Task 1: Table

Subject: The tables give information about the temperatures and hours of daylight in London and Sydney during the same weekend in December 2018. Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

December 2018, London, UK			
	Friday 28th	**Saturday 29th**	**Sunday 30th**
Temperature	Max: 9°C Min: 4°C	Max: 13°C Min: 3°C	Max: 10°C Min: 5°C
Sunrise	08:05	08:06	08:06
Sunset	15:57	15:58	15:59

December 2018, Sydney, Australia			
	Friday 28th	**Saturday 29th**	**Sunday 30th**
Temperature	Max: 26°C Min: 17°C	Max: 28°C Min: 18°C	Max: 31°C Min: 19°C
Sunrise	05:45	05:45	05:46
Sunset	20:06	20:07	20:07

Model Answer #1

Response:

The tables illustrate a comparison of temperatures and daylight hours in London and Sydney during the same weekend in December 2018. The data is presented in two separate tables, one for each city.

Overall, Sydney experienced significantly warmer temperatures and considerably longer daylight hours than London throughout the weekend. While temperatures in both cities fluctuated slightly, Sydney consistently remained much hotter. London's daylight hours were also substantially shorter.

In Sydney, temperatures ranged from a low of 17°C to a high of 31°C across the three days. Friday saw temperatures between 26°C and 17°C, with approximately 14 hours of daylight, starting at 4:45 am and ending around 8:06 pm. This pattern of long daylight hours and warm temperatures continued on Saturday and Sunday, with temperatures fluctuating between 18°C and 31°C, and sunrise consistently around 5:45 am and sunset around 8:07 pm.

In contrast, London experienced much cooler temperatures, ranging from a low of 4°C on Friday to a high of 13°C on Saturday. Sunrise remained relatively constant at approximately 8:05 am across the three days, with only minor variations of a minute or less. Similarly, sunset occurred around 15:57 each day. The significantly shorter daylight hours in London are evident when compared to Sydney's extended periods of sunlight.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides an excellent summary of the key features of the data and makes relevant comparisons between London and Sydney. All aspects of the task are successfully addressed.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The information flows logically, with clear transitions between paragraphs and ideas. The use of cohesive devices is seamless and enhances the overall clarity.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately. The lexical choices are precise and contribute to the overall quality of the writing.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of grammatical structures with complete accuracy and fluency. The writing is error-free and displays a high level of grammatical control.

Model Answer #2

Response:

The tables display the temperature ranges, sunrise, and sunset times for London, UK, and Sydney, Australia, over the weekend of December 28th to 30th, 2018.

Overall, Sydney experienced much higher temperatures and more daylight compared to London during this period. Sydney's daily maximum temperatures ranged from 26°C to 31°C, while in London, the maximum temperatures were considerably lower, varying between 9°C and 13°C. Similarly, the minimum temperatures in Sydney ranged from 17°C to 19°C, whereas London experienced much cooler nights, with minimum temperatures between 3°C and 5°C.

In terms of daylight, Sydney had significantly more daylight hours than London. Sunrise occurred at around 05:45 each day in Sydney, while in London, the sun rose much later, between 08:05 and 08:06. Sunset times also varied considerably, with Sydney experiencing sunsets around 20:06 to 20:07, giving it about 14 hours of daylight each day. In contrast, London had sunset times between 15:57 and 15:59, resulting in approximately 8 hours of daylight.

In summary, Sydney had much warmer temperatures and longer daylight hours compared to the colder and shorter days in London during the weekend in December 2018.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent summary of the key features and comparisons between the two cities.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The flow of information is natural and logical.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The grammar is accurate and the range of structures used is impressive.

Model Answer #3

Response:

The tables show the average temperatures in two different cities from different hemispheres (London and Sydney) throughout three days during the month of December. Additionally, they also provide information regarding daylight hours by including the times for sunrise and sunset.

The first matter to be addressed is the stark contrast between temperatures in both tables. Sydney shows a much warmer climate with higher values that range from a minimum of 17 to a maximum of 31 degrees Celsius. On the other hand, London experiences colder weather conditions, with the lowest temperatures being near 4 degrees and the highest merely reaching 13.

This notable variation in temperatures can be explained by the contrasting daylight hours and seasonal changes in both cities, for the average sunrise in London occurs around 8 in the morning, two hours after that in Sydney, where the sun sets at 8 in the evening, just over four hours later than in the United Kingdom. It is also important to note that, when it is winter in the Northern Hemisphere, summer occurs in the Southern Hemisphere. Together, these factors explain the discrepancies depicted in the tables.

Overall, the data evidently illustrates the influence of seasons and geographic location on the temperature and daylight hours. Sydney experiences warmer weather patterns that are related to longer daylight hours, whereas London has shorter days with cooler temperatures that stem from its position at higher latitudes. This information proves the impact that not only location, but also sunlight hours have on local climates.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent response to the task. All key features are identified and compared effectively.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is very well-structured and easy to follow. The ideas flow smoothly and logically.

Lexical Resource (9): A wide range of vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately. The language is sophisticated and natural.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of grammatical structures with complete accuracy and fluency.

Model Answer #4

Response:

The tables illustrate a comparison of temperatures and daylight hours in London and Sydney during the same weekend in December 2018. The data is presented in two separate tables, one for each city.

Overall, Sydney experienced significantly warmer temperatures and considerably longer daylight hours than London throughout the weekend. While temperatures in both cities fluctuated slightly, Sydney consistently remained much hotter. London's daylight hours were also substantially shorter.

In Sydney, temperatures ranged from a low of 17°C to a high of 31°C across the three days. Friday saw temperatures between 26°C and 17°C, with approximately 14 hours of daylight, starting at 4:45 am and ending around 8:06 pm. This pattern of long daylight hours and warm temperatures continued on Saturday and Sunday, with temperatures fluctuating between 18°C and 31°C, and sunrise consistently around 5:45 am and sunset around 8:07 pm.

In contrast, London experienced much cooler temperatures, ranging from a low of 4°C on Friday to a high of 13°C on Saturday. Sunrise remained relatively constant at approximately 8:05 am across the three days, with only minor variations of a minute or less. Similarly, sunset occurred around 15:57 each day. The significantly shorter daylight hours in London are evident when compared to Sydney's extended periods of sunlight.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides an excellent summary of the key features of the data and makes relevant comparisons between London and Sydney. All aspects of the task are successfully addressed.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The information flows logically, with clear transitions between paragraphs and ideas. The use of cohesive devices is seamless and enhances the overall clarity.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately. The lexical choices are precise and contribute to the overall quality of the writing.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of grammatical structures with complete accuracy and fluency. The writing is error-free and displays a high level of grammatical control.

Model Answer #5

Response:

The tables display the temperature ranges, sunrise, and sunset times for London, UK, and Sydney, Australia, over the weekend of December 28th to 30th, 2018.

Overall, Sydney experienced much higher temperatures and more daylight compared to London during this period. Sydney's daily maximum temperatures ranged from 26°C to 31°C, while in London, the maximum temperatures were considerably lower, varying between 9°C and 13°C. Similarly, the minimum temperatures in Sydney ranged from 17°C to 19°C, whereas London experienced much cooler nights, with minimum temperatures between 3°C and 5°C.

In terms of daylight, Sydney had significantly more daylight hours than London. Sunrise occurred at around 05:45 each day in Sydney, while in London, the sun rose much later, between 08:05 and 08:06. Sunset times also varied considerably, with Sydney experiencing sunsets around 20:06 to 20:07, giving it about 14 hours of daylight each day. In contrast, London had sunset times between 15:57 and 15:59, resulting in approximately 8 hours of daylight.

In summary, Sydney had much warmer temperatures and longer daylight hours compared to the colder and shorter days in London during the weekend in December 2018.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent summary of the key features and comparisons between the two cities.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The flow of information is natural and logical.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The grammar is accurate and the range of structures used is impressive.

Model Answer #6

Response:

The tables show the average temperatures in two different cities from different hemispheres (London and Sydney) throughout three days during the month of December. Additionally, they also provide information regarding daylight hours by including the times for sunrise and sunset.

The first matter to be addressed is the stark contrast between temperatures in both tables. Sydney shows a much warmer climate with higher values that range from a minimum of 17 to a maximum of 31 degrees Celsius. On the other hand, London experiences colder weather conditions, with the lowest temperatures being near 4 degrees and the highest merely reaching 13.

This notable variation in temperatures can be explained by the contrasting daylight hours and seasonal changes in both cities, for the average sunrise in London occurs around 8 in the morning, two hours after that in Sydney, where the sun sets at 8 in the evening, just over four hours later than in the United Kingdom. It is also important to note that, when it is winter in the Northern Hemisphere, summer occurs in the Southern Hemisphere. Together, these factors explain the discrepancies depicted in the tables.

Overall, the data evidently illustrates the influence of seasons and geographic location on the temperature and daylight hours. Sydney experiences warmer weather patterns that are related to longer daylight hours, whereas London has shorter days with cooler temperatures that stem from its position at higher latitudes. This information proves the impact that not only location, but also sunlight hours have on local climates.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent response to the task. All key features are identified and compared effectively.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is very well-structured and easy to follow. The ideas flow smoothly and logically.

Lexical Resource (9): A wide range of vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately. The language is sophisticated and natural.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of grammatical structures with complete accuracy and fluency.