

Loops

For-each statement in Java

In Java, the for-each statement allows you to directly loop through each item in an array or ArrayList and perform some action with each item.

When creating a for-each statement, you must include the for keyword and two expressions inside of parentheses, separated by a colon. These include:

- 1. The handle for an element we're currently iterating over.
- $2\,.\,$ The source array or $\,ArrayList\,$ we're iterating over.