

Task 1: Bar Chart

Subject: The bar chart shows the percentage of people who ate five portions of fruits and vegetables per day in the UK from 2001 to 2008



Model Answer #1

Response:

Overall, the proportion of people eating the recommended amount of fruits and vegetables increased over the period. Women consistently had the highest percentage, while children had the lowest.

In 2001, around 20% of men and women ate five portions per day, whereas the percentage for children was slightly lower, at about 15%. Over the following years, there was a steady rise in all three groups. By 2006, the proportion of women reached its peak at nearly 35%, while men followed closely at around 30%. The percentage of children also increased, reaching approximately 25%.

However, after 2006, there was a slight decline in all groups. By 2008, the figures for men, women, and children had dropped slightly but remained higher than at the beginning of the period.

In summary, the consumption of five portions of fruits and vegetables increased overall, with women consistently being the most likely to meet this recommendation.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent response to the task. All key features are accurately described and analyzed.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The flow of information is natural and logical.

Lexical Resource (9): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately. The language is precise and effective.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The grammar is flawless. A wide range of grammatical structures is used with complete accuracy and fluency.

Model Answer #2

Response:

The chart illustrates the proportion of individuals who consumed five portions of fruits and vegetables daily in the UK over an eight-year period.

Overall, the number of women following this diet was always higher than that of men and children. Generally, there is an upward trend across all three categories throughout the period.

At the start of 2001, 22% of women ate 5 portions of fruits and vegetables daily, slightly higher than the 18% of men who did the same. The figure for children was moderately lower, at around 13%.

Subsequently, the percentage of women who adhered to the diet reached its peak at 36% in 2006, before dipping by 5% in the next two years. Regarding men with similar consumption, there were no changes recorded in the first three years, after which their figure experienced considerable growth at approximately 26% before leveling off until the surveyed period. A close pattern was observed among children, whose intake figures remained stable until 2003 and then fluctuated with an ascending trend, hitting the highest at 27% in 2005, and then lowering to 25% in the last year.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a comprehensive and accurate overview of the data presented in the chart. All key features are described clearly and concisely.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The logical flow of information is seamless, and the paragraphs are well-structured.

Lexical Resource (9): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately throughout the report. The lexical choices enhance the clarity and precision of the description.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of grammatical structures with complete accuracy and fluency. The grammar is impeccable.

Model Answer #3

Response:

The bar chart illustrates the proportion of individuals who consumed a minimum of five portions of fruits and vegetables per day in the UK over a period of seven years, from 2001 to 2008.

The chart reveals a notable trend, with women consistently displaying the highest percentage and children the lowest, although all three categories demonstrated an upward trend over the period.

In terms of the females, the percentage of those who consumed five portions of fruits and vegetables daily exhibited a steady rise from approximately 30% in 2001 to nearly 40% in 2005, and ultimately reached 40% in 2008. Conversely, the men's percentage, although consistently lower than that of women, demonstrated a gradual increase from just over 20% in 2001 to almost 35% in 2008.

The children's category revealed a significant increase from a mere 10% in 2001 to nearly 30% in 2008. While the percentage of children consuming five portions of fruits and vegetables daily remained the lowest among the three categories, it is noteworthy that their rate of increase was the highest, with a substantial jump from 2005 to 2006.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report effectively summarizes the main trends and key features of the bar chart.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-organized and easy to follow, with a clear progression of ideas.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary used accurately and appropriately.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report exhibits excellent grammatical range and accuracy.

Model Answer #4

Response:

The bar chart illustrates the proportion of individuals who consumed a minimum of five portions of fruits and vegetables per day in the UK over a period of seven years, from 2001 to 2008.

The chart reveals a notable trend, with women consistently displaying the highest percentage and children the lowest, although all three categories demonstrated an upward trend over the period.

In terms of the females, the percentage of those who consumed five portions of fruits and vegetables daily exhibited a steady rise from approximately 30% in 2001 to nearly 40% in 2005, and ultimately reached 40% in 2008. Conversely, the men's percentage, although consistently lower than that of women, demonstrated a gradual increase from just over 20% in 2001 to almost 35% in 2008.

The children's category revealed a significant increase from a mere 10% in 2001 to nearly 30% in 2008. While the percentage of children consuming five portions of fruits and vegetables daily remained the lowest among the three categories, it is noteworthy that their rate of increase was the highest, with a substantial jump from 2005 to 2006.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report accurately addresses the task, providing a clear overview of the chart and highlighting the main trends and features.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is extremely well-organized and easy to follow, with cohesive linking between sentences and paragraphs.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, using precise and sophisticated language to describe the chart, with excellent control of lexical features.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report exhibits a wide range of grammatical structures, used with full flexibility and control, with accurate and appropriate use of punctuation and grammar throughout.