

Py. 1790 es. 178 - 179 - 183 - 186 - 193 - 194 - 196 - 198

$$178) \sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{n^4+1}} = 0,3 + 0,4 + 0,3 + \dots$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{n^4+1}} = 0 \quad \text{potrebbe convergere}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{n} \quad \text{serie armonica divergente}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{n^4+1}} < \sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{n}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{n^4+1} > n$$

~~ma~~ ~~minore~~ ~~divergente~~  $\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} n^4$  è minoante divergente

quindi  $\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{n^4+1}}$  è divergente

$$179) \sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{2^n}{n}$$

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2^n}{n} = 2^n \log 2 = +\infty \quad \text{è divergente}$$



183) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{4^n(n+2)}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \left( \frac{1}{4^n(n+2)} \right) = \frac{0}{+\infty} = 0$$
 potrebbe convergere

~~$$\frac{1}{4^n(n+2)} = \frac{1}{4^n} \cdot \frac{1}{n+2}$$~~

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{4^n}$$
 serie geometrica convergente

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{4^n(n+2)} < \sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{4^n} \rightarrow$$
 maggiorante convergente

$$4^n(n+2) > 4^n$$
 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{4^n(n+2)}$$
 e' ~~convergente~~ convergente

186) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{3^n}{8^n+2}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3^n}{8^n+2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3^n}{8^n \left( 1 + \frac{2}{8^n} \right)} =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^n}{1 + \frac{2}{8^n}} = \frac{0}{1+0} = 0$$
 potrebbe convergere

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^n \rightarrow$$
 convergente - serie geometrica

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{3^n}{8^n+2} < \sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^n \rightarrow$$
 maggiorante convergente

$\hookrightarrow$  e' convergente



193)

$$\sum_{n=2}^{+\infty} \frac{4n-5}{9n^2+n}$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{n} \text{ divergente}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{4n-5}{9n^2+n}}{\frac{1}{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{4n^2-5n}{9n^2+n}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{n^2(4 - \frac{5}{n})}{n^2(9 + \frac{1}{n})} = \frac{4}{9} \neq 0 \text{ stesso carattere}$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{+\infty} \frac{4n-5}{9n^2+n} \Rightarrow \text{divergente}$$

194)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{2^n-1}{3^n+2}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n \text{ convergente}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{2^n-1}{3^n+2}}{\frac{2^n}{3^n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2^n-1}{3^n+2} \cdot \frac{3^n}{2^n}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2^n(1 - \frac{1}{2^n})}{3^n(1 + \frac{2}{3^n})} \cdot \frac{3^n}{2^n} = 1 \neq 0 \text{ stesso carattere}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{2^n-1}{3^n+2} \Rightarrow \text{convergente}$$



196)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{n^3}{6+n^4}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{n} \quad \text{divergente}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{n^3}{6+n^4}}{\frac{1}{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{n^4}{n^4(1+\frac{6}{n^4})} = 1 \neq 0 \quad \text{stesso carattere}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{n^3}{6+n^4} \Rightarrow \text{divergente}$$

198)

$$\sum_{n=3}^{+\infty} \frac{n+2}{n-2} \cdot 7^{-n}$$

$$\sum_{n=3}^{+\infty} \left(\frac{1}{7}\right)^n \quad \text{convergente}$$

~~$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{n+2}{n-2} = 1$$~~

~~$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{n+2}{n-2} \cdot 7^{-n} = 1$$~~

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{n+2}{n-2} \cdot 7^{-n} = 1 \neq 0 \quad \text{stesso carattere}$$

$$\sum_{n=3}^{+\infty} \frac{n+2}{n-2} \cdot 7^{-n} \quad \text{convergente}$$