

Task 1: Multiple Graphs

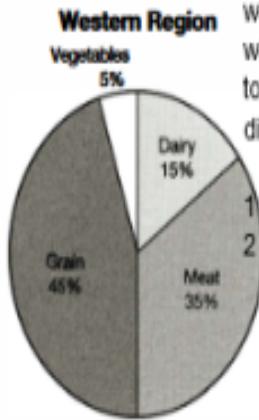
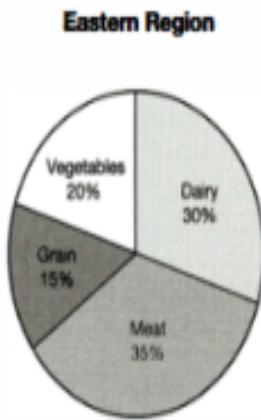
Subject: The charts below show agricultural production in two different regions of the country

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The charts below show agricultural production in two different regions of the country.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.



type Pie chart

title Eastern Region and Western reg

what agricultural production

where two regions of the country

topic agricultural production in two
different regions of the country

1 agricultural production in the Easte

2 agricultural production in the West

Model Answer #1

Response:

The supplied graphs illustrate the percentage data on the production of vegetables, meat, grains, and dairy in the country's Western and Eastern regions.

Overall, it is noteworthy that grain is the leading product in the Western area, despite being a minor contributor in the Eastern region. Meat production is a significant component of agricultural output in both regions, while the East produces dairy at double the rate of the West.

Turning to the specifics, the main agricultural product in the Eastern region is meat, which constitutes 35% of the total production. Dairy products follow closely, accounting for 30%. The production of vegetables and grains is relatively low, with proportions of 20% and 15%, respectively.

In contrast, in the Western region, grain production alone represents nearly half of all agricultural output at 45%. Meat production is consistent with that of the Eastern region, also making up 35%. However, the proportion of dairy production in the West is only half of that in the East, standing at 15%. The least produced product in the West is vegetables, which account for just 5% of the total.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent response to the task. All key features are accurately described and compared.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The flow of information is natural and logical.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately. The language is precise and effective.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The grammar is flawless. A wide range of grammatical structures is used with complete accuracy and fluency.

Model Answer #2

Response:

The supplied graphs illustrate the percentage data on the production of vegetables, meat, grains, and dairy in the country's Western and Eastern regions.

Overall, it is noteworthy that grain is the leading product in the Western area, despite being a minor contributor in the Eastern region. Meat production is a significant component of agricultural output in both regions, while the East produces dairy at double the rate of the West.

Turning to the specifics, the main agricultural product in the Eastern region is meat, which constitutes 35% of the total production. Dairy products follow closely, accounting for 30%. The production of vegetables and grains is relatively low, with proportions of 20% and 15%, respectively.

In contrast, in the Western region, grain production alone represents nearly half of all agricultural output at 45%. Meat production is consistent with that of the Eastern region, also making up 35%. However, the proportion of dairy production in the West is only half of that in the East, standing at 15%. The least produced product in the West is vegetables, which account for just 5% of the total.

Evaluation:

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Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The grammar is flawless. A wide range of grammatical structures is used with complete accuracy and fluency.

Model Answer #3

Response:

The pie charts compare the agricultural production in the Eastern and Western regions of a country across four categories: grain, dairy, meat, and vegetables.

Overall, it is clear that the distribution of agricultural output in the two regions is markedly different. While grain production dominates in the Western region, the Eastern region shows a more balanced distribution across all categories. Meat production is the only sector that remains constant between the two regions.

In the Eastern region, meat represents the largest portion of agricultural output at 35%, followed closely by dairy at 30%. Vegetables and grain contribute smaller shares, at 20% and 15% respectively. In contrast, the Western region is heavily reliant on grain, which accounts for nearly half of its production at 45%, while dairy and vegetables play much smaller roles, contributing 15% and 5% respectively. Notably, the proportion of meat in the Western region is identical to that in the Eastern region, comprising 35% of the total agricultural production.

In summary, while the Eastern region shows a relatively even spread across the four agricultural sectors, the Western region's production is heavily skewed toward grain, with significantly lower contributions from dairy and vegetables.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a comprehensive and accurate analysis of the data presented in the pie charts. It effectively compares and contrasts the agricultural production in the Eastern and Western regions, highlighting key differences and similarities.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-organized and easy to follow. The information is presented logically, with clear transitions between paragraphs and sentences. The use of cohesive devices enhances the flow and clarity of the report.

Lexical Resource (8.5): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, using precise and appropriate terms to describe the data. The language is sophisticated and varied, reflecting a strong command of English vocabulary.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report is grammatically accurate and uses a variety of sentence structures effectively. The grammar is flawless, demonstrating a high level of proficiency in English.

Model Answer #4

Response:

The two pie charts provide information about agricultural production in two different regions of the country. The levels of agricultural products reached were different for each region.

The evaluated items were meat, vegetables, grain, and dairy. The proportion of meat produced was the same for both regions, at 35% of the total in the east and west. In addition, the grain share accounted for 15% of eastern production and experienced a three-fold increase in the western region.

Conversely, the dairy production segment made up 30% in the east but decreased considerably by half in the west. Additionally, the vegetable share was 20% in the eastern region, which was significantly lower at 5% in the western region.

In general, meat in the eastern region constituted the highest production segment, while grain was the lowest. On the other hand, grains had the largest production share and vegetables the lowest in the west.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a comprehensive and accurate analysis of the data presented in the charts, addressing all key aspects of the task.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-organized and flows smoothly, with clear transitions between paragraphs and ideas. The information is presented in a logical and coherent manner.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, using precise and appropriate language to describe the data. The language is sophisticated and natural.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report exhibits excellent grammatical accuracy and a wide range of grammatical structures. The sentences are varied and complex, demonstrating a high level of grammatical control.

Model Answer #5

Response:

The two pie charts provide information about agricultural production in two different regions of the country. The levels of agricultural products reached were different for each region.

The evaluated items were meat, vegetables, grain, and dairy. The proportion of meat produced was the same for both regions, at 35% of the total in the east and west. In addition, the grain share accounted for 15% of eastern production and experienced a three-fold increase in the western region.

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In general, meat in the eastern region constituted the highest production segment, while grain was the lowest. On the other hand, grains had the largest production share and vegetables the lowest in the west.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a clear and accurate overview of the information presented in the charts. All key features are addressed and explained effectively.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-organized and easy to follow. Ideas are presented logically and smoothly, with clear transitions between paragraphs and sentences.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, including precise and sophisticated terms related to agricultural production and data analysis. The language is natural and fluent.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report exhibits a high level of grammatical accuracy and fluency. A variety of sentence structures are used effectively, and punctuation is consistently correct.

Model Answer #6

Response:

The supplied graphs illustrate the percentage data on the production of vegetables, meat, grains, and dairy in the country's Western and Eastern regions.

Overall, it is noteworthy that grain is the leading product in the Western area, despite being a minor contributor in the Eastern region. Meat production is a significant component of agricultural output in both regions, while the East produces dairy at double the rate of the West.

Turning to the specifics, the main agricultural product in the Eastern region is meat, which constitutes 35% of the total production. Dairy products follow closely, accounting for 30%. The production of vegetables and grains is relatively low, with proportions of 20% and 15%, respectively.

In contrast, in the Western region, grain production alone represents nearly half of all agricultural output at 45%. Meat production is consistent with that of the Eastern region, also making up 35%. However, the proportion of dairy production in the West is only half of that in the East, standing at 15%. The least produced product in the West is vegetables, which account for just 5% of the total.

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Model Answer #7

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Model Answer #8

Response:

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Model Answer #9

Response:

The two pie charts provide information about agricultural production in two different regions of the country. The levels of agricultural products reached were different for each region.

The evaluated items were meat, vegetables, grain, and dairy. The proportion of meat produced was the same for both regions, at 35% of the total in the east and west. In addition, the grain share accounted for 15% of eastern production and experienced a three-fold increase in the western region.

Conversely, the dairy production segment made up 30% in the east but decreased considerably by half in the west. Additionally, the vegetable share was 20% in the eastern region, which was significantly lower at 5% in the western region.

In general, meat in the eastern region constituted the highest production segment, while grain was the lowest. On the other hand, grains had the largest production share and vegetables the lowest in the west.

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Task Response (9): The report provides a comprehensive and accurate analysis of the data presented in the charts, addressing all key aspects of the task.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-organized and flows smoothly, with clear transitions between paragraphs and ideas. The information is presented in a logical and coherent manner.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, using precise and appropriate language to describe the data. The language is sophisticated and natural.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report exhibits excellent grammatical accuracy and a wide range of grammatical structures. The sentences are varied and complex, demonstrating a high level of grammatical control.

Model Answer #10

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The two pie charts provide information about agricultural production in two different regions of the country. The levels of agricultural products reached were different for each region.

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Evaluation:

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