Q3.2

 $Vor(\theta) = E[(\theta - E E \theta J)(\theta - E E \theta J)^{T}]$ $= E[(x^{T}x)^{-1}X^{T}Y - E[(x^{T}x)^{-1}X^{T}Y]) \cdot ((x^{T}x)^{-1}X^{T}Y - E[(x^{T}x)^{-1}X^{T}Y]]$ $= (x^{T}x)^{-1}X^{T} \cdot E[(Y - E E Y)] \cdot (Y - E E Y)^{T}] \cdot ((x^{T}x)^{-1}X^{T})^{T}$ $Because Y - E[Y] = X\theta + \mathcal{E} - E[X\theta + \mathcal{E}]^{0} = \mathcal{E}.$ $= (x^{T}x)^{-1}X^{T} \cdot E[\mathcal{E} \cdot \mathcal{E}^{T}] \cdot ((x^{T}x)^{-1}X^{T})^{T}$ $= (x^{T}x)^{-1}X^{T} \cdot \mathcal{E}^{2} \cdot ((x^{T}x)^{-1}X^{T})^{T}$ $= (x^{T}x)^{-1}X^{T} \cdot X^{0} \cdot ((x^{T}x)^{-1})^{T} \cdot \mathcal{E}^{2}$ $= (x^{T}x)^{-1}(x^{T}, X)^{0} \cdot (x^{T}x)^{-1} \cdot \mathcal{E}^{2}$ $= (x^{T}x)^{-1} \cdot \mathcal{E}^{2}$