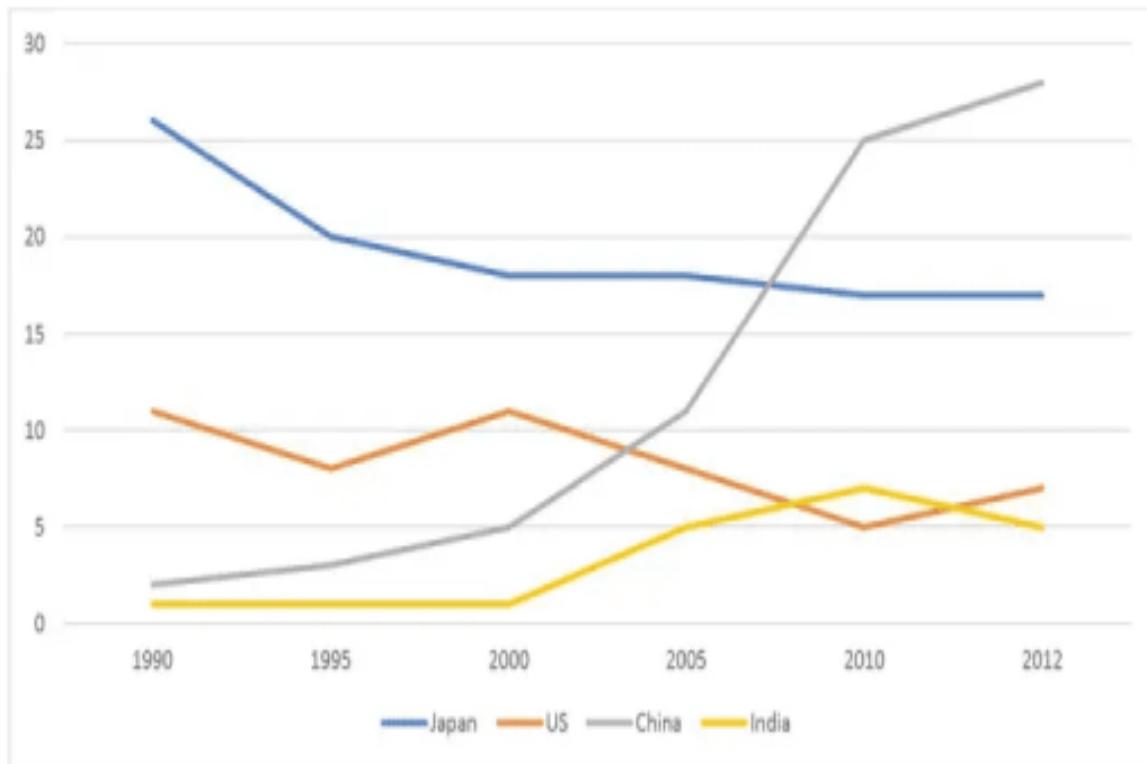


Task 1: Line Graph

Subject: The line graph shows the percentages of Australian export with four countries. The graph below shows the percentage of Australian exports to 4 countries from 1990 to 2012



Model Answer #1

Response:

The provided line graph displays the distribution percentages of Australian exports to four specific countries over a span of 22 years from 1990 to 2012.

Overall, China emerged as the dominant recipient of Australian exports throughout the period, consistently surpassing the other three countries. Japan and the US initially held significant shares in 1990, which dwindled over time, while China experienced substantial growth and India maintained a steady trajectory.

At the outset, Japan had the highest demand in 1990, receiving around 20% of Australian exports, while the US accounted for approximately 10%. However, Japan's share exhibited a gradual decline, falling to just below 20% by 2000. In contrast, the US experienced a slight decrease in 1995 but rebounded to slightly over 10% by 2000. Meanwhile, China and India's shares were below 5% in 1990, with China showing a steady increase to nearly 5% by 2000, whereas India's percentage remained constant.

Throughout the 90s, China witnessed a notable surge in its share of Australian exports, eventually peaking at almost 30% in 2012. In contrast, Japan experienced a continual decline, ending at just above 15%. The US and India displayed more fluctuation but ultimately converged at similar percentages, ranging from 5% to 8% by 2012.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a comprehensive and accurate overview of the data presented in the line graph. It effectively addresses all aspects of the task, demonstrating a clear understanding of the information.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is exceptionally well-organized and cohesive. The paragraphs flow smoothly, and the information is presented in a logical and clear manner. The use of transition words and phrases enhances the overall coherence.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, using precise and sophisticated language to describe the trends and patterns in the data. The vocabulary is used accurately and appropriately throughout.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report exhibits a high level of grammatical accuracy and fluency. The sentences are grammatically correct and varied, showcasing a wide range of grammatical structures.

Model Answer #2

Response:

The line graph gives information about the proportion of exports from Australia to four different countries: Japan, the USA, China, and India between 1990 and 2012.

Overall, the figure for Australian exports to China and India saw upward trends, while there was a decline in exports to Japan and the USA during the period. It is also noteworthy that China experienced the most significant growth compared to other countries.

In 1990, the Australian exports to Japan accounted for the largest share at 26%, followed by the USA at 11%, with China and India having minimal shares around 2%. Subsequently, there was a gradual decrease in Australian exports to Japan, reaching 20% by 1995 and slightly falling further. In contrast, exports to China went up from approximately 3% in 1990 to a peak of nearly 28% by 2012, which showed a remarkable growth.

Throughout the first decade, exports to India remained unchanged at only 1%, whereas those to the USA fluctuated between 8% and 11%. However, Indian imports witnessed a sharp rise to 7% by 2010 before declining to 5% in 2012. In comparison, exports to America dropped to 7% by 2012 after reaching a high of 11% and hitting a low of 5% during the period.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a comprehensive and accurate overview of the data presented in the line graph. It effectively addresses all aspects of the task, demonstrating a clear understanding of the information.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-structured and logically organized. The information flows smoothly, with clear transitions between paragraphs and sentences. The use of cohesive devices enhances the overall clarity and readability.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, using precise and appropriate language to describe the trends and patterns in the data. The language is sophisticated and natural, reflecting a high level of lexical control.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report exhibits a wide range of grammatical structures, used accurately and flexibly. The grammar and punctuation are flawless, contributing to the overall clarity and fluency of the writing.

Model Answer #3

Response:

The provided line graph illustrates the percentage of Australian exports to Japan, the US, China, and India from 1990 to 2012.

Overall, the export trends varied significantly. Exports to Japan decreased steadily from 25% in 1990 to around 15% in 2012. Conversely, exports to China surged dramatically, rising from 5% to nearly 30% over the same period.

Meanwhile, the US showed a fluctuating pattern. Exports initially fell from 10% in 1990 to 8% in 1995, then rose back to 10% by 2000 before gradually declining to about 5% in 2012.

India's exports remained relatively low but showed slight variations. Around 2005, there was an increase to just over 10%, but it fell back below 10% by 2012. Despite these fluctuations, India's export percentage stayed fairly stable compared to the other countries.

In summary, while Japan and the US saw declining or fluctuating trends, China's share of Australian exports increased sharply. This highlights China's growing importance as a trade partner, with India's share remaining low but consistent, indicating limited but stable engagement.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report provides a comprehensive and accurate summary of the main features of the graph, highlighting key trends and making relevant comparisons. All aspects of the task are addressed effectively.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is well-structured and logically organized. The information flows smoothly, with clear transitions between paragraphs and sentences. The use of cohesive devices is sophisticated and contributes to the overall clarity and coherence of the report.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary, using precise and appropriate language to describe the trends and make comparisons. The language is sophisticated and natural, with no noticeable errors or limitations.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): The report exhibits a wide range of grammatical structures, used accurately and flexibly. The grammar is error-free, and the punctuation is used correctly and effectively.

Model Answer #4

Response:

The line graph illustrates the percentages of Australian exports with respect to four countries over a span of years from 1990 to 2012.

Overall, China experienced a remarkable increase in its share of Australian exports over the period, surpassing other countries by 2012. On the contrary, Japan saw a consistent decline in its export percentage, while the US and India witnessed fluctuating but relatively stable trends.

Commencing at approximately 27% in 1990, Japan's share of Australian exports steadily decreased to below 20% by 2012. In contrast, the US initially stood at just above 10% in 1990, fluctuated between 10% and 12% until 2000, and then marked a downward trend to 7% by 2012.

China's trajectory displayed a significant rise, starting below 5% in 1990 and experiencing exponential growth to nearly 30% by 2012, surpassing the US around 2005. In comparison, India's share began at around 3% and exhibited gradual growth to about 8% in 2010, followed by a slight decrease to 5% by the end of the period.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report fully addresses the task by providing a clear overview and detailed comparisons of the data presented in the line graph. The information is accurately summarized, covering all four countries and the trends from 1990 to 2012.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is excellently organized with a clear introduction, overview, and detailed comparisons for each country. The information is logically sequenced, and there is a smooth flow of ideas throughout the report. Paragraphing is skillfully managed, enhancing the overall coherence.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary with precise and accurate word choices. The language used is sophisticated and natural, contributing to a clear and coherent presentation of the data. There is a high level of lexical resource evident in the report.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): A wide range of grammatical structures is used with full flexibility and control. The report is free from grammatical errors, and punctuation is correctly and appropriately used throughout. The complex sentences are well-structured and enhance the overall quality of the report.

Model Answer #5

Response:

The line graph illustrates the percentages of Australian exports with respect to four countries over a span of years from 1990 to 2012.

Overall, China experienced a remarkable increase in its share of Australian exports over the period, surpassing other countries by 2012. On the contrary, Japan saw a consistent decline in its export percentage, while the US and India witnessed fluctuating but relatively stable trends.

Commencing at approximately 27% in 1990, Japan's share of Australian exports steadily decreased to below 20% by 2012. In contrast, the US initially stood at just above 10% in 1990, fluctuated between 10% and 12% until 2000, and then marked a downward trend to 7% by 2012.

China's trajectory displayed a significant rise, starting below 5% in 1990 and experiencing exponential growth to nearly 30% by 2012, surpassing the US around 2005. In comparison, India's share began at around 3% and exhibited gradual growth to about 8% in 2010, followed by a slight decrease to 5% by the end of the period.

Evaluation:

Overall Band Score: 9

Task Response (9): The report fully addresses the task by summarizing the main features of the line graph, making relevant comparisons, and covering the trends of all four countries over the specified period.

Coherence & Cohesion (9): The report is logically structured with clear paragraphing. Ideas are presented cohesively, and transitions are smooth, allowing the reader to follow the information effortlessly.

Lexical Resource (9): The report demonstrates a wide range of vocabulary used accurately and effectively. The language is precise, sophisticated, and enhances the overall quality of the report.

Grammatical Range & Accuracy (9): There is a full range of grammatical structures used with precision and accuracy. Punctuation and grammar are consistently correct, contributing to the clarity of the report.