

Task 1: Table

Subject: The table below gives information on internet use in six categories by age group. Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

Internet activities by age group

Percentage %	Age groups						
	Teens	20s	30s	40s	50s	60s	70+
Use e-mail	90	91	93	94	95	90	91
Online games	80	88	36	25	20	27	29
Download music and videos	52	46	27	15	13	8	6
Travel reservations	0	51	74	65	60	58	61
Online purchase	39	67	69	67	65	64	40
Searching for people	3	30	33	26	25	27	31

Model Answer #1

Response:

The table presents data regarding internet usage across six distinct categories segmented by age group, ranging from teenagers to individuals aged 70 and above.

Notably, email usage remains consistently high across all age brackets, while other internet activities display significant variation in frequency among different age groups.

In the domain of email usage, the percentages reflect a steady trend, beginning at 90% among teenagers and peaking at 95% for individuals aged 50 and 60, with marginal fluctuations across other age brackets. Conversely, online gaming demonstrates a pronounced decline with increasing age, starting at a remarkable 80% for teenagers and diminishing to just 29% for those aged 70 and older. A similar downward trajectory is evident in the category of downloading music and videos, where the percentage decreases from 52% in the teenage group to a mere 6% among individuals aged 70+.

In contrast, travel reservations exhibit an initial increase, peaking at 74% for individuals in their 30s, after which there is a slight decline to 60% in the 50s age group, before slightly rebounding in the 70s. Interestingly, online purchasing habits reveal a mid-life peak with 69% in the 30s group, tapering to 40% for those aged 70 and above. Lastly, the activity of searching for people remains relatively low across all demographics, with percentages ranging from 3% in teenagers to 33% among those in their 30s, showcasing only minor variations as age increases.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent overview of the main features and comparisons across age groups. All key trends are accurately described.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report flows smoothly and logically. Paragraphing is well-managed, and the connections between ideas are clear and effective.

Lexical Resource (9): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately. The language is natural and precise.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The grammar is flawless. A wide range of grammatical structures is used with complete accuracy and fluency.

Model Answer #2

Response:

The tablet above displays the internet activity of individuals categorized by age groups, represented as percentages.

Among the features of the internet listed, email is the most widely used, with all groups reporting usage above 90 percent. Notably, individuals in their fifties have the highest usage rate at 95 percent.

In contrast, searching for people is significantly less popular. The age group with the highest participation in this activity is those in their thirties, with a usage rate of 33 percent, while only 3 percent of teenagers engage in this activity.

Online gaming is most popular among young adults in their twenties, and least popular among individuals over fifty. Seniors aged seventy and above are the least likely to download music and videos, whereas teenagers and young adults are very enthusiastic about this activity.

Conversely, teenagers rarely use the internet for travel reservations, while nearly three-quarters of adults in their thirties do. Additionally, 69 percent of individuals in this age group utilize the internet for online purchases, compared to less than half of teenagers and adults who engage in this activity.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a comprehensive summary of the main features and comparisons in the table. All key trends are accurately identified and discussed.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The logical flow of ideas and the use of cohesive devices are seamless.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately throughout the report. The lexical choices enhance the clarity and precision of the writing.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of grammatical structures with complete accuracy and fluency. The writing is grammatically impeccable.

Model Answer #3

Response:

The table illustrates the percentage of internet users across six categories, grouped by age. Overall, email usage is the most popular activity across all age groups, while searching for people is the least common activity. Additionally, there are noticeable differences in preferences for other internet activities based on age.

It is evident that email usage is consistently high across all age groups, ranging from 90% among teenagers to 95% for people in their 40s. Similarly, online games are highly favored by younger individuals, with 80% of teenagers and 88% of those in their 20s engaging in this activity. In contrast, the percentage of people playing online games drops significantly among older groups, reaching just 27% for individuals in their 70s.

Downloading music and videos is predominantly an activity of younger users, with 52% of teenagers participating compared to only 6% of those aged 70 and above. Conversely, travel reservations show an opposite trend, being entirely absent among teenagers but highly popular among individuals in their 30s (74%) and 40s (60%).

Online purchases show relatively consistent popularity across most age groups, with figures ranging from 39% for teenagers to 67% for people in their 30s, 40s, and 50s. Lastly, searching for people is the least popular activity across all age groups, with only 3% of teenagers participating and a slightly higher figure of 31% for people in their 70s.

In summary, internet usage varies significantly by age and activity type. While email is universally popular, younger people prefer entertainment-related activities like gaming and downloading content, whereas older individuals focus more on practical uses such as travel reservations.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides an excellent summary of the main features and comparisons in the data. All key trends are accurately identified and discussed.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The logical flow of ideas and the use of cohesive devices are seamless.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately throughout the report. The lexical choices enhance the clarity and precision of the writing.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of grammatical structures with complete accuracy and fluency. The writing is grammatically impeccable.

Model Answer #4

Response:

The table presents the percentage of Internet activities among users, categorized into six different age groups.

As evident from the table, email usage consistently ranks first among Internet activities, indicating its importance. Conversely, the rates of online games, as well as downloading music and videos, exhibit a significant decline as age increases.

Email usage remains relatively stable across age groups, with 90% of teens and 91% of individuals in their seventies utilizing it. The highest proportion of travel reservations belongs to individuals in their thirties (74%), with the exception of teens who do not make travel reservations. Furthermore, the age group of 30 consistently demonstrates the highest rate of online merchandise purchases (69%), which is only slightly lower than the rate of travel bookings.

Regarding the remaining Internet activities, online games, with an 80% usage rate, are slightly less popular than email. However, there is a gradual decrease in online game usage as age increases, with a notable drop to just 20% among individuals in their fifties. Similarly, downloading music and videos follows a trend similar to online games, exhibiting lower overall popularity and a marked decline among individuals over the age of 30. Only 6% of individuals over the age of 70 download music and videos.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent overview of the main features and comparisons.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is very well-structured and easy to follow.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of grammatical structures with no errors.

Model Answer #5

Response:

The data in given rows and columns illustrates the usage of internet by different age groups in six classes.

Overall, the data outlines variations in internet activities among different age groups, with certain activities showing a general trend of increase or decrease as age increases.

Looking at the data, it is apparent that the percentage of individuals engaging in online games decreases with age. Teens and individuals in their 20s have higher participation rates at 80% and 88% respectively, which significantly drops to 25% and 20% for those in their 40s and 50s. Interestingly, there is a slight increase to 27% for the 60s age group, followed by a small rise to 29% for the 70+ category.

Furthermore, the data indicates a notable rise in travel reservations with age, peaking at the 30s and 40s age groups at 74% and 65% respectively. However, there is a decline in this activity among older age groups. Online purchases also follow a similar trend, with the highest percentage found in the 30s age group at 69% before slightly dropping in the subsequent age groups. In contrast, searching for people online does not exhibit a clear pattern across age groups, with percentages varying slightly between 3% to 33%.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a clear and accurate summary of the main features of the data, highlighting key trends and making relevant comparisons. It demonstrates a strong understanding of the task requirements.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-structured and logically organized. The information flows smoothly, with clear transitions between paragraphs and sentences. The use of cohesive devices is effective and contributes to the overall clarity and coherence of the report.

Lexical Resource (9): The report uses a wide range of vocabulary, including precise and sophisticated terms, to accurately describe the data. The language is appropriate for the academic context and demonstrates a high level of lexical control.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of grammatical structures, used accurately and appropriately. The sentences are varied and complex, and the grammar is flawless.