

# Exponential families

# Learning goals

- Be able to show whether a given distribution is an exponential family.
- Be able to compute mean and variance of random variables belonging to exponential families.
- Understand the interpretation of the variance function and be able to compute the variance function for exponential families.

# Exponential families

$Y$  comes from an exponential family if it has density/mass function of the form

$$f(y; \theta, \phi) = \exp \left[ \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi) \right]$$

$\theta$  is the *canonical parameter* (captures location)

$\phi$  is the *dispersion parameter* (captures scale)

## Example: normal

$$Y \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(y) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(y-\mu)^2}{\sigma^2}} \\ &= \exp \left[ \frac{y\mu - \mu^2/2}{\sigma^2} - \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{y^2}{\sigma^2} + \log(2\pi\sigma^2) \right) \right] \\ &= \exp \left[ \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi) \right] \end{aligned}$$

where  $\theta = \mu$ ,  $\phi = \sigma^2$ , and

$$\begin{aligned} b(\theta) &= \theta^2/2 \\ a(\phi) &= \phi \\ c(y, \phi) &= -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{y^2}{\phi} + \log(2\pi\phi) \right) \end{aligned}$$

## Example: Poisson

$$Y \sim \text{pois}(\lambda)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(y) &= e^{-\lambda} \lambda^y / y! \text{ for } y = 0, 1, 2, \dots \\ &= \exp [y \log \lambda - \lambda - \log y!] \\ &= \exp \left[ \frac{y\theta - b(\theta)}{a(\phi)} + c(y, \phi) \right] \end{aligned}$$

where  $\theta = \log \lambda$ ,  $\phi = 1$ , and

$$\begin{aligned} b(\theta) &= e^\theta \\ a(\phi) &= \phi \\ c(y, \phi) &= -\log y! \end{aligned}$$

## Example: binomial

$Y \sim \text{bin}(m, p)$  for known  $m$  (not a parameter)

$$f(y) = \binom{m}{y} p^y (1-p)^{m-y} \text{ for } y = 0, 1, \dots, m$$

Lab problem in the week 3.

Other examples of exponential families are the gamma and the inverse Gaussian.

# Exponential family: mean and variance

**Lemma** If  $Y$  is from an exponential family then

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{E} Y &= b'(\theta) \\ \text{Var } Y &= b''(\theta) a(\phi)\end{aligned}$$

[Proof] Exercise.



# Exponential family: variance function

Let  $\mu = \mathbb{E} Y$  and write

$$\text{Var } Y = v(\mu)a(\phi)$$

(so  $v = b'' \circ (b')^{-1}$ ).  $v$  is called the *variance function*

## Examples:

normal  $v(\mu) = 1$

Poisson  $v(\mu) = \mu$

binomial  $v(\mu) = \mu(1 - \mu/m)$

# Learning goals

- Be able to show whether a given distribution is an exponential family.
- Be able to compute mean and variance of random variables belonging to exponential families.
- Understand the interpretation of the variance function and be able to compute the variance function for exponential families.