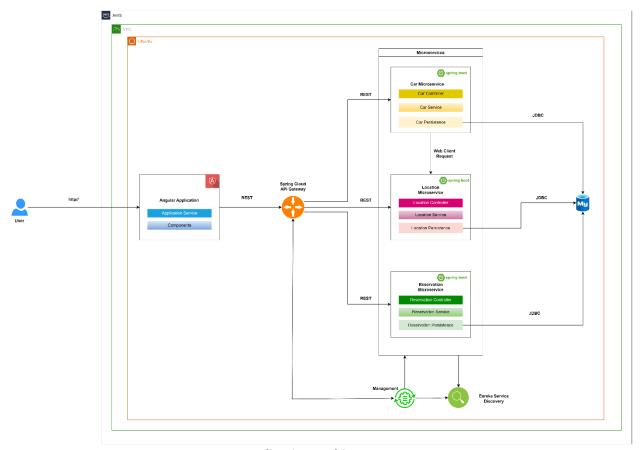
Here we have used Ubuntu 20.04 AMI to Create EC2s. If you'd like to go with any other OS, commands would be changed.



Application Architecture

AWS Deployment

Access to EC2 via Putty

To access an AWS EC2 instance using PuTTY on Windows, you need to convert the private key file from the .pem format to PuTTY's .ppk format and then use PuTTY to establish an SSH connection. Here are the steps:

Step 1: Convert. pem Key to .ppk Format

- 1. Download and install PuTTY if you haven't already. You can get it from the PuTTY website.
- 2. Launch PuTTYgen, which comes with PuTTY, and click the "Load" button.
- 3. In the file dialog, select your .pem private key file.
- 4. Click "Open."
- 5. PuTTYgen will prompt you to convert the key into PuTTY's own format. Click the "Save private key" button.
- 6. Save the key in .ppk format.

Step 2: Configure PuTTY

- 1. Launch PuTTY.
- 2. In the "Session" category, enter your EC2 instance's public IP address or DNS hostname in the "Host Name (or IP address)" field.

- 3. In the "Connection" > "Data" category, enter the username used for your EC2 instance. For Ubuntu 20.4, the username is typically ubuntu. For other distributions, check the official documentation for the correct username.
- 4. In the "Connection" > "SSH" > "Auth" category, click the "Browse" button and select the .ppk private key file you created earlier.
- 5. Optionally, you can save this configuration for future use by entering a name in the "Saved Sessions" field and clicking the "Save" button.
- 6. Click "Open" to initiate the SSH connection.

Step 3: Connect to EC2 Instance

PuTTY will use the private key to authenticate, and if everything is configured correctly, it should establish a connection to your EC2 instance.

Once connected, you can use the terminal provided by PuTTY to interact with your EC2 instance as if you were using SSH from a Linux terminal.

1. SETTING UP THE Database

1.1. Configure MySQL

To Install as root user, type below command

```
sudo su
```

Then update the local package with below command.

```
sudo apt update
```

Install the mysql server package with below command.

```
sudo apt install mysql-server
```

Check the MySQL server status

```
sudo systemctl status mysql
```

1.2. Start MySQL database server.

```
sudo systemctl start mysql
```

1.3. Login into MySQL DB

```
mysql -u root -p
```

No password to enter.

1.4. Create the data base with below query.

```
CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS `car_rental_db`;
show databases;
```

1.5. Create tables in database.

```
USE `car_rental_db`;
```

1.6. Create Car Table

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `t_cars` (
  `id` int NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
```

```
`car code` varchar(255) CHARACTER SET utf8mb4 COLLATE
utf8mb4 unicode ci DEFAULT NULL,
  `make` varchar(255) CHARACTER SET utf8mb4 COLLATE
utf8mb4 unicode ci NOT NULL,
  `model` varchar(255) CHARACTER SET utf8mb4 COLLATE
utf8mb4 unicode ci NOT NULL,
  `year` int NOT NULL,
  `license plate` varchar(20) CHARACTER SET utf8mb4 COLLATE
utf8mb4 unicode ci NOT NULL,
  `availability` tinyint(1) NOT NULL,
  `image url` varchar(255) CHARACTER SET utf8mb4 COLLATE
utf8mb4 unicode ci DEFAULT NULL,
  `location uuid` varchar(255) CHARACTER SET utf8mb4 COLLATE
utf8mb4 unicode ci DEFAULT NULL,
  `per hour rate` decimal(10,2) NOT NULL,
  `per day rate` decimal(10,2) NOT NULL,
  `leasing rate` decimal(10,2) NOT NULL,
  `car description` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  `mileage` bigint DEFAULT NULL,
  `transmission` varchar(255) DEFAULT NULL,
  `seats` int DEFAULT NULL,
  `luggage` int DEFAULT NULL,
  `fuel` varchar(50) DEFAULT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY (`id`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=2 DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4
COLLATE=utf8mb4 0900 ai ci;
```

1.7. Enter Data into table ('t_cars')

```
INSERT INTO `t_cars` (`id`, `car_code`, `make`, `model`, `year`,
   `license_plate`, `availability`, `image_url`, `location_uuid`,
   `per_hour_rate`, `per_day_rate`, `leasing_rate`,
   `car_description`, `mileage`, `transmission`, `seats`, `luggage`,
   `fuel`) VALUES
   (1, '45f6f72c-6f6a-4b36-9d33-954ccb62be0a', 'Lexus', 'Lexus
2022', 2022, 'BGH 9072', 1, 'assets/img/lexus1.jpg', '71d45ae7-
```

92f5-4621-9d3d-1e407967a79f', 12.99, 111.12, 4243.98, 'A small river named Duden flows by their place and supplies it with the necessary regelialia.', 12120, 'Manul', 5, 5, 'Petrol');

1.8. Create location table.

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `t_locations` (
   `id` int NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
   `location_name` varchar(255) CHARACTER SET utf8mb4 COLLATE
   utf8mb4_unicode_ci NOT NULL,
   `location_address` varchar(255) CHARACTER SET utf8mb4 COLLATE
   utf8mb4_unicode_ci NOT NULL,
   `location_uuid` varchar(36) NOT NULL,
   PRIMARY KEY (`id`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO_INCREMENT=8 DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4
COLLATE=utf8mb4_0900_ai ci;
```

1.9. Enter Data into Location table.

```
INSERT INTO `t_locations` (`id`, `location_name`,
`location_address`, `location_uuid`) VALUES
```

- (1, 'Wellawaya', 'Wellwaya Road Wellwaya', '71d45ae7-92f5-4621-9d3d-1e407967a79f'),
- (2, 'Colombo', 'Colombo Road Colombo', '5fbf593f-cf44-4562-825a-6b932b117587'),
- (3, 'Kandy', 'Kandy Road Kandy', 'a62414fd-c56e-4de0-9409-f7b7f5a7c71d'),
- (4, 'Jaffna', 'Jaffna Road Jaffna', '5e1a43cc-b67b-4e98-b0bb-6ae33535180e'),
- (5, 'Gampaha', 'Gampaha Road Gampaha', '5056fb9b-bbbc-404d-964b-a50bc26235f2'),
- (6, 'Galle', 'Galle Road Galle', 'cde00356-1321-4bbc-b648-afcbd9f3dfcf'),
- (7, 'Matara', 'Matara Road Matara', '34043148-d701-4f11-9525-5fb965be2f2d');

1.10. Create a reservation table.

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `t_reservations` (
   `id` int NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
   `reservation_number` varchar(255) CHARACTER SET utf8mb4 COLLATE
utf8mb4_unicode_ci NOT NULL,
   `start_date` date NOT NULL,
   `end_date` date NOT NULL,
   `reservation_status` varchar(255) CHARACTER SET utf8mb4 COLLATE
utf8mb4_unicode_ci NOT NULL,
   `reservation_car_code` varchar(255) CHARACTER SET utf8mb4
COLLATE utf8mb4_unicode_ci NOT NULL,
   `car_quantity` bigint NOT NULL,
   `total_cost` decimal(10,2) NOT NULL,
   PRIMARY KEY (`id`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO_INCREMENT=3 DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4
COLLATE=utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

1.11. Insert data into the Reservation table.

1.12. Change localhost to public.

```
SELECT user, host FROM mysql.user;
UPDATE mysql.user SET Host = '%' WHERE User = 'root';
exit;
```

and make sure to restart the database.

```
sudo systemctl restart mysql
```

1.13. Again, Login to the MySQL DB to change the root password.

(no need to type password just enter)

```
ALTER USER 'root'@'%' IDENTIFIED WITH mysql_native_password BY 'demoadmin'; exit;
```

and make sure to restart the database.

Run the following command.

```
sudo systemctl restart mysql
```

1.14. Change my SQL configuration's exiting bind address.

```
sudo nano /etc/mysql/mysql.conf.d/mysqld.cnf
and change the bind-address as follow,
bind-address -----> 0.0.0.0
```

and make sure to restart the database.

Run the following command.

```
sudo systemctl restart mysql
```

2. SETTING UP THE MICROSERVICES

2.1. Configure Microservices (sprint boot)

Prerequisites:

- A Kubernetes cluster up and running.
- kubectl command-line tool installed and configured to access your cluster.

Source: git clone https://github.com/Milinda96/DevOps Lab App.git

2.4.1 Discovery Service

When deploying you will have to change following variables in application properties file.

```
eureka.instance.hostname=<your-ec2-instance-ip>
```

2.4.2 API Gateway

When deploying you will have to change following variables in application properties file.

```
eureka.instance.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone=http://<your-ec2-
instance-ip>:8761/eureka/

spring.cloud.gateway.routes[0].uri=http://<your-ec2-instance-
ip>:9001

spring.cloud.gateway.routes[1].uri=http://<your-ec2-instance-
ip>:9003

spring.cloud.gateway.routes[2].uri=http://<your-ec2-instance-
ip>:9002

spring.cloud.gateway.routes[3].uri=http://<your-ec2-instance-
ip>:8761

spring.cloud.gateway.routes[4].uri=http://<your-ec2-instance-
ip>:8761
```

2.4.3 Location Service

When deploying you will have to change following variables in application properties file.

```
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://<your-db-ec2-public-
ip>:3306/car_rental_db
eureka.instance.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone=http://<your-ec2-
public-ip>:8761/eureka/
```

2.4.4 Car Service

When deploying you will have to change following variables in application properties file.

```
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://<your-db-ec2-public-
ip>:3306/car_rental_db
eureka.instance.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone=http://<your-ec2-public-ip>:8761/eureka/
location.api.url=_http://<your-ec2-public-ip>:9003
```

2.4.5 Reservation Service

When deploying you will have to change following variables in application properties file.

```
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://<your-db-ec2-public -
ip>:3306/car_rental_db
eureka.instance.client.serviceUrl.defaultZone=http://<your-ec2-
public -ip>:8761/eureka/
```

3. SETTING UP THE UI

3.1. Create Common Directory to keep Lab App.

mkdir /home/ubuntu/DevOpsLabApp

Change the directory.

cd DevOpsLabApp

3.2. Clone DevOps_Lab_App into DevOpsLabApp Directory.

git clone https://github.com/Milinda96/DevOps Lab App.git

3.3. Install Apache package with below command.

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install apache2
sudo systemctl status apache2
```

3.4. Create directory in Apache server.

```
cd /var/www/html/
mkdir carrental
```

3. 5. Copy UI build files into Apache server

```
cd /home/ubuntu/DevOpsLabApp/DevOps_Lab_App/devops-lab-app-
client/dist/car-booking-app/
```

```
cp -r * /var/www/html/carrental
```

If you want to change the IP address belonging to the API-gateway service where defined in the environment.prod.ts file after the deployment, please follow the instructions as described.

```
Open the .js file name starting with main.
```

```
Ex: main.839c7f0432b827dca771.js
```

Open the vim editor.

```
vim main.839c7f0432b827dca771.js
```

Search for a <a href="http://<your-earlier-api-gateway-ip-address">http://<your-earlier-api-gateway-ip-address:9004

Note:

- 1. To search for an IP address 1st, type / and your IP address, and then it will highlight.
- 2. Next, do Enter.
- 3. Then enter the insert button and you will be able to edit the IP address with the new IP address as you want.
- 4. After that enter the ESC button and type :wq! and do Enter.