# **Training Large Language Models**

# How to reduce memory and compute

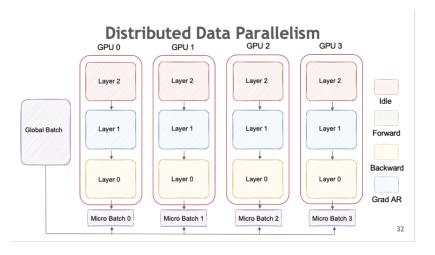
#### Learning goals

- Learn about different techniques to reduce compute and memory
- Learn about distributed training with data/tensor parallelism
- Learn about Flash Attention

#### DISTRIBUTED TRAINING

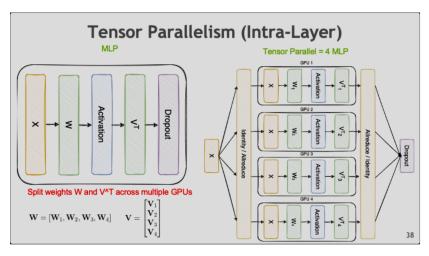
- Training LLMs faster on many GPUs
- Avoiding OOM issues
- Data parallelism: split the data on different model replicas
- Tensor parallellism: split model parameters accross GPUs
- Sharded optimizers: reduce optimizer overhead by No. GPUs
  - ZeRO (Zero Redundancy Optimizer)
  - Requires low extra communication between GPUs
  - Decreases optimizer memory requirement
  - Improves training speed

### **DATA PARALELISM**



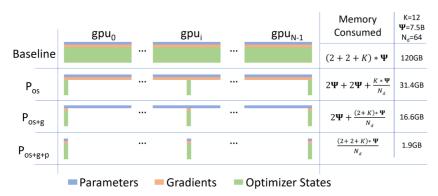
Source: Nvidia

#### **TENSOR PARALELISM**



Source: Nvidia

## ZERO REDUNDANCY OPTIMIZER



**Figure:** Comparing the per-device memory consumption of model states, with three stages of ZeRO-DP optimizations.

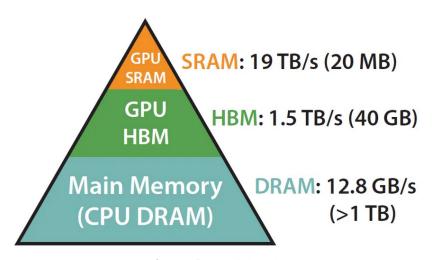


#### **FlashAttention**

#### Fast and Memory-Efficient Exact Attention with IO-Awareness

- Fast
  - 15% faster than BERT
  - 3x faster than GPT-2
  - 2.4x faster than Megatron-LM
- Memory-efficient
  - Reducing from  $O(n^2)$  to O(n)
- Exact
  - Same as "vanilla attention", not an approximation
- IO aware
  - Reducing memory load/store operations

# **GPU MEMORY HIERARCHY**

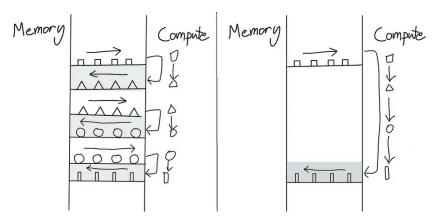


Source: Dao et al. (2022)

#### **COMPUTING CONSIDERATIONS**

- GPU compute has been growing faster than memory bandwidth
  - GPU has to wait for data
- Transformer operations are memory-bound
  - Elementwise operations with high memory access
- IO aware means reducing memory load/store operations
- FlashAttention implements the following:
  - Operation fusion to reduce memory access
  - Tiling or chunking the softmax matrix into blocks
  - Recomputation for better memory utilization

### **OPERATION FUSION**



Source: https://horace.io/brrr\_intro.html

#### LIMITATIONS AND PROSPECTS

- FlashAttention requires writing attention to CUDA language
  - A new CUDA kernel for each new attention implementation
  - CUDA is lower-level than PyTorch
  - Implementation may not be transferable accross GPUs
- Towards IO-Aware Deep Learning
  - Extending beyonde attention
- Multi-GPU IO-Aware Methods
  - FlashAttention computation may be parallelizable accross multiple GPUs