

# Electrical Sources

**Definition:** An electrical source is a device capable of converting non-electric energy to electric energy.

Battery – converts chemical to electrical energy



Generator – converts mechanical energy to electrical energy

Windmill – converts wind to electrical energy

Solar cell – converts sunlight to electrical energy





# Voltage Sources

**Definition:** A voltage source produces a constant voltage across its terminals regardless of the current flowing through it.

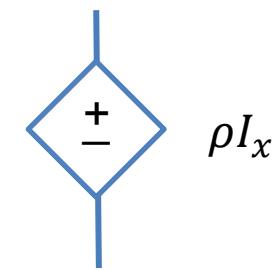
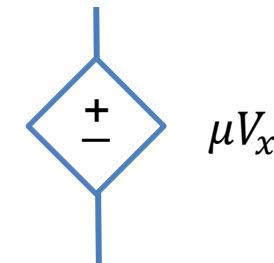
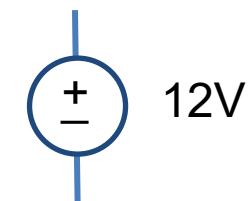
Independent voltage sources – produces the same voltage regardless of any other voltage/current elsewhere in the circuit.

Voltage controlled voltage source – produces a voltage which depends on  $V_x$ , some other voltage elsewhere in the circuit.

$\mu$  =dimensionless constant of proportionality

Current controlled voltage source – produces a voltage which depends on  $I_x$ , some other current elsewhere in the circuit.

$\rho$  =constant of proportionality in volts/amp





# Current Sources

**Definition:** A current source produces a constant current through its terminals regardless of the voltage across it.

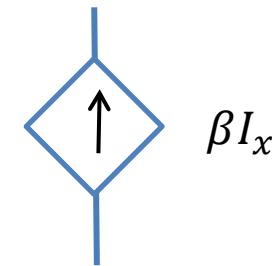
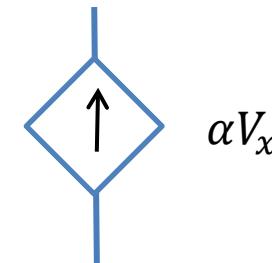
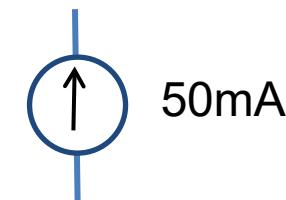
Independent current sources – produces the same current regardless of any other voltage/current elsewhere in the circuit.

Voltage controlled current source – produces a current which depends on  $V_x$ , some other voltage elsewhere in the circuit.

$\alpha$  =constant of proportionality in amps/volt

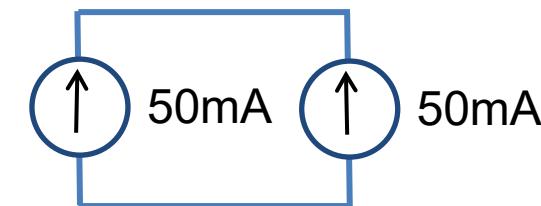
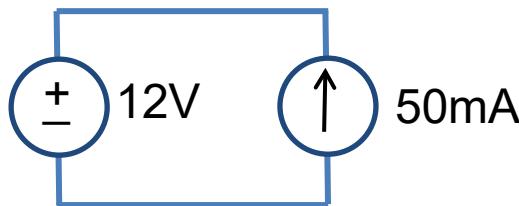
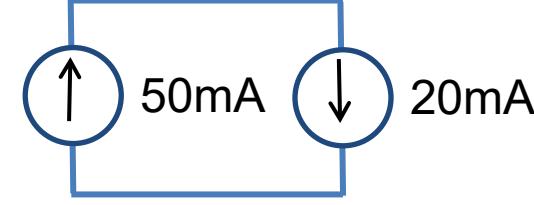
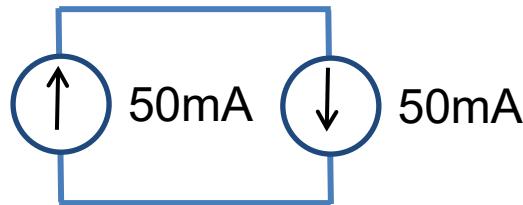
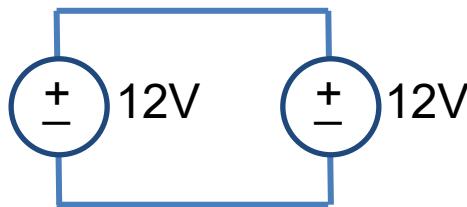
Current controlled current source – produces a current which depends on  $I_x$ , some other current elsewhere in the circuit.

$\beta$  =dimensionless constant of proportionality



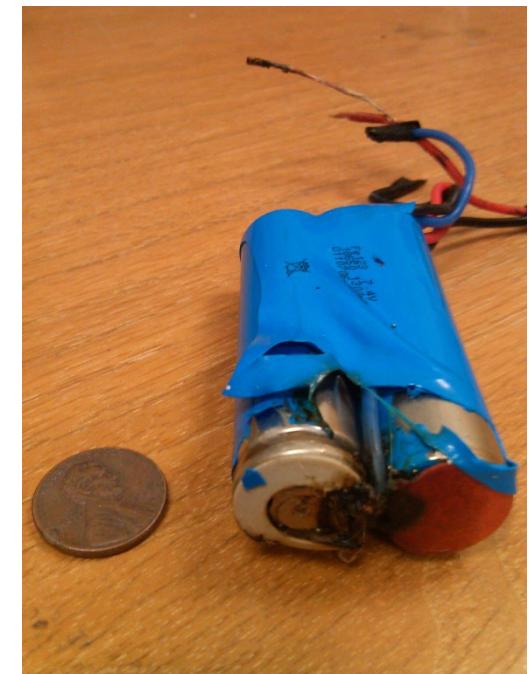
# Electrical Sources

Voltage and current sources cannot be connected in arbitrary manners.  
The following examples show both valid and invalid connections.



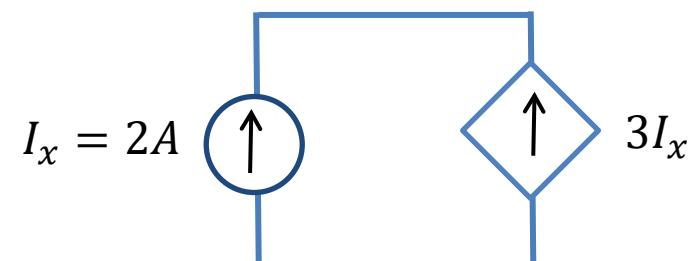
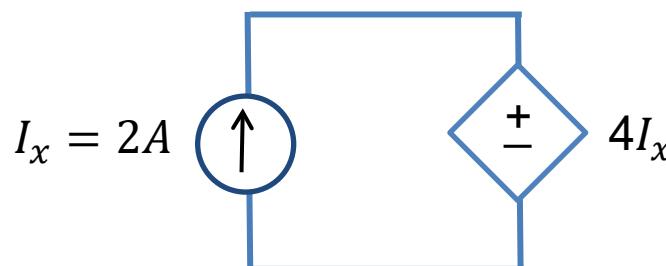
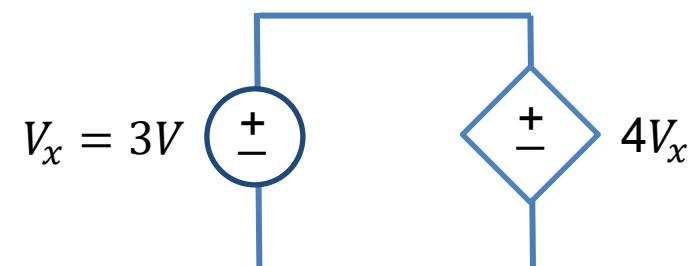
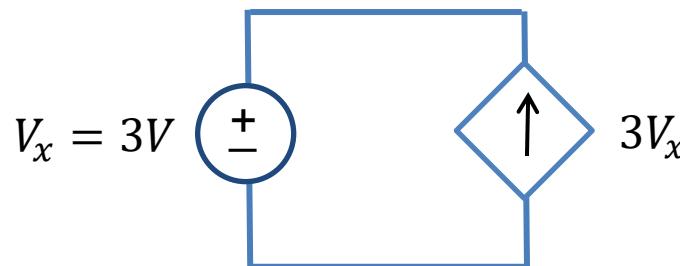
**VALID**

**INVALID**



# Electrical Sources

Here are some more examples of both valid and invalid source connections.



**VALID**

**INVALID**



# Example

For the circuit shown:

- (a) What value of  $V_g$  is required in order for the interconnection to be valid?
- (b) For the value of  $V_g$  found in part (a), what is the power associated with the 8A current source?

