

Error formula for Composite NC Quadrature

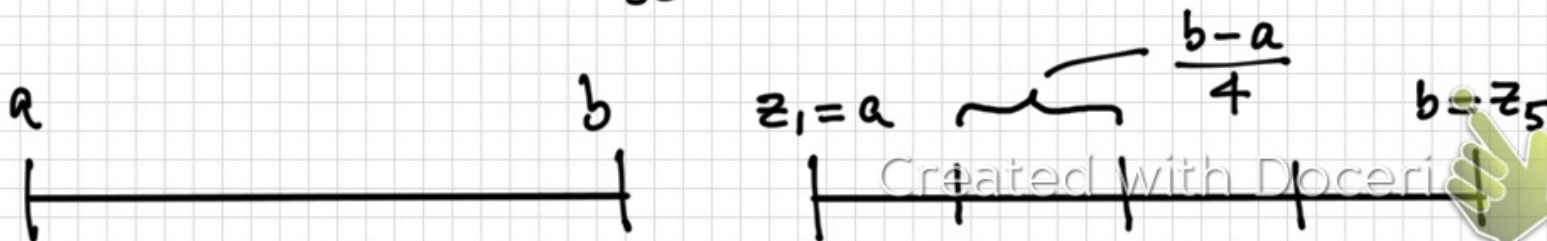
Recall $\left| \int_a^b f(x) dx - Q_{NC(m)} \right| \leq |C_m| M_{d+1} \left(\frac{b-a}{m-1} \right)^{d+2}$

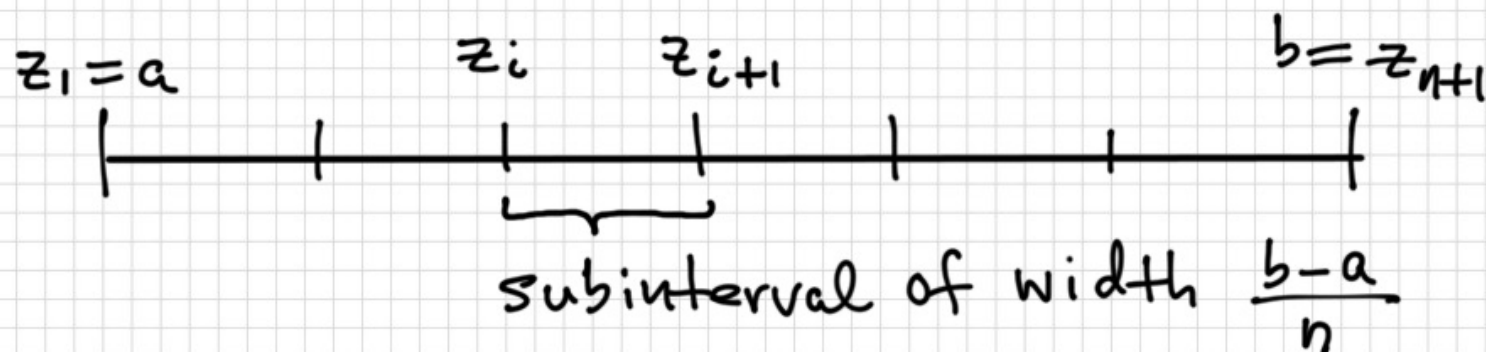
quad3

$$\frac{1}{12} M_2 (b-a)^3 \quad \text{for } m=2$$

$$\frac{1}{90} M_4 \left(\frac{b-a}{2} \right)^5 \quad \text{for } m=3$$

$$\frac{3}{80} M_4 \left(\frac{b-a}{3} \right)^5 \quad \text{for } m=4$$





If we apply $\Phi_{NC(m)}$ over $[z_i, z_{i+1}]$ we get

$$\left| \int_{z_i}^{z_{i+1}} f(x) dx - \Phi_{NC(m)} \right| \leq |C_m| \underbrace{M_{d+1}^{(i)}}_{\text{bound on } |f^{(d+1)}(x)| \text{ over } [z_i, z_{i+1}]} \left(\frac{b-a}{n(m-1)} \right)^{d+2}$$

$$\therefore \left| \int_a^b f(x) dx - \Phi_{NC(m)}^{(n)} \right| \leq |C_m| M_{d+1} \left(\frac{b-a}{n-1} \right)^{d+2} \frac{n}{n^{d+2}}$$

Error formula

$$\left| \int_a^b f(x) dx - \Phi_{NC(n)}^{(n)} \right| \leq |C_n| M_{d+1} \left(\frac{b-a}{n-1} \right)^{d+2} \frac{1}{n^{d+1}}$$

Error for Simpson rule:

$$\left| \int_a^b f(x) dx - \Phi_{NC(3)} \right| \leq \frac{1}{90} M_4 \left(\frac{b-a}{2} \right)^5$$

Error for Simpson $\frac{3}{8}$ rule:

$$\frac{1}{25920} = \frac{1}{2880}$$

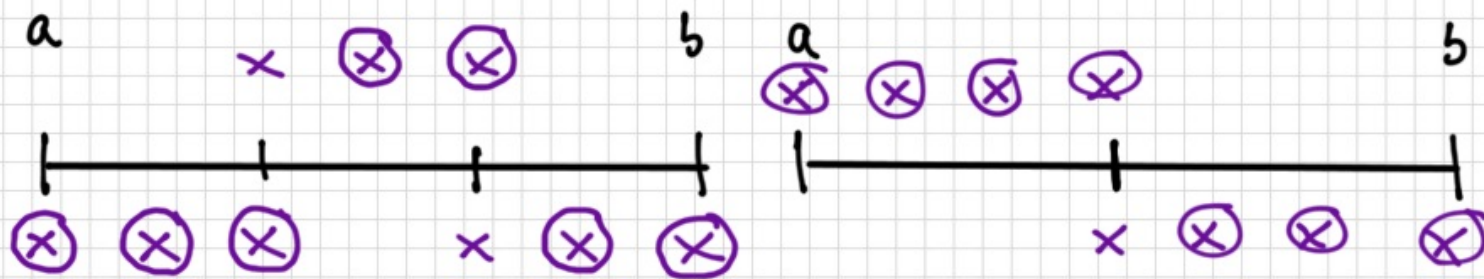
$$\frac{1}{34560} = \frac{1}{6480}$$

$$\left| \int_a^b f(x) dx - \Phi_{NC(4)} \right| \leq \frac{3}{80} M_4 \left(\frac{b-a}{3} \right)^5$$



So $\Phi_{NC}(4)$ more accurate than $\Phi_{NC}(3)$.

But proper comparison is $\Phi_{NC(3)}^{(3)}$ and $\Phi_{NC(4)}^{(2)}$



Both require 7 function evaluations

Errors: for $\Phi_{NC(3)}^{(3)} \propto \frac{1}{2880} \frac{1}{3^4} = \frac{1}{233280}$

for $\Phi_{NC(4)}^{(2)} \propto \frac{1}{6480} \frac{1}{2^4} = \frac{1}{103680}$