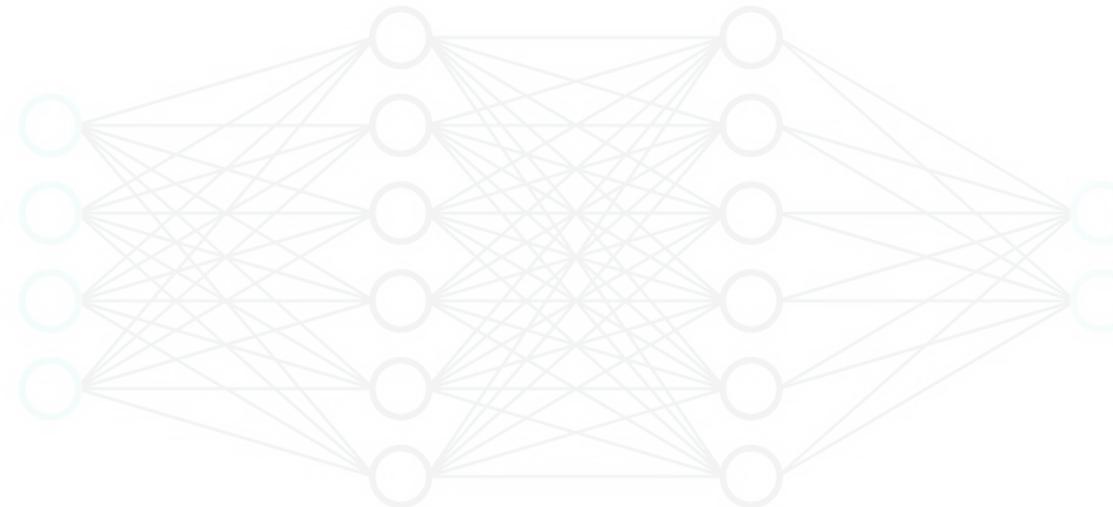


# RISE Crash Course: "Practical Basics of LLMs over APIs"

Sorin Marti, Lea Kasper (RISE & EIB), 05.03.2025



# Who is Research and Infrastructure Support (RISE)?



*"We support researchers in the humanities and social sciences at the University of Basel in the conception of computer-based research, the creation, analysis and user-oriented presentation of digital data, as well as in sustainable and open methods of data dissemination."*

# Agenda

## 1. Prepare

- a. Conceptualize a workflow → What data will be processed how in which steps?
- b. Test your prompt and source material → Does it work in a browser?
- c. Choose a Provider, Get API Access → Which provider is best for your needs?
- d. Manage/Calculate Cost → How can you limit and control costs?

## 2. Use the APIs

- a. Write requests and pass context → How to write a simple python script which does X requests?
- b. Extended options/features → How do I set token limits, temperature, etc.?

## 3. Save output for further use

- a. Output formatting → How do I tell the LLM to format output data?
- b. Saving to data structures → How to save the LLMs outputs to files?

## 4. Discussion

# Course Materials

- All examples, scripts and the slides are available in a GitHub repository and over Zenodo.
- There is a step-by-step tutorial on how to try the example by yourself or adapt it for your own research.
- You will have to create your own API keys in order to use the examples. Be aware that all prices and ratios mentioned in this presentation are changing constantly.

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page for 'crash-course-practical-basics-of-AI-over-API'. The repository is public and has 1 watch, 0 forks, and 0 stars. It contains 10 commits from 'sorinmarti' over the last week, with files like README.md, .github/workflows, answers, image\_data, scripts, .gitignore, LICENSE, README.md, RISE-CC-Slides-LLM-over-API..., and requirements.txt. The repository has a 'README' file and an 'MIT license'. It also includes a 'Crash Course: Practical Basics of AI over API' section with links to PyLint, Python 3.10, Python 3.11, and a DOI. The Languages section shows Python at 100.0%.

RISE-UNIBAS / crash-course-practical-basics-of-AI-over-API

Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

crash-course-practical-basics-... Public Edit Pins Watch 1 Fork 0 Star 0

main Go to file + <> Code About

No description, website, or topics provided.

Readme MIT license Activity Custom properties 0 stars 1 watching 0 forks Report repository

Releases 2 tags Create a new release

Packages No packages published Publish your first package

Languages Python 100.0%

Crash Course: Practical Basics of AI over API

PyLint passing Python 3.10 Python 3.11 DOI 10.5281/zenodo.1390024

This repository contains the code for the Crash Course: Practical Basics of AI over API. More information about our courses can be found on the [RISE website](#).

# Agenda

## 1. Prepare

- a. Conceptualize a workflow → What data will be processed how in which steps?
- b. Test your prompt and source material → Does it work in a browser?
- c. Choose a Provider, Get API Access → Which provider is best for your needs?
- d. Manage/Calculate Cost → How can you limit and control costs?

## 2. Use the APIs

- a. Write requests and pass context → How to write a simple python script which does X requests?
- b. Extended options/features → How do I set token limits, temperature, etc.?

## 3. Save output for further use

- a. Output formatting → How do I tell the LLM to format output data?
- b. Saving to data structures → How to save the LLMs outputs to files?

## 4. Discussion

# Example Data

- Source: *Index of Swiss agents representing United Kingdom firms* published by the British Chamber of Commerce for Switzerland in 1951
- Well formatted list-entries in three sections: A,B,C.  
A: British Firms, B: Swiss Firms, C: Goods Categories
- Identifiers at the end of the line: connections to other firms or goods categories
- This data forms a network

<https://doi.org/10.7891/e-manuscripta-136029>

1. Abbott, Anderson & Abbott Ltd., Harpenden, Herts. B 203, C 602.
2. Abdulla & Co. Ltd., London E 1. B 515, C 1446.
3. Aberdare Cables Ltd., London WC 1. B 397, C 168, 490, 491.
4. Aberdeen & Commonwealth Line, London EC 3. B 377, C 1457.
5. Abietsan Manufacturing Co. Ltd., London SE 25. B 536, C 952.
6. Abril Corp. (Gt. Britain) Ltd., Bridgend, Glam. B 433, C 1003.
7. Abwood Tool & Engineering Co. Ltd., Dartford, Kent. B 643, C 215.
8. A. C.-Sphinx Sparking Plug Co. Ltd., Dunstable, Beds. B 272, C 601.
9. Accles & Pollock Ltd., Oldbury, Birmingham. B 158, C 133, C 135; B 234, C 1399; B 701, C 1387.
10. Acheson Colloids Ltd., London SW 1. B 650, C 72.
11. Ackermann (Simon) Ltd., Crewe. B 275, C 1154.
12. Ackroyd Bros. Ltd., Bradford. B 248, C 1079, 1080, 1081, 1082.
- 12a. Acme Transport Co. Ltd., London EC 1. B 288, C 1458.
13. Acme Wringers Ltd., Glasgow. B 781, C 1329.
14. Acton Bolt Ltd., London NW 10. B 99, C 755.
15. Adams (Thomas) Ltd., Nottingham. B 125, C 1149.
16. Adams (W. J.) & Co. Ltd., Manchester. B 452, C 1143, 1225.
- 17. Adamson (Daniel) & Co. Ltd., Dukinfield. B 663, C 122.
18. Adastral (Glenny & Hartley) Ltd., London SE 1. B 275, C 1155.
19. Addalloy Metal Co. Ltd., Sheffield. B 281, C 151, 158, 159, 261.
20. Adeps Lanae Ltd., Bradford. B 140, C 73.
21. Adrema Ltd., London W 3. B 108, C 1050.
22. Aero Research Ltd., Duxford, Cambridge. B 146, C 823.
23. Aerograph Co. Ltd., London SE 26. B 676, C 477.
24. A. F. N. Ltd., Isleworth, Middx. B 183, C 562.
25. Ainsworth & Sons Ltd., Cleator. B 783, C 1097.
26. Air Service Training Ltd., Hamble, Southampton. B 35, C 641.
27. Ainsworth & Sons Ltd., Cleator. B 783, C 1097.

# Conceptualize a Workflow

- What data do you have?

*“197 jpg images of a printed book. They contain lists of members of a chamber of commerce. Some of the images are not part of the list but are advertisements and such. The book is in English, it is from 1951”.*

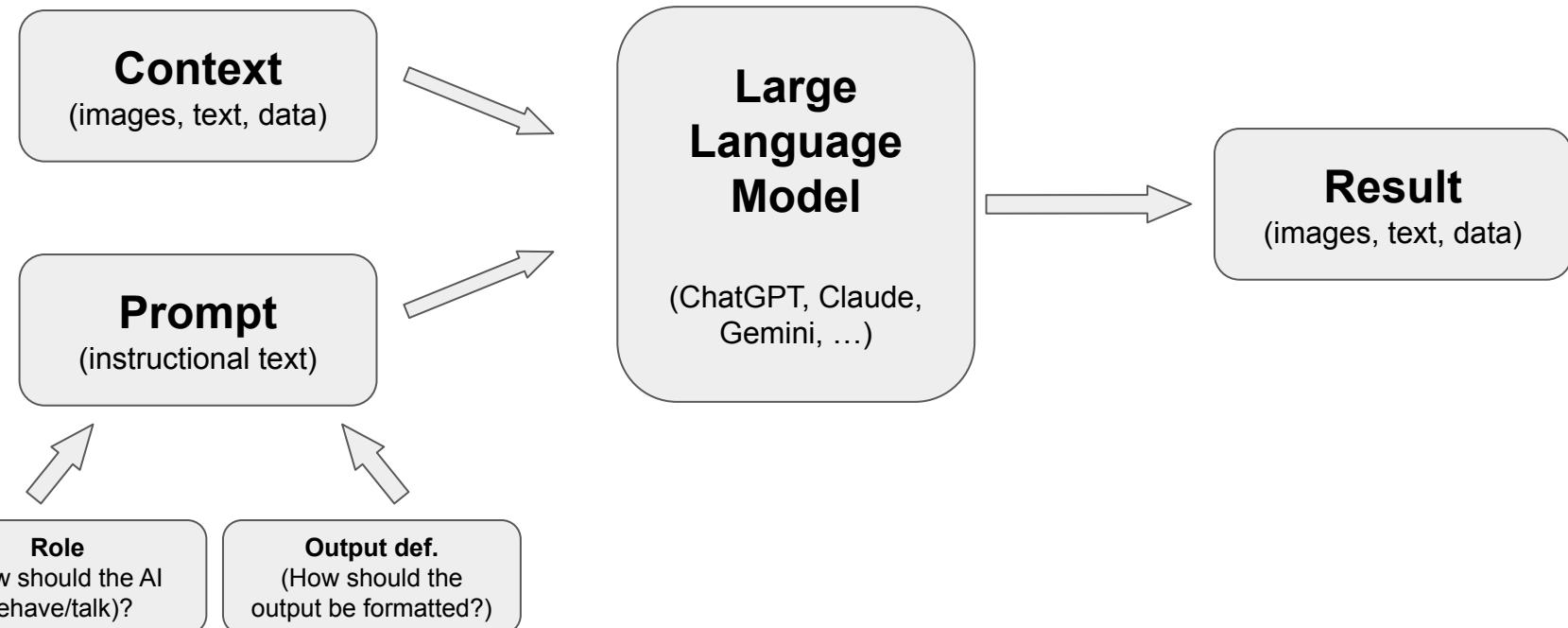
- What information do you want to extract from this data?

*“Identifiers, Company names, Location names, Network information.”*

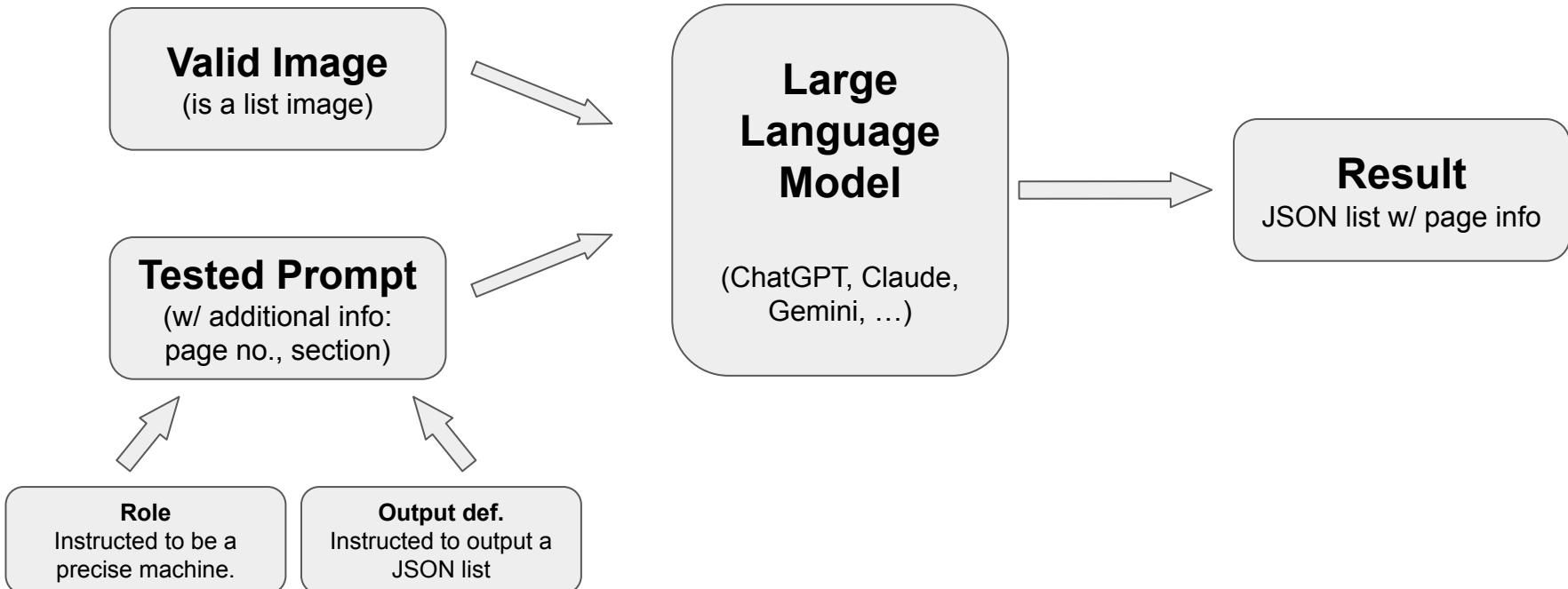
- How should a response be structured?

*“A list of standardized JSON entries to create networks from.”*

# Parts of an LLM request

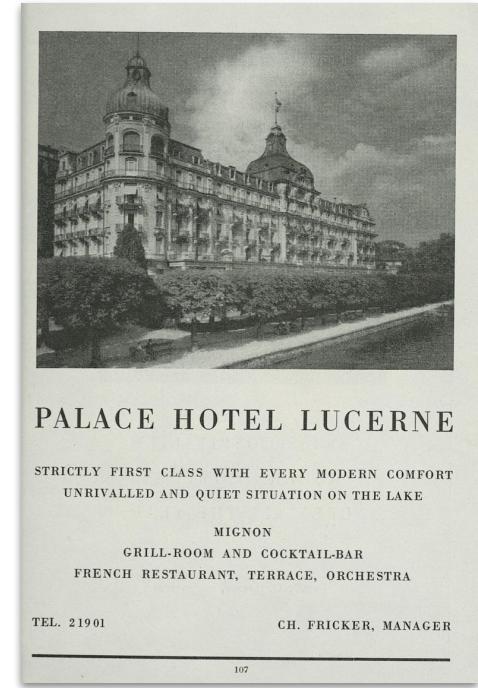


# Example LLM request



# Revisit the Workflow: Tasks

- Download all the images from e-manuscripta
- Sort out images which are not part of the list
- Engineer a prompt to extract the needed information
- For each valid image:
  - Send a request to an LLM with the image as context
  - Save the response in a meaningful way
- Merge all the information into a dataset
- Random sampling to assure accuracy



# Agenda

## 1. Prepare

- a. Conceptualize a workflow
  - b. **Test your prompt and source material**
  - c. Choose a Provider, Get API Access
  - d. Manage/Calculate Cost
- What data will be processed how in which steps?
  - **Does it work in a browser?**
  - Which provider is best for your needs?
  - How can you limit and control costs?

## 2. Use the APIs

- a. Write requests and pass context
  - b. Extended options/features
- How to write a simple python script which does X requests?
  - How do I set token limits, temperature, etc.?

## 3. Save output for further use

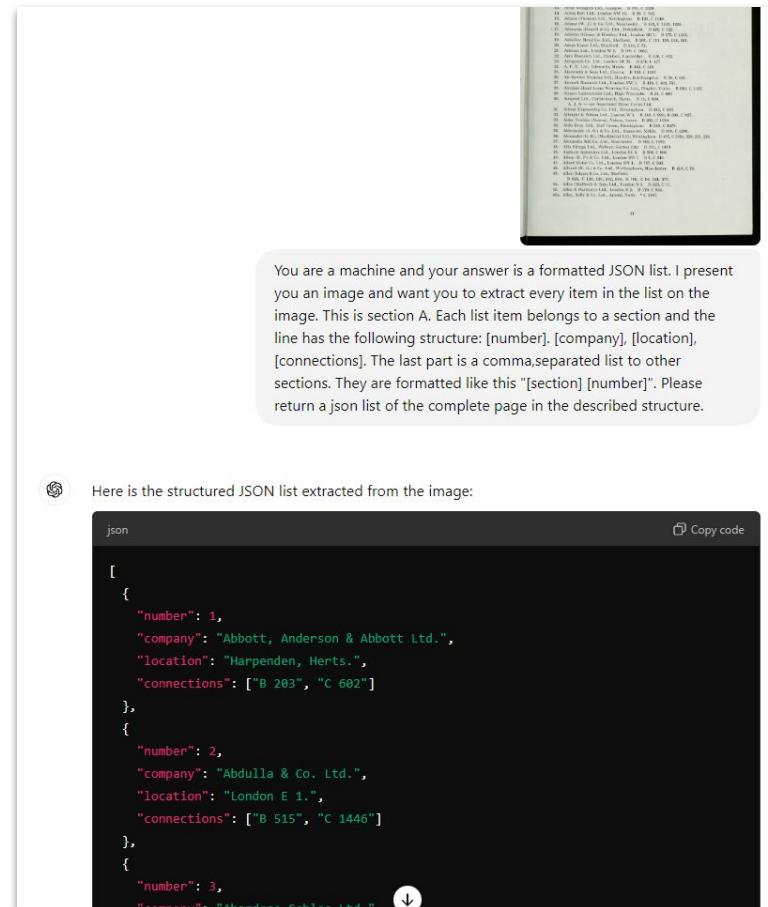
- a. Output formatting
  - b. Saving to data structures
- How do I tell the LLM to output data?
  - How to save the LLMs outputs to files?

## 4. Discussion

# Test in Browser: ChatGPT

- Present one single image and explain the task, i.e. design the prompt.
  - This lets you work on your prompt and test results.
  - Good prompt engineering is crucial!

ChatGPT 4o, 06.10.24



# Test in Browser: Claude

- You might experience character limit issues, input format restrictions etc. The API can deal with that.
- You can ask the ChatBot if it stopped b/c of limitations.

Claude 3.5 Sonnet, 06.10.24



The screenshot shows a browser window titled "Untitled". On the left, there is a small image of a document page with text. To the right of the image is a message from Claude:

**SM** You are a machine and your answer is a formatted JSON list. I present you an image and want you to extract every item in the list on the image. This is section A. Each list item belongs to a section and the line has the following structure: [number], [company], [location],[connections]. The last part is a comma-separated list to other sections. They are formatted like this "[Section] [number]". Please return a json list of the complete page in the described structure.

I understand you want me to extract the information from the image and return it as a formatted JSON list. I'll process the content and provide the result in the requested structure. Here's the JSON list based on the image:

```
json
[{"section": "A", "items": [{"number": 1, "company": "Abbott, Anderson & Abbott Ltd.", "location": "Harpden, Herts.", "connections": ["B 203", "C 602"]}, {"number": 2, "company": "Abdulla & Co. Ltd.", "location": "London E 1.", "connections": ["B 515", "C 1446"]}]}]
```

# Test in Browser: Gemini

- You can also compare LLMs using a comparison Tool
- Msty, LM-Studio
- Formulate one prompt, upload one image and send it to all wanted models.
- Works with local and online providers!

*Gemini 1.5 Flash, 06.10.24*

S You are a machine and your answer is a formatted JSON list. I present you an image and want you to extract every item in the list on the image. This is section A. Each list item belongs to a section and the line has the following structure: [number], [company], [location], [connections]. The last part is a comma-separated list to oth...

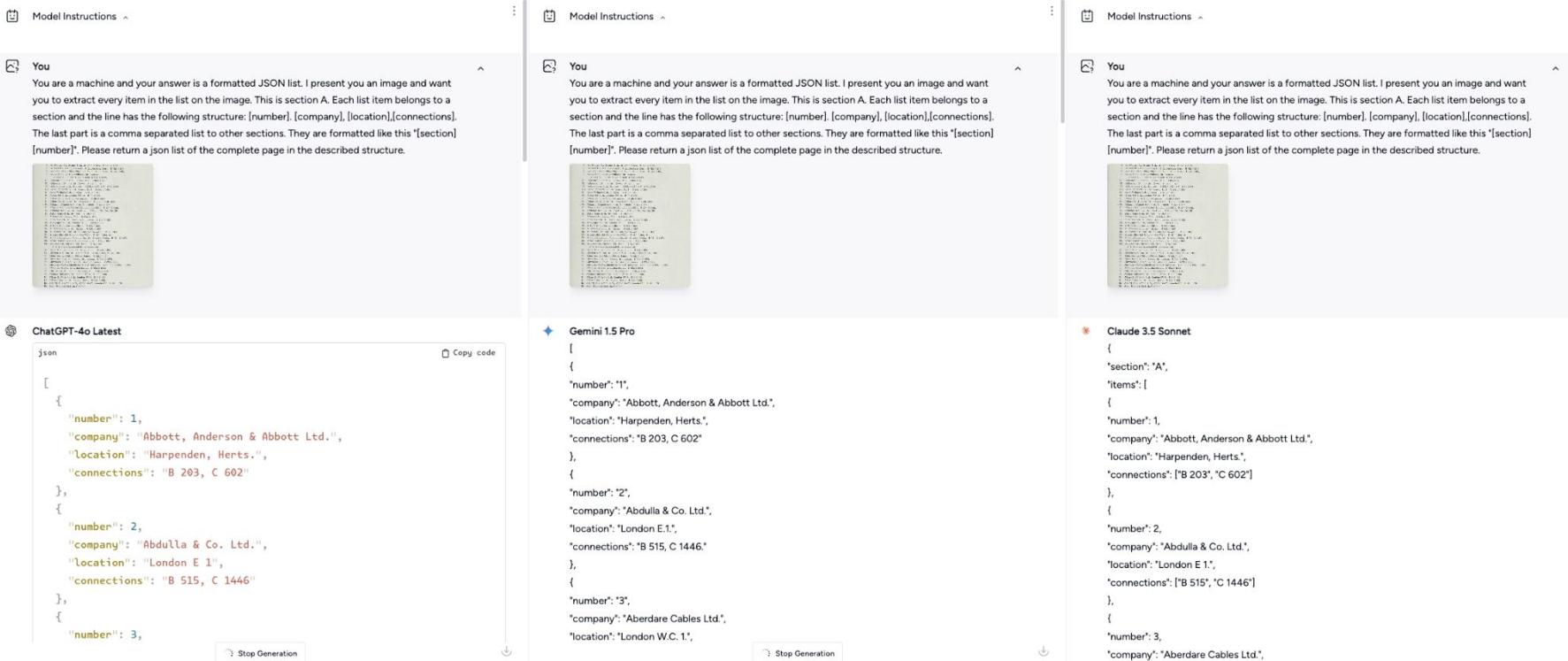


Show drafts  

JSON

```
[{"number": "1", "company": "Abbott, Anderson & Abbott Ltd.", "location": "Harpenden, Herts.", "connections": ["B 203, C 692"]}, {"number": "2", "company": "Abdulla & Co. Ltd.", "location": "London E 1", "connections": ["B 515, C 1446"]}, {"number": "3", "company": "Aberdare Cables Ltd.", "location": "London WC 1", "connections": ["B 397, C 168, 490, 491"]}, {"number": "4"}]
```

# Test Models: Msty



The image displays three side-by-side screenshots of AI model interfaces, each showing a different model's response to a specific task. The task involves extracting items from a JSON list presented in an image.

**Model Instructions:**

You are a machine and your answer is a formatted JSON list. I present you an image and want you to extract every item in the list on the image. This is section A. Each list item belongs to a section and the line has the following structure: [number]. [company], [location],[connections]. The last part is a comma separated list to other sections. They are formatted like this "[section] [number]". Please return a json list of the complete page in the described structure.

**Image:**



**ChatGPT-4o Latest:**

```
[{"number": 1, "company": "Abbott, Anderson & Abbott Ltd.", "location": "Harpden, Herts.", "connections": "B 203, C 602"}, {"number": 2, "company": "Abdulla & Co. Ltd.", "location": "London E 1", "connections": "B 515, C 1446"}, {"number": 3, "company": "Aberdale Cables Ltd.", "location": "London W.C. 1", "connections": ""}]
```

**Gemini 1.5 Pro:**

```
[{"number": "1", "company": "Abbott, Anderson & Abbott Ltd.", "location": "Harpden, Herts.", "connections": "B 203, C 602"}, {"number": "2", "company": "Abdulla & Co. Ltd.", "location": "London E.1.", "connections": "B 515, C 1446"}, {"number": "3", "company": "Aberdale Cables Ltd.", "location": "London W.C. 1.", "connections": ""}]
```

**Claude 3.5 Sonnet:**

```
{ "section": "A", "items": [ {"number": 1, "company": "Abbott, Anderson & Abbott Ltd.", "location": "Harpden, Herts.", "connections": "B 203", "C 602"}, {"number": 2, "company": "Abdulla & Co. Ltd.", "location": "London E.1.", "connections": "B 515", "C 1446"}, {"number": 3, "company": "Aberdale Cables Ltd.", "location": "London W.C. 1.", "connections": ""} ]}
```

# Example Prompt

```
prompt = ('I present you an image and want you to extract every item in the list on the image. Each list item'  
' belongs to a section and the line has the following structure: '  
'[number]. [company], [location], [connections]. '  
'The last part is a comma separated list to other sections. They are formatted like this '  
'[section] [number], {section} [number]. '  
'Please return a json list of the complete page in the described structure.'  
f'The section of this image is "{section}", the page id is "{page_id}". You need to find the page '  
'number on the base of the image.'  
'An example of a valid resulting list item is:'  
'{'  
'    "origin": {'  
'        "section": "A", '  
'        "page": "11", '  
'        "page_id": "3693659"  
'    }, '  
'    "number": "1", '  
'    "company": "Abbott, Anderson & Abbott Ltd.", '  
'    "location": "Harpden, Herts.", '  
'    "connections": [  
'        {"section": "B", "number": "123"}, '  
'        {"section": "C", "number": "13"}  
'    ]'  
'}')
```

# Agenda

## 1. Prepare

- a. Conceptualize a workflow → What data will be processed how in which steps?
- b. Test your prompt and source material → Does it work in a browser?
- c. **Choose a Provider, Get API Access** → **Which provider is best for your needs?**
- d. Manage/Calculate Cost → How can you limit and control costs?

## 2. Use the APIs

- a. Write requests and pass context → How to write a simple python script which does X requests?
- b. Extended options/features → How do I set token limits, temperature, etc.?

## 3. Save output for further use

- a. Output formatting → How do I tell the LLM to format output data?
- b. Saving to data structures → How to save the LLMs outputs to files?

## 4. Discussion

# Choose a provider



# Get API Access: ChatGPT

### Create new secret key

Owned by

You  Service account

This API key is tied to your user and can make requests against the selected project. If you are removed from the organization or project, this key will be disabled.

Name Optional

Project

Select project

Permissions

All  Restricted  Read Only

[Cancel](#) [Create secret key](#)

### Save your key

Please save this secret key somewhere safe and accessible. For security reasons, **you won't be able to view it again** through your OpenAI account. If you lose this secret key, you'll need to generate a new one.

```
sk-proj-R-wLk3R1aNpx5yxrne_sG0FVeVOBZM7rGPBNB3:
```

[Copy](#)

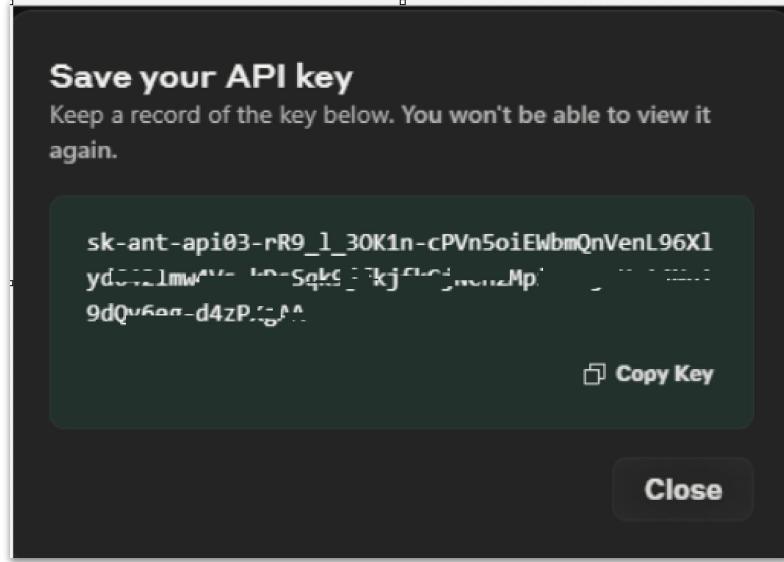
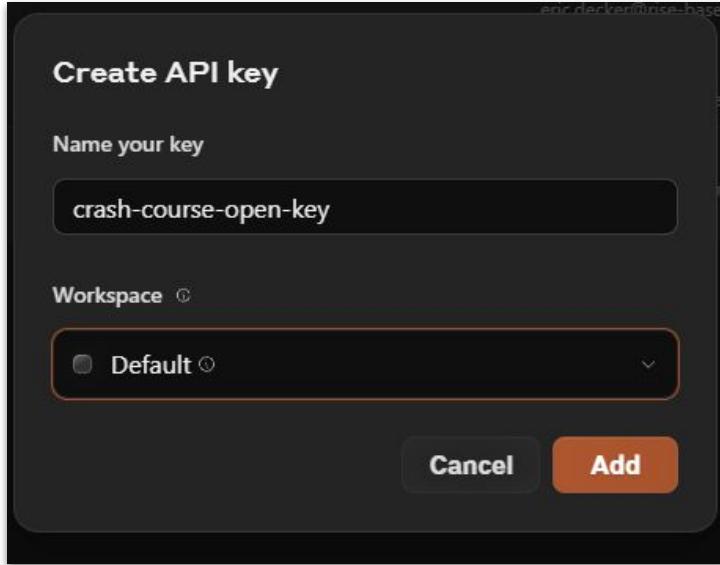
Permissions

Read and write API resources

[Done](#)

<https://platform.openai.com/>

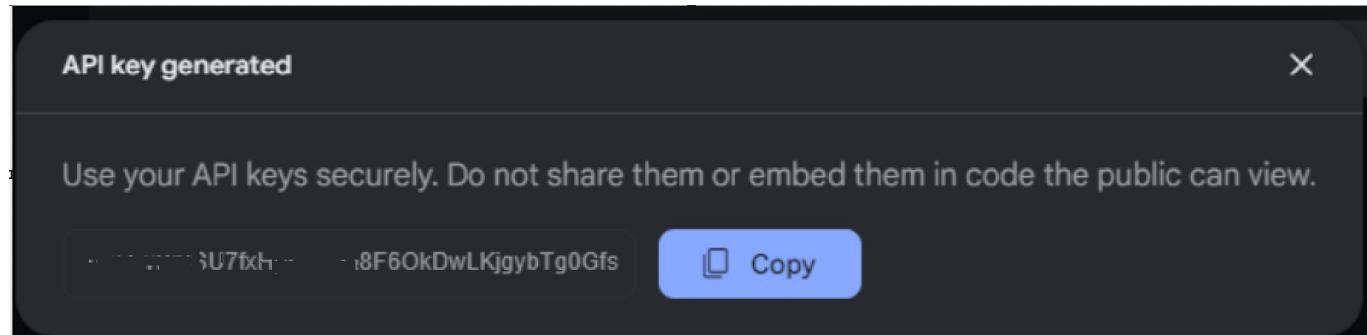
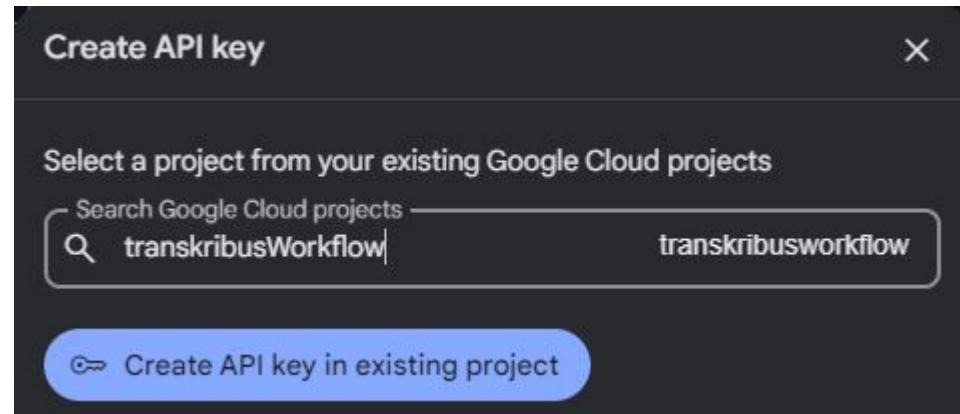
# Get API Access: Claude



<https://console.anthropic.com/>

# Get API Access: Gemini

<https://aistudio.google.com/app/apikey>



# Agenda

## 1. Prepare

- a. Conceptualize a workflow → What data will be processed how in which steps?
- b. Test your prompt and source material → Does it work in a browser?
- c. Choose a Provider, Get API Access → Which provider is best for your needs?
- d. **Manage/Calculate Cost** → **How can you limit and control costs?**

## 2. Use the APIs

- a. Write requests and pass context → How to write a simple python script which does X requests?
- b. Extended options/features → How do I set token limits, temperature, etc.?

## 3. Save output for further use

- a. Output formatting → How do I tell the LLM to format output data?
- b. Saving to data structures → How to save the LLMs outputs to files?

## 4. Discussion

# Manage and Calculate Cost

- Costs are calculated based on the input tokens, output tokens and the models used.
- Each provider has its own pricing model; they change often.
- Most providers have general limits (monthly limit, pay as you go, ...)
- Tokens?
  - Smaller units of text, that may be words, parts of words, or even punctuation.
  - Rough estimate: 1 token  $\approx$  4 characters (including spaces; in english language)

# Manage and Calculate Cost

- Input Tokens (What is sent to the LLM?)
  - Prompt → 1200 chars / 4 ≈ 300 Tokens
  - Number of Tokens for the image\* → (1'024 px \* 1'492 px)/750 ≈ 2'037 Tokens
  - Total input tokens →  $300 + 2'037 = \mathbf{2'337 \text{ Tokens}}$
- Output Tokens (What is received from the LLM?)
  - Expected length of output → ~45 lines \* 400 chars. ≈ **4'500 Tokens**
- Total Cost:
  - $\sim 200 * 2'337$  Input Tokens → ~467'400 Tokens
  - $\sim 200 * 4'500$  Output Tokens → ~900'000 Tokens

\*This varies from API to API. Some have a fixed amount. The example is based on Claude AI

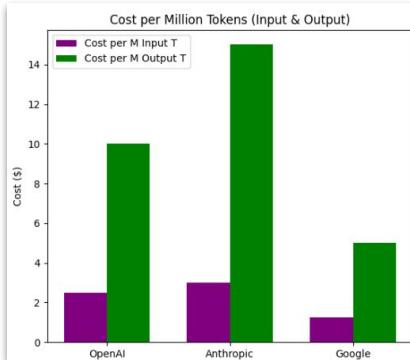
# Manage and Calculate Cost

- GPT-4o <https://openai.com/api/pricing/>
  - \$2.50 / 1M Input Tokens
  - \$10 / 1M Output Tokens

→ ~467'400 Tokens = \$ 1.17  
→ ~900'000 Tokens = \$ 9.00      **\$10.17**
- 3.7 Sonnet <https://www.anthropic.com/pricing>
  - \$3 / 1M Input Tokens
  - \$15 / 1M Output Tokens

→ ~467'400 Tokens = \$ 1.40  
→ ~900'000 Tokens = \$13.50      **\$14.90**
- Gemini 2.0 Flash: <https://ai.google.dev/pricing>
  - \$1.25 / 1M Input Tokens
  - \$5 / 1M Output Tokens

→ ~467'400 Tokens = \$ 0.58  
→ ~900'000 Tokens = \$ 4.50      **\$5.09**



# Agenda

## 1. Prepare

- a. Conceptualize a workflow → What data will be processed how in which steps?
- b. Test your prompt and source material → Does it work in a browser?
- c. Choose a Provider, Get API Access → Which provider is best for your needs?
- d. Manage/Calculate Cost → How can you limit and control costs?

## 2. Use the APIs

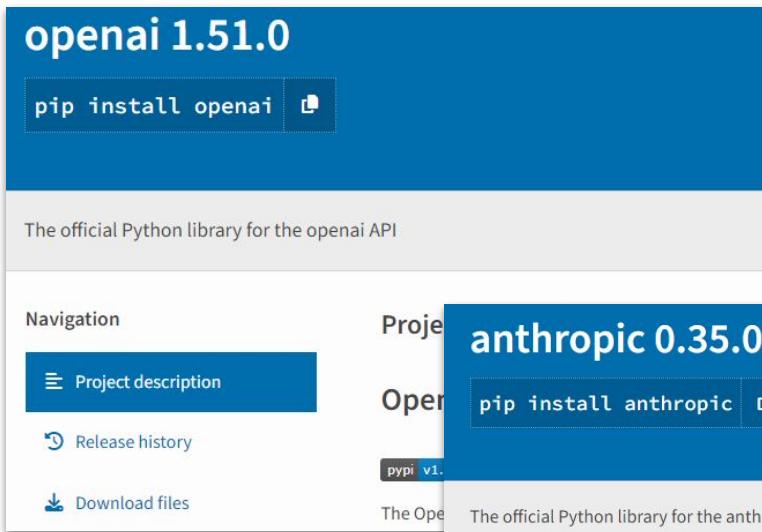
- a. Write requests and pass context → **How to write a simple python script which does X requests?**
- b. Extended options/features → How do I set token limits, temperature, etc.?

## 3. Save output for further use

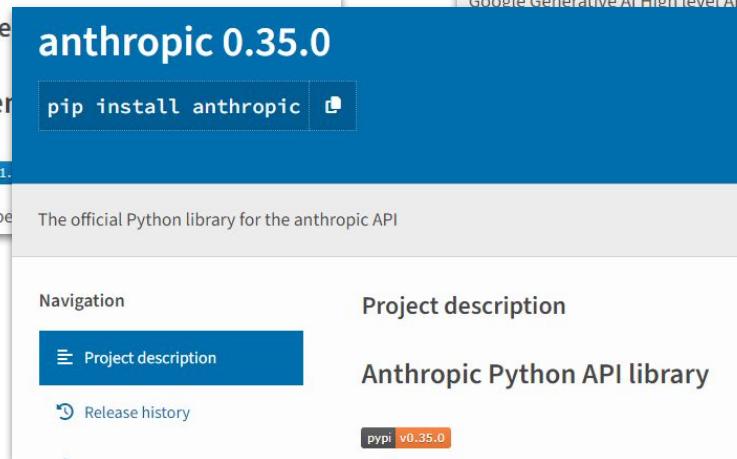
- a. Output formatting → How do I tell the LLM to format output data?
- b. Saving to data structures → How to save the LLMs outputs to files?

## 4. Discussion

# Create A Script: Use existing libraries



This screenshot displays two PyPI project pages side-by-side. The top one is for `google-generativeai 0.8.2`, which is described as a "Google Generative AI High level API client library and tools." It has a similar layout with a blue header, a "pip install" button, and a white content area with the project description. The bottom one is for `anthropic 0.35.0`, described as "The official Python library for the anthropic API". It also has a blue header, a "pip install" button, and a white content area with the project description. Both projects have a "Project description" link in their sidebar.



# Create A Script: They all work alike

```
api_key = "4-v3ry-10ng-4nd-s3cr3t-4p1-k3y"  
prompt = "[...]"
```

```
from openai import OpenAI  
  
client = OpenAI(api_key=api_key)  
  
workload = [...]  
  
answer = client.chat.completions.\  
        create(  
            messages=workload,  
            model="gpt-4o")  
  
text =  
answer.choices[0].message.content
```

```
from anthropic import Anthropic  
  
client = Anthropic(api_key=api_key)  
  
answer = client.messages.create(  
    max_tokens=2048,  
    messages=[{  
        "role": "user",  
        "content": prompt,  
    }],  
    model="claude-3-opus")  
  
text = answer.content[0].text
```

```
import google.generativeai as genai  
  
genai.configure(api_key=api_key)  
model = genai.GenerativeModel\  
        ("gemini-flash1.5")  
  
answer = model.generate_content\  
        ([prompt])  
  
text = answer.text
```

# Create A Script

```
from openai import OpenAI
from variables import prompt, base64_image

client = OpenAI(api_key="sk-proj-R-wLk...xyz")

workload = [
    {
        "role": "user",
        "content": [
            {"type": "text", "text": prompt},
            {"type": "image_url", "image_url": {"url": f"data:image/jpeg;base64,{base64_image}"}}
        ]
    },
    {
        "role": "system",
        "content": "You are a precise list-reading machine and your answers are plain JSON."
    }
]

answer = client.chat.completions.create(messages=workload,
                                         model="gpt-4o",
                                         temperature=.5)
```

# Add additional data to your prompt

- Add metadata such as the page number or a page id.

```
page_number = 1
for root, _, filenames in os.walk("image_data"):
    for filename in filenames:
        if filename.endswith(".jpg"):
            image_id = filename.split('.')[0]
            prompt = "[...]. The id of the image is {image_id} and the page number is {page_number}."

        # Do the AI request with the adjusted prompt.
```

# Agenda

## 1. Prepare

- a. Conceptualize a workflow → What data will be processed how in which steps?
- b. Test your prompt and source material → Does it work in a browser?
- c. Choose a Provider, Get API Access → Which provider is best for your needs?
- d. Manage/Calculate Cost → How can you limit and control costs?

## 2. Use the APIs

- a. Write requests and pass context → How to write a simple python script which does X requests?
- b. **Extended options/features** → **How do I set token limits, temperature, etc.?**

## 3. Save output for further use

- a. Output formatting → How do I tell the LLM to format output data?
- b. Saving to data structures → How to save the LLMs outputs to files?

## 4. Discussion

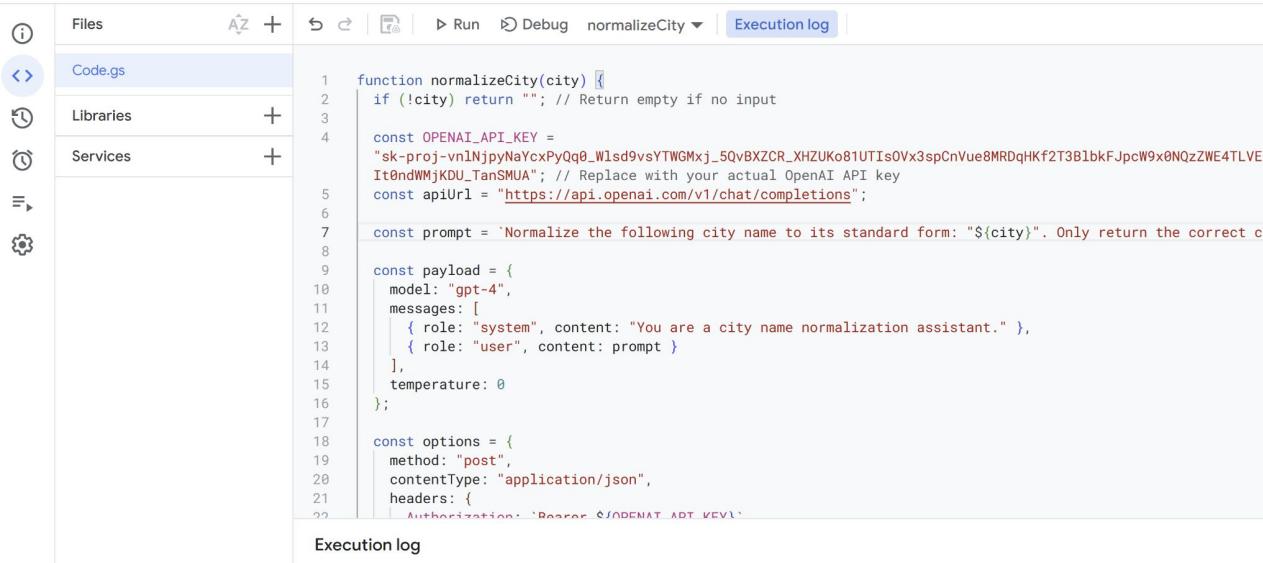
# Extended Options / Features

These features differ from API to API

- Maximum Tokens, Temperature, Frequency Penalty, Presence Penalty
- Streaming results, Delaying results
- Additional media types
  - Audio
  - Other file types (PDF, ...)

# Prompt from Google Sheets

Apps Script Untitled project



The screenshot shows the Google Apps Script interface with the following details:

- Project Title:** Untitled project
- Code.gs File Content:**

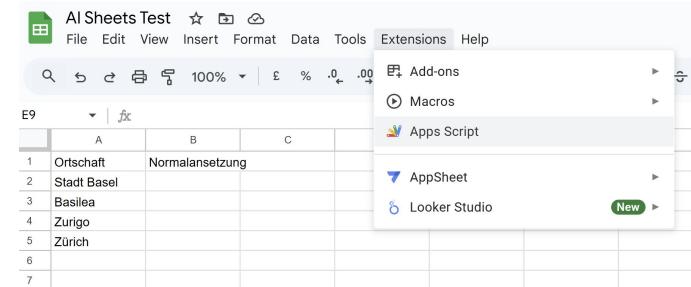
```
function normalizeCity(city) {
  if (!city) return ""; // Return empty if no input

  const OPENAI_API_KEY =
    "sk-proj-vn1njpyNaYcxPyQq0_Wlsd9vsYTWMXj_5QvBXZCR_XHZUKo81UTIs0Vx3spCnVue8MRDqHKf2T381bkFJpcW9x0NQzWE4TLVEg
    It0ndwMjKDU_TanSMUA"; // Replace with your actual OpenAI API key
  const apiUrl = "https://api.openai.com/v1/chat/completions";

  const prompt = `Normalize the following city name to its standard form: "${city}". Only return the correct ci
  const payload = {
    model: "gpt-4",
    messages: [
      { role: "system", content: "You are a city name normalization assistant." },
      { role: "user", content: prompt }
    ],
    temperature: 0
  };

  const options = {
    method: "post",
    contentType: "application/json",
    headers: {
      Authorization: `Bearer ${OPENAI_API_KEY}`
    }
  };

  const response = UrlFetchApp.fetch(apiUrl, options);
  const data = JSON.parse(response.getContentText());
  const normalizedCity = data.choices[0].message.content;
  return normalizedCity;
}
```
- Execution Log:** The execution log is currently empty.

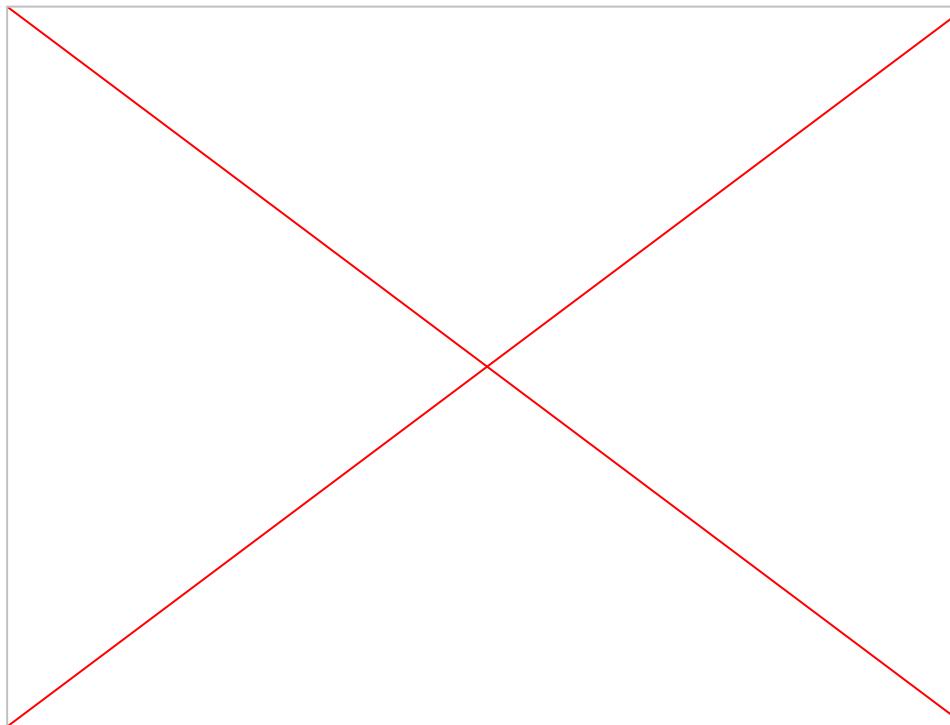


The screenshot shows a Google Sheets document titled "AI Sheets Test" with the following data:

	A	B	C
1	Ortschaft	Normalansetzung	
2	Stadt Basel		
3	Basilea		
4	Zurigo		
5	Zürich		
6			
7			

The "Extensions" menu is open, and "Apps Script" is selected under the "Add-ons" section.

# Prompt from Google Sheets



# Agenda

## 1. Prepare

- a. Conceptualize a workflow → What data will be processed how in which steps?
- b. Test your prompt and source material → Does it work in a browser?
- c. Choose a Provider, Get API Access → Which provider is best for your needs?
- d. Manage/Calculate Cost → How can you limit and control costs?

## 2. Use the APIs

- a. Write requests and pass context → How to write a simple python script which does X requests?
- b. Extended options/features → How do I set token limits, temperature, etc.?

## 3. Save output for further use

- a. **Output formatting** → **How do I tell the LLM to format output data?**
- b. Saving to data structures → How to save the LLMs outputs to files?

## 4. Discussion

# Output Formatting

```
from pydantic import BaseModel
from openai import OpenAI

client = OpenAI()

class ResearchPaperExtraction(BaseModel):
    title: str
    authors: list[str]
    abstract: str
    keywords: list[str]

completion = client.beta.chat.completions.parse(
    model="gpt-4o-2024-08-06",
    messages=[
        {"role": "system", "content": "You are an expert at structured data extraction. You will be given unstructured text from a research paper and should convert it into the given structure;",
         {"role": "user", "content": "..."}],
    response_format=ResearchPaperExtraction,
)
research_paper = completion.choices[0].message.parsed
```

# Agenda

## 1. Prepare

- a. Conceptualize a workflow → What data will be processed how in which steps?
- b. Test your prompt and source material → Does it work in a browser?
- c. Choose a Provider, Get API Access → Which provider is best for your needs?
- d. Manage/Calculate Cost → How can you limit and control costs?

## 2. Use the APIs

- a. Write requests and pass context → How to write a simple python script which does X requests?
- b. Extended options/features → How do I set token limits, temperature, etc.?

## 3. Save output for further use

- a. Output formatting → How do I tell the LLM to format output data?
- b. **Saving to data structures** → **How to save the LLMs outputs to files?**

## 4. Discussion

# Saving Data

```
json_string = answer_string.split(```json") [1].split("```") [0]
with open(f"page_{page_number}.json", "w") as f:
    f.write(json_string)
```

- Save as json files
- Name the files appropriately

# Putting it all together

For each image in a directory:

- Resize the image and create a string representation from it
- Create a prompt containing the image ID.
- Formulate an API request with the prompt and image-string and send it.
- Extract the JSON from the answer and save it to a file.

→ <https://github.com/RISE-UNIBAS/crash-course-practical-basics-of-AI-over-API>



The screenshot shows a code editor window titled "crash-course-practical-basics-of-AI-over-API". The current file is "openai\3693659.json". The code is a JSON array containing two objects. Each object has an "origin" field which itself is an object with "section", "page", and "page\_id" fields. The first object also has a "number" field and a "connections" field, which contains two more objects with "section" and "number" fields. The second object also has a "connections" field, which contains one object with "section" and "number" fields. The JSON is formatted with line numbers on the left and syntax highlighting for different types of text.

```
[{"origin": {"section": "A", "page": "11", "page_id": "3693659"}, "number": "1", "company": "Abbott, Anderson & Abbott Ltd.", "location": "Hampden, Herts.", "connections": [{"section": "B", "number": "203"}, {"section": "C", "number": "602"}]}, {"origin": {"section": "A", "page": "11", "page_id": "3693659"}, "number": "2"}]
```

## Further Steps

In the example workflow:

- Run sample
- Quality Control
- Run full batch

If You want to use it:

- Get yourself an API key for one of the providers
- Go to The GitHub repository
- Download the code and follow the instructions

Welcome to the **Humanities Data Benchmark** report page. This page provides an overview of all benchmark comparisons.

### Latest Benchmark Results ↗

Show  entries

Benchmark

Latest Results

bibliographic_data	T07	: 2025-03-02	fuzzy 0.6102080673748401
	T08	: 2025-03-02	fuzzy 0.0
	T09	: 2025-03-02	fuzzy 0.0

# Conclusions

- Creating a precise workflow is crucial.
- Test your prompts and source materials to choose the best provider.
- The LLMs provide programming libraries. Use them.
- Adapt your prompts to include metadata of the presented source image.
  
- With the materials that come with this presentation, you can recreate the example or create your own workflow.
- Be aware that all prices and ratios mentioned in this presentation are changing constantly.

# Thank you for Listening!

## Questions?

## More crash courses and workshops about AI:

<https://rise.unibas.ch/en/news-events/>

19.03.2025	14:00-16:00	AI Benchmarking
26.03.2025	14:00-16:00	Information Extraction from Images
02.04.2025	14:00-16:00	Coding with AI
09.04.2025	13.00–17.00	Workshop: “Bring Your Own Data”