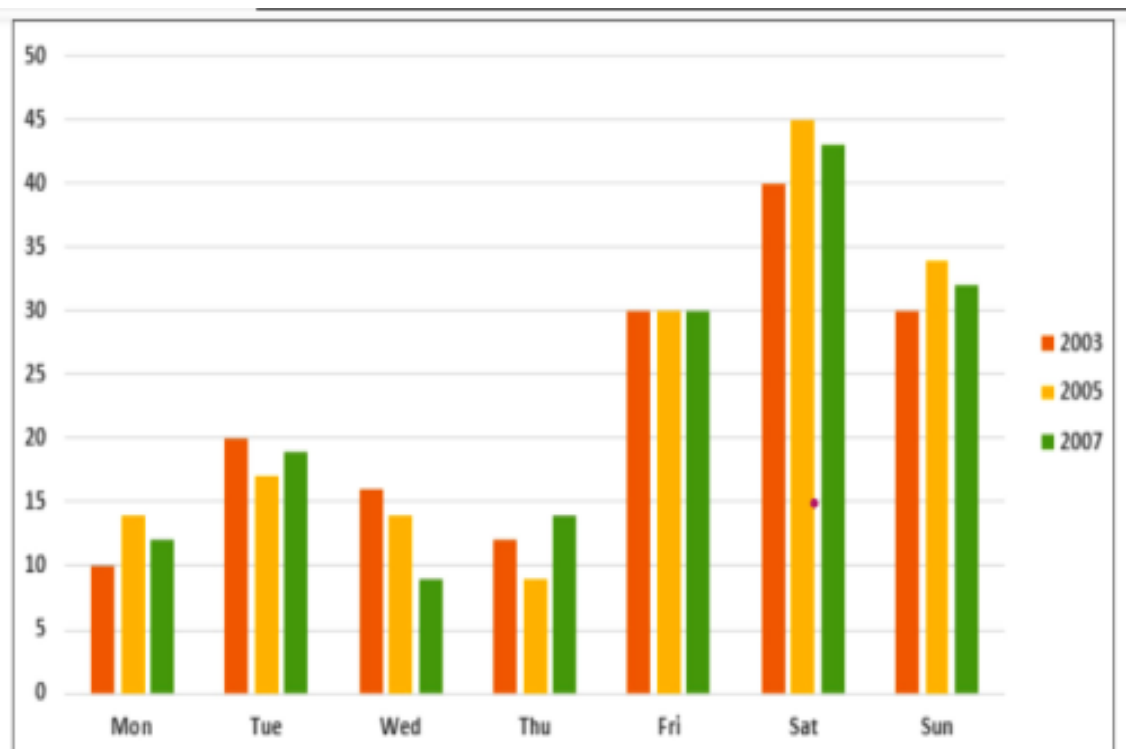# Task 1: Bar Chart

Subject: The graph below shows the percentage of people going to cinemas in one European country on different days. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

Model Answer #1

Response:

The graph illustrates the ratio of the community visiting theaters on weekdays in a European country.

Overall, the graph provides a pattern where weekends, specifically Saturday were more preferred for watching movies compared to other days. Notably, Saturday consistently showed the highest percentage, highlighting a clear preference for movie-going on weekends.

In 2003 about one in ten people spent their Monday at the Cinema, while the figure for Tuesday was 20%. On Wednesday, slightly fewer than a fifth of citizens visited the cinema, dropping to around 10% on Thursday. However, nearly one-third of the public went to the movie house on Friday, with attendance peaking at 40% on Saturday before falling to 30% on Sunday.

In 2005 and 2007, the percentage of people going to the cinema on Monday was slightly below 15% and around 10%, respectively. On Tuesdays in both years, this figure was just under 20%. However, in 2007, the proportion of cinema-goers dropped to 10% on Wednesdays, while in 2005, it remained steady at about 15%. For Fridays, the percentage was 30% in both years, with the highest attendance on Saturdays, reaching 45% in 2005 and approximately 40% in 2007. By Sunday, the rate of cinema visits declined to around 35% in 2005 and slightly above 30% in 2007.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a comprehensive and accurate summary of the main features of the graph, highlighting key trends and making relevant comparisons. It demonstrates a strong understanding of the data and effectively conveys the information to the reader.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-organized and flows smoothly. The paragraphs are logically structured, and the information is presented in a clear and coherent manner. The use of cohesive devices is effective and contributes to the overall clarity of the report.

Lexical Resource (9): The report uses a wide range of vocabulary, including precise and sophisticated terms, to describe the data. The language is accurate and appropriate for the task, demonstrating a strong command of English vocabulary.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report demonstrates a high level of grammatical accuracy and control. A wide range of grammatical structures is used correctly and effectively, contributing to the overall clarity and fluency of the report.

Model Answer #2

Response:

The graph provided illustrates the percentage of people attending cinemas in a European country over a period of seven days, from Monday to Sunday, across three distinct years: 2003, 2005, and 2007.

The graph exhibits notable fluctuations in cinema attendance throughout the week, with peaks and troughs manifesting on different days across the three years.

From Monday to Thursday, the percentage of cinema-goers displays a consistent pattern of fluctuation in all three years. In 2003, Tuesday records a peak of approximately 20%. In 2005, a similar trend is observed, with a notable increase in attendance from Monday to Thursday. In contrast, 2007 witnesses a steady rise in cinema attendance during the same period, culminating in a peak on Thursday.

On the weekends, the graph reveals a divergent pattern. In 2005, the percentage of cinema-goers reaches a high point of 45% on Friday, followed by a sharp decline to approximately 35%. In 2003, a rapid increase in attendance is seen on the weekends, peaking at around 40%, whereas in 2007, a more gradual decrease in attendance is observed, from 43% to 33% on Sunday.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report accurately summarizes the main features of the graph, making relevant comparisons between the different days of the week and years. The writer successfully identifies and reports the key trends and patterns in the data.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is extremely well-organized and easy to follow, with each paragraph logically building on the previous one. The writer uses cohesive devices effectively to link ideas and sentences, making the text cohesive and fluent.

Lexical Resource (9): The writer demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, using precise and sophisticated language to describe the graph, such as 'notable fluctuations', 'peaks and troughs', and 'divergent pattern'. The vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately throughout the report.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The writer exhibits a high degree of grammatical control, using a range of sentence structures and verb tenses correctly and appropriately. The punctuation is also accurate, making the text easy to read and understand.