



## **Model Optimization and Tuning Phase Template**

Date	04 June 2025
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Project Title	Restaurant Recommendation system
Maximum Marks	10 Marks

## **Model Optimization and Tuning Phase**

The Model Optimization and Tuning Phase involves improving our machine learning recommendation model to get the best performance. This includes adjusting the model's parameters, experimenting with different algorithms, and selecting the most suitable model based on evaluation metrics such as accuracy, precision, recall, and RMSE (Root Mean Squared Error).

Our restaurant recommendation system was designed to suggest similar restaurants based on location, user ratings, cuisines, and cost using collaborative filtering and content-based filtering techniques.

## **Hyperparameter Tuning Documentation (8 Marks):**

Model	Tuned Hyperparameters
Model 1: Content-Based Filtering	<ul> <li>- Similarity Metric: Cosine similarity was used as the primary metric to compute similarity between restaurants based on features like cuisines, rating, and cost.</li> <li>- Top N Recommendations: The number of top similar restaurants returned was tested with values like 5, 10, and 15.</li> </ul>





```
def recommend(name, cosine_similarities = cosine_similarities):

# Create a list to put top recharants
recommend_restaurant = []

# Find the index of the hotel entered
idx = indices[indices — name_index[0]]

# Find the restaurants with a similar cosine-sim value and order them from bigges number
score series = pd Series(cosine_similarities[idx]), sont_values(ascending=False)

# Extract top 30 restaurant indexes with a similar cosine-sim value
top 30_indexes = list(score_series.iloe[0:31].index)

# Names of the top 30 restaurants
for each in tog 30_indexes:

recommend_restaurant append(list(df_percent.index)(each))

# Creating the new data set to show similar restaurants

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# Create the top 30 similar restaurants

## Creat
```

- **Algorithm:** SVD (Singular Value Decomposition) from the Surprise library.
- Learning Rate: Tuned values such as 0.005, 0.01, and 0.02 were tested.
- **Regularization:** Parameters such as 0.02, 0.05 were tried to avoid overfitting.
- Number of Epochs: Adjusted between 20 and 100 epochs.

Model 2: Collaborative

Filtering

```
from surprise import SVD, Dataset, Reader
from surprise.model_selection import cross_validate

reader = Reader(rating_scale=(1, 5))
data = Dataset.load_from_df(df[['user_id', 'restaurant_name', 'rating']], reader)

svd = SVD()
cross_validate(svd, data, measures=['RMSE', 'MAE'], cv=5, verbose=True)
```





## **Final Model Selection Justification (2 Marks):**

Final Model	Reasoning
Model 1: Content-	Selected due to its simplicity and good performance without requiring
Based Filtering	detailed user history. It gave interpretable and relevant results using restaurant features like cuisines, ratings, and cost.