

<b>University of Science and Technology of Hanoi</b> <b>***</b> <b>Final Exam</b> <b>Algorithms and Data Structures</b> Sheet: 01      No of pages: 02		<b>Academic year: 2024–2025</b> <b>Date: 08/01/2025      Time: 75 minutes</b> <b><u>Important instructions</u></b> (according to lecturer's decision) 1. No documents or communication devices are allowed. 2. Copying or using Internet will lead to heavy penalty	
<b>Pathway</b>	CS, DS, MATH, and MST	<b>Lecturer</b>	<b>Dr. Đoàn Nhật Quang</b>
<b>Student name</b>		<b>Student's ID</b>	

**Follow this instruction:**

- Create a folder "YOURNAME\_STUDENTID" in the Desktop.
- Create the source files **question1.c** (or cpp) and **question2.c** for the corresponding problems.
- **Remove the executable files (.exe) and zip all your source codes, and submit it in Google classroom. Submitting executable files or inappropriate files leads to 0.**

**Question 1 (10 pts)**

In this problem, a natural number is given. The objective is to find a digit and swap its position in the number to obtain the smallest possible value.

*Note: The smallest value must have the same number of digits as in the original value; thus, 0 cannot be used.*

- Example: 51029 -> the possible smallest value is 15029 after one swap.
- Propose an algorithm using **iteration** and implement it in C/C++ to complete the task. (3 pts)
- Propose and implement an alternative algorithm using **recursion** for this task. (6 pts)
- Calculate the complexity of the two approaches. Justify your answer by making comments on the code. (1 pt)

*Hint: You can use an array to store all digits. The problem becomes sorting and searching on an array.*

**Question 2 (7 pts)**

In this problem, we design and implement data structures in C/C++ to work on a list of 3D vectors.

- Propose a data structure for a 3D vector (x, y, z) with x, y, z are real. (1 pt)
- Propose a List data structure to store a collection of 3D vectors (the list capacity, n, can be pre-defined). (1 pt)
- Write a function to calculate the Euclidean distance between a pair of vectors in the list. (2 pts)  
Given two vectors:  $v_1 = (x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $v_2 = (x_2, y_2, z_2)$  then their distance is expressed by:  

$$d(v_1, v_2) = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2}$$
- Write a function to display the vectors in a list and the distance matrix. (2 pts)  
*Note: the distance matrix is square and of the size  $n \times n$ . Each element of the matrix (i,j) is the distance between two vectors  $v_i$  and  $v_j$ .*
- Write a main function to test all the above functions. (1 pt)

### Question 3 (3 pts)

Odd-even sorting is a variant of Bubble Sort such that by comparing all odd/even indexed pairs of adjacent elements in the list, if a pair is in the wrong order (the first is larger than the second), the elements are switched. The pseudo-code is as follows:

**Algorithm: Odd-even sorting**

**Input:** an array `arr` of the length `n`

`sorted = 0;`

**while** (`sorted == 0`) {

`sorted = 1;`

**for** (`i = 1; i < n-1; i += 2`) {

**if** (`arr[i] > arr[i+1]`) {

**swap** `arr[i]` and `arr[i+1]`;

`sorted = 0;`

        }

    }

**for** (`i = 0; i < n-1; i += 2`) {

**if** (`arr[i] > arr[i+1]`) {

**swap** `arr[i]` and `arr[i+1]`;

`sorted = 0;`

        }

    }

}

- Initialize an array of the size  $n \geq 6$ . Array values are initialized based on your choice.
- Explain the sorting process and display the results at each iteration of the sorting process.

*Note: This question does not require any implementation in C/C++. You need to make comments on your file.*

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