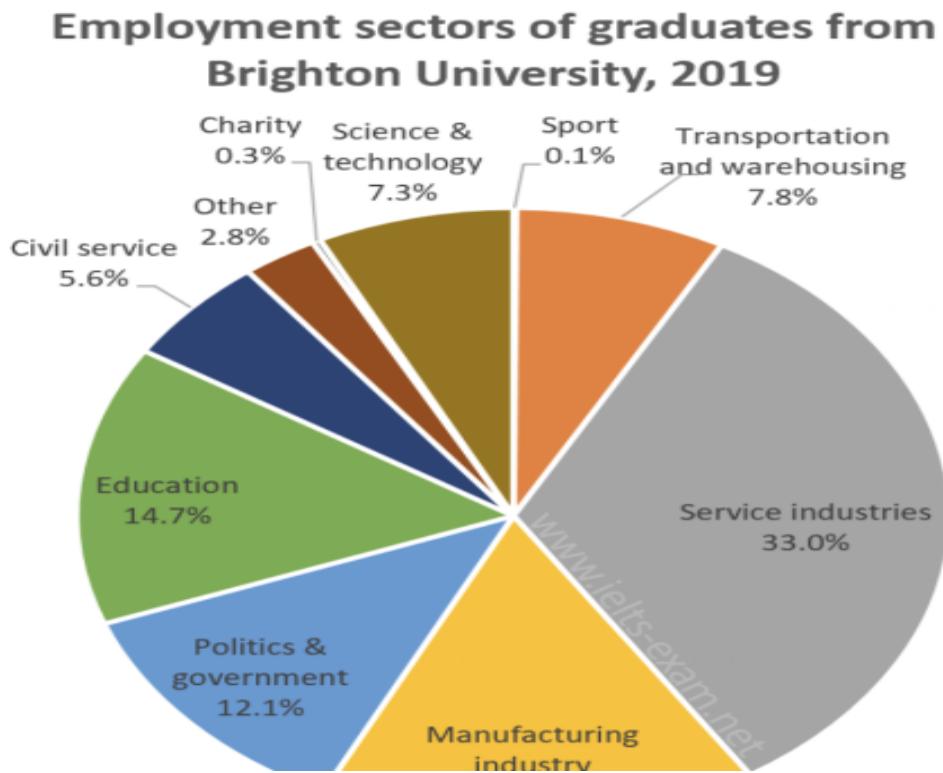


Task 1: Pie Chart

Subject: The chart below shows the proportions of graduates from Brighton University in 2019 entering different employment sectors



Model Answer #1

Response:

The given pie chart illustrates the distribution of employment choices among graduates from Brighton University in 2019, showing the percentage of alumni who pursued careers in various sectors after graduation.

Overall, the most popular sectors for employment are services, manufacturing, education, and politics/government, while sectors such as transportation, sport, science, charity, civil services, and others attract significantly fewer graduates.

The most prominent feature of the chart is the high proportion of graduates (33.0%) who sought employment in the service industry. This is by far the largest sector. The manufacturing industry follows with 16.3%, while education and politics/government employ 14.7% and 12.1% of graduates, respectively. Together, these four sectors account for just over three-quarters of the total graduate employment.

In contrast, the remaining six sectors, which include transportation, sport, science, charity, civil services, and others, collectively make up less than a quarter of the total. Notably, sport and charity are the least popular, attracting less than 1% of graduates combined.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent response to the task. All key features are accurately described and compared.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The flow of information is natural and logical.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately. The language is precise and effective.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The grammar is flawless. A wide range of grammatical structures is used with complete accuracy and fluency.

Model Answer #2

Response:

The pie chart illustrates the employment sectors of graduates from Brighton University in 2019.

Overall, the largest proportion of graduates entered the service industries, while the smallest percentage pursued careers in charity work and sports. The chart demonstrates a notable concentration in a few key sectors, with a more even distribution across others.

The service industries accounted for the highest share at 33.0%, making it the dominant choice among graduates. This was followed by the manufacturing sector, which employed 16.3% of graduates, and education, which attracted 14.7%. Politics and government represented 12.1% of employment, indicating a moderate level of interest in public service roles.

On the other hand, fewer graduates entered transportation and warehousing, which constituted 7.8% of the total, and science and technology, at 7.3%. Civil service roles were chosen by 5.6% of graduates. The least popular areas were charity and sports, with only 0.3% and 0.1% of graduates working in these fields, respectively. A small proportion, labeled as “other,” made up 2.8%.

In conclusion, the chart highlights that while the service industries were the most attractive to Brighton University graduates in 2019, several sectors, such as charity and sports, had minimal representation.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): Excellent response to the task. All key features of the chart are accurately described and analyzed.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and easy to follow. The flow of information is natural and logical.

Lexical Resource (8.5): A wide range of sophisticated vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately. The language is precise and effective.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The grammar is flawless. A wide range of grammatical structures is used with complete accuracy and fluency.

Model Answer #3

Response:

The depicted chart illustrates the rate of students who graduated from Brighton University and entered various employment fields in the year 2019.

Overall, the figure for service industries occupied the largest share compared to others over the given period, whereas those of sport accounted for the least in the same year.

Turning to the details, the proportion of graduates opted for service industries constituted about a third of total sectors (33%), followed by manufacturing industry at 16.3% and education at 14.7%. Meanwhile, the percentage for politics and government accounted for 12.1%, which was nearly twice as much as that of civil service (5.6%).

Moreover, the rate of pupils preferred transportation & warehousing and science & technology comprised 7.8% and 7.3% of the total percentage, respectively. On the other hand, the figure for other fields was 2.8%, while those of charity (0.3%) and sport (0.1%) were less than 1%, being the least popular sectors.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a clear and accurate summary of the main features of the chart, highlighting the key trends and making relevant comparisons. All aspects of the task are addressed effectively.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-organized and easy to follow. The information is presented logically and coherently, with smooth transitions between paragraphs and sentences. The use of cohesive devices is sophisticated and contributes to the overall clarity of the report.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, used accurately and appropriately. The language is precise and varied, with a good use of synonyms and collocations. The report also includes some sophisticated vocabulary, such as 'constituted' and 'comprised'.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report displays a wide range of grammatical structures, used with accuracy and fluency. The sentences are varied and complex, and the grammar is consistently correct. Punctuation is also used accurately and effectively.

Model Answer #4

Response:

The pie chart illustrates the career choices of Brighton University's 2019 graduates, giving the percentages who worked in each of various sectors after finishing university. Overwhelmingly, industry and government were the most popular choices.

Just under half the students went into industry, with service industries attracting more Brighton graduates than any other sector by far — almost a third (33.0%). About half that number (16.3%) took jobs in manufacturing.

Politics and public service were the next most popular choice, accounting for nearly a fifth of graduates. Just over 12% went into politics and a further 5.6% chose the civil service. The other significant career choices were education (about 15%) and two others: transportation and warehousing, with 7.8%; and science and technology with 7.3%.

The least popular choices included work in the charitable sector and careers in sport, both of which were chosen by well under 1% of graduates. Finally, 2.8% entered work in other, unspecified, sectors.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a clear and accurate summary of the main features of the chart, highlighting the key trends and making relevant comparisons. All the important information is included and presented in a logical and engaging way.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-structured and flows smoothly. The information is presented in a logical order, with clear transitions between paragraphs and sentences. The use of cohesive devices is sophisticated and effective.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, using precise and appropriate language to describe the data. The language is sophisticated and varied, with a good use of synonyms and idiomatic expressions.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report is grammatically accurate and uses a wide range of grammatical structures with complete control. The sentences are varied and complex, and the punctuation is used correctly throughout.

Model Answer #5

Response:

The pie chart illustrates the career choices of Brighton University's 2019 graduates, giving the percentages who worked in each of various sectors after finishing university. Overwhelmingly, industry and government were the most popular choices.

Just under half the students went into industry, with service industries attracting more Brighton graduates than any other sector by far — almost a third (33.0%). About half that number (16.3%) took jobs in manufacturing.

Politics and public service were the next most popular choice, accounting for nearly a fifth of graduates. Just over 12% went into politics and a further 5.6% chose the civil service. The other significant career choices were education (about 15%) and two others: transportation and warehousing, with 7.8%; and science and technology with 7.3%.

The least popular choices included work in the charitable sector and careers in sport, both of which were chosen by well under 1% of graduates. Finally, 2.8% entered work in other, unspecified, sectors.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a clear and accurate summary of the main features of the chart, highlighting the key trends and making relevant comparisons. All the important information is included and presented in a logical and engaging way.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-structured and flows smoothly. The information is presented in a logical order, with clear transitions between paragraphs and sentences. The use of cohesive devices is sophisticated and effective.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, using precise and appropriate language to describe the data. The language is sophisticated and varied, with a good use of synonyms and idiomatic expressions.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report is grammatically accurate and uses a wide range of grammatical structures with fluency and control. The punctuation is correct and contributes to the clarity and readability of the report.