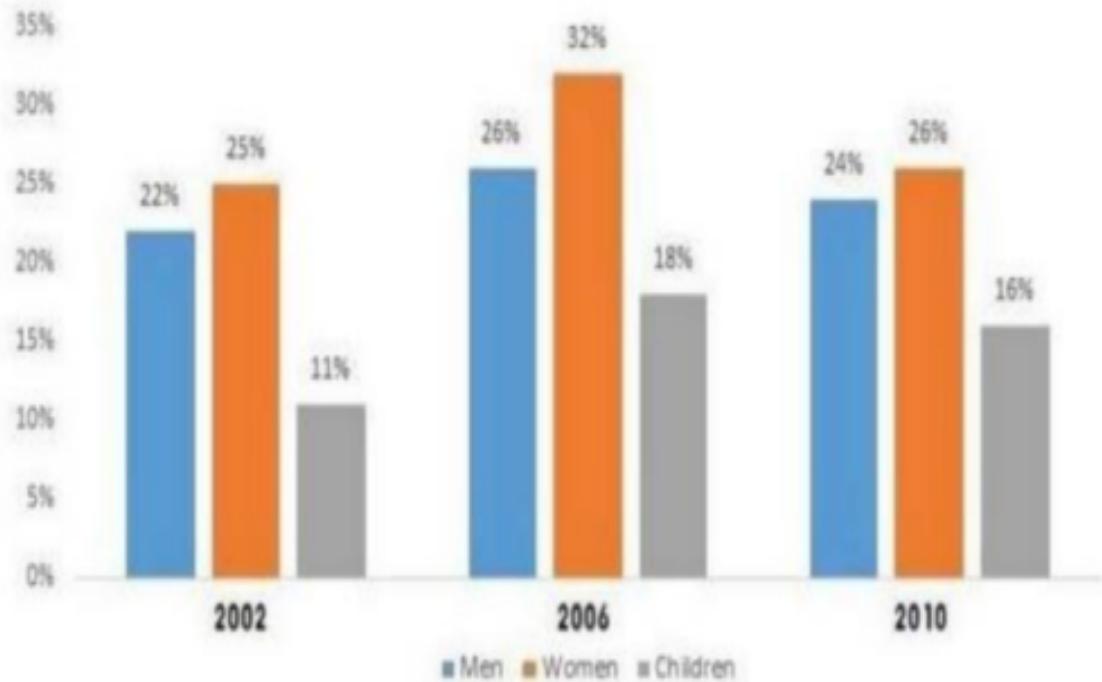


Task 1: Bar Chart

Subject: Percentage of UK people who consumed daily recommended amount of fruit and vegetable in 2002, 2006, and 2010. Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant. You should write atleast 150 words.



Model Answer #1

Response:

The clustered bar chart presents data on the percentage of the UK population—specifically men, women, and children—who consumed the recommended daily intake of fruits and vegetables in the years 2002, 2006, and 2010.

Overall, women consistently exhibited the highest percentage of consumption across all observed years, while children represented the lowest figures. Notably, there was a general rise in consumption from 2002 to 2006, followed by a decline by 2010.

In 2002, the percentages of fruits and vegetable consumption among men, women, and children were 22%, 25%, and 11%, respectively. This indicates that men consumed fruits and vegetables at approximately double the rate of children. By 2006, there was a significant increase in these figures, with 28% of men, 32% of women, and 16% of children meeting the recommended daily intake. During this period, women's consumption reached its pinnacle, accounting for 32%, while children's consumption increased but remained markedly lower compared to their adult counterparts.

In 2010, the consumption percentages exhibited a downturn across all demographics: 24% of men, 27% of women, and 14% of children adhered to the daily intake guidelines. Although women continued to lead in consumption, there was a 5% decrease from the previous year, mirroring a similar decline in men's and children's figures. Notably, throughout the study period, women maintained the highest proportion of consumption while children consistently registered the lowest levels of adherence to the recommended fruit and vegetable intake.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent response to the task. All key features of the chart are accurately described and analyzed.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The flow of information is natural and logical.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately. The language is precise and effective.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The grammar is flawless. A wide range of grammatical structures is used with complete accuracy and fluency.

Model Answer #2

Response:

The bar chart depicts the proportion of UK residents' daily intake of fruit and vegetables among three categories: men, women, and children from 2002 to 2010.

Overall, it can be seen that women were the most likely group to consume fruit and vegetables throughout the observed timeframe. In contrast, the percentages were noticeably lower among children. Furthermore, during this period, the popularity of fruit and vegetables fluctuated among all participants.

Women had the highest percentage starting at 25% in 2002, then rose to 32% in 2006, before pulling back to 27% in 2010. Also, the trend for men was similar, beginning at 22% in 2002, rising to 28% for the four years and falling to 24% in 2010.

Children, whose proportions were below adults, started relatively low at 11% in 2002. However, after four years there was a noticeable increase to 16%, followed by a minor decline to 14% in 2010.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a clear and accurate overview of the data presented in the chart. All key features are identified and discussed in detail.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-structured and easy to follow. The information is presented logically and smoothly, with clear transitions between paragraphs and sentences.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, including sophisticated and precise language. The use of vocabulary is accurate and appropriate throughout.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report displays a wide range of grammatical structures, used with accuracy and fluency. There are no errors in grammar or punctuation.

Model Answer #3

Response:

The clustered bar chart presents data on the percentage of the UK population—specifically men, women, and children—who consumed the recommended daily intake of fruits and vegetables in the years 2002, 2006, and 2010.

Overall, women consistently exhibited the highest percentage of consumption across all observed years, while children represented the lowest figures. Notably, there was a general rise in consumption from 2002 to 2006, followed by a decline by 2010.

In 2002, the percentages of fruits and vegetable consumption among men, women, and children were 22%, 25%, and 11%, respectively. This indicates that men consumed fruits and vegetables at approximately double the rate of children. By 2006, there was a significant increase in these figures, with 28% of men, 32% of women, and 16% of children meeting the recommended daily intake. During this period, women's consumption reached its pinnacle, accounting for 32%, while children's consumption increased but remained markedly lower compared to their adult counterparts.

In 2010, the consumption percentages exhibited a downturn across all demographics: 24% of men, 27% of women, and 14% of children adhered to the daily intake guidelines. Although women continued to lead in consumption, there was a 5% decrease from the previous year, mirroring a similar decline in men's and children's figures. Notably, throughout the study period, women maintained the highest proportion of consumption while children consistently registered the lowest levels of adherence to the recommended fruit and vegetable intake.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent response to the task. All key features of the chart are accurately described and analyzed.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The flow of information is natural and logical.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately. The language is precise and effective.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The grammar is flawless. A wide range of grammatical structures is used with complete accuracy and fluency.

Model Answer #4

Response:

The bar chart depicts the proportion of UK residents' daily intake of fruit and vegetables among three categories: men, women, and children from 2002 to 2010.

Overall, it can be seen that women were the most likely group to consume fruit and vegetables throughout the observed timeframe. In contrast, the percentages were noticeably lower among children. Furthermore, during this period, the popularity of fruit and vegetables fluctuated among all participants.

Women had the highest percentage starting at 25% in 2002, then rose to 32% in 2006, before pulling back to 27% in 2010. Also, the trend for men was similar, beginning at 22% in 2002, rising to 28% for the four years and falling to 24% in 2010.

Children, whose proportions were below adults, started relatively low at 11% in 2002. However, after four years there was a noticeable increase to 16%, followed by a minor decline to 14% in 2010.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a clear and accurate overview of the data presented in the chart. All key features are identified and discussed in detail.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-structured and easy to follow. The information is presented logically and smoothly, with clear transitions between paragraphs and sentences.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, including sophisticated and precise language. The use of vocabulary is accurate and appropriate throughout.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report displays a wide range of grammatical structures, used with accuracy and fluency. There are no errors in grammar or punctuation.