

Experiment 06 - Jenkins Pipeline

Roll No.	37
Name	Mikil Lalwani
Class	D15-B
Subject	DevOps Lab
LO Mapped	<p>LO1: To understand the fundamentals of DevOps engineering and be fully proficient with DevOps terminologies, concepts, benefits, and deployment options to meet your business requirements</p> <p>LO3: To understand the importance of Jenkins to Build and deploy Software Applications on server environment</p>

Aim: To Build the pipeline of jobs using Maven / Gradle / Ant in Jenkins, create a pipeline script to build and deploy an application over the tomcat server.

Introduction:

(Introduction to pipeline and its advantages)

In Jenkins, a pipeline is a collection of events or jobs which are interlinked with one another in a sequence.

It is a combination of plugins that support the integration and implementation of continuous delivery pipelines using Jenkins.

In other words, a Jenkins Pipeline is a collection of jobs or events that brings the software from version control into the hands of the end users by using automation tools. It is used to incorporate continuous delivery in our software development workflow.

A pipeline has an extensible automation server for creating simple or even complex delivery pipelines "as code", via DSL (Domain-specific language).

What is a Continuous Delivery Pipeline?

In a Jenkins Pipeline, every job has some sort of dependency on at least one or more jobs or events.

Jenkins Pipeline

The above diagram represents a continuous delivery pipeline in Jenkins. It contains a collection of states such as build, deploy, test and release. These jobs or events are interlinked with each other. Every state has its jobs, which work in a sequence called a continuous delivery pipeline.

A continuous delivery pipeline is an automated expression to show your process for getting software for version control. Thus, every change made in your software goes through a number of complex processes on its way to being released. It also involves developing the software in a repeatable and reliable manner, and progression of the built software through multiple stages of testing and deployment.

Build Tool:

(Explain the build tool used)

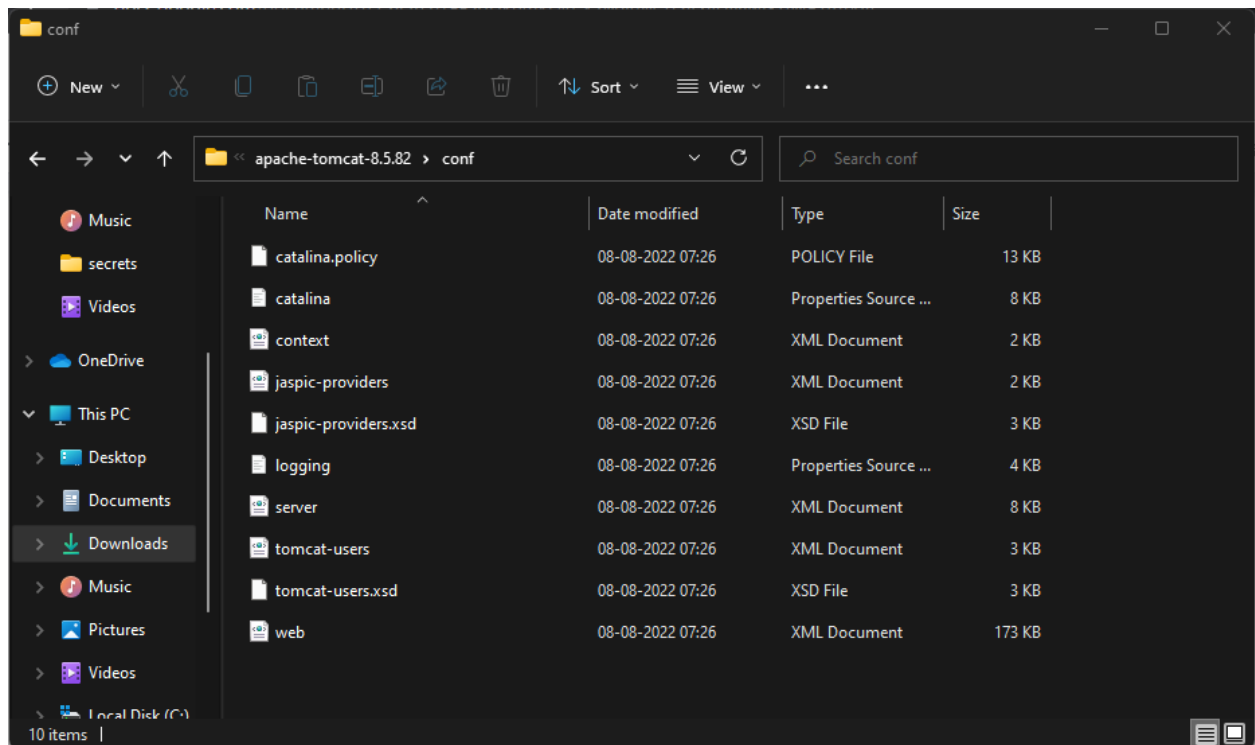
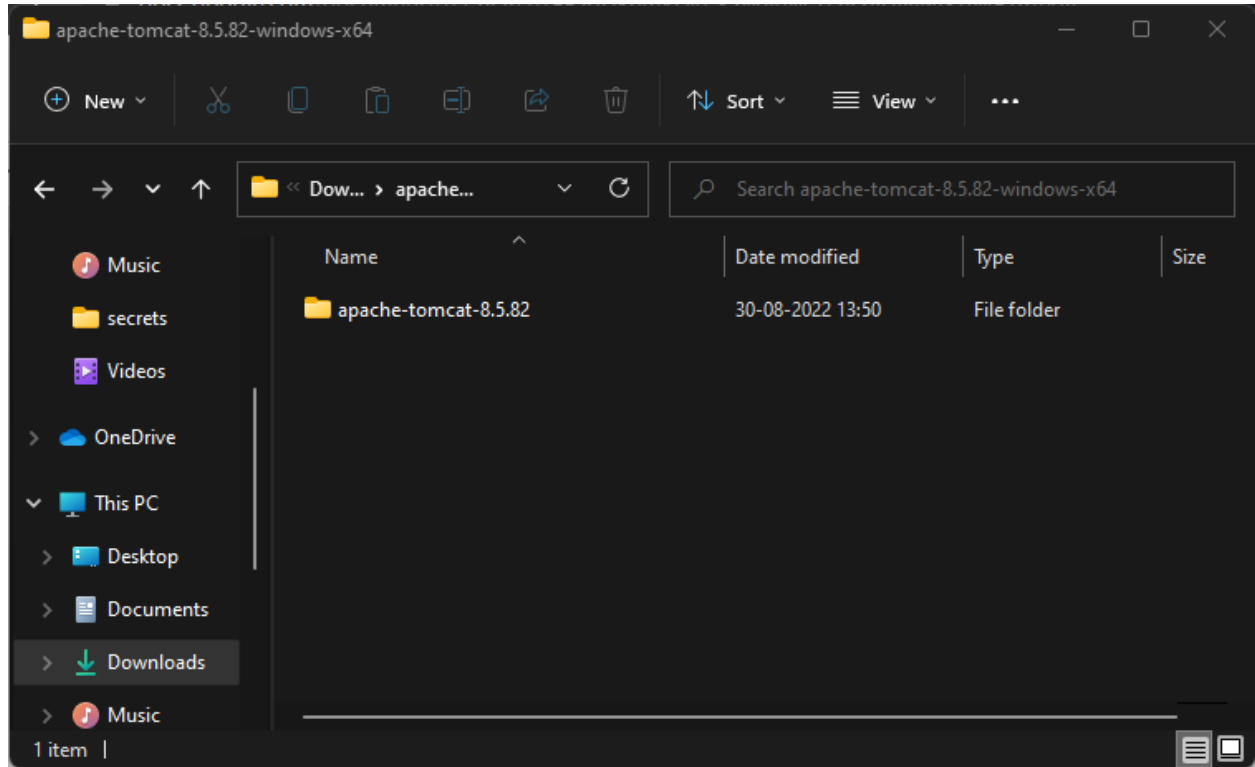
Git

Tomcat

Jenkins

Pipeline Jobs:

1. Install Apache Tomcat.



2. Go to apache-tomcat-10/conf/tomacat-users.xml and uncomment username and set password as your choice.

```

*tomcat-users - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help

- manager-gui - allows access to the HTML GUI and the status pages
- manager-script - allows access to the HTTP API and the status pages
- manager-jmx - allows access to the JMX proxy and the status pages
- manager-status - allows access to the status pages only

The users below are wrapped in a comment and are therefore ignored. If you
wish to configure one or more of these users for use with the manager web
application, do not forget to remove the <!-- ..> that surrounds them. You
will also need to set the passwords to something appropriate.
-->
<!--
<user username="admin" password="<must-be-changed>" roles="manager-gui"/>
<user username="robot" password="<must-be-changed>" roles="manager-script"/>
-->
<!--
The sample user and role entries below are intended for use with the
examples web application. They are wrapped in a comment and thus are ignored
when reading this file. If you wish to configure these users for use with the
examples web application, do not forget to remove the <!-- ..> that surrounds
them. You will also need to set the passwords to something appropriate.
-->
<!--
<role rolename="tomcat"/>

```

```

tomcat-users.xml - Notepad
File Edit View
you must define such a user - the username and password are arbitrary.

Built-in Tomcat manager roles:
- manager-gui - allows access to the HTML GUI and the status pages
- manager-script - allows access to the HTTP API and the status pages
- manager-jmx - allows access to the JMX proxy and the status pages
- manager-status - allows access to the status pages only

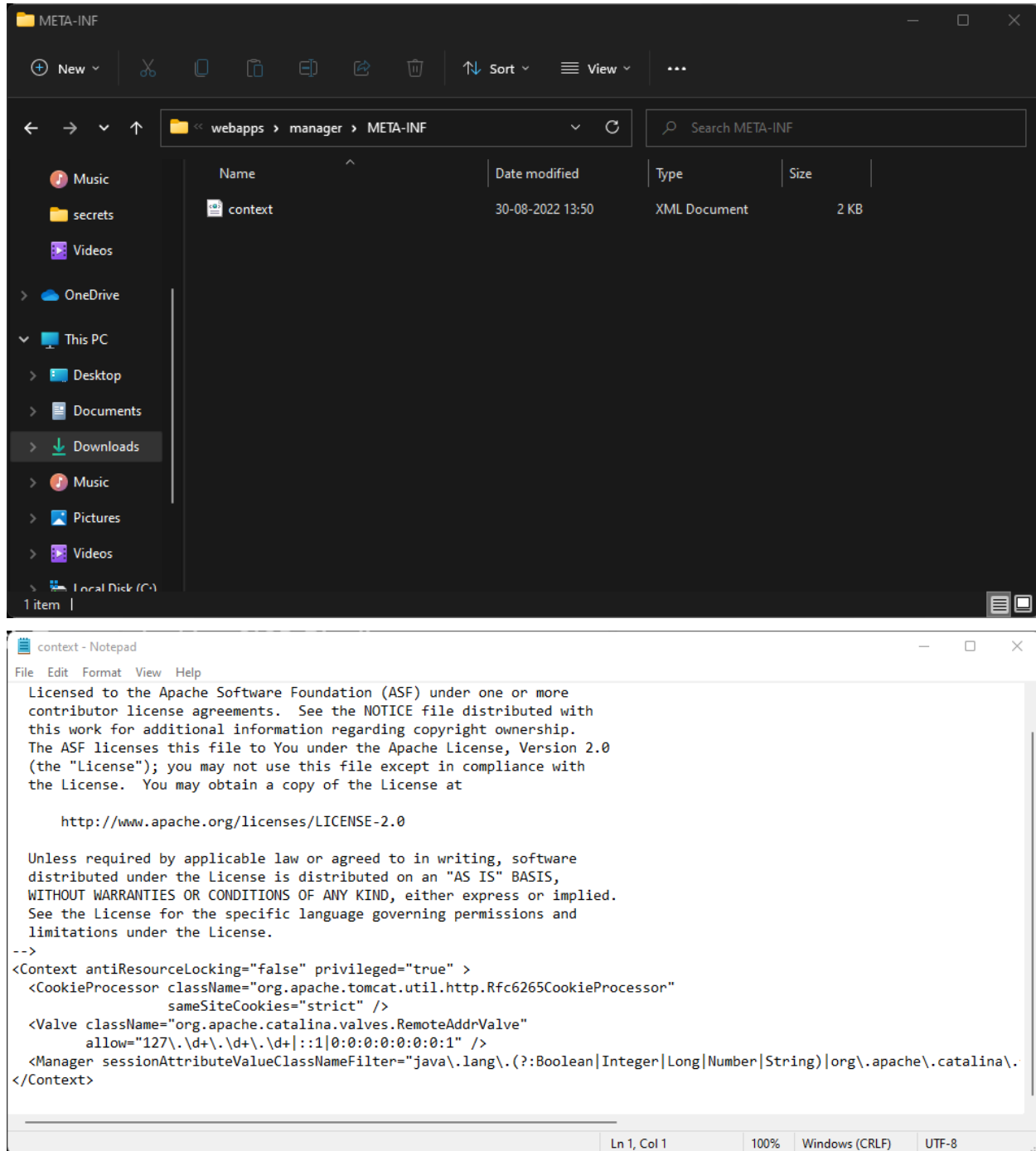
The users below are wrapped in a comment and are therefore ignored. If you
wish to configure one or more of these users for use with the manager web
application, do not forget to remove the <!-- ..> that surrounds them. You
will also need to set the passwords to something appropriate.
-->

<user username="admin" password="admin" roles="manager-gui,manager-script"/>
<user username="robot" password="robot" roles="manager-script"/>

<!--
The sample user and role entries below are intended for use with the
examples web application. They are wrapped in a comment and thus are ignored
when reading this file. If you wish to configure these users for use with the
examples web application, do not forget to remove the <!-- ..> that surrounds
them. You will also need to set the passwords to something appropriate.
-->
<!--
<role rolename="tomcat"/>
<role rolename="role1"/>

```

3. Goto apache-tomcat-10/webapps/manager/META-INF/context and comment Valve classname as shown below.





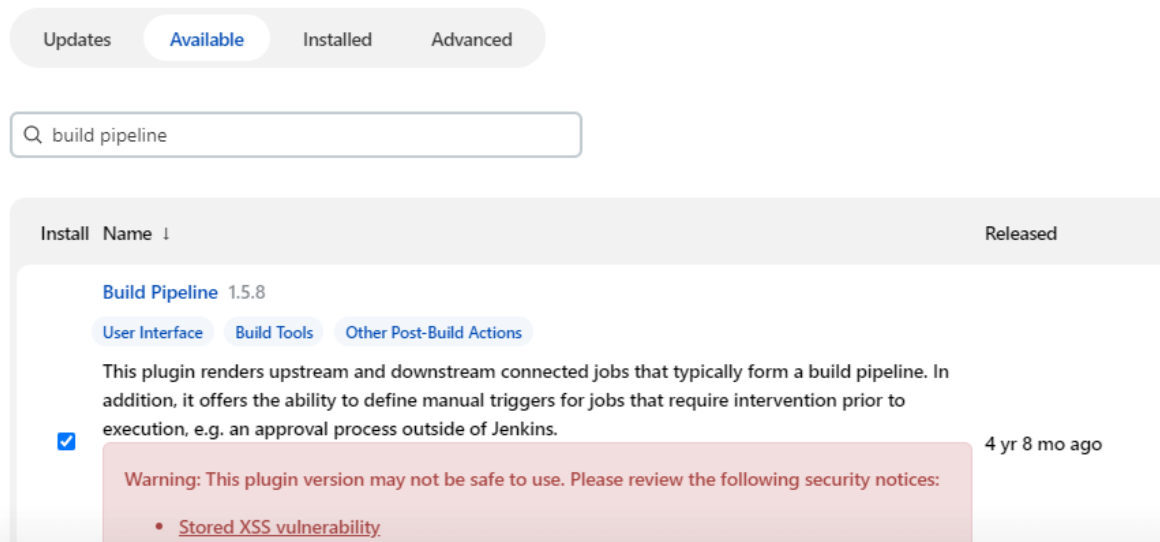
```
context - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
Licensed to the Apache Software Foundation (ASF) under one or more
contributor license agreements. See the NOTICE file distributed with
this work for additional information regarding copyright ownership.
The ASF licenses this file to You under the Apache License, Version 2.0
(the "License"); you may not use this file except in compliance with
the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at

http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0

Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
limitations under the License.
-->
<Context antiResourceLocking="false" privileged="true" >
  <CookieProcessor className="org.apache.tomcat.util.http.Rfc6265CookieProcessor"
    sameSiteCookies="strict" />
<!--
  <Valve className="org.apache.catalina.valves.RemoteAddrValve"
    allow="127\.d+\.d+\.d+|:1|0:0:0:0:0:0:1" />
-->
  <Manager sessionAttributeValueClassNameFilter="java\.lang\.(?:Boolean|Integer|Long|Number|string)|org\.apache\.catalina\.
```

4. Install the build pipeline and deploy to container plugins.

Plugin Manager



Updates Available Installed Advanced

Q build pipeline

Install	Name	Released
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Build Pipeline 1.5.8	4 yr 8 mo ago
<div>User Interface Build Tools Other Post-Build Actions</div> <p>This plugin renders upstream and downstream connected jobs that typically form a build pipeline. In addition, it offers the ability to define manual triggers for jobs that require intervention prior to execution, e.g. an approval process outside of Jenkins.</p> <div>Warning: This plugin version may not be safe to use. Please review the following security notices:</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Stored XSS vulnerability		

Plugin Manager

Updates Available Installed Advanced

Q deploy to container

Install	Name ↓	Released
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Deploy to container 1.16 Artifact Uploaders This plugin allows you to deploy a war to a container after a successful build. Glassfish 3.x remote deployment	1 yr 10 mo ago

Install without restart

Download now and install after restart


Update information obtained: 1 hr 10 min ago

Check now


5. Create a new freestyle project and name DeployWar and enter details as shown below.

deploy


» Required field




Freestyle project
This is the central feature of Jenkins. Jenkins will build your project, combining any SCM with any build system, and this can be even used for something other than software build.




Maven project
Build a maven project. Jenkins takes advantage of your POM files and drastically reduces the configuration.




Pipeline
Orchestrates long-running activities that can span multiple build agents. Suitable for building pipelines (formerly known as workflows) and/or organizing complex activities that do not easily fit in free-style job type.



Multi-configuration project
Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing on multiple environments, platform-specific builds, etc.



Folder
Creates a container that stores nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is just a filter, a folder creates a namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders.



Multibranch Pipeline

OK

General Source Code Management Build Triggers Build Environment Build Post-build Actions

Description

deploy war to tomcat

[Plain text] [Preview](#)

☐ Discard old builds ?

☐ GitHub project

☐ This project is parameterized ?

☐ Throttle builds ?

☐ Disable this project ?

☐ Execute concurrent builds if necessary ?

[Advanced...](#)

Build

Execute Windows batch command ?

Command

See [the list of available environment variables](#)

```
cd /d D:\Jenkins\jenkins\workspace
copy CreateWar\sample.war DeployWar\.
```

[Advanced...](#)

[Add build step ▾](#)

Post-build Actions

Deploy war/ear to a container

WAR/EAR files ?

/.war

Context path ?

/sample

Containers

Tomcat 9.x Remote

Credentials

admin/*****

[+ Add](#)


Tomcat URL ?


http://localhost:8081/


6. Create a new freestyle project and name CreateWar and enter details as shown below.


Enter an item name


» Required field


**Freestyle project**
This is the central feature of Jenkins. Jenkins will build your project, combining any SCM with any build system, and this can be even used for something other than software build.


**Maven project**
Build a maven project. Jenkins takes advantage of your POM files and drastically reduces the configuration.

**Pipeline**
Orchestrates long-running activities that can span multiple build agents. Suitable for building pipelines (formerly known as workflows) and/or organizing complex activities that do not easily fit in free-style job type.

**Multi-configuration project**
Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing on multiple environments, platform-specific builds, etc.

**Folder**
Creates a container that stores nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is just a filter, a folder creates a separate namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders.

**Multibranch Pipeline**
Creates a set of Pipeline projects according to detected branches in one SCM repository.

**Organization Folder**
Creates a set of multibranch project subfolders by scanning for repositories.

OK

or create a new item from other existing, you can use this option:

General | Source Code Management | Build Triggers | Build Environment | Build | Post-build Actions

Description

[Plain text] [Preview](#)

☐ Discard old builds ?

☐ GitHub project

☐ This project is parameterized ?


☐ Throttle builds ?

☐ Disable this project ?

☐ Execute concurrent builds if necessary ?

Advanced...

Build

**Execute Windows batch command** ?

Command

See [the list of available environment variables](#)

```
cd %BUILD_WORKING_DIRECTORY%\src
mkdir /S /Q .git
jar cvf sample.war *
jar tvf sample.war
copy /Y sample.war ..\CreateWar\
cd ..\CreateWar
```

Advanced...

Add build step ▾

Post-build Actions

Build other projects ?

Projects to build

deploy,

No such project 'deplo'. Did you mean 'deploy'?

☒ Trigger only if build is stable

☐ Trigger even if the build is unstable

☐ Trigger even if the build fails

Add post-build action

Save Apply

7. Create a new freestyle project and name Pull_Git and enter details as shown below.

Enter an item name

Pull_Git

» Required field

Freestyle project
This is the central feature of Jenkins. Jenkins will build your project, combining any SCM with any build system, and this can be even used for something other than software build.

Maven project
Build a maven project. Jenkins takes advantage of your POM files and drastically reduces the configuration.

Pipeline
Orchestrates long-running activities that can span multiple build agents. Suitable for building pipelines (formerly known as workflows) and/or organizing complex activities that do not easily fit in free-style job type.

Multi-configuration project
Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing on multiple environments, platform-specific builds, etc.

Folder
Creates a container that stores nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is just a filter, a folder creates a separate namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders.

Multibranch Pipeline
Creates a set of Pipeline projects according to detected branches in one SCM repository.

Organization Folder
Creates a set of multibranch project subfolders by scanning for repositories.

OK

If you create a new item from other existing, you can use this option:

Git ?

Repositories ?

Repository URL ? ✕

`https://github.com/Asha-B/sampleWebApp.git`

Credentials ?

- none - ▼

+ Add

Advanced...

Add Repository

Branches to build ?

Branch Specifier (blank for 'any') ? ✕

Post-build Actions

≡ **Build other projects** ? ✕

Projects to build

CreateWar

☒ Trigger only if build is stable

☐ Trigger even if the build is unstable

☐ Trigger even if the build fails


Add post-build action ▼


Save Apply


8. Create a new freestyle project and name CleanUp and enter details as shown below.


CleanUp


» Required field


**Freestyle project**
This is the central feature of Jenkins. Jenkins will build your project, combining any SCM with any build system, and this can be even used for something other than software build.


**Maven project**
Build a maven project. Jenkins takes advantage of your POM files and drastically reduces the configuration.

**Pipeline**
Orchestrates long-running activities that can span multiple build agents. Suitable for building pipelines (formerly known as workflows) and/or organizing complex activities that do not easily fit in free-style job type.



**Multi-configuration project**
Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing on multiple environments, platform-specific builds, etc.

**Folder**
Creates a container that stores nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is just a filter, a folder creates a separate namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders.

**Multibranch Pipeline**
Creates a set of Pipeline projects according to detected branches in one SCM repository.

**Organization Folder**
Creates a set of multibranch project subfolders by scanning for repositories.

OK new item from other existing, you can use this option:

 **Execute Windows batch command** 

Command



See [the list of available environment variables](#)

```
cd /d D:\Jenkins\jenkins\workspace\  
del /S /Q .\Pull_Git\*.*,*  
del /S /Q .\CreateWar\*.*,*  
del /S /Q .\DeployWar\*.*,*
```

Advanced...

Add build step

Post-build Actions

 **Build other projects** 

Projects to build

Pull_Git

☒ Trigger only if build is stable

☐ Trigger even if the build is unstable

☐ Trigger even if the build fails

Save **Apply**

9. Now build the Pull_Git project.

[Add description](#)

S	W	Name	Last Success	Last Failure	Last Duration	
		CleanUp	37 min #7	1 hr 23 min #1	0.6 sec	
		CreateWar	37 min #14	N/A	1 sec	
		DeployWar	37 min #13	38 min #12	1.2 sec	
		Pull_Git	37 min #14	N/A	1.9 sec	

Icon: S M L

[Icon legend](#) [Atom feed for all](#) [Atom feed for failures](#) [Atom feed for just latest builds](#)

10. Create a new Pipeline.

New view

Name

Type



Build Pipeline View

Shows the jobs in a build pipeline view. The complete pipeline of jobs that a version propagates through are shown as a row in the view.



List View

Shows items in a simple list format. You can choose which jobs are to be displayed in which view.



My View

This view automatically displays all the jobs that the current user has an access to.

Name

Description ?

[Plain text] [Preview](#)

- ☐ Filter build queue
- ☐ Filter build executors

Build Pipeline View Title

Pipeline Flow

Layout



This layout mode derives the pipeline structure based on the upstream/downstream trigger relationship between jobs. This is the only out-of-the-box supported layout mode, but is open for extension.

Upstream / downstream config

Select Initial Job ?



Trigger Options

Build Cards



Use the default build cards

Restrict triggers to most recent successful builds ?

- ☐ Yes
- ☒ No

Always allow manual trigger on pipeline steps ?

- ☐ Yes
- ☒ No

Display Options

No Of Displayed Builds ?



Row Headers



Show all variables in the current build, and obfuscate sensitive values. Variables are drawn from `build#getBuildVariables()`.

Column Headers



Display Options

No Of Displayed Builds ?

1

Row Headers

All build variables and parameters

Show all variables in the current build, and obfuscate sensitive values. Variables are drawn from `Build#getBuildVariables()`.

Column Headers

No header

Do not show any column headers

Refresh frequency (in seconds) ?

3

URL for custom CSS files

Console Output Link Style

Lightbox

OK

Apply

Dashboard > Git tomcat >

Build Pipeline: Git tomcat Pipeline

Git War tomcat

Trigger a Pipeline Run Pipeline History Configure Add Step Delete Manage

Pipeline #7	#7 CleanUp	#14 Pull_Git	#14 CreateWar	#13 DeployWar
	Aug 30, 2022 8:25:02 PM 18 sec jenkins	Aug 30, 2022 8:25:07 PM 8 sec	Aug 30, 2022 8:25:07 PM 1 sec	Aug 30, 2022 8:25:07 PM 1.2 sec

11. Now when the pipeline execution is complete we can see a sample folder in tomcat server at localhost 8081. In this folder we can see our webapp.



Tomcat Web Application Manager

Message: OK

Manager

List Applications HTML Manager Help Manager Help Server Status

Applications

Path	Version	Display Name	Running	Sessions	Commands
/	None specified	Welcome to Tomcat	true	0	<input type="button" value="Start"/> <input type="button" value="Stop"/> <input type="button" value="Reload"/> <input type="button" value="Undeploy"/> <input type="button" value="Expire sessions"/> with idle > <input type="text" value="30"/> minutes
/docs	None specified	Tomcat Documentation	true	0	<input type="button" value="Start"/> <input type="button" value="Stop"/> <input type="button" value="Reload"/> <input type="button" value="Undeploy"/> <input type="button" value="Expire sessions"/> with idle > <input type="text" value="30"/> minutes
/examples	None specified	Servlet and JSP Examples	true	0	<input type="button" value="Start"/> <input type="button" value="Stop"/> <input type="button" value="Reload"/> <input type="button" value="Undeploy"/> <input type="button" value="Expire sessions"/> with idle > <input type="text" value="30"/> minutes
/host-manager	None specified	Tomcat Host Manager Application	true	0	<input type="button" value="Start"/> <input type="button" value="Stop"/> <input type="button" value="Reload"/> <input type="button" value="Undeploy"/> <input type="button" value="Expire sessions"/> with idle > <input type="text" value="30"/> minutes
/manager	None specified	Tomcat Manager Application	true	1	<input type="button" value="Start"/> <input type="button" value="Stop"/> <input type="button" value="Reload"/> <input type="button" value="Undeploy"/> <input type="button" value="Expire sessions"/> with idle > <input type="text" value="30"/> minutes
/sample	None specified	Hello, World Application	true	0	<input type="button" value="Start"/> <input type="button" value="Stop"/> <input type="button" value="Reload"/> <input type="button" value="Undeploy"/> <input type="button" value="Expire sessions"/> with idle > <input type="text" value="30"/> minutes

Deploy

Deploy directory or WAR file located on server

Context Path:

Version (for parallel deployment):

XML Configuration file path:

WAR or Directory path:



Sample "Hello, World" Application

This is the home page for a sample application used to illustrate the source directory organization of a web application utilizing the principles outlined in the Application Developer's Guide.

To prove that they work, you can execute either of the following links:

- To a [JSP page](#).
- To a [servlet](#).

Conclusion

Thus we successfully built a Jenkins Pipeline.