### Introduction

INTRODUCTION TO TABLEAU



Maarten Van den Broeck Content Developer at DataCamp



#### What is Tableau?



- Data visualization tool
- Click, drag, drop
- Beautiful, interactive visualizations

#### Why use Tableau?

- Accessible for a range of users
- Advanced analytical capabilities
- Flexible
- Intuitive
- Quick and robust prototyping



- Frame (business) questions
- Import and clean data
- Analyze and visualize data
- Drive business decisions
- Present insights

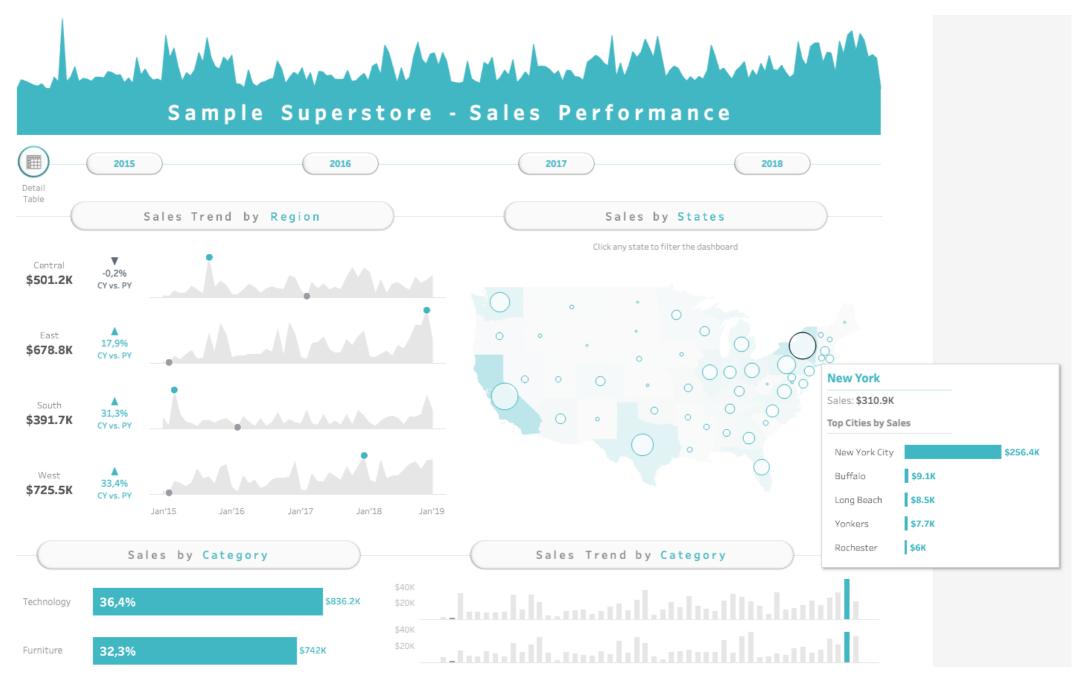


#### Who uses Tableau?

#### Roles

- Data analyst
- Business analyst
- Analytics consultant

#### Possibilities with Tableau



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Author: Pradeep Kumar G. Originally published on: Tableau Public



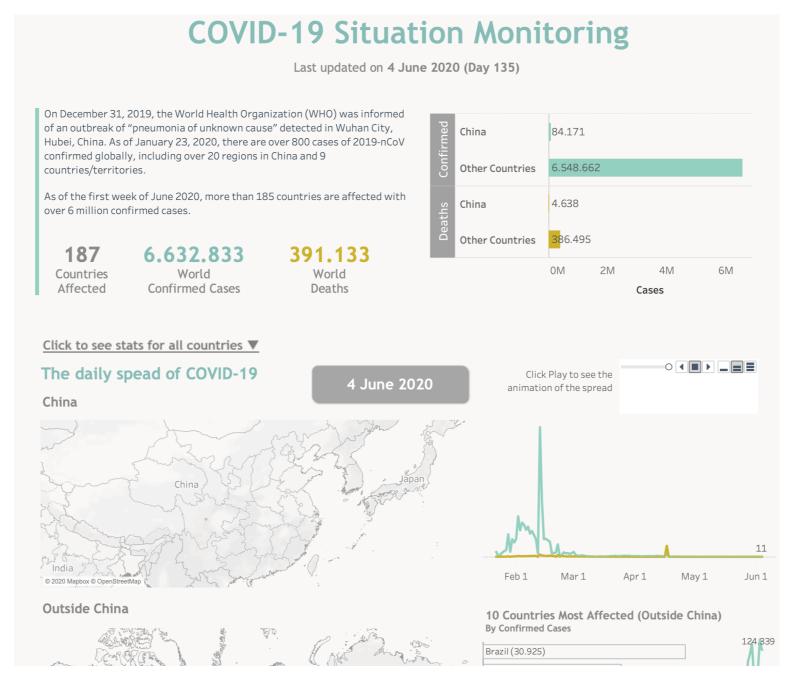
#### Possibilities with Tableau



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Author: Daniel Ling. Originally published on: Tableau Public



#### Possibilities with Tableau



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Author: Thi Ho. Originally published on: Tableau Public



#### Tableau versions

#### **Tableau Desktop Public Edition**

- Free
- All visualizations included
- Excel, csv, Google Sheets, web data
- 15 millions rows of data
- Publish locally<sup>1</sup> and online

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Since April 2024



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- 15 millions rows of data
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#### Tableau Desktop

- Paid (license)
- All visualizations included
- All listed data sources
- Unlimited rows of data
- Publish locally and online

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Since April 2024





## Connecting to data

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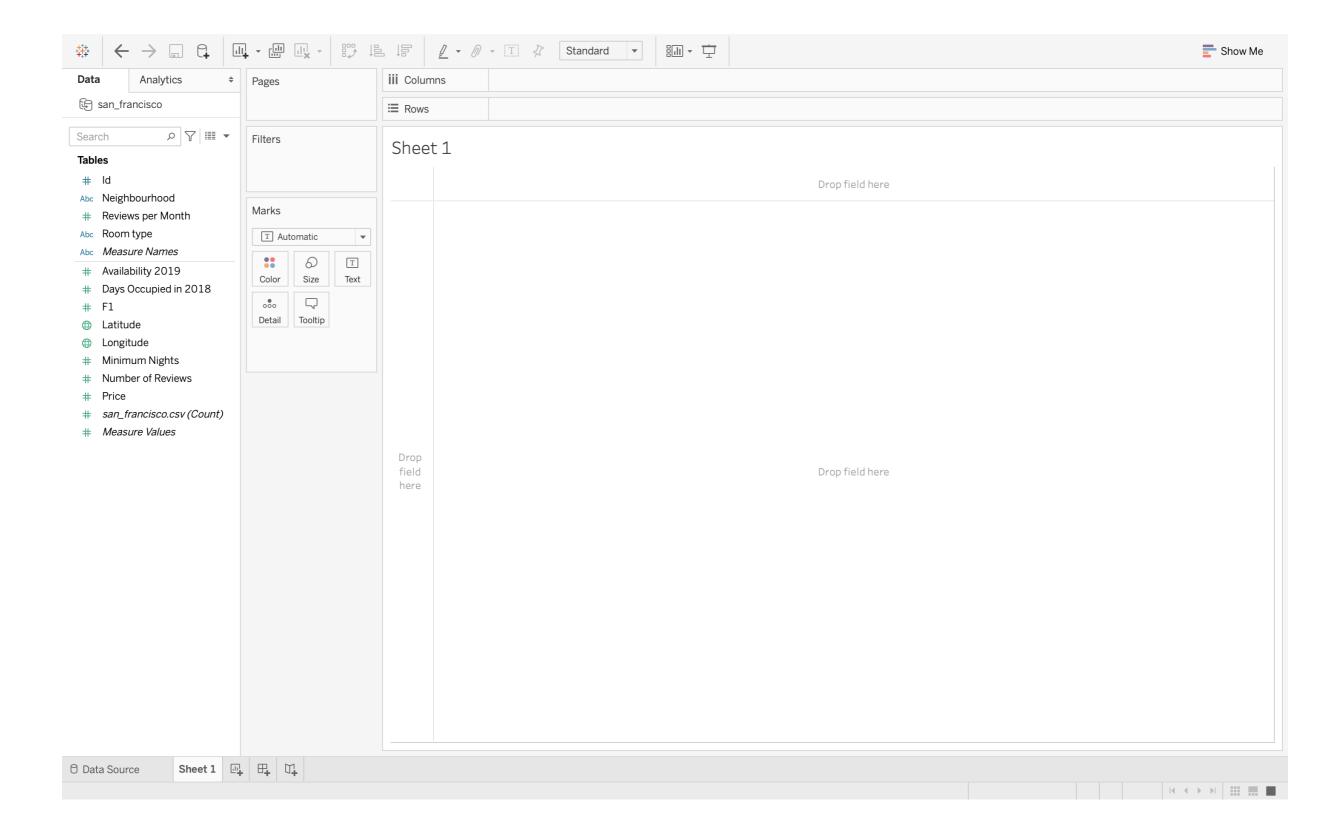
## Navigating Tableau

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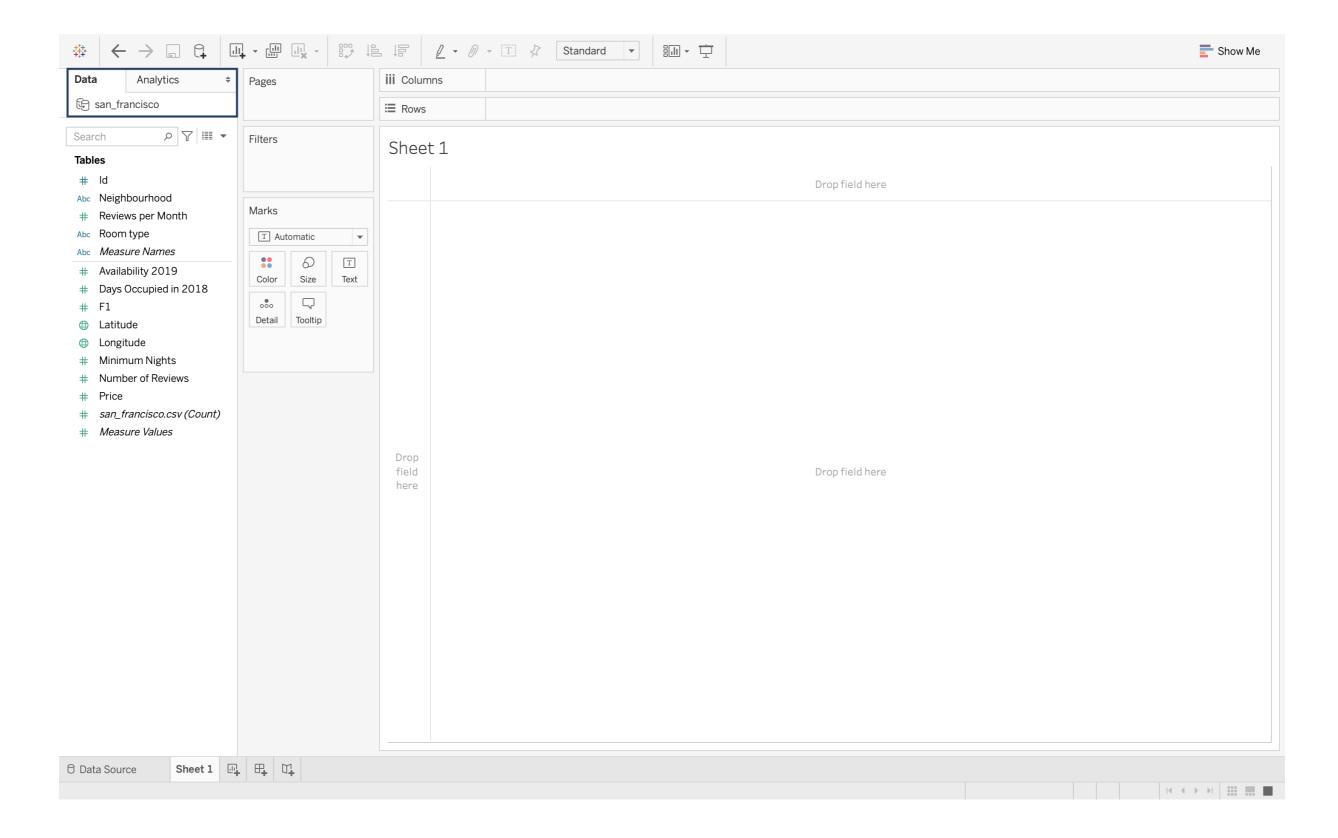


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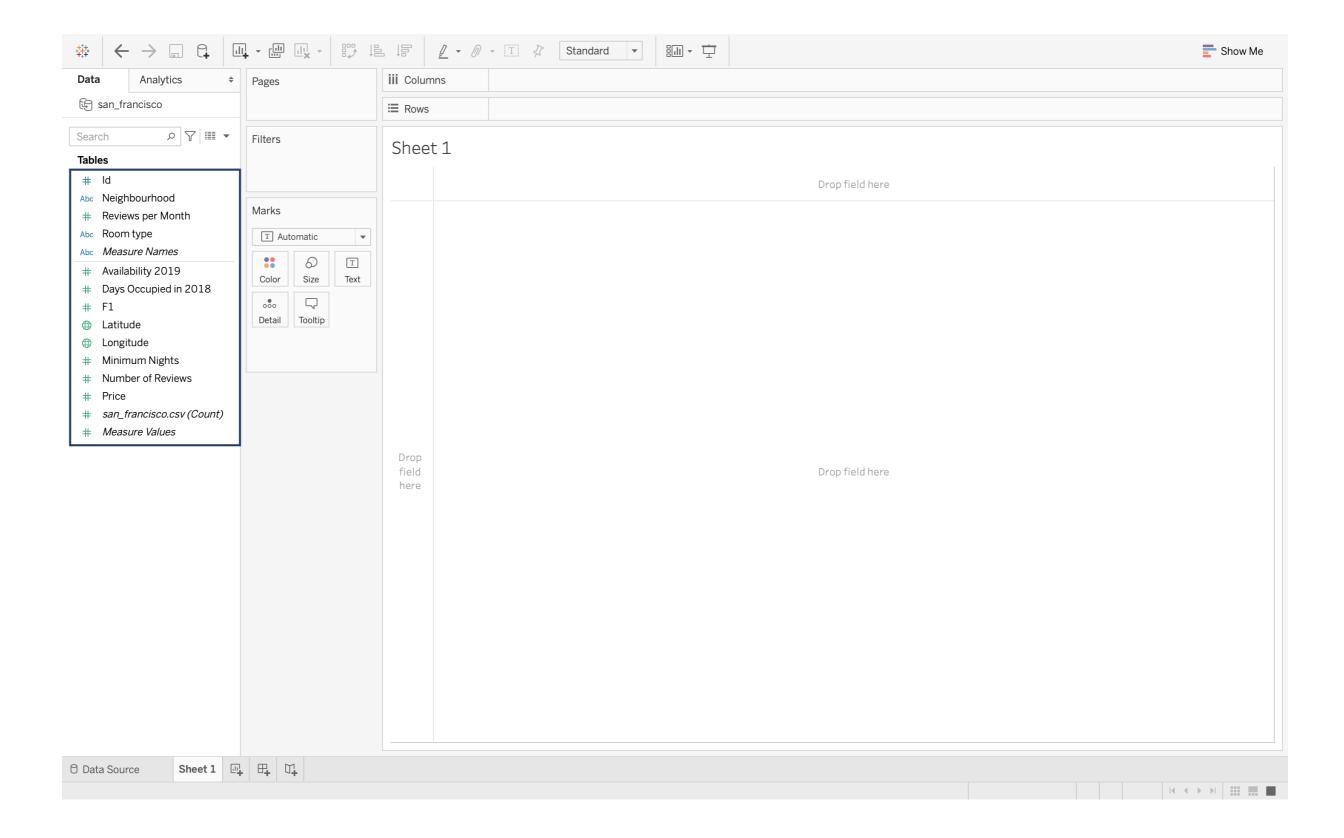




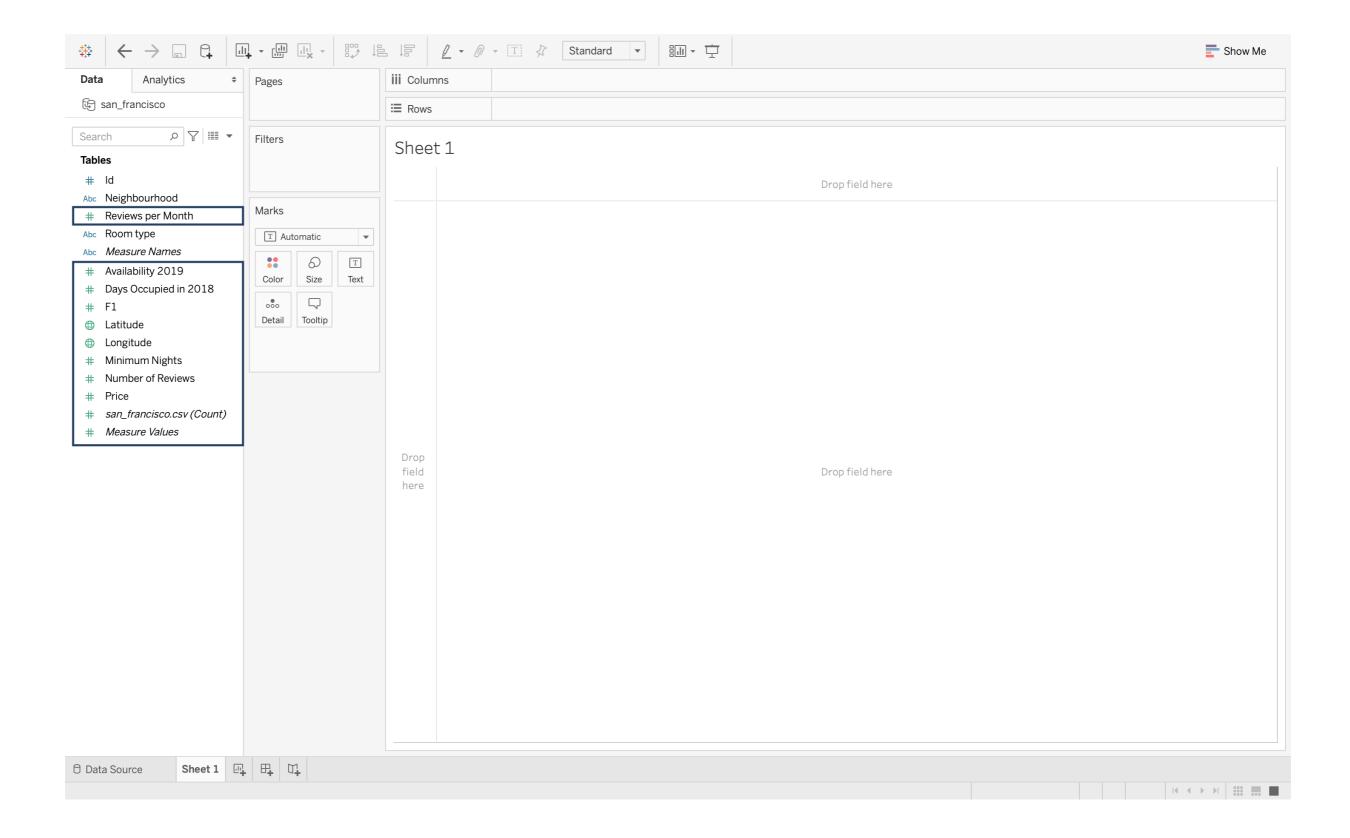




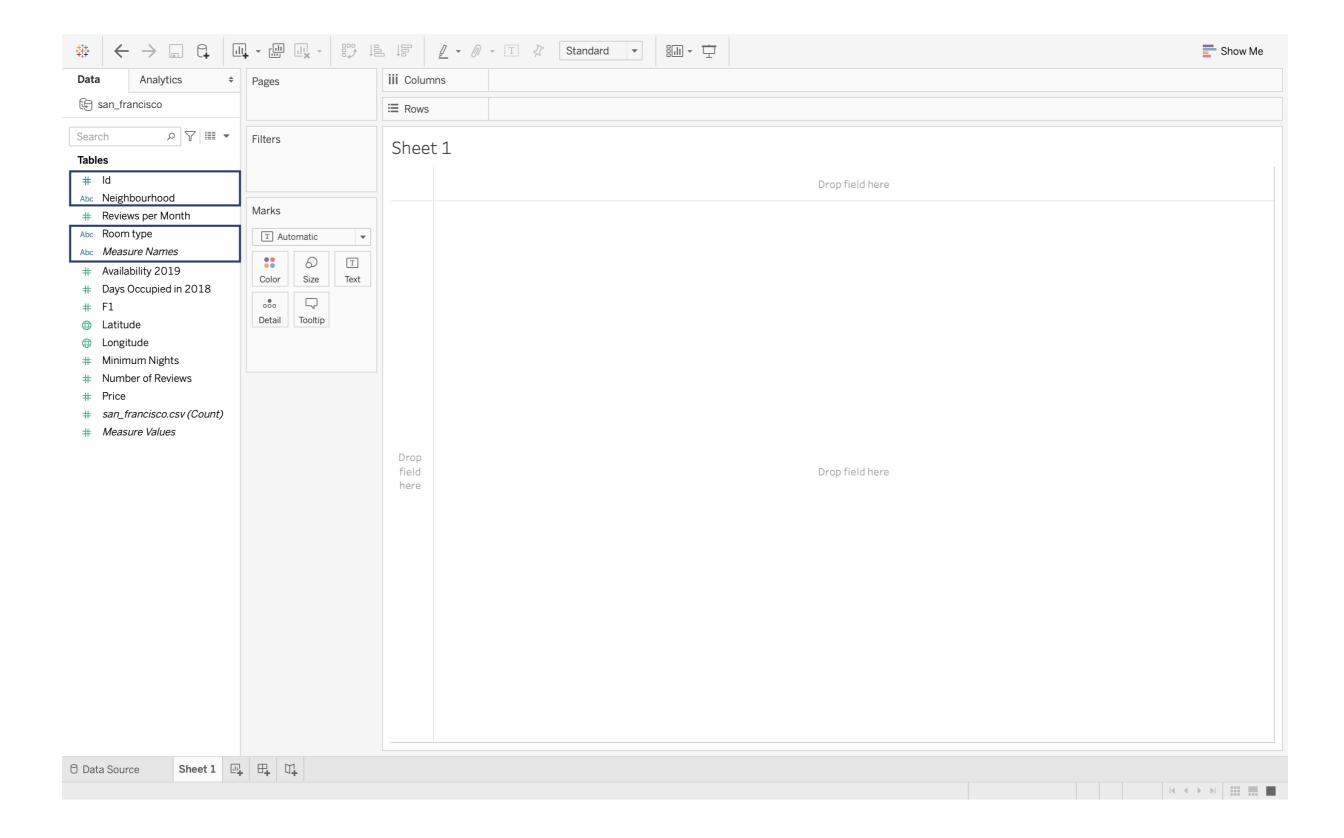




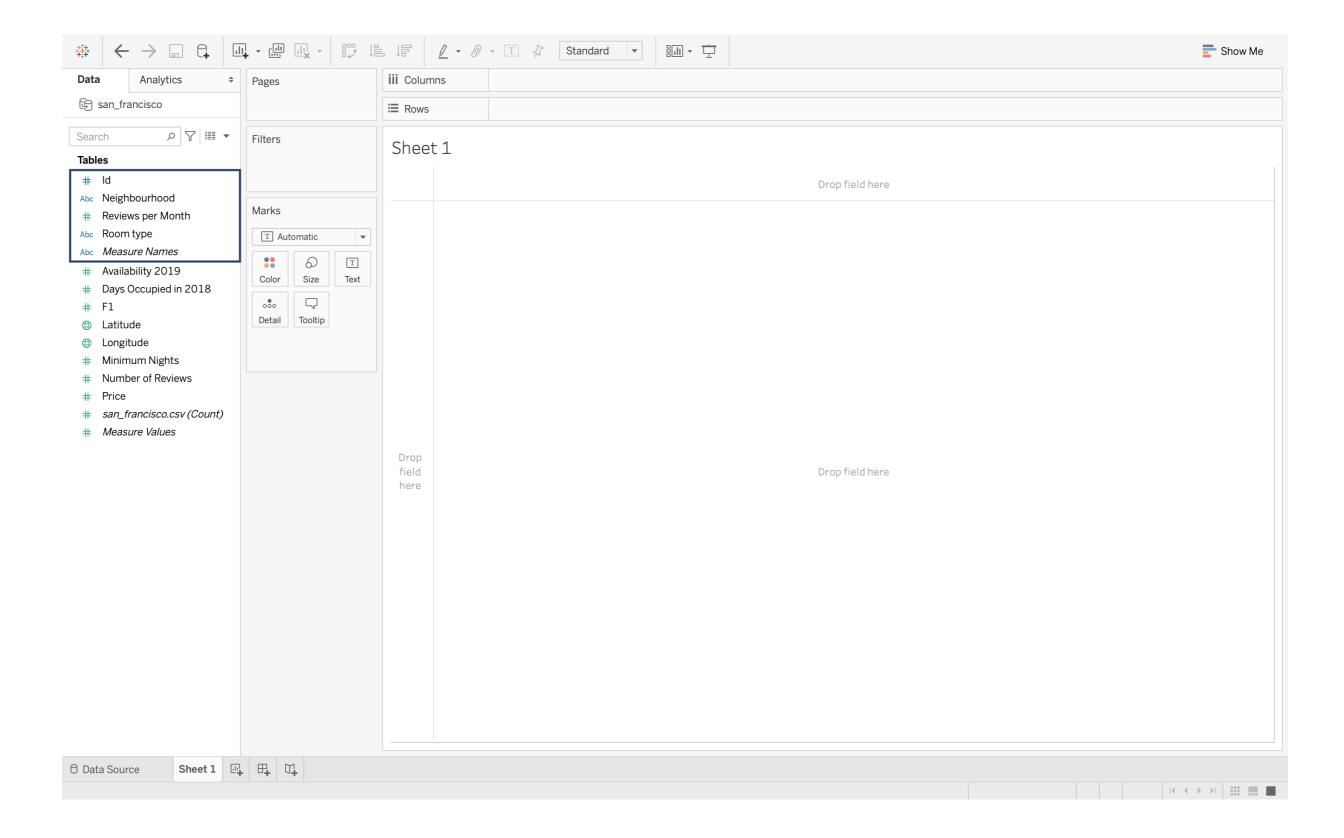




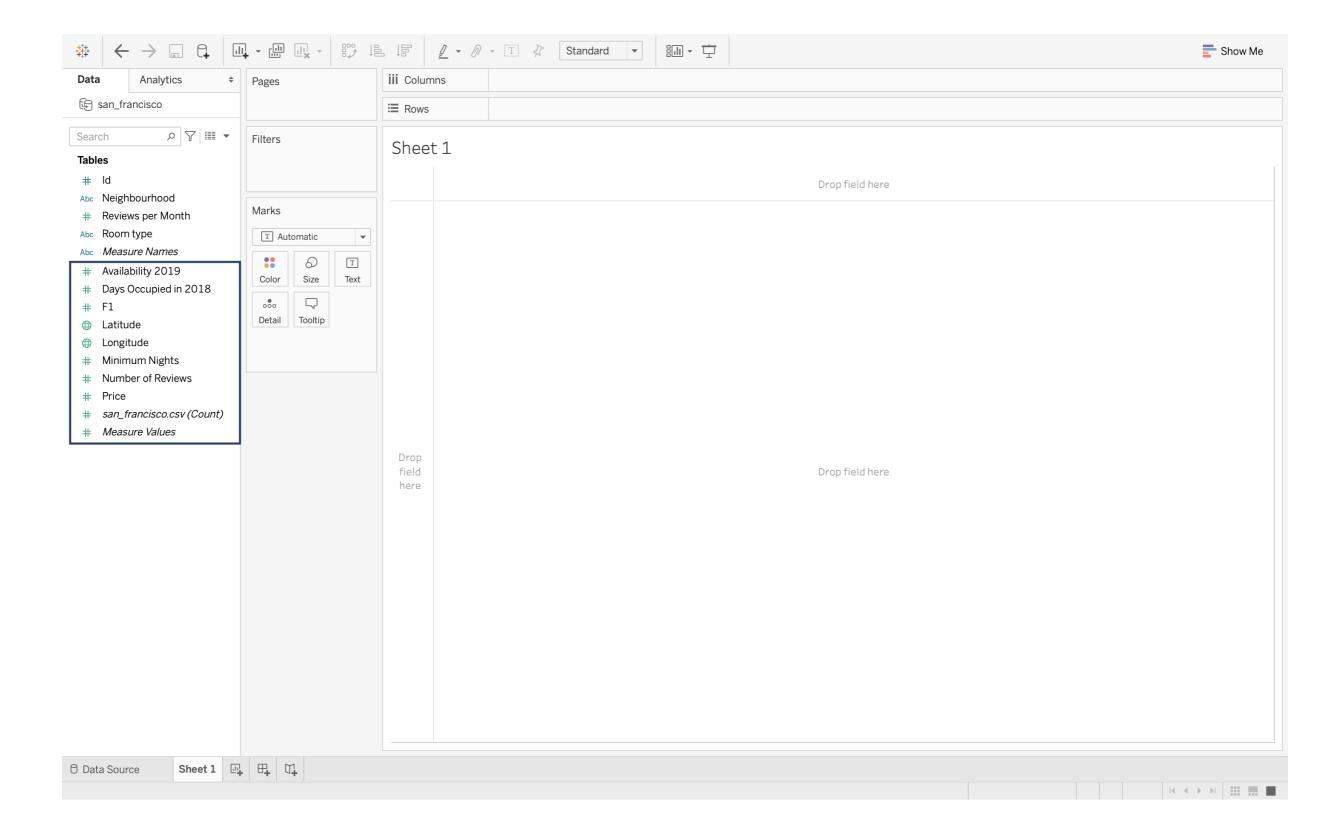




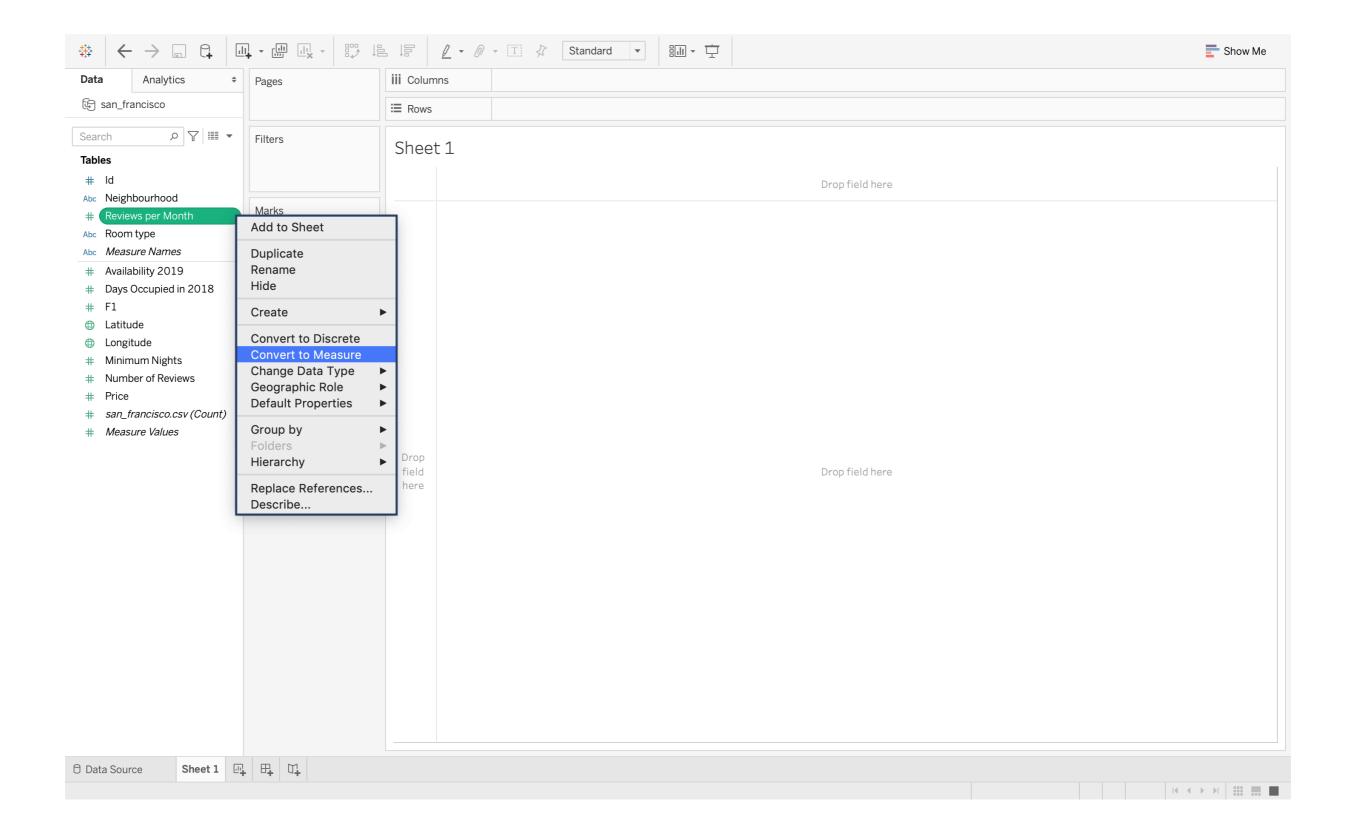




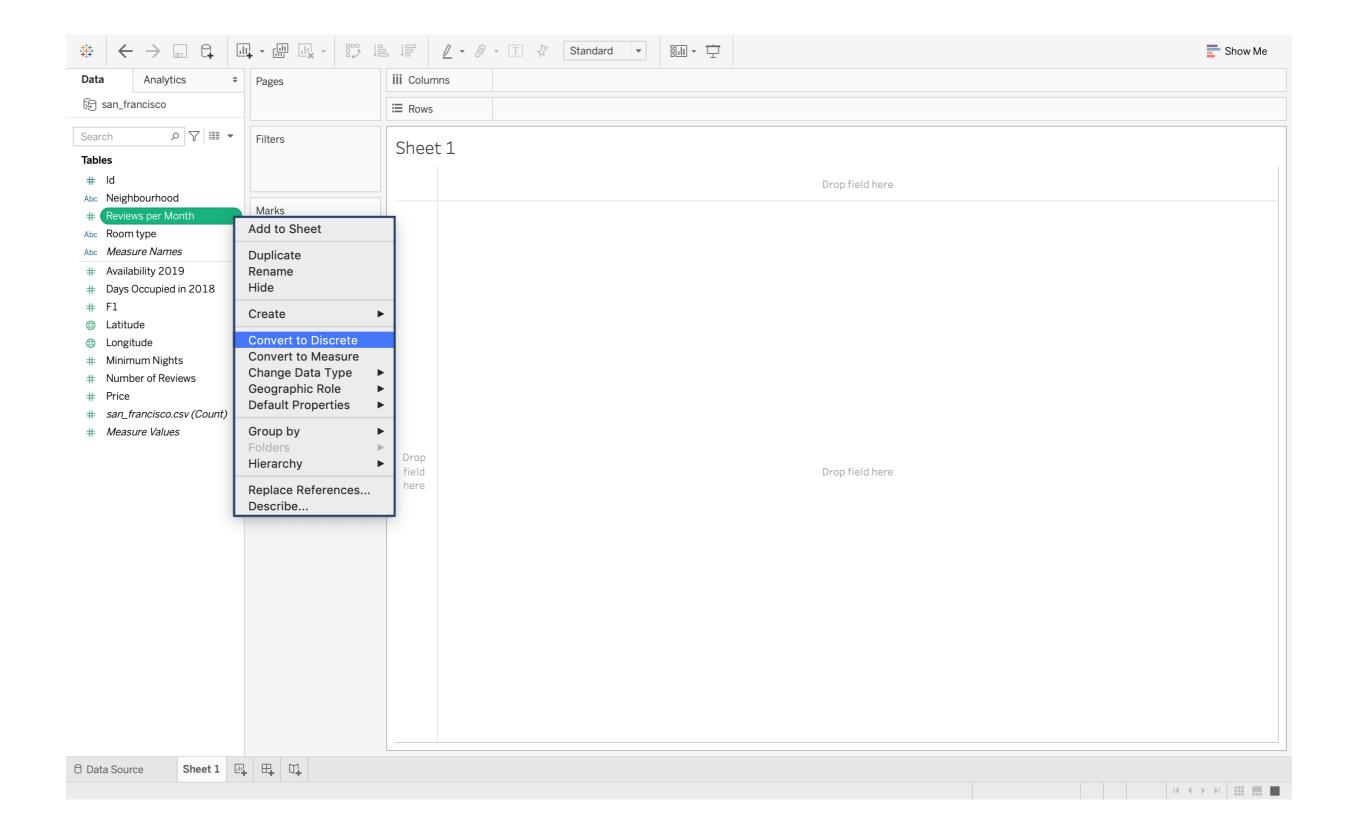














#### Data roles in Tableau

#### Discrete dimension

- Common, colored in blue
- Finite amount of values
- Can't be aggregated
- E.g. eye color, sex

#### Continuous measure

- Common, colored in green
- Infinite amount of values
- Can be aggregated
- E.g. height, weight

#### Data roles in Tableau

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#### Continuous dimension

- Not common, colored in green
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- E.g. date

#### Discrete measure

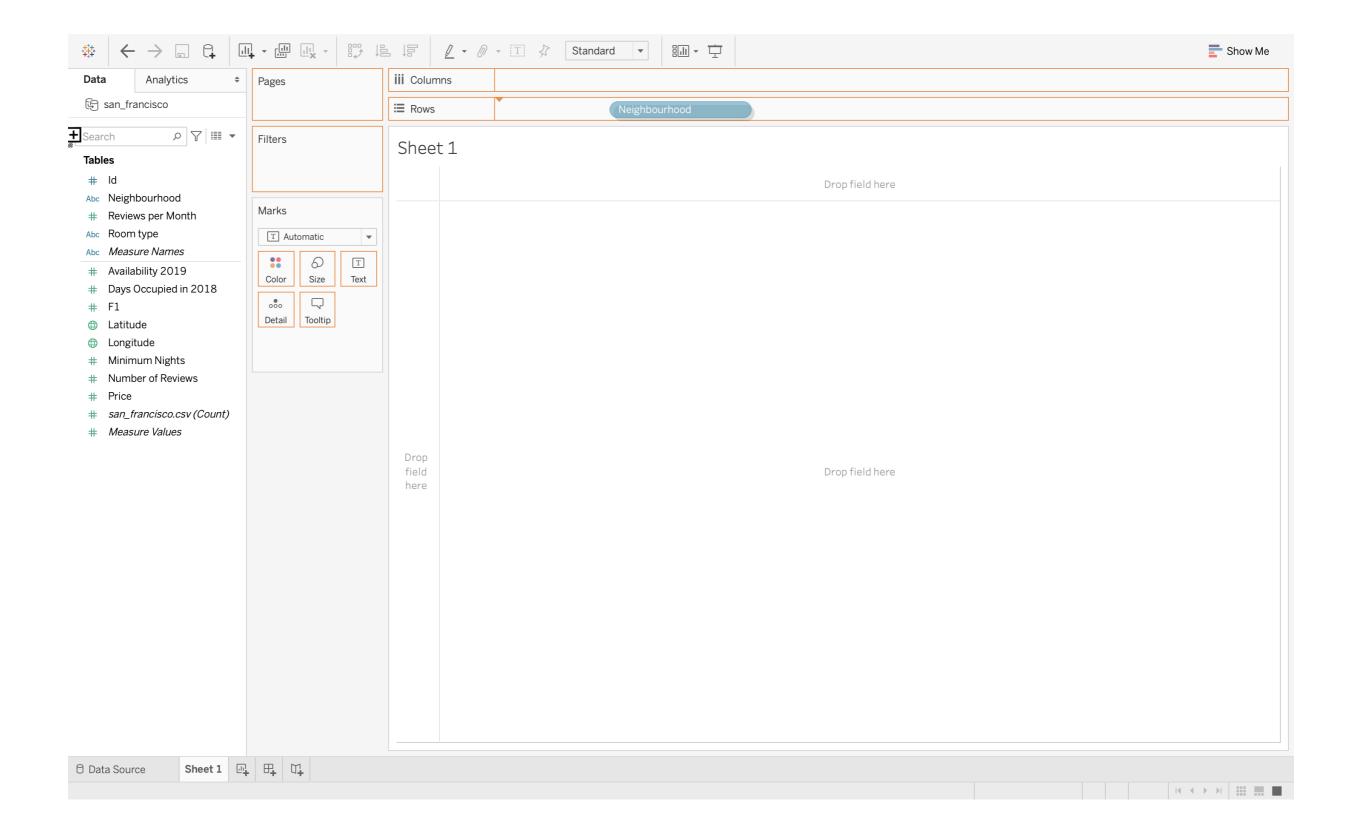
- Not common, colored in blue
- Finite amount of values
- Can be aggregated
- E.g. shoe size, age

#### Continuous measure

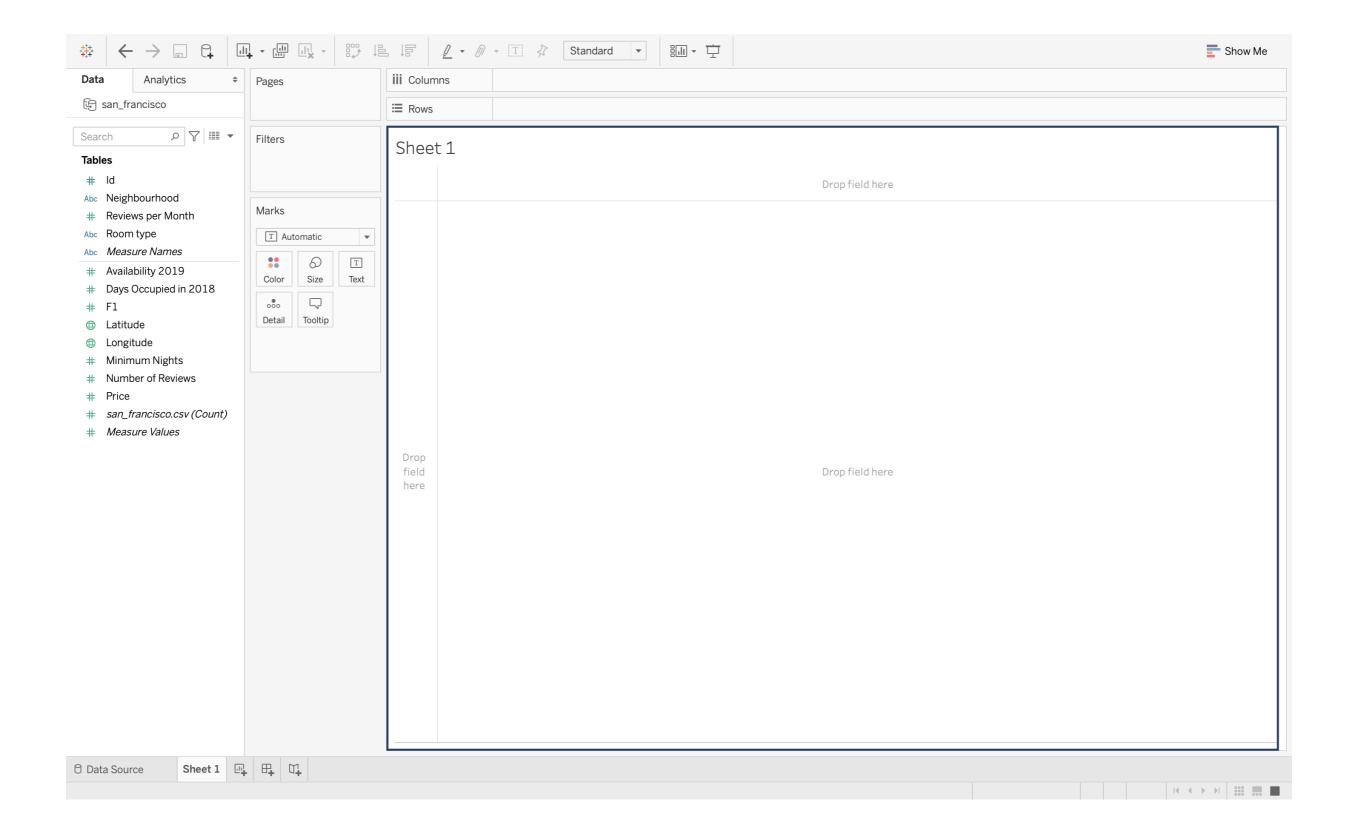
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#### Segmenting with dimensions

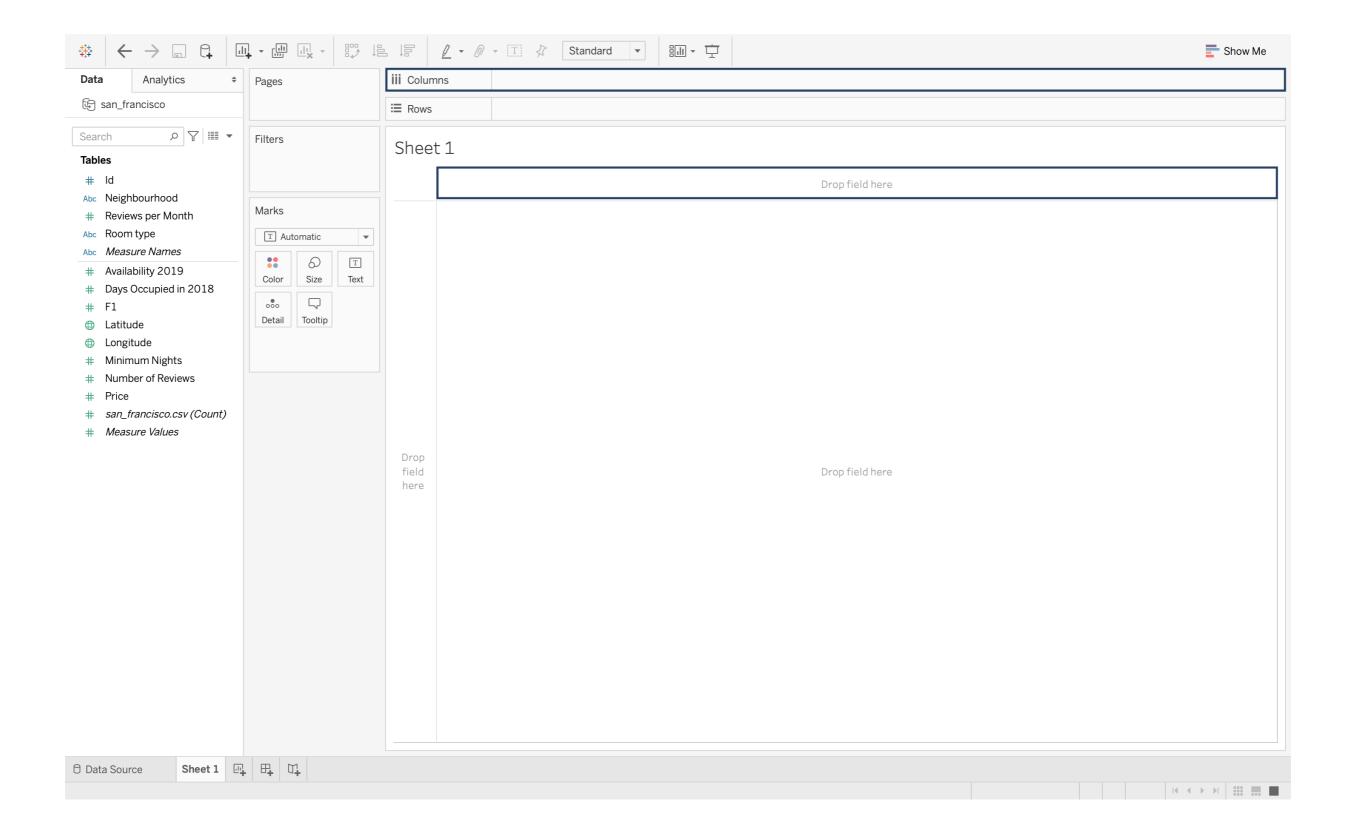
- Dimensions and measures affect visualizations differently:
  - Dimensions are used to segment data
  - Measures can be aggregated
- Segmenting: grouping similar data together
  - E.g. average price per room type



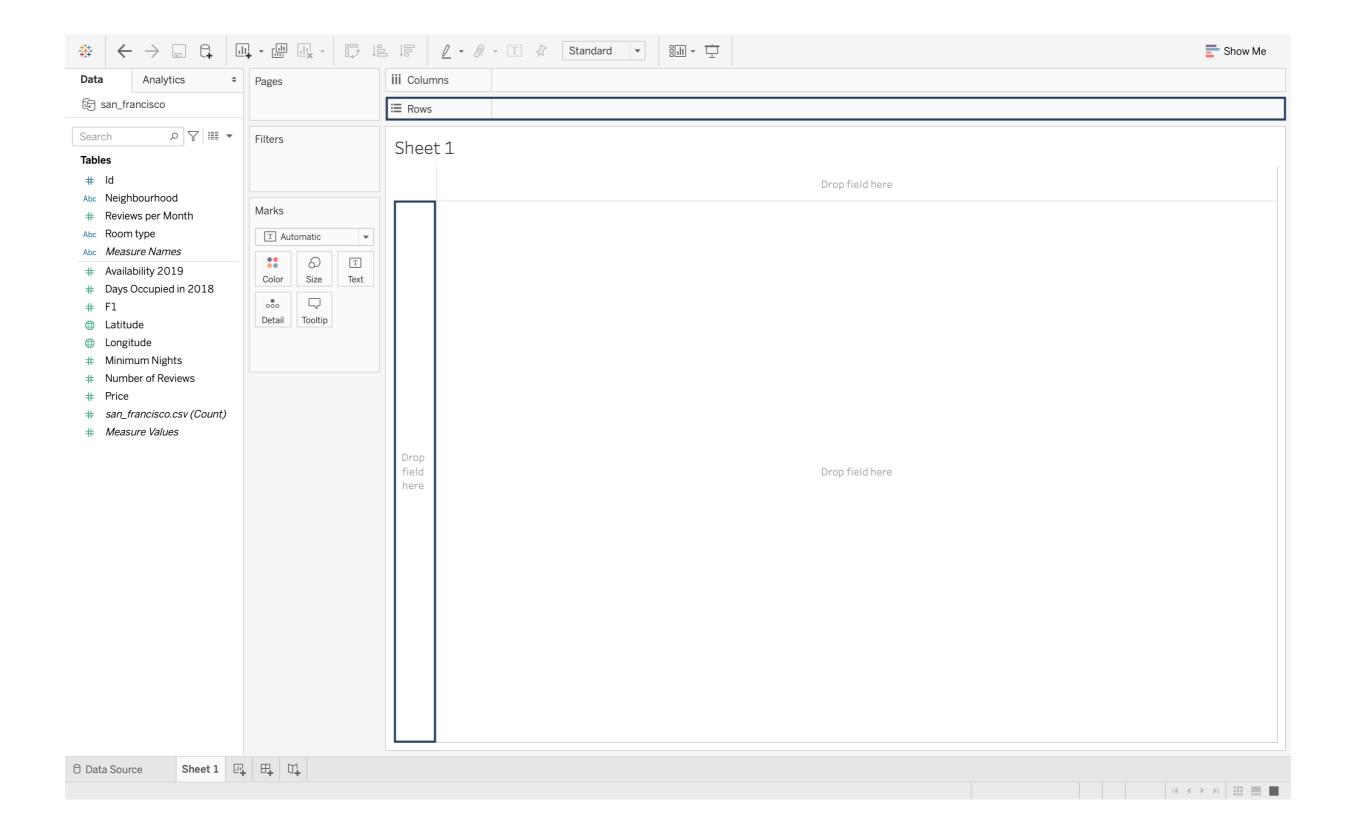




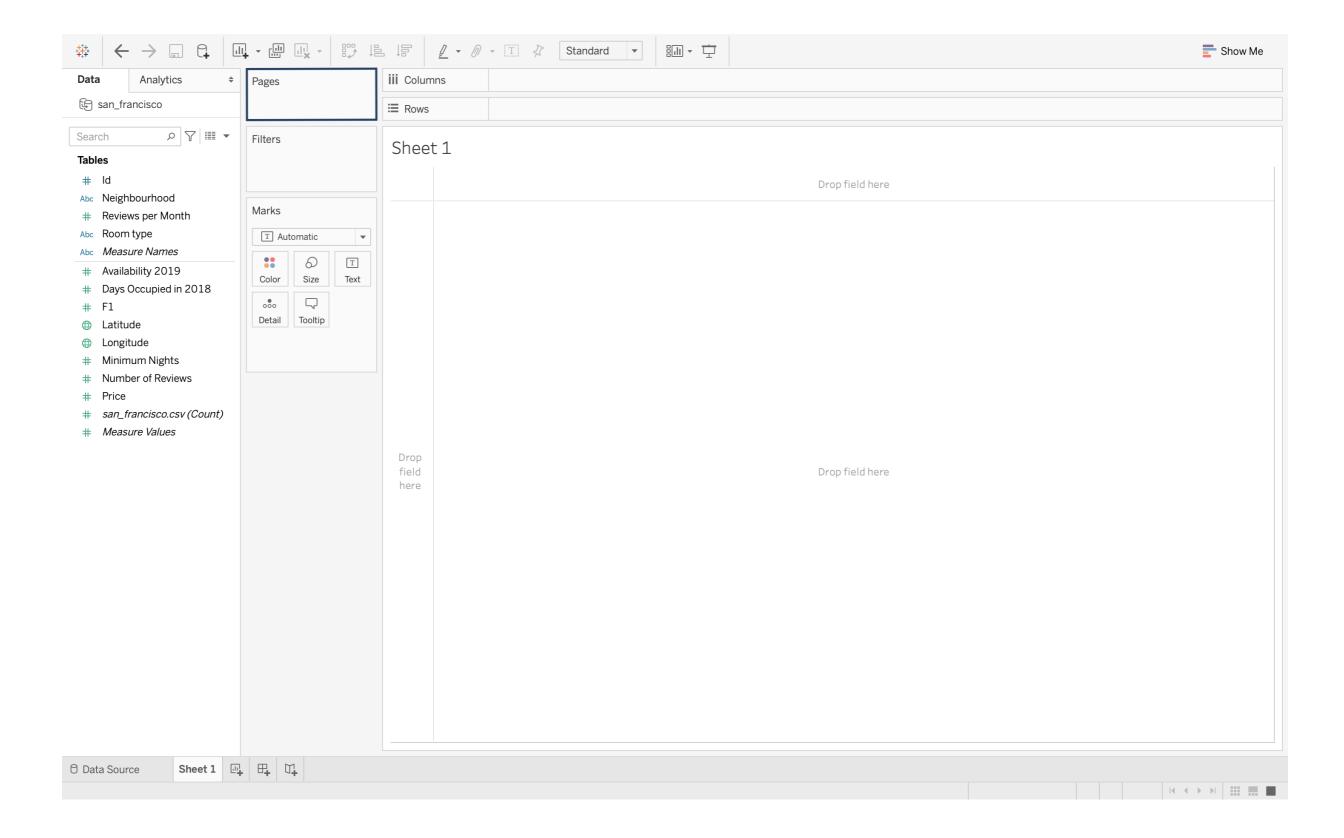




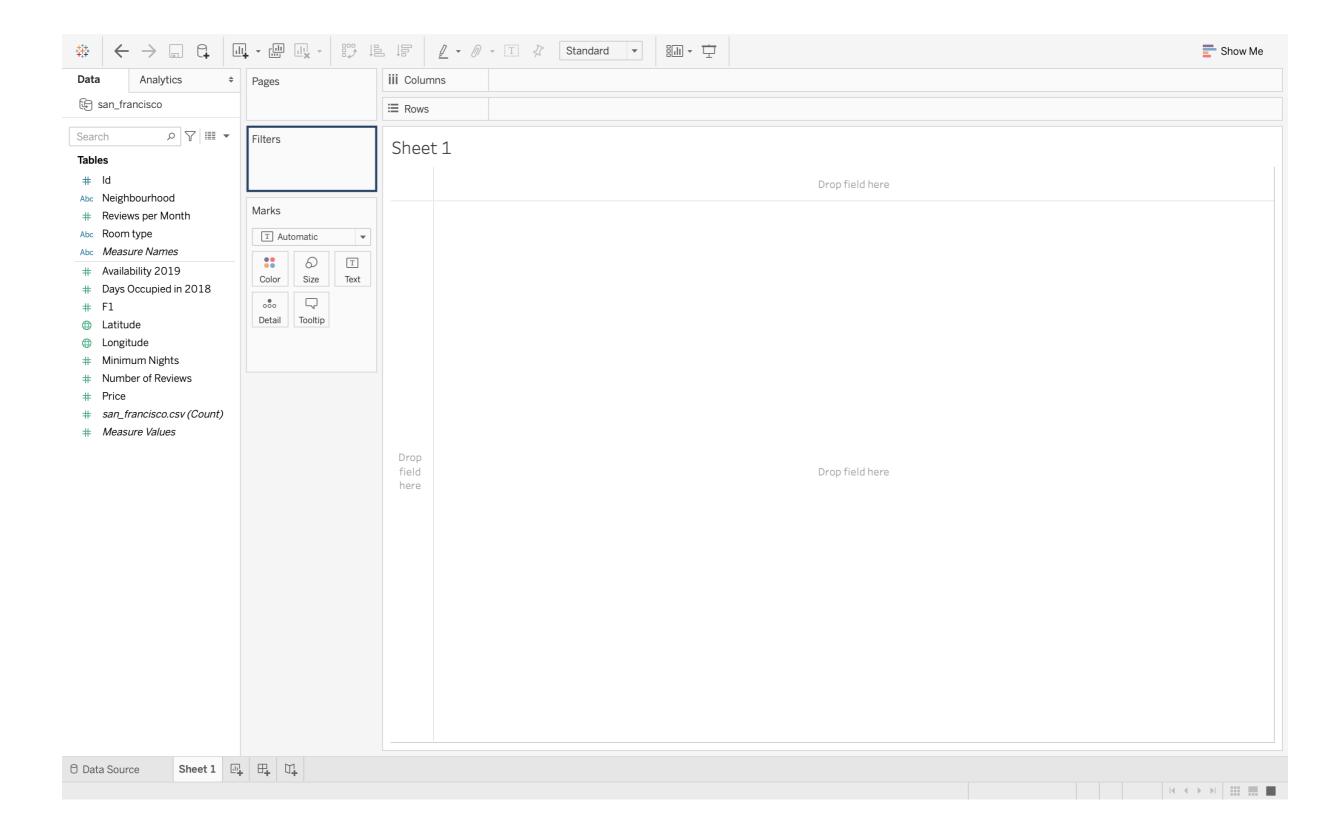




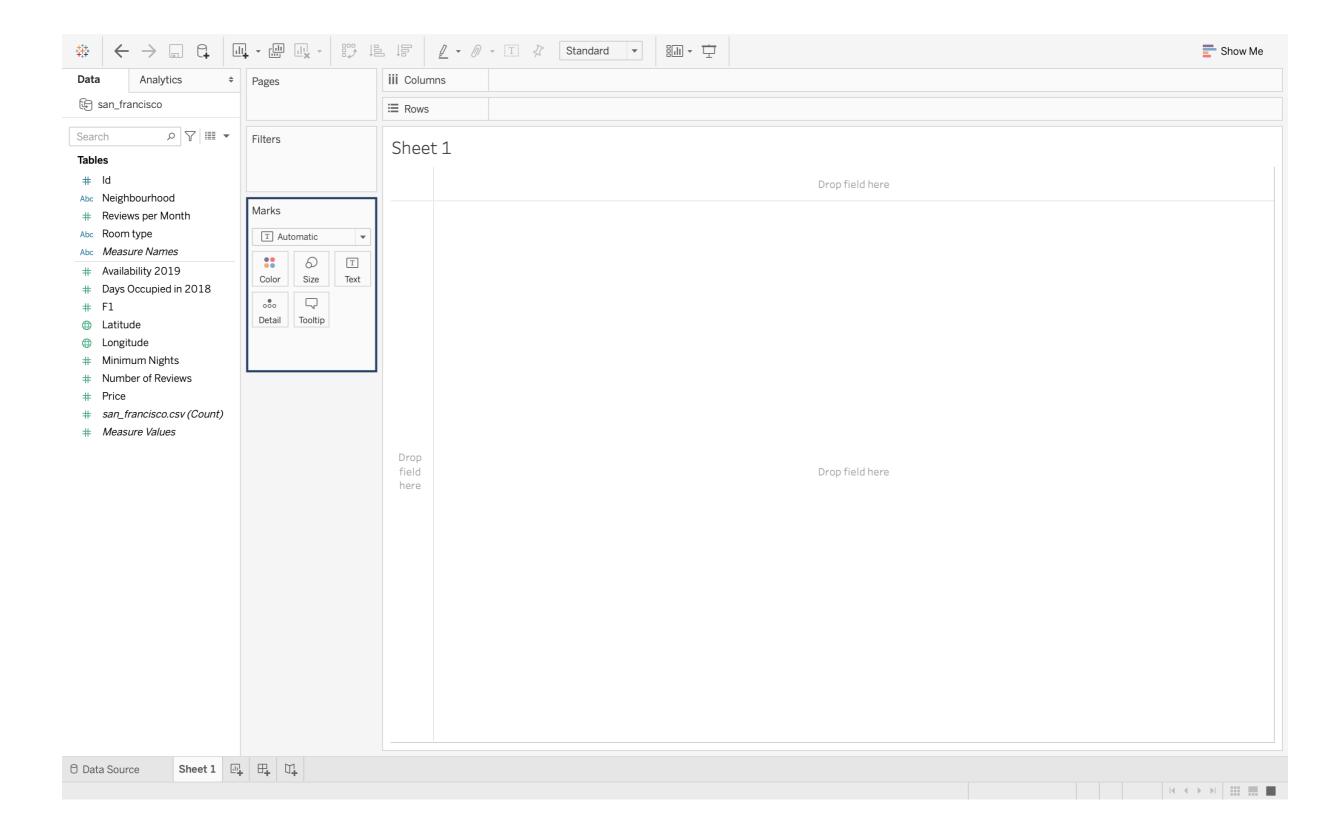




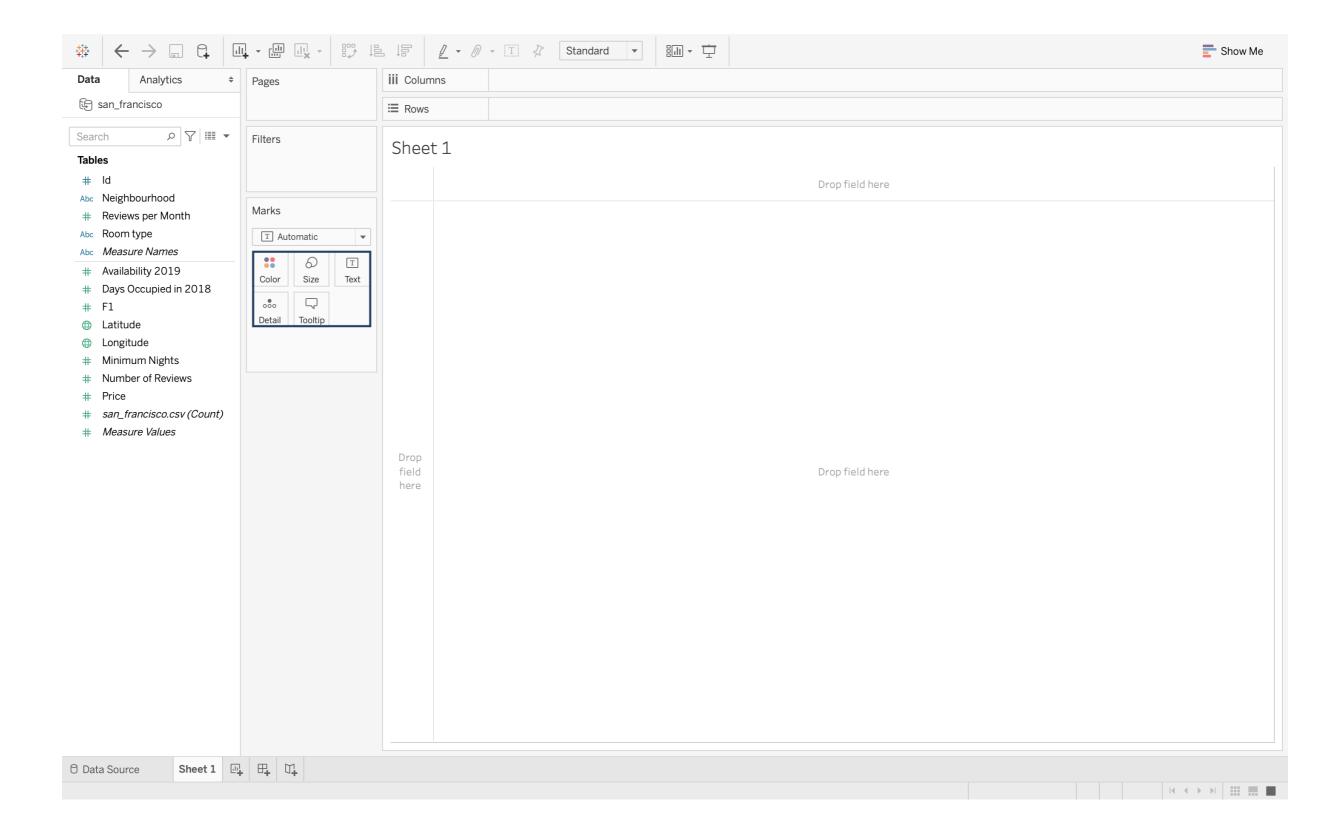




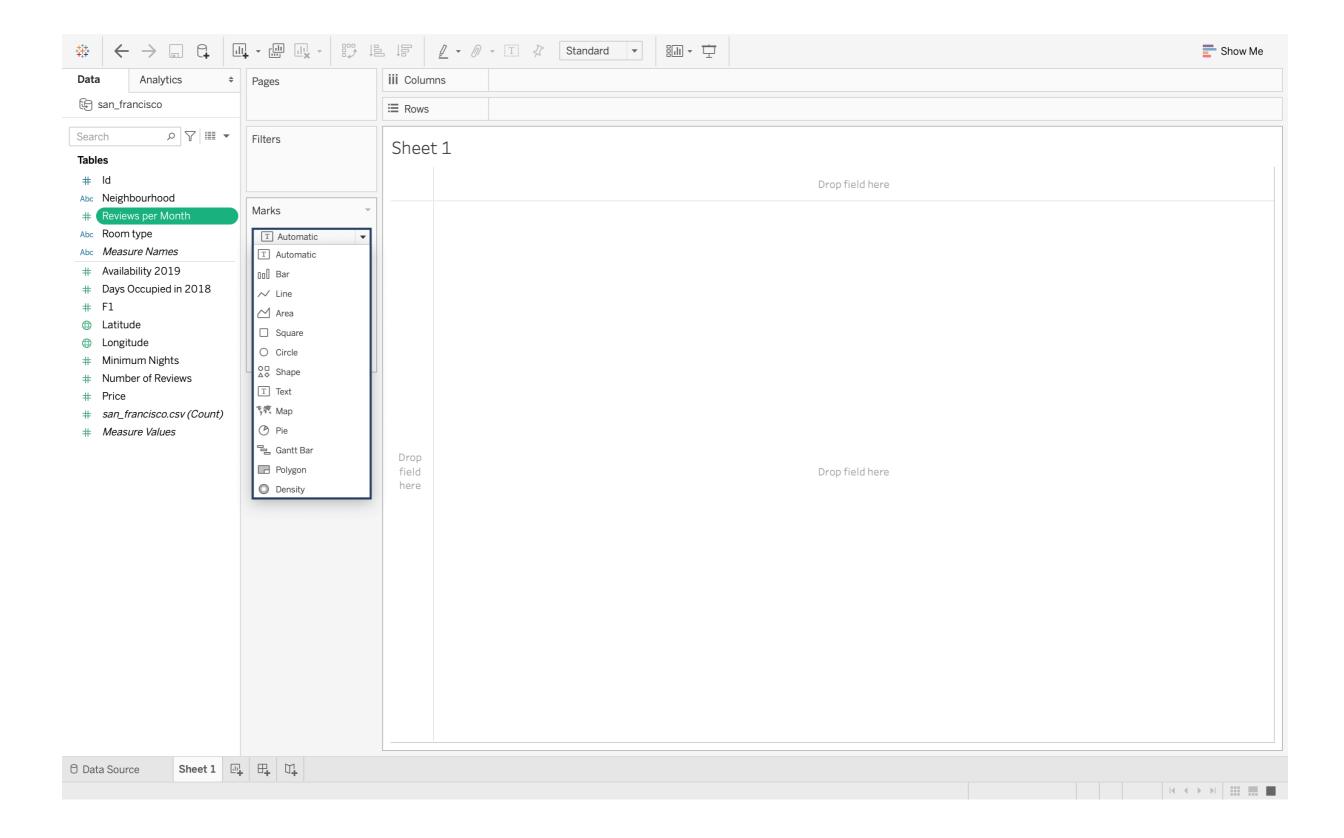




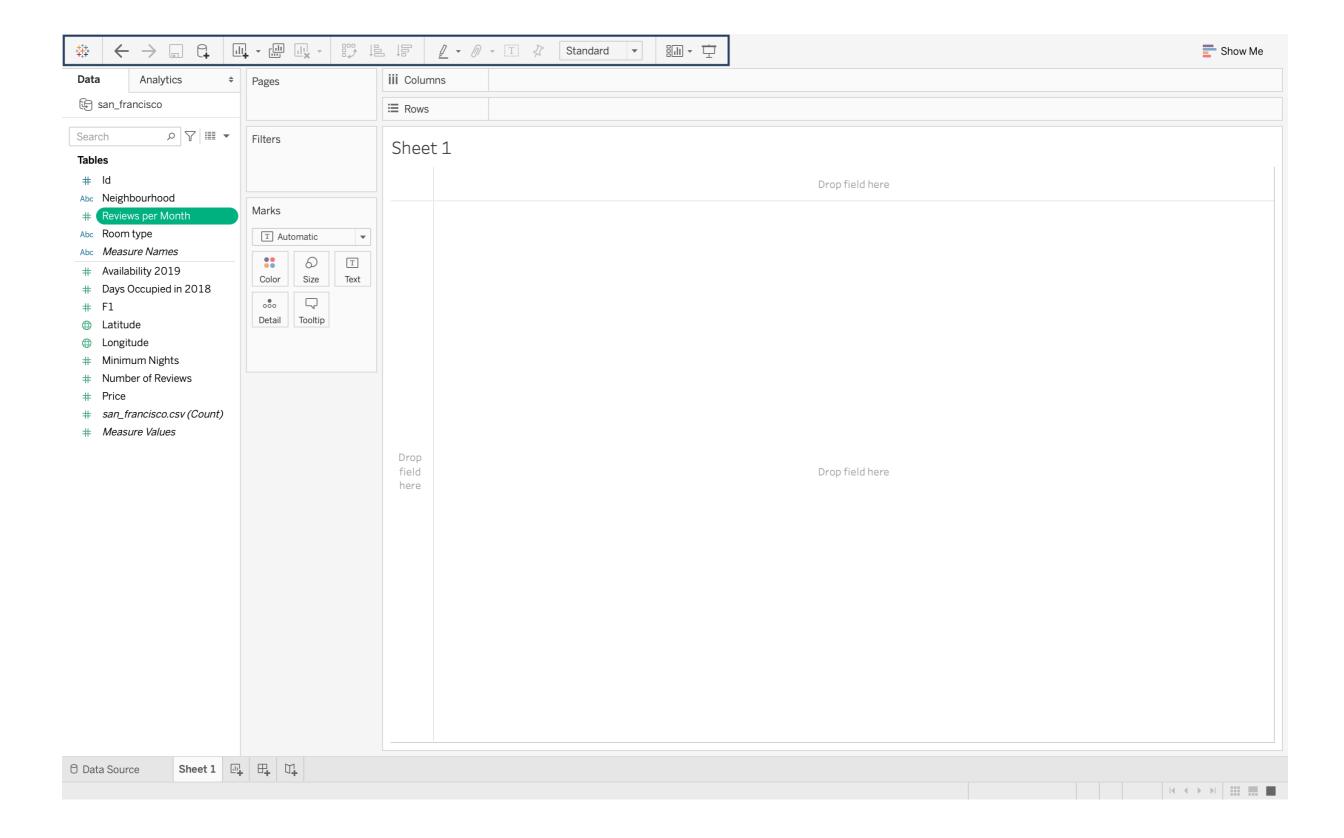














#### Our business question

Which neighborhood and room type has the highest price in New York?





## A tour of the interface

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Hadrien Lacroix
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# How to create visualizations in Tableau

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