

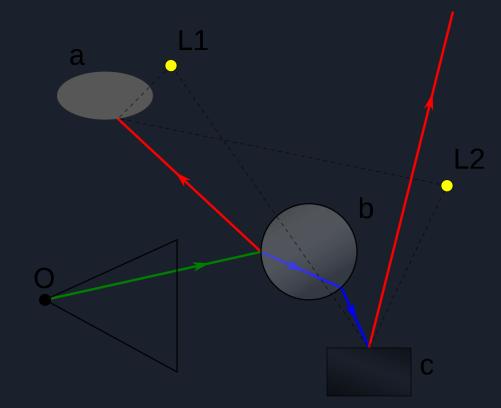
Zastosowanie symulacji równoległych do tworzenia obrazu trójwymiarowego

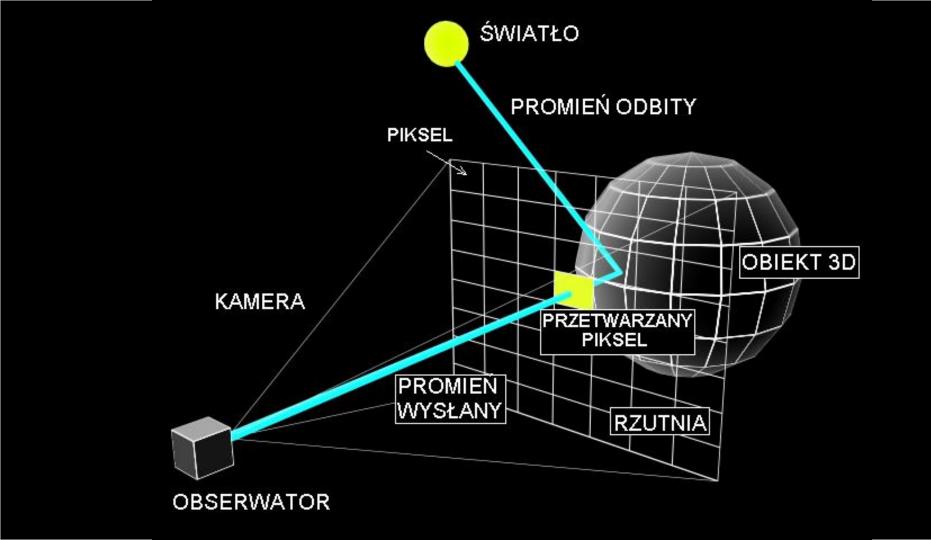
Ray tracing

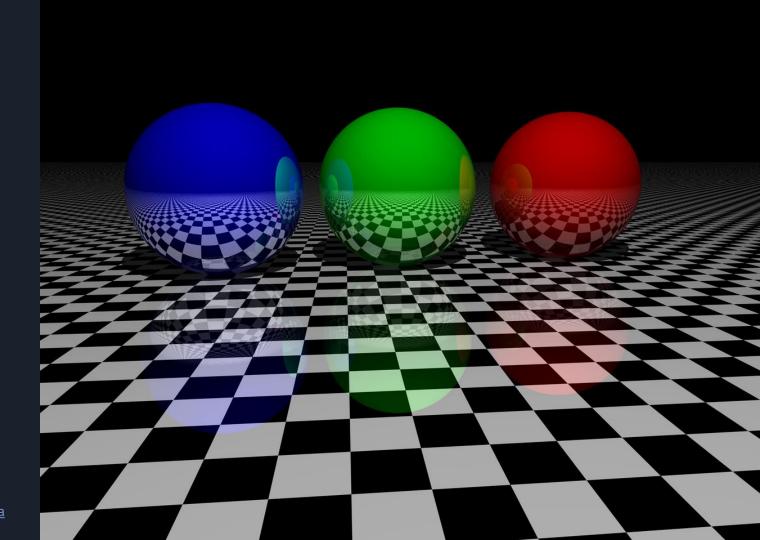
Kamil Mikołajczuk

Ray tracing

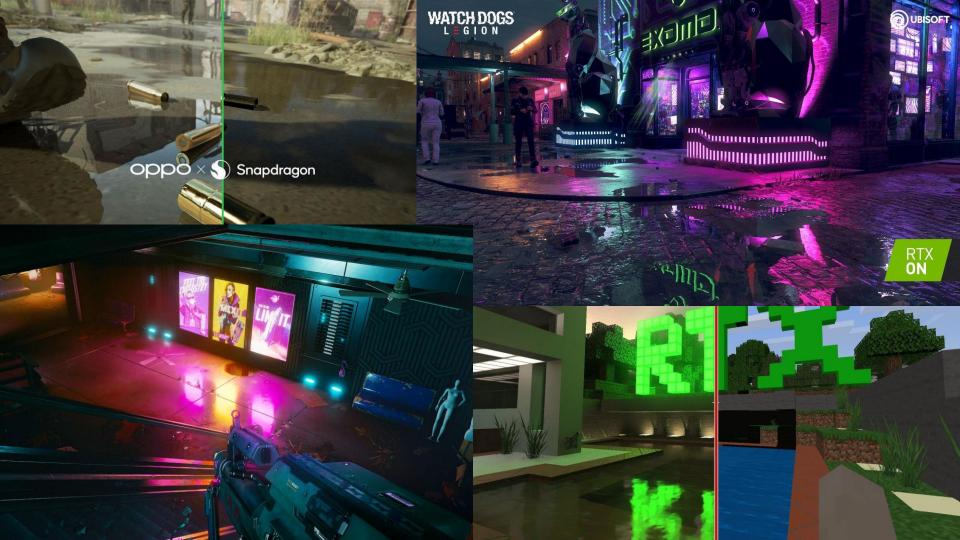
Śledzenie promieni (ang. ray tracing) – technika generowania fotorealistycznych obrazów scen trójwymiarowych opierająca się na analizowaniu tylko tych promieni światła, które trafiają bezpośrednio do obserwatora.











Przecięcie promienia z płaszczyzną

P - Punkt należący

S - Punkt startowy

K - Kierunek

Promień: P = S + tK

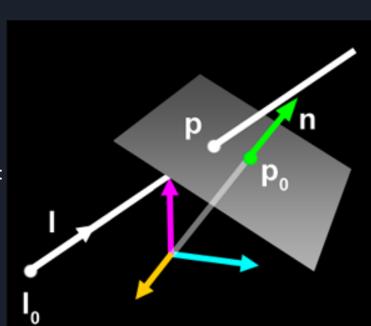
D - Przesunięcie

Płaszczyzna: P * N + D = 0

Po podstawieniu promienia w równanie płaszczyzny mamy:

$$(S + tK) * N + D = 0$$

$$t = -(S * N + D) / (K * N)$$



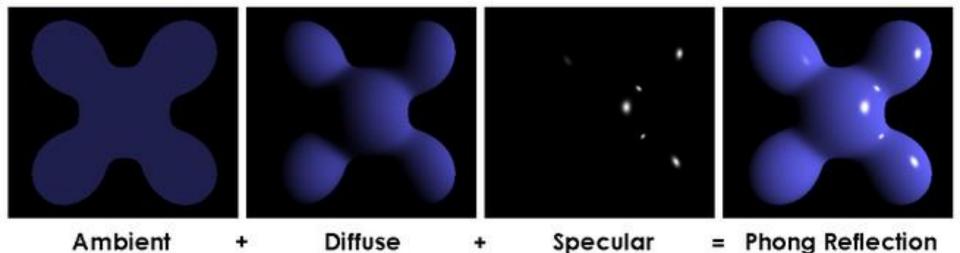
```
public Plane(Vector norm, double offset, Surface surface)
    this.norm = norm;
    this.offset = offset;
    this.surface = surface;
Odwołania: 2
public Intersection intersect(Ray ray)
    var normRayDirectionDot = norm.dot(ray.direction);
    if (normRayDirectionDot > double.Epsilon) return null;
    var dist = -(norm.dot(ray.origin) + offset) / normRayDirectionDot;
    return new Intersection(this, ray, norm, dist);
```

Model oświetlenia

$$I_i(p) = \varepsilon \cdot \frac{I_i^{Max}}{1 + \alpha \|p - p_i\|^2} \cdot \cos \langle (\vec{n}_p, \vec{l}_p) \rangle$$

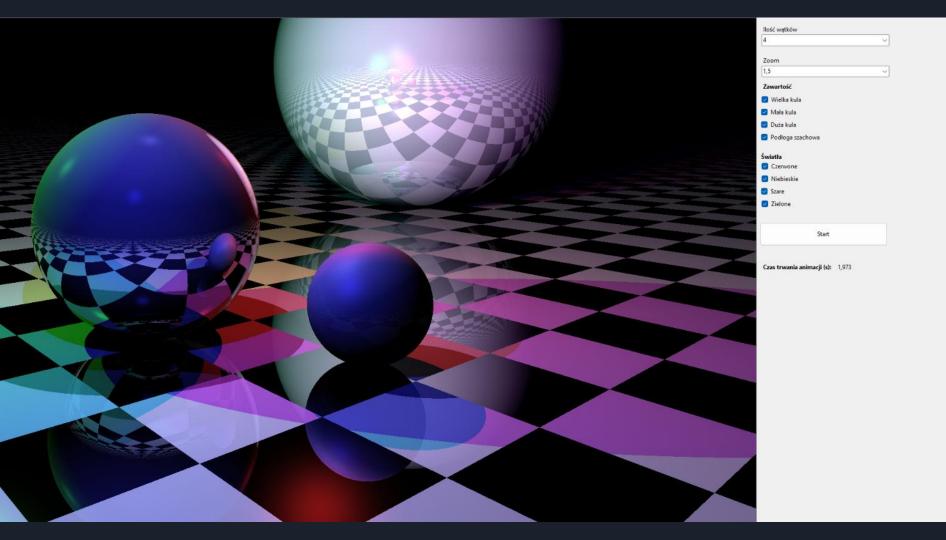
$$I_{tot}(p) = I_{amb} + \sum_{i} I_{i(L)}(p) + \sum_{i} I_{i(Ph)}(p)$$

$$I_{i(Ph)}(p) = \varepsilon \cdot \frac{I_i^{Max}}{1 + \alpha \|p - p_i\|^2} \cdot f\left(\langle (\vec{n}_p, \vec{l}_p) \rangle \cdot \cos^m \langle (\vec{r}_p, \vec{v}_p) \rangle \right)$$



Szachownica

```
public class Checkerboard : Surface
    Odwołania: 2
    public double roughness => 150.0;
    Odwołania: 2
    public RColor diffuse(Vector pos)
        if (isBlackField(pos)) return RColor.white;
        return RColor.black;
    Odwołania: 2
    public double reflect(Vector pos)
        if (isBlackField(pos)) return 0.1;
        return 0.7;
    Odwołania: 2
    public RColor specular(Vector pos)...
    Odwołania: 2
    private bool isBlackField(Vector pos)
        return (int) (Math.Floor(pos.z) + Math.Floor(pos.x)) % 2 != 0;
```



Fragmenty kodu

```
var scene = getScene();
var threads = getThreads();
var width = renderedImage.Width;
var height = renderedImage.Height;
Task.Run(() =>
    var rayTracer = new RayTracer(scene);
    var image = new Bitmap(width, height);
    renderedImage.Image = image;
    Task.WhenAll(
       range(threads).Select((_, fragment) =>
        Task.Run(() =>
           var renderedFragment = rayTracer.fragmentRender(width, height, fragment, threads);
           Invoke(new Action(delegate ()
               showFragment(image, renderedFragment, fragment, threads);
               renderedImage.Refresh();
    )).Wait();
    stopwatch.Stop();
    Invoke(new Action(delegate ()
       timeLabel.Text = (stopwatch.ElapsedMilliseconds / 1000.0).ToString();
       startButton.Enabled = true;
```

```
1 odwołanie
private Scene getScene()
    Thing[] things = new List<Thing> {
       groundControl.Checked ? new Plane (new Vector( 0.0, 1.0, 0.00), 0.0, new Checkerboard()) : null,
       bigBallControl.Checked ? new Sphere(new Vector( 0.0, 1.0, -0.25), 1.0, new Shiny())
                                                                                                   : null,
       smallBallControl.Checked ? new Sphere(new Vector(-1.0, 0.5, 1.50), 0.5, new Matt())
                                                                                                   : null,
       hugeBallControl.Checked ? new Sphere(new Vector(-9.0, 3.0, -4.5), 3.0, new Shiny())
                                                                                                   : null,
    }.Where(x => x != null).ToArray();
   var red = RColor.from(125, 18, 18);
   var green = RColor.from(18, 125, 18);
   var blue = RColor.from(18, 18, 125);
   var gray = RColor.from(54, 54, 89);
   Light[] lights = new List<Light> {
       redLightControl.Checked ? new Light(new Vector(-2.0, 2.5, 0.0), red)
                                                                                : null.
       blueLightControl.Checked ? new Light(new Vector( 1.5, 2.5, 1.5), blue) : null,
       greenLightControl.Checked ? new Light(new Vector( 1.5, 2.5, -1.5), green) : null,
       grayLightControl.Checked ? new Light(new Vector( 0.0, 3.5, 0.0), gray) : null
    }.Where(x => x != null).ToArray();
   var zoomSelected = (string)zoomControll.SelectedItem;
   var zoom = zoomSelected != null && zoomSelected.Length > 0 ? double.Parse(zoomSelected) : 1.0;
   var camera = new Camera(new Vector(3.0, 2.0, 5.0), new Vector(-1.0, 0.5, 0.0), zoom);
   return new Scene(things, lights, camera);
```

```
1 odwołanie
public Bitmap fragmentRender(int screenWidth, int screenHeight, int fragmentIndex, int fragments)
   var image = new Bitmap(screenWidth, fragmentIndex == fragments - 1 ? screenHeight - fragmentIndex * (screenHeight / fragments) : screenHeigh
   var camera = scene.camera;
   var up = camera.up.times(camera.zoom);
   var right = camera.right.times(camera.zoom);
   var minAxis = Math.Min(screenWidth, screenHeight);
   var start = fragmentIndex * (screenHeight / fragments);
   for (var y = 0; y < image.Height; y++)
       double recenterY = ((start + y) - (minAxis / 2.0)) / 2.0 / minAxis;
        var pointY = camera.forward.plus(up.times(-recenterY));
        for (var x = 0; x < screenWidth; x++)
           double recenterX = (x - (minAxis / 2.0)) / 2.0 / minAxis;
            var point = pointY.plus(right.times(recenterX)).norm();
           var ray = new Ray(camera.position, point);
            var color = traceRay(ray, scene, 0);
            image.SetPixel(x, y, color.toDrawingColor());
   return image:
```

```
private RColor traceRay(Ray ray, Scene scene, int depth)
   var isect = closestIntersection(ray, scene);
   if (isect == null) return background;
   var direction = isect.ray.direction;
    var position = direction.times(isect.dist).plus(isect.ray.origin);
    var reflectDir = direction.minus(
        isect.norm.times(2 * isect.norm.dot(direction))
     );
    var naturalColor = background.plus(
        getNaturalColor(isect.thing, position, isect.norm, reflectDir, scene)
     );
    var reflectedColor = (depth >= maxDepth) ?
        RColor.grey :
        getReflectionColor(isect.thing, position, reflectDir, scene, depth);
   return naturalColor.plus(reflectedColor);
```

```
private RColor getNaturalColor(Thing thing, Vector position, Vector norm, Vector reflectDir, Scene scene)
   var color = defaultColor;
    var thingDiffuse = thing.surface.diffuse(position);
    var thingSpecular = thing.surface.specular(position);
    foreach (var light in scene.lights)
       var toLightDirection = light.position.minus(position);
        var toLightDirectionNorm = toLightDirection.norm();
        var closest = closestIntersection(new Ray(position, toLightDirectionNorm), scene);
        var isInShadow = closest == null ? false : (closest.dist <= toLightDirection.mag());</pre>
        if (!isInShadow)
            var illum = toLightDirectionNorm.dot(norm);
            var lColor = illum > 0 ? light.color.scale(illum) : defaultColor;
            var specular = toLightDirectionNorm.dot(reflectDir.norm());
            var sColor = specular > 0 ? light.color.scale(Math.Pow(specular, thing.surface.roughness)) : defaultColor;
            color = color.plus(lColor.times(thingDiffuse).plus(sColor.times(thingSpecular)));
   return color;
```

```
Odwołania: 2
private Intersection closestIntersection(Ray ray, Scene scene)
    var closest = double.PositiveInfinity;
    Intersection closestInter = null;
    foreach (var thing in scene.things)
        var inter = thing.intersect(ray);
        if (inter != null && inter.dist < closest)</pre>
            closestInter = inter;
            closest = inter.dist;
    return closestInter;
Odwołania: 2
private RColor traceRay(Ray ray, Scene scene, int depth)...
1 odwołanie
private RColor getReflectionColor(Thing thing, Vector position, Vector reflectDir, Scene scene, int depth)
    return traceRay(new Ray(position, reflectDir), scene, depth + 1).scale(thing.surface.reflect(position));
```