

$$\sum_{k=0}^n q^k = \frac{1-q^{n+1}}{1-q} \quad q \neq 1$$

$$a_n = a q^n \quad a \in \mathbb{R} \quad q \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$0, \bar{3} = \frac{3}{10} + \frac{3}{100} + \frac{3}{1000} + \dots$$

$$[0, \bar{3}]_n = \frac{3}{10} + \frac{3}{10^2} + \dots + \frac{3}{10^n} = \frac{3}{10} \left(1 + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{10^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{10^{n-1}} \right)$$

prog. geom.

$$n=0 \quad \sum_{k=0}^0 q^k = q^0 = 1$$

$$\frac{1-q^{n+1}}{1-q} \Big|_{n=0} = \frac{1-q^{0+1}}{1-q} = 1$$

supponiamo che la formula sia vera per un certo $N \in \mathbb{N}$

$\Rightarrow P(n+1)$ è vero

$$\checkmark \sum_{k=0}^N q^k = \frac{1-q^{N+1}}{1-q} \stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} \sum_{k=0}^{N+1} q^k = \frac{1-q^{N+2}}{1-q} \quad ?$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{k=0}^{N+1} q^k &= (1 + q + q^2 + \dots + q^N) + q^{N+1} = \left(\sum_{k=0}^N q^k \right) + q^{N+1} \\ &= \frac{1-q^{N+1}}{1-q} + q^{N+1} = \frac{1-q^{N+1} + (1-q)q^{N+1}}{1-q} \\ &= \frac{\cancel{1-q^{N+1}} + \cancel{q^{N+1}} - q^{N+2}}{1-q} \\ &= \frac{1-q^{N+2}}{1-q} \end{aligned}$$

$$[0, \bar{3}]_n = \frac{3}{10} \left(1 + \frac{1}{10} + \dots + \frac{1}{10^{n-1}} \right) = \frac{3}{10} \left[\frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^n}{1 - \frac{1}{10}} \right]$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n-1} q^k \quad q = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$= \frac{3}{10} \frac{10}{9} \left[1 - \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^n \right] = \frac{1}{3} \left[1 - \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^n \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{3} > [0, \bar{3}]_n \quad \frac{1}{3} - [0, \bar{3}]_n = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \left[1 - \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^n \right] = \cancel{\frac{1}{3}} - \cancel{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^n$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{10^n} < \frac{1}{10^4} \quad 10^n > \frac{10^6}{3}$$