

1.1

$$g(z) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}, \text{ show } \frac{\partial g(z)}{\partial z} = g(z)(1-g(z))$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial g}{\partial (1+e^{-z})} \cdot \frac{\partial (1+e^{-z})}{\partial z}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{(1+e^{-z})^2} \cdot (-e^{-z})$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}} \cdot \frac{e^{-z}}{1+e^{-z}}$$

$$= g(z) \cdot (1-g(z)) \quad \#$$

1.2

$$J(\theta) = \frac{-1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (y^{(i)} \log(h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})) + (1-y^{(i)}) \log(1-h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}))) + \frac{\lambda}{2m} \sum_{j=1}^d \theta_j^2$$

$$\frac{\partial J(\theta)}{\partial \theta} = \frac{-1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (y^{(i)} \cdot \frac{\frac{\partial h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})}{\partial \theta}}{h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})} + (1-y^{(i)}) \cdot \frac{-\frac{\partial h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})}{\partial \theta}}{1-h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})}) + \frac{\lambda}{2m} \cdot 2 \sum_{j=1}^d \theta_j$$

$$= \frac{-1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \left[y^{(i)} \cdot \frac{h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) \cdot (1-h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})) \cdot x^{(i)}}{h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})} + (1-y^{(i)}) \cdot \frac{-h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) \cdot (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) \cdot x^{(i)})}{(1-h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}))} \right] + \frac{\lambda}{m} \sum_{j=1}^d \theta_j$$

$$= \frac{-1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \left[y^{(i)} (1-h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})) \cdot x^{(i)} + (1-y^{(i)}) \cdot (-h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) \cdot x^{(i)}) \right] + \sim$$

$$= \frac{-1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m x^{(i)} (y^{(i)} - h_{\theta}(x^{(i)})) + \frac{\lambda}{m} \sum_{j=1}^d \theta_j \quad \#$$