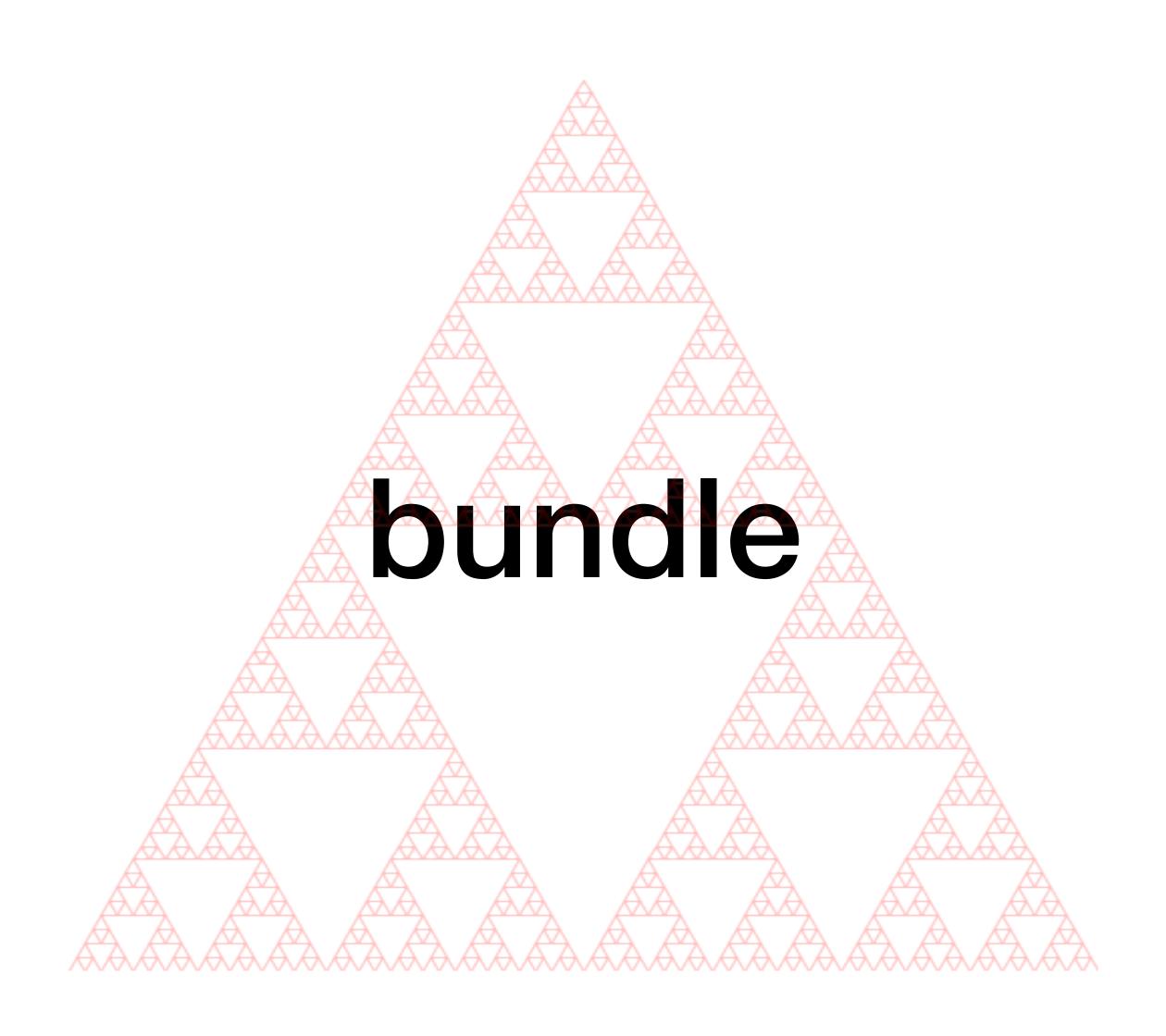


```
(define (take n l)
                               (define (drop n l)
                                 (cond
  (cond
    [(zero? n) '()]
                                   [(zero? n) l]
                                   [(empty? l) '()]
    [(empty? l) '()]
                                    [else
    [else
                                   ; combine-solutions
     (cons (first l)
           (take (sub1 n)
                                     (drop (sub1 n)
                  (rest 1)))))))
                                           (rest l))))
```



```
(define topics
 (make-agenda
  '("Recursive Data Type"
    "Structural Recursion"
    "Genéral Récursion"))
```





```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



given a natural number n and a list yield a list of lists each with each list containing at least n elements

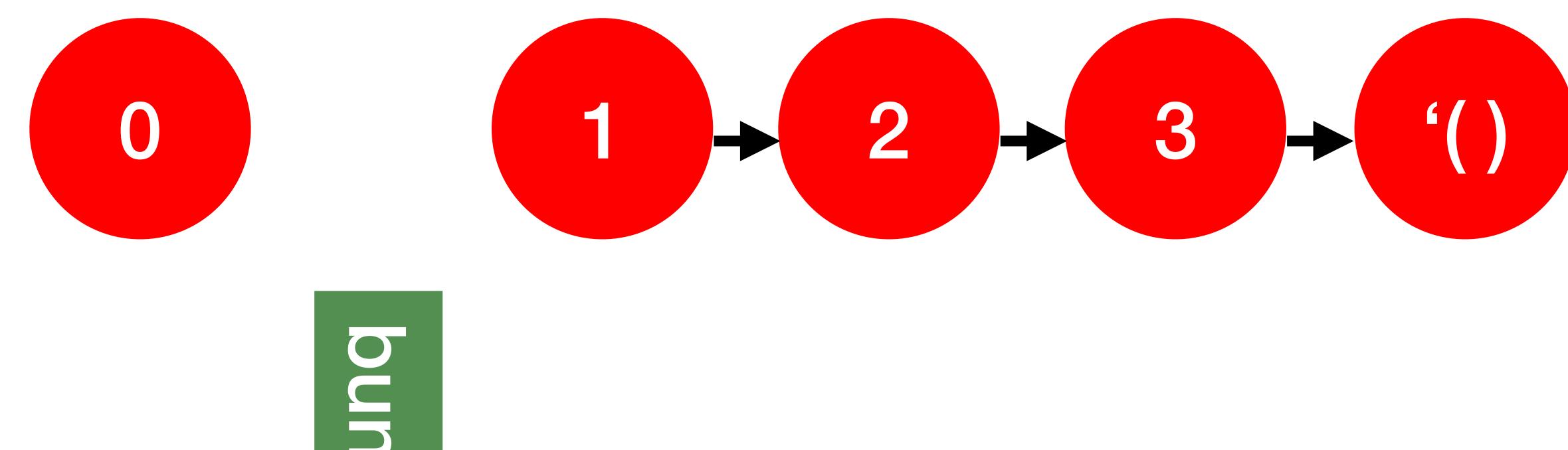
```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```

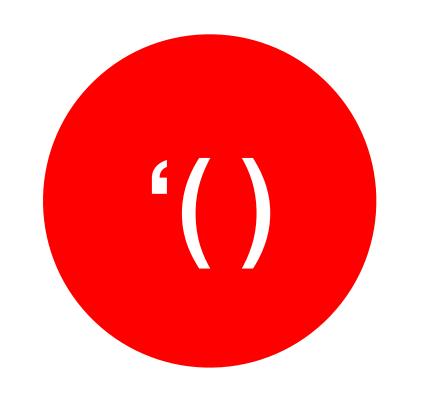


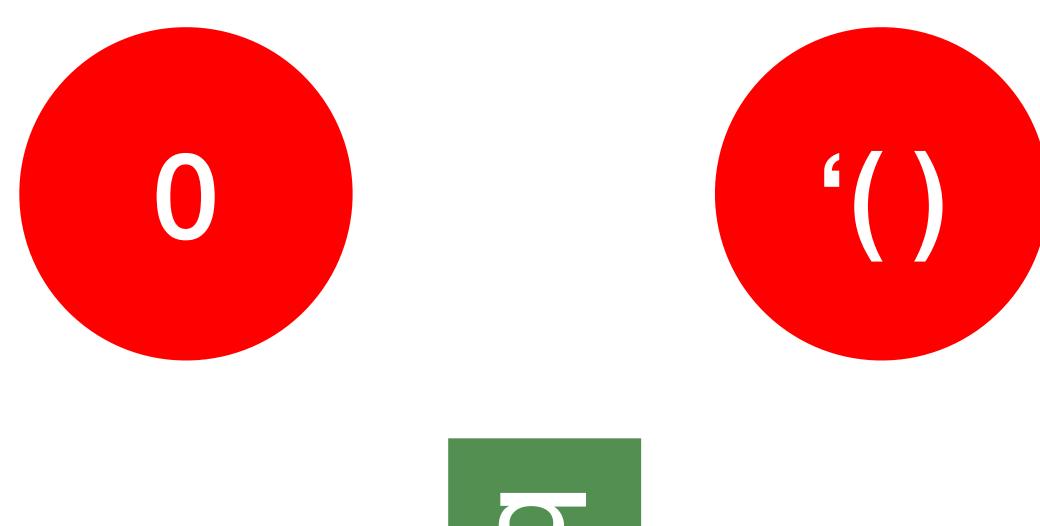
; bundle : nat -> list -> list

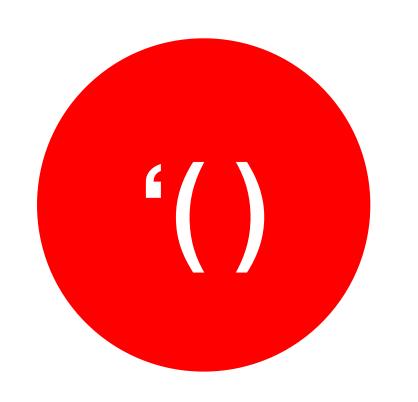
```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```





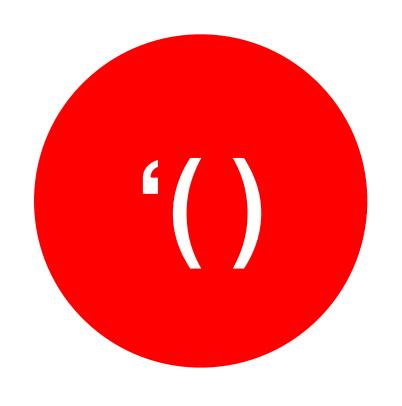


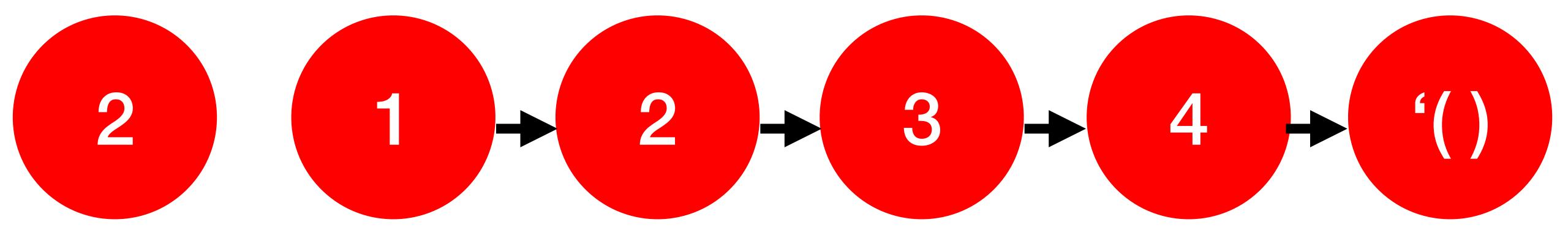




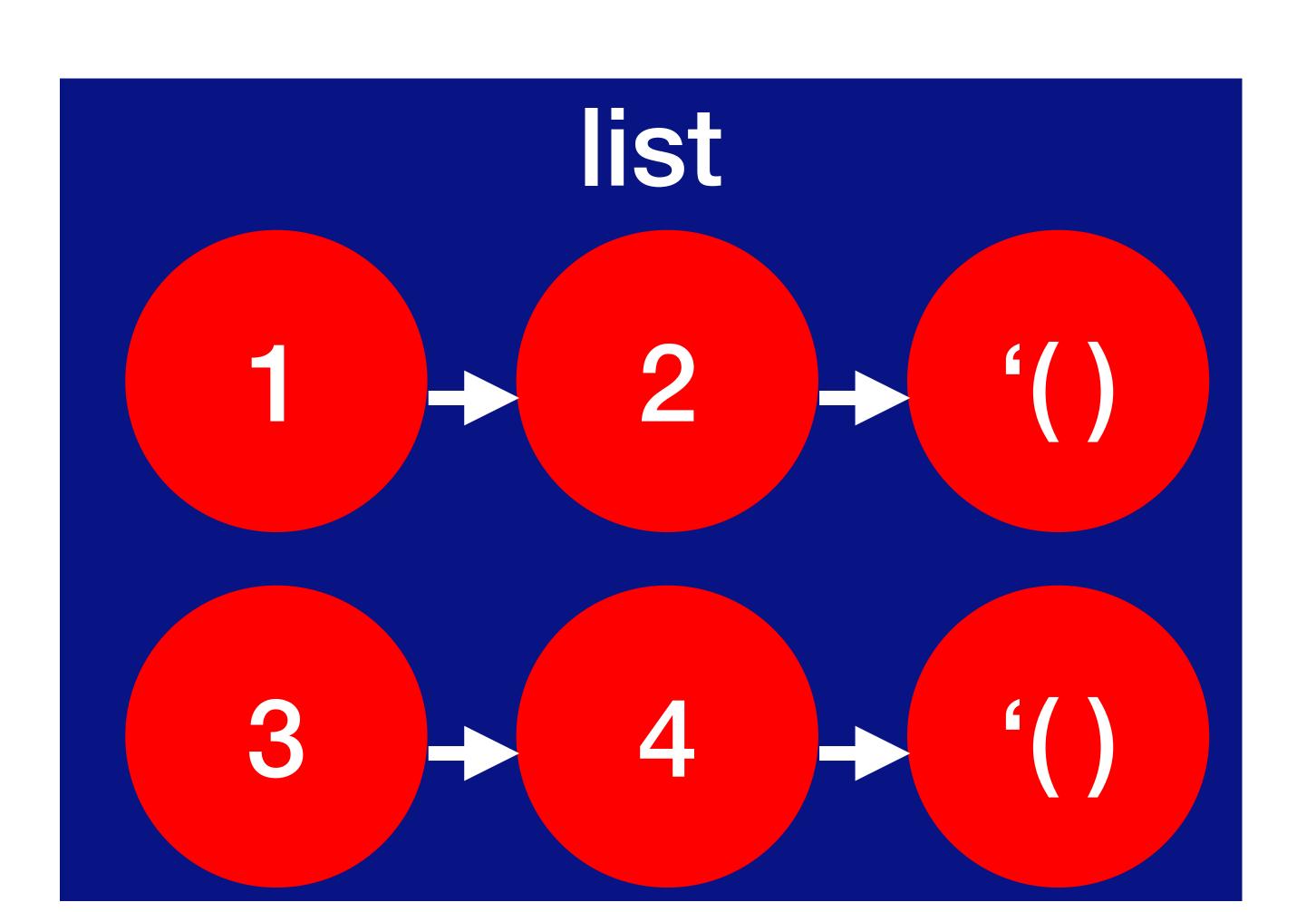




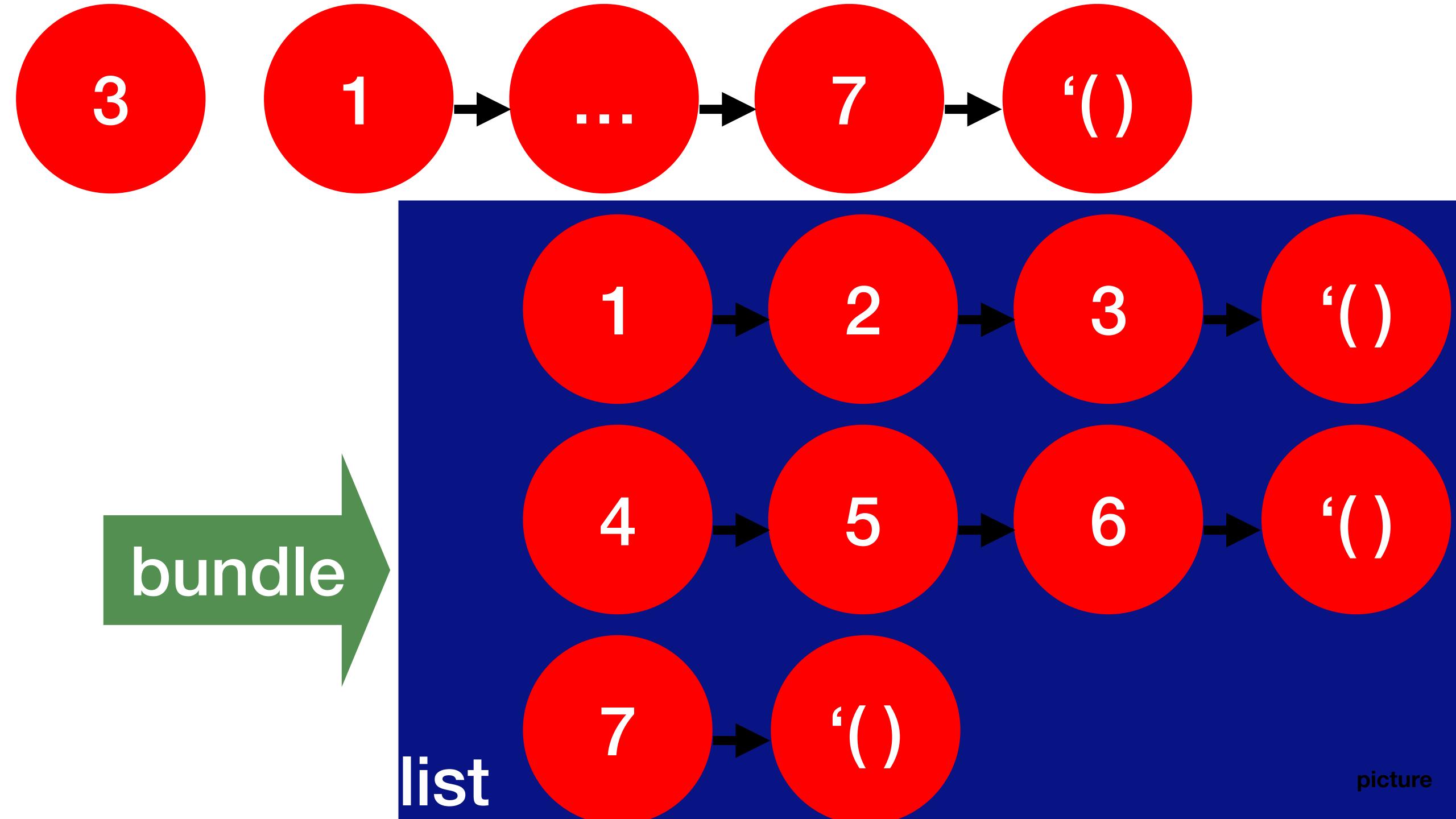




bundle



picture



```
; (bundle 0 l); '()
; (bundle 0 '()); '()
; (bundle n '()); '()
; (bundle n l of size n * m); '(l of size m, ...)
; (bundle n l of size n * m + p)
    ; (l of size m, ..., l of size p)
; (bundle n l of size < n); '(l)
```



```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



```
(define (bundle n l)
  (cond
    [[ (zero? n) '()]
    [(empty? l) '()]
    else
     (cons (take n l)
      (bundle n (drop n l)))))
```



```
(define recusive-process
  '("identify principal"
    "test basis"
    "reduced recursion"
    "combine results"))
```



bundle: (n:nat) -> (I:list) -> list list

principal		I: list	
basis	zero?	empty?	
reducer		take n	
combine		cons	

```
(define (bundle n l)
  (cond
    [[ (zero? n) '()]
    [(empty? l) '()]
    else
     (cons (take n l)
      (bundle n (drop n l)))))
```



```
(define design-steps
  '("problem analysis"
    "function signature"
    "examples"
    "function definition"
    "tests"))
```



```
; (bundle 0 l); '()
(check-satisfied
(bundle 0 '(1 2 3))
empty?)
```



```
; (bundle 0 '()); '()
(check-satisfied
(bundle 0 '())
empty?)
```



```
; (bundle n '()); '()
(check-satisfied
 (bundle 2 '())
empty?)
```



```
; (bundle n l of size n * m); '(l of size m, ...)
(check-expect
 (bundle 2 '(1 2 3 4))
 '((12)(34)))
```

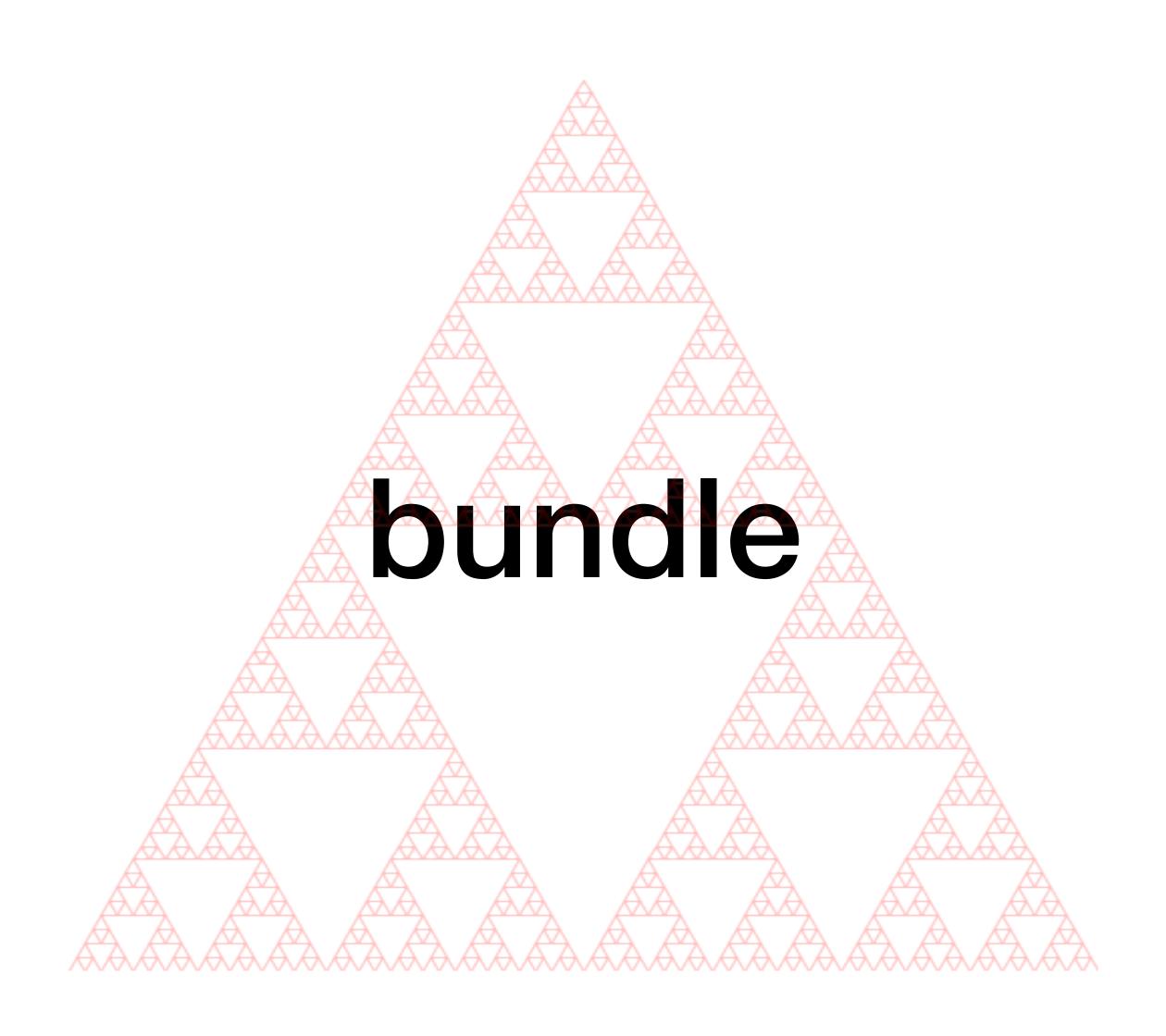


```
; (bundle n l of size n * m + p)
: '(l of size m, ..., l of size p)
(check-expect
 (bundle 3 '(1 2 3 4 5 6 7))
 '((1 2 3) (4 5 6) (7))
```



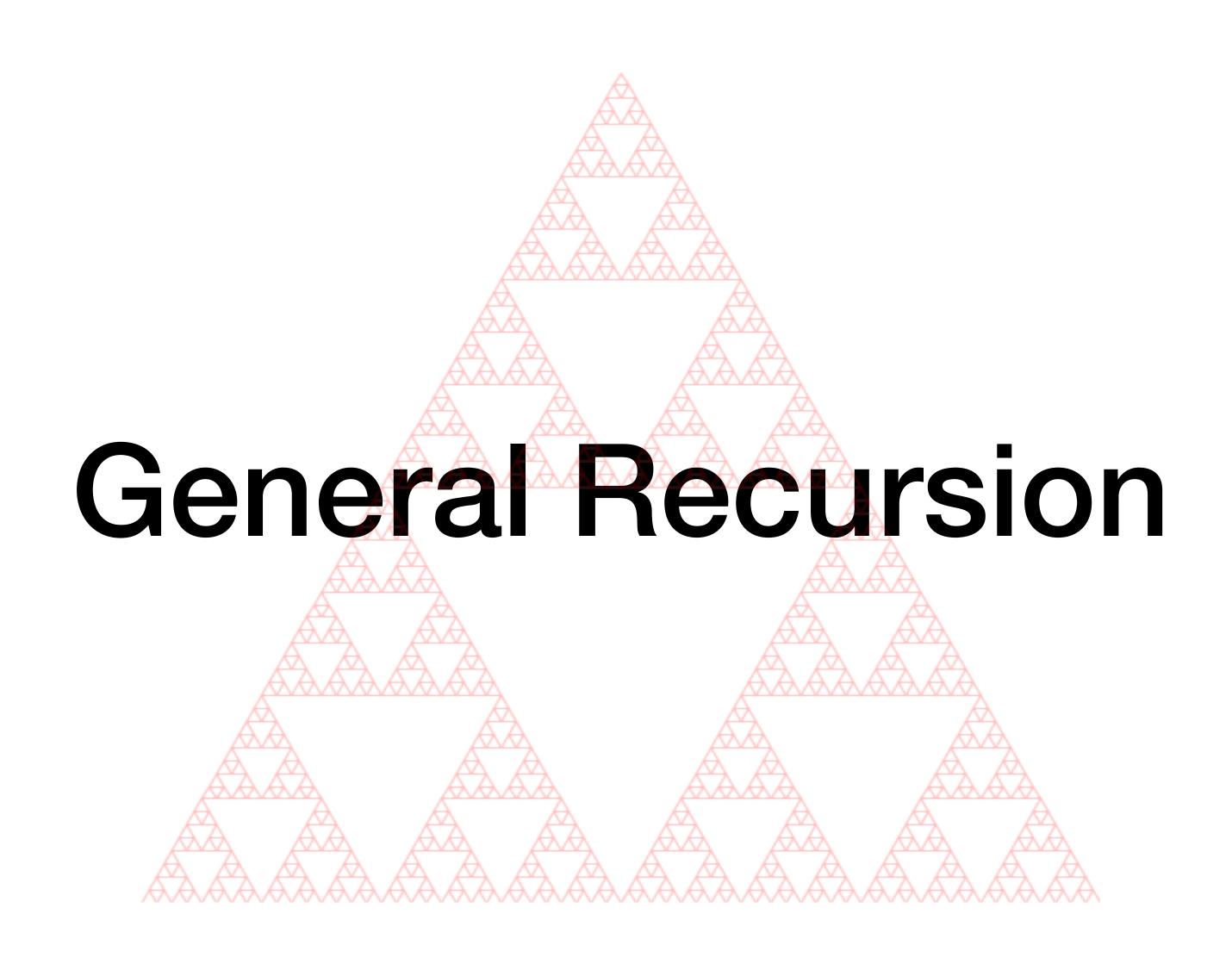
```
; (bundle n l of size < n); '(l)
(check-expect
 (bundle 3 '(1 2))
 1 ( ( 1 2 ) )
```





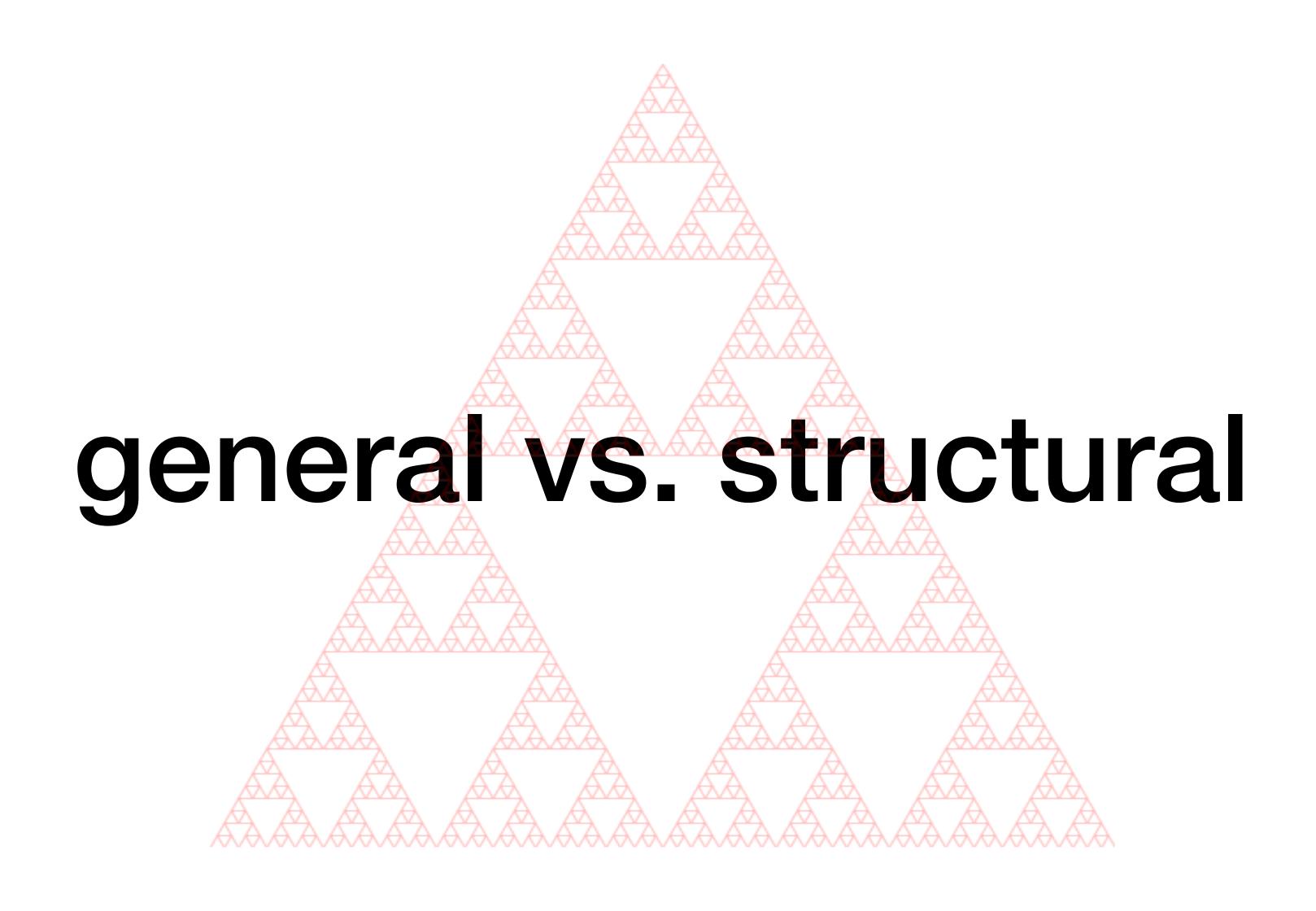
```
(define (bundle n l)
  (cond
    [[ (zero? n) '()]
    [(empty? l) '()]
    else
     (cons (take n l)
      (bundle n (drop n l)))))
```





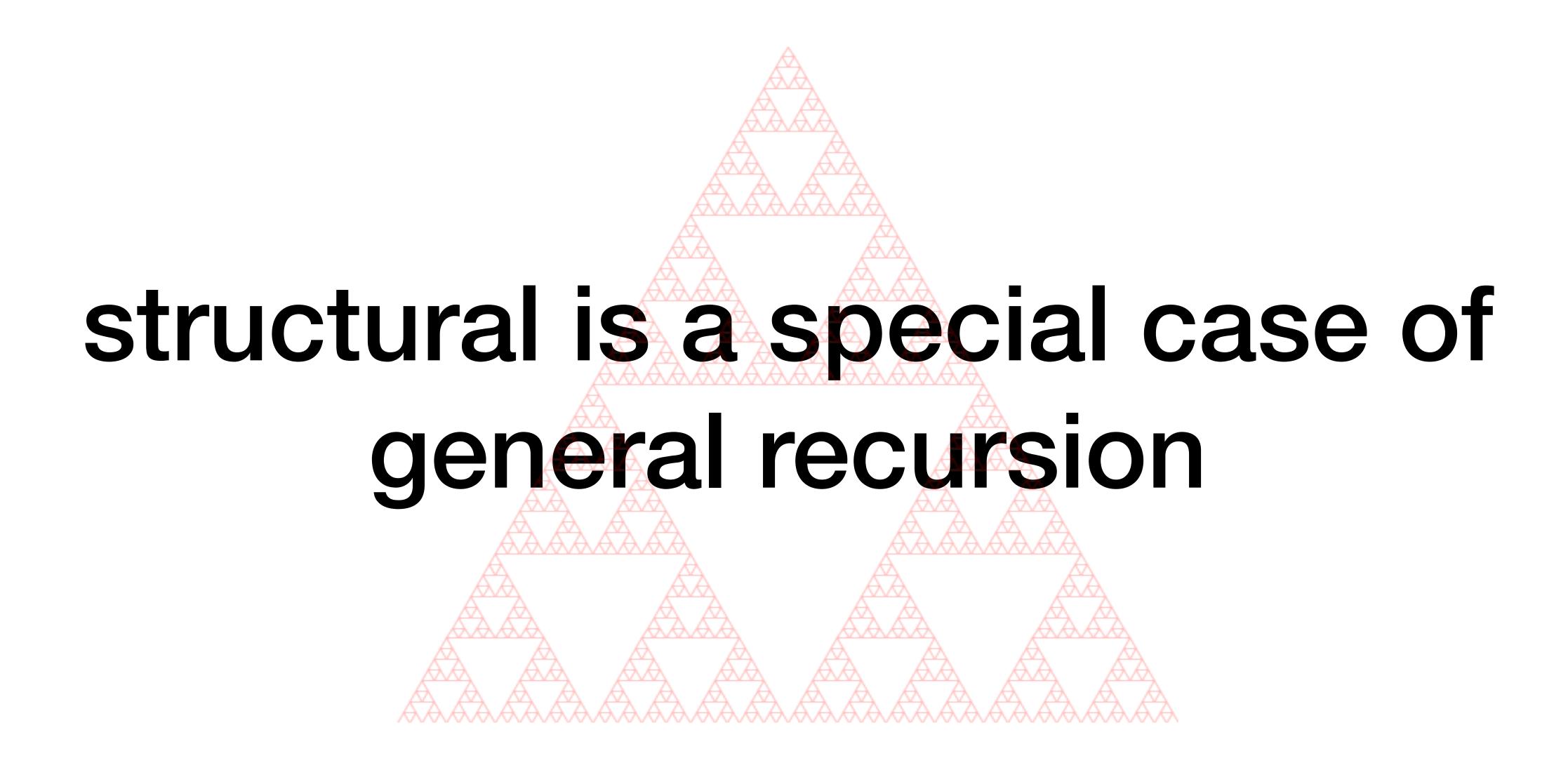
```
(define (general P)
  (cond
    [(trivial? P) (solve P)]
    else
     (combine-solutions
       (general
         (generate P))))))
```





```
(define (general P)
                          (define (structural P)
  (cond
                            (cond
    [(trivial? P) (solve P)] [(basis? P) (solve P)]
    else
                              Telse
     (combine-solutions
                               (combine-solutions
       (general
                                 (structural
                                   (induction P)))))
         (generate P)))))
```





```
(define topics
 (make-agenda
  ' ("Recursive Data Type"
    "Structural Recursion"
    "General Recursion")))
```



Things to Consider

- How would we write a tail call version of plus, take, and bundle?
- What would these examples look like in a strongly typed language?
- How did we get around not having to use the Y combinator or a fix point constructor?

Further Readings

- How to Design Programs 2nd edition by Matthias Felleisen et. al. https://htdp.org/2018-01-06/Book/
- An Introduction to Functional Programming Through Lambda Calculus by Greg Michaelson http://store.doverpublications.com/0486478831.html
- Type-Driven Development with Idris by Edwin Brady https://www.manning.com/books/type-driven-development-with-idris
- Coq'Art: The Calculus of Inductive Constructions by Yves Bertot and Pierre Castéran https://www.springer.com/us/book/9783540208549

```
(define programmer-recursive joke
  (make-joke
   "Why did the programmer run out of shampoo?"
   "The instructions said: lather, rinse, repeat."))
```



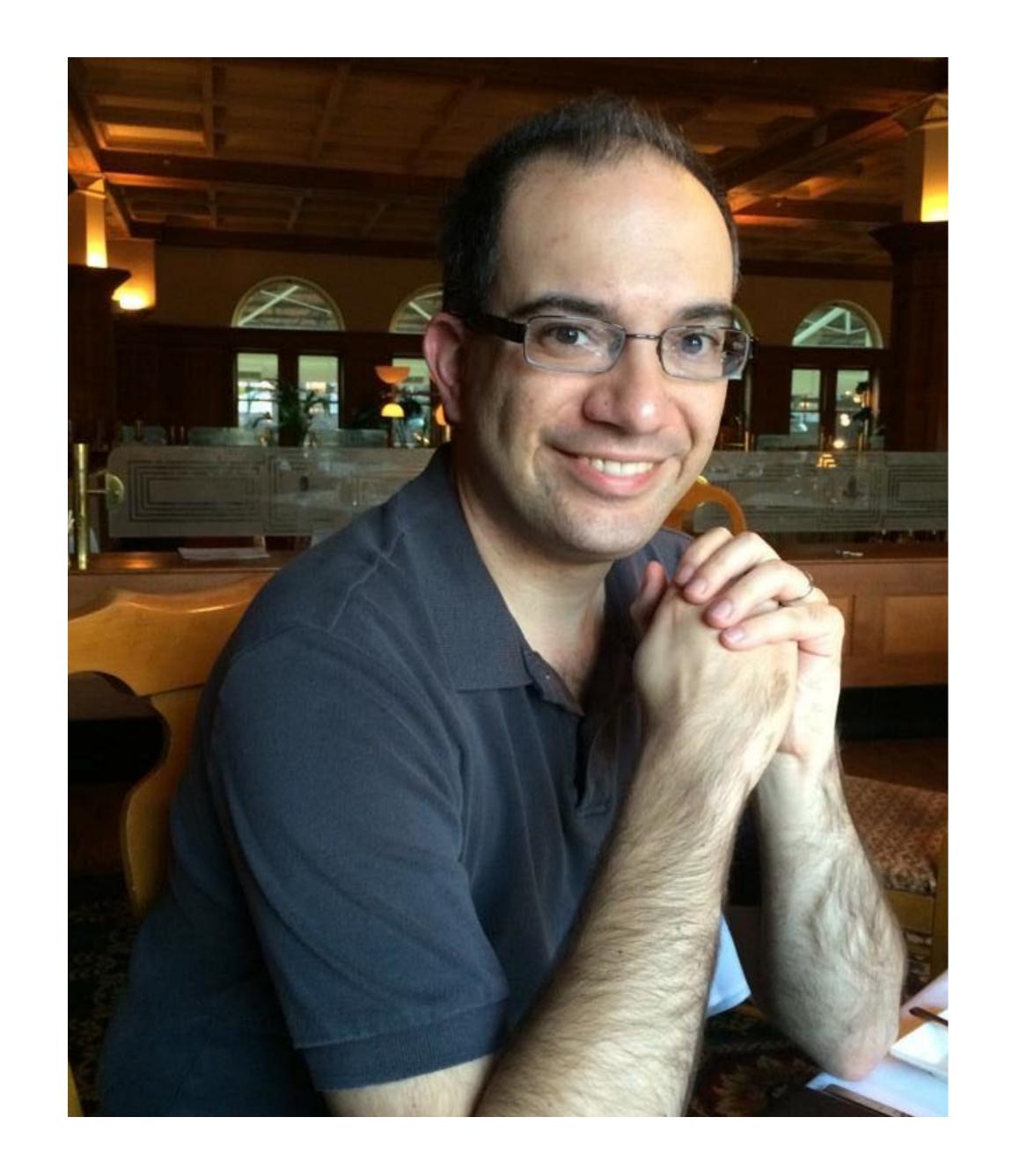


Thank you

Mike Harris

Recursion -Lather. Rinse. Repeat. https://bit.ly/2qjVHU0

AAAA@MikeMKHAAAAA



Source

• examples and slides: https://github.com/MikeMKH/talks/tree/master/recursion-lather-rinse-repeat

lmages

- Racket logo: by Matthias.f at en.wikipedia, CC BY-SA 3.0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=14868979
- Self: taken by Kelsey Harris at StrangeLoop

appendix (plus 1 2) expanded using DrRacket

```
(define (plus a b)
(define (plus a b)
  (cond
                                        (cond
                                         ((zero? a) b)
   ((zero? a) b)
   (else
                                         (else
                                          (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b))))
    (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b))))
(plus 1 2)
                                      (cond
                                       ((zero? 1) 2)
                                       (else
                                        (add1 (plus (sub1 1) 2))))
```

```
(define (plus a b)
                                       (define (plus a b)
  (cond
                                         (cond
   ((zero? a) b)
                                          ((zero? a) b)
                                          (else
   (else
                                          (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b))))
    (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b))))
(cond
                                      (cond
 ((zero? 1) 2)
                                        (#false 2)
 (else
                                        (else
  (add1 (plus (sub1 1) 2))))
                                         (add1 (plus (sub1 1) 2))))
```

```
(define (plus a b)
  (cond
    ((zero? a) b)
    (else
        (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b))))) 

(cond
  (#false 2)
  (else
        (add1 (plus (sub1 1) 2))))
```

```
(define (plus a b)
  (cond
      ((zero? a) b)
      (else
          (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b)))))
(cond
  (else
      (add1 (plus (sub1 1) 2))))
```

```
(define (plus a b)
    (cond
          ((zero? a) b)
          (else
                (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b)))))
(add1 (plus (sub1 1) 2))
```

```
(define (plus a b)
  (cond
    ((zero? a) b)
    (else
        (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b)))))
(add1 (plus (sub1 1) 2))
    (define (plus a b)
        (cond
        ((zero? a) b)
        (else
        (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b)))))
(add1 (plus (sub1 a) b)))))
```

```
(define (plus a b)
   (cond
        ((zero? a) b)
        (else
              (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b)))))
(add1 (plus 0 2)
```

```
(define (plus a b)
  (cond
   ((zero? a) b)
   (else
    (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b))))
(add1
(cond
 ((zero? 0) 2)
  (else
   (add1 (plus (sub1 0) 2))))
```

```
(define (plus a b)
                                      (define (plus a b)
 (cond
                                        (cond
                                         ((zero? a) b)
  ((zero? a) b)
  (else
                                         (else
   (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b))))
                                          (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b))))
                                      (add1
(add1
                                       (cond
(cond
 ((zero? 0) 2)
                                        (#true 2)
 (else
                                        (else
  (add1 (plus (sub1 0) 2))))
                                         (add1 (plus (sub1 0) 2))))
```

```
(define (plus a b)
  (cond
   ((zero? a) b)
   (else
    (add1 (plus (sub1 a) b))))
(add1
(cond
  (#true 2)
  (else
   (add1 (plus (sub1 0) 2))))
```