# FiestaPivot Team Artemis

Bailey Ivancic z5162498
Jacob Wahib z5164984
Estella Arabi z5165786
Harry Tang z5116894
Nabil Shaikh z5163480

# 1. Executive summary

Within the catering industry, the currently accepted business model puts the onus on the customer to seek out parties willing to take on their catering job. This presents two problems. The first problem is a difficulty barrier is created between the advertiser and the job they are seeking to outsource, as catering businesses are not often immediately visible to inexperienced individuals/groups. The second problem that arises results from this lack of visibility, specifically small, inexperienced catering businesses or even individuals willing to put their cooking skills to use find it very difficult to find jobs they are willing to complete, without expensive advertising or other forms of exposure. FiestaPivot aims to shift this paradigm, in order to put more control in the hands of both the advertiser and bidder, in a way that is much more cost-effective and efficient. As a result, both sides of the catering equation, whether it be advertiser or bidder, will be able to reduce their overhead in terms of time taken to manage catering jobs, and use that time (and sometimes money) more effectively.

On the FiestaPivot website, a user can function as both an advertiser and a bidder. An advertiser is able to post a job they are wanting to complete, which is then available for all bidders to see, and subsequently offer their services for. When posting an ad, the advertiser includes information such as location, price, date and other job specifics to help bidders decide whether they want to offer their services or not. The advertiser is in full control of their ad, and can accept any one of the bids they receive based on the price offered, the notes the bidder leaves, or the feedback rating of the bidder from past jobs they have completed.

Bidders are able to search for ads they would like to fulfil a number of ways, to help filter all ads based on which ones would be most relevant to them. These include searching by keyword, which will search both the title and description of an ad, searching by City or State, searching using a minimum and maximum price as well as a starting date. The search feature is designed to allow bidders to be able to find jobs that match their capabilities and requirements quickly and efficiently. The interface for creating ads, searching ad and creating bids is designed to be as simple and intuitive as possible, again aiming to make the experience for both parties of the catering equation easy and

Users will have access to all the jobs they have pending or active, as well as all their bids that are either pending or accepted. This information is all available in the user dashboard, helping the user to track their jobs or their business at a quick glance.

# 2. Requirements

The following requirements list will be prioritised using the MoSCoW notation:

- [Priority 1]: 'Must Have' features. These are requirements that must be in the final version of 'FiestaPivot' MVP. Without them our project would not be able to provide its most basic functionalities and thus will be considered useless.
- [Priority 2]: 'Should Have' features. These are requirements that have been denoted as important, but not critical to the MVP.
- [Priority 3]: 'Could Have' features. These are requirements that have been deemed desirable but not crucial. These requirements would be good to add to a future release of the software, but not planned to be in the initial release
- [Priority 4]: 'Won't Have' features. These are requirements that the development team have denoted as the least critical. These requirements would add value to the product, but are at the lowest level of priority, and as such are unlikely to be implemented soon

Priority values were given to tasks based on how important we thought they would be to the final product. As such, priority 1 denotes items that make up the core of the application, with 2, 3, and 4 all decreasing in importance to the final deliverable.

The requirements for 'FiestaPivot' have been placed in categories, based on common functionality/action. For the following requirements, the following language will be used to represent different functionality:

Advertiser - A registered and logged-in user who posts an advertisement on the service Bidder - A registered and logged-in user who accepts and bids on jobs that have been posted on the system

A logged-in user on the application is able to function as both an advertiser and bidder, these names are simply given collect requirements dealing with a similar action.

2.5.2. Expired/closed [Priority 3]

```
User (common)
1.1. A registered user is able to log into the system [Priority 1]
1.2 An unregistered user is able to register for the system with certain details [Priority 1]
        1.2.1 Username [Priority 1]
        1.2.2 Password [Priority 1]\
        1.2.3 Email address [Priority 1]
        1.2.4 State [Priority 2]
        1.2.5 City [Priority 1]
        1.2.6 About Me [Priority 2]
        1.2.7 Phone Number [Priority 2]
1.3. A logged-in user is able to change their password [Priority 3]
1.4. A logged-in user can update the credentials/description of their profile [Priority 3]
1.5 A not-logged-in (or "guest") user will have limited access to the website [Priority 1]
        1.5.1 Unable to search for ads [Priority 1]
        1.5.2 Unable to access dashboard [Priority 1]
        1.5.3 Will be prompted to login upon attempting either of these things [Priority 1]
Advertisers
2.1. An advertiser is able to post an advertisement onto the system [Priority 1]
        2.1.1. An advertiser can include filterable criteria [Priority 1]
                 2.1.1.1 Date and Time [Priority 1]
                 2.1.1.2 Location [Priority 1]
                 2.1.1.3 Budget [Priority 1]
                 2.1.1.4 Alcohol provisions [Priority 1]
                 2.1.1.5 Number of people [Priority 1]
                 2.1.1.6 Indoors or outdoors [Priority 1]
                 2.1.1.7 Expiration date of advertisement [Priority 1]
        2.1.2. An advertiser can include searchable criteria [Priority 1]
                 2.1.2.1. Title [Priority 1]
                 2.1.2.2 Event description [Priority 2]
2.2. An advertiser is able to close a job that they have previously posted [Priority 2]
        2.2.1. Success (bid accepted) [Priority 2]
        2.2.2. Expired (no bidders) [Priority 2]
        2.2.3. Closed (Advertisement cancelled before expiration date) [Priority 2]
2.3. Advertiser can see all bids on their advertisement [Priority 2]
        2.3.1. An advertiser is able to accept a bid from a bidder on a job they have posted [Priority 2]
        2.3.2. An advertiser can see the details of a bid [Priority 2]
                 2.3.2.1. Name [Priority 2]
                 2.3.2.2. Rating [Priority 3]
                 2.3.2.3. Price requested [Priority 3]
                 2.3.2.4. Other comments [Priority 3]
2.4. An advertiser is able to leave a feedback rating for a bidder that has previously completed a job they
have posted (star rating out of 10) [Priority 3]
2.5. An advertiser is able to view all their posted advertisements by status [Priority 3]
        2.5.1. Active [Priority 3]
```

#### **Bidders**

- 3.1. A bidder is able to bid on a job that an advertiser has posted on the system [Priority 1]
- 3.2. A bidder is able to view all their bids [Priority 1]
  - 3.2.1. Pending [Priority 2]
  - 3.2.2. Accepted [Priority 2]
  - 3.2.3. Declined [Priority 2]
  - 3.2.4 Ad Deleted [Priority 2]
- 3.3. A bidder is able to leave rating for an advertiser whose job they have completed [Priority 3]
- 3.4. A bidder can search for ads that match specified criteria [Priority 1]
  - 3.4.1. Date and Time [Priority 1]
  - 3.4.2. Location [Priority 1]
  - 3.4.3. Budget [Priority 1]
  - 3.4.4. Alcohol provisions [Priority 1]
  - 3.4.5. Number of people [Priority 1]
  - 3.4.6. Indoors or outdoors [Priority 1]
  - 3.4.7 Expiration date of advertisement [Priority 1]
- 3.5. A bidder can search for ads using keywords (found in the title and description) [Priority 2]
- 3.6. A bidder can look at details of an advertisement [Priority 2]
  - 3.6.1. Details about the poster [Priority 3]
  - 3.6.2. Description of the ad [Priority 3]
- 3.7. A bidder is able to remove a bid they have made on an active advertisement [Priority 3]

# 3. Use cases

UC Id	UC1
UC Name	Searching and Bidding
Actor	Bidder (user)
Requirements	2.3.2.1, 2.3.2.2, 2.3.2.3, 2.3.2.4, 3.1, 3.4.2, 3.4.3, 3.4.6, 3.5, 3.6.1, 3.6.2
UC Description	Searching for an advertisement and placing a bid on it
Pre-conditions	User has logged in and is on the landing page
Post-conditions	User has placed a bid on an event they searched for.
Interactions	<ul> <li>Bidder selects the "Indoor/Outdoor", "Location" and "Budget" filters, types in "birthday" in the search bar, and then clicks the "Search" button.</li> <li>System searches for events that meet the required filters, then opens the "Search Results" page, which shows, in list form, the advertisements in its database that meet those requirements, as well as the description and host for each event, as well as its current bid count.</li> <li>Bidder scrolls through the list, selects an event, and clicks "bid".</li> <li>System issues a prompt requesting the bid price, description of their service and contact details.</li> <li>Bidder fills in these fields and clicks "submit".</li> <li>System adds information to its database</li> <li>System showcases that bid to the advertiser and bidder on their accounts</li> <li>System adds to the bid count of the advertisement.</li> <li>System will also display the bid as "Pending" on the bidder's account.</li> </ul>

UC ID	UC2					
Requirements	2.3, 2.3.2, 3.2, 3.7					
UC Name	Removing a Bid					
Actor	Bidder (User)					
UC Description	Removing a bid previously placed on an active advertisement					
Pre-conditions	User has logged in and is on the landing page; user has already placed a bid on an advertisement					
Post-Conditions	User does not have a pending bid for the advertisement they had previously bid for					
Interactions	<ul> <li>User clicks "View Account"</li> <li>System displays a list of their past and present (pending) bids</li> <li>User clicks on the bid they want to remove and selects the "Remove Bid" option</li> <li>The system removes that bid from the user's account, the advertiser's account, and the total bid count for the advertisement.</li> </ul>					

UC ID	UC3
Requirements	2.1, 2.1.1, 2.1.2, 2.3, 2.3.1, 2.3.2, 2.5, 2.5.1, 2.5.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.4, 3.6
UC Name	Completing an Event
Actors	Bidder (user), Advertiser (user)
UC Description	An advertiser posts an advertisement and eventually accepts one of the bids. After the event has taken place, both advertiser and bidder are prompted by the system to write a review for the other user.
Pre-conditions	Both users are logged in and are on the landing page.

Post-Conditions	Advertiser's advertisement marked as "Closed" in their account, bidder's bid marked as "Completed" in their accou							
Interactions	<ul> <li>A user creates an advertisement (filling in all required details) and clicks "Post Advertisement"</li> <li>The system uploads that advertisement to the database to become available for bids.</li> <li>A bidder searches for and bids on the advertisement (as in UC1)</li> <li>The advertiser clicks "View Account" to see the bid.</li> <li>The advertiser is pleased with the bid and clicks "Accept bid".</li> <li>The system prompts the advertiser by asking "Are you sure you would like to select this bid? This will close your advertisement"</li> <li>The advertiser clicks "yes".</li> <li>The system changes the status of the advertisement to "Closed" on the advertiser's account</li> <li>The system changes the status of the bid to "Completed" on the bidders' accounts</li> <li>The system removes the advertisement from the database of searchable advertisements.</li> <li>The advertiser directly contacts the bidder and the event is planned.</li> </ul>							

UC ID	UC4
Requirements	2.1, 2.2.2, 2.5, 2.5.2
UC Name	Expired Advertisement
Actor	Advertiser (user)
UC Description	A user creates an advertisement for an event and submits it but no bids are accepted and the advertisement expires at the specified expiration date.
Pre-conditions	An advertiser has created an advertisement.

Post-Conditions	The advertisement is marked as "Expired" in the advertiser's account and is no longer in the database of searchable advertisements.
Interactions	<ul> <li>The user does not accept any of the bids for their advertisement, and it is beyond the scheduled date of the advertised event.</li> <li>The system marks the advertisement as "Expired" on the user's account page, and removes it from the database of searchable advertisements.</li> </ul>

UC ID	UC5						
Requirements	2.1, 2.1.1, 2.1.1.1-5, 2.1.1.7, 2.1.2, 2.1.2.1, 2.1.2.2, 2.5						
UC Name	Posting an Advertisement						
Actor	Advertiser (user)						
UC Description	An advertiser makes and submits an advertisement to the website						
Pre-conditions	User has logged in and is on the landing page						
Post-Conditions	User has posted an advertisement for an event						
Interactions	<ul> <li>The user clicks the "Post an Ad" button</li> <li>The system redirects the user to the advertisement creation page.</li> <li>The user writes a title and description for the event</li> <li>The user specifies additional filters (date and time, location, budget, alcohol provisions, number of people, indoors or outdoors, expiration date of advertisement)</li> <li>The user clicks "Post"</li> <li>The system adds the advertisement to the database and it becomes available for other users to search and bid on.</li> </ul>						

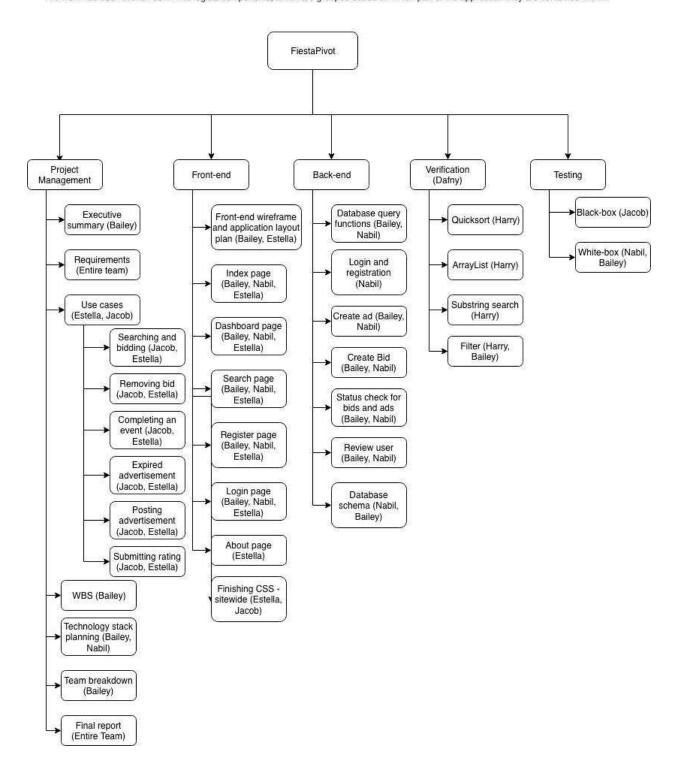
UC ID	UC6						
Requirements	3.3						
UC Name	Submitting a rating - Bidder						
Actor	Bidder (user)						
UC Description	Following the completion of an event, a bidder leaves a rating on the advertiser's account that will contribute to their "My FiestaScore" (an average of all such ratings out of 10)						
Pre-conditions	Advertiser has completed an event and it is passed the date and time advertised on the event, and the user has placed a bid that was accepted by the advertiser. User is also logged and on their dashboard						
Post-Conditions	Both users have submitted the rating which affect the average of their personal "My FiestaScore" points						
Interactions	<ul> <li>The bidder clicks the "My Bids" tab on their dashboard</li> <li>The system redirects the user to this tab containing a list of their undeleted bids, including one with status "COMPLETED - PENDING REVIEW".</li> <li>The bidder clicks on this ad</li> <li>The system shows the user a modal, asking them to submit a "FiestaScore - Out of 10" for the advertiser of the event.</li> <li>The user enters a "FiestaScore" and clicks "Submit Review"</li> <li>The system adds the "FiestaScore" to the average of the advertiser's account, and redirects the user to the dashboard</li> </ul>						

UC ID	UC7						
Requirements	2.4						
UC Name	Submitting a rating - Advertiser						
Actor	Advertiser (user)						
UC Description	Following the completion of an event, an advertiser leaves a rating on the caterer's (bidder's) account that will contribute to their "My FiestaScore" (an average of all such ratings out of 10)						
Pre-conditions	Advertiser has completed an event and it is passed the date and time advertised on the event, and the bidder has placed a bid that was accepted by the user. User is also logged and on their dashboard under the "My Ads" tab.						
Post-Conditions	Both users have submitted the rating which affect the average of their personal "My FiestaScore" points						
Interactions	<ul> <li>The user clicks on the completed ad that has status "COMPLETED - PENDING REVIEW"</li> <li>The system shows the user a modal, asking them to submit a "FiestaScore - Out of 10" for the bidder of the event whose bid was accepted</li> <li>The user enters a "FiestaScore" and clicks "Submit Review"</li> <li>The system adds the "FiestaScore" to the average of the bidder's account, and redirects the user to the dashboard</li> </ul>						

# 4. Work breakdown structure

Work Breakdown structure is done by using a "Phased" approach.

The work has been broken down into logical components, which are grouped based on which part of the application they are contained within.



# 5. Implementation

# Front-End (GUI)

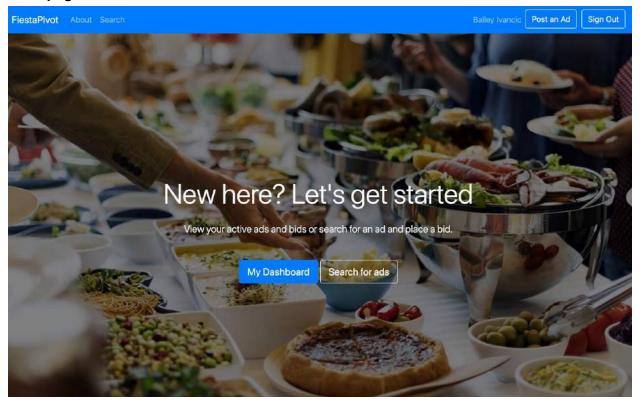
## Technology and structure

HTML: HTML has been used as the elemental framework of FiestaPivot. All web pages, links and site navigation has been handled by HTML.

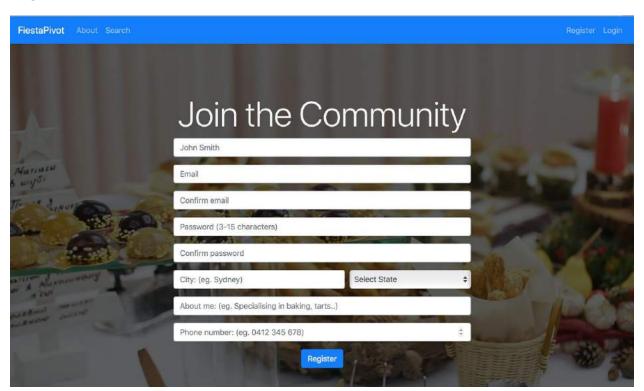
CSS: CSS has been used for visual enhancements to the base HTML on the site. The Bootstrap and W3 schools were used as a visual framework to enhance the base HTML on the site. These CSS and Javascript frameworks were combined with our own CSS, and changed to suit the UI. Javascript was used from the W3 schools as well as Bootstrap, and all other functions have been developed to suit the specific use. All work that has not been created for the project has been attributed where applicable.

# **Snapshots**

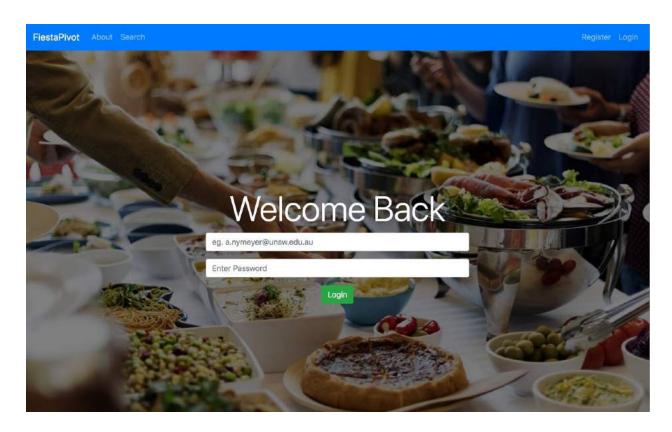
## Homepage



### Register



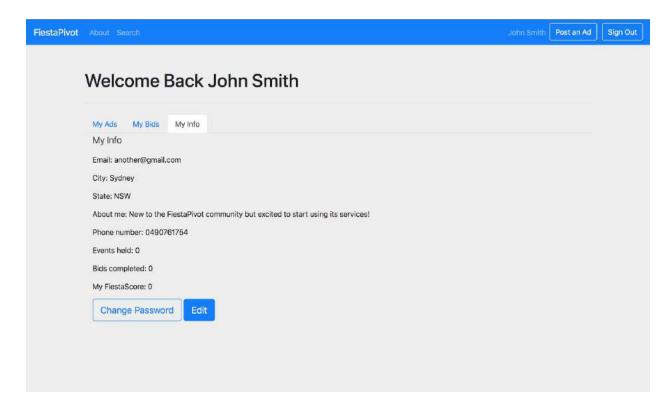
# Login



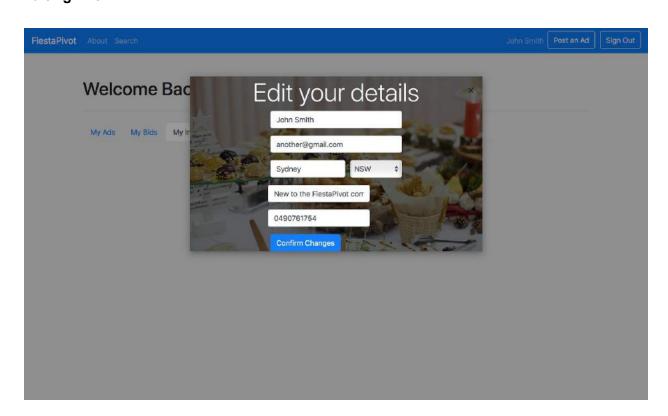
#### **User Dashboard**



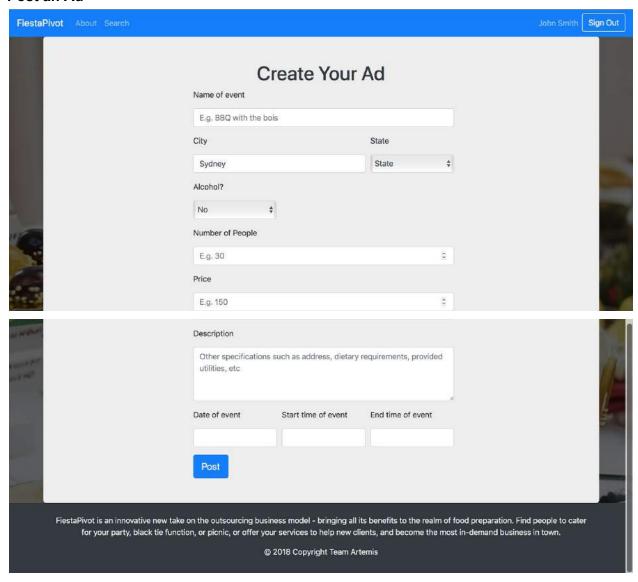
# My Info



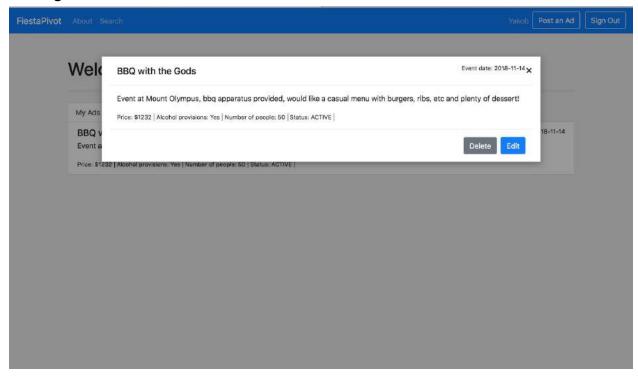
# **Editing Info**



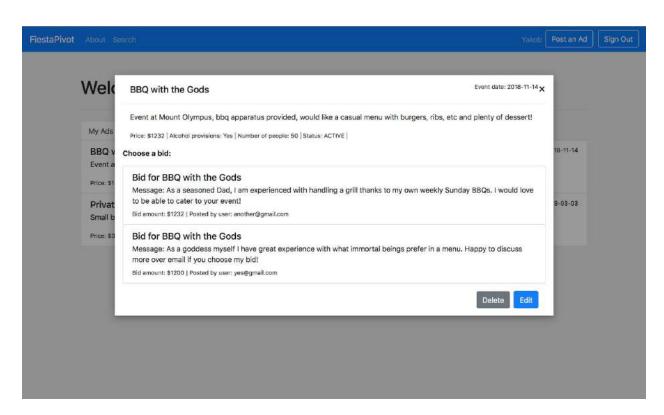
#### Post an Ad



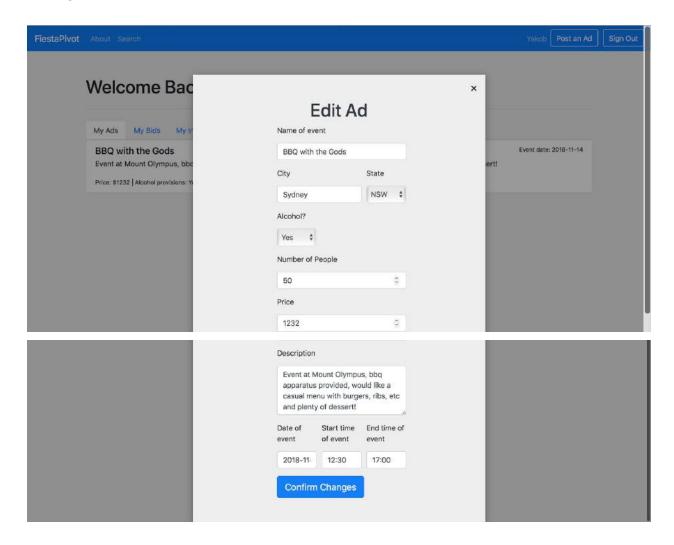
#### Viewing Self-Made Ad in Dashboard



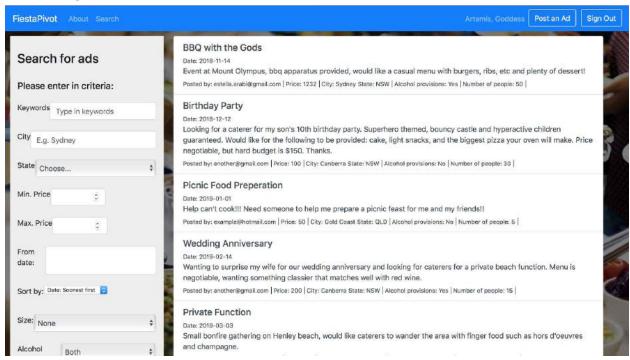
#### List of bids on ad



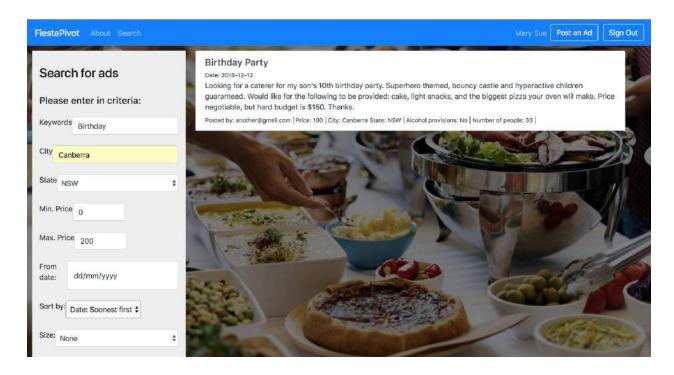
# **Editing Ad**



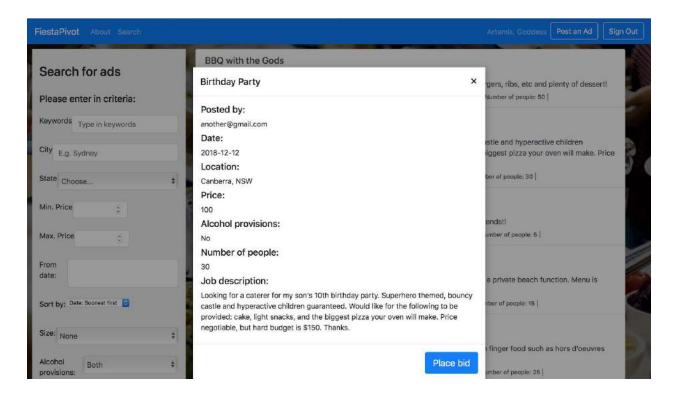
#### Search page



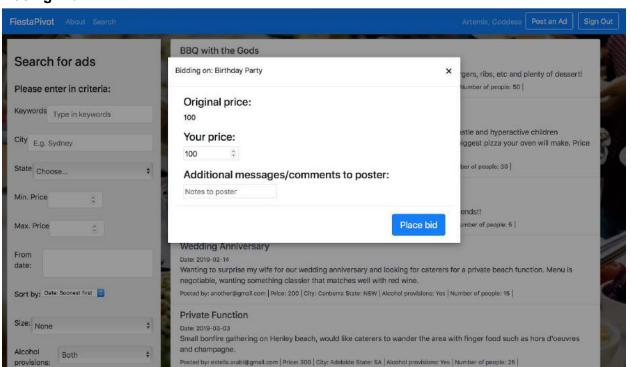
#### Search page (with filtering)



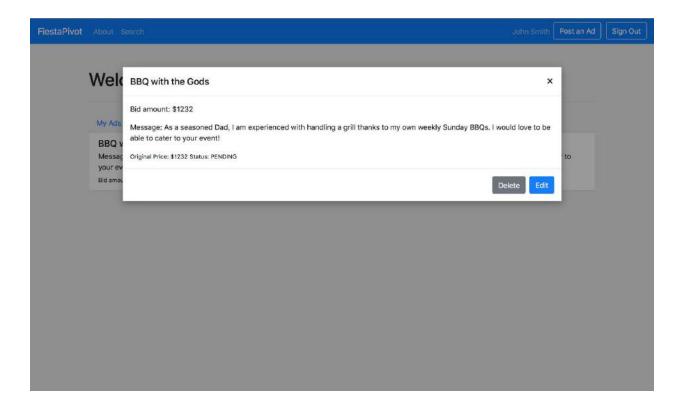
#### Viewing Ad from Search Page



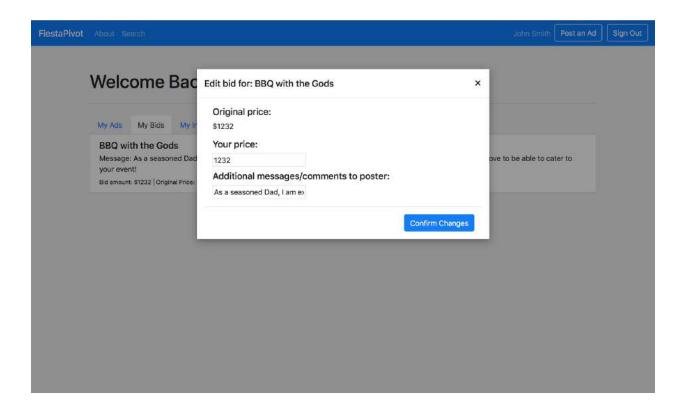
#### **Placing Bid**



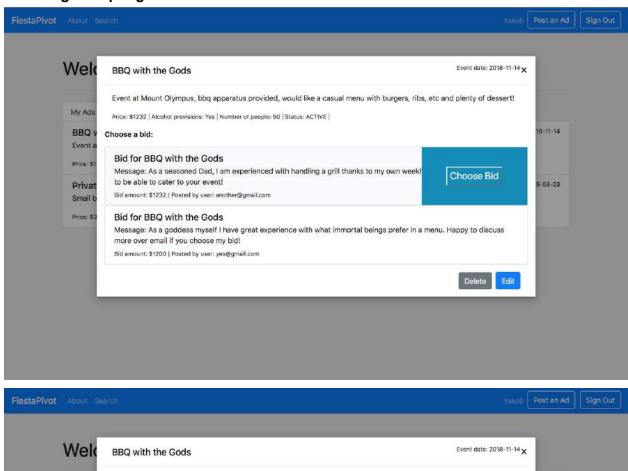
# **Viewing Bids (from Dashboard)**

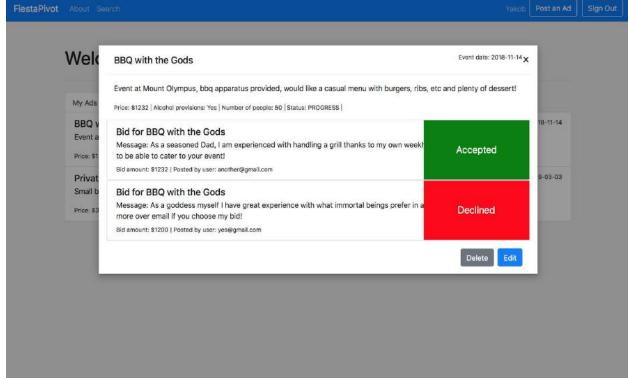


## **Editing Bids**



#### **Choosing/Accepting Bid**



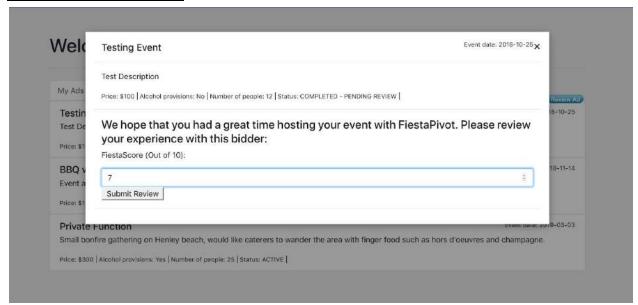


#### Reviewing users after event

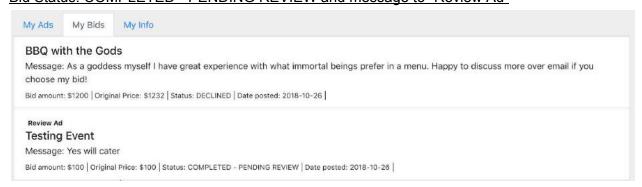
Ad Status: COMPLETED - PENDING REVIEW and notification to "Review Ad"



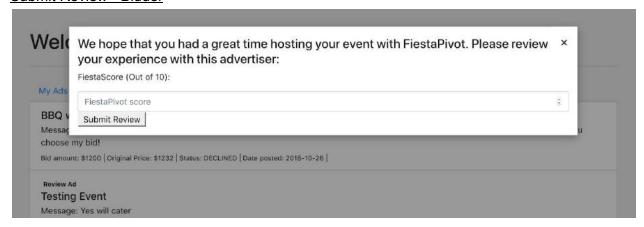
#### Submit Review - Advertiser



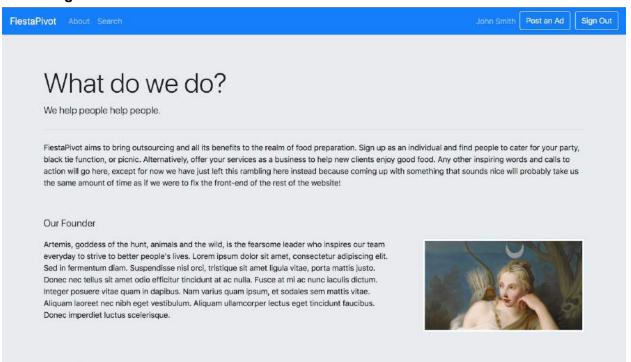
#### Bid Status: COMPLETED - PENDING REVIEW and message to "Review Ad"

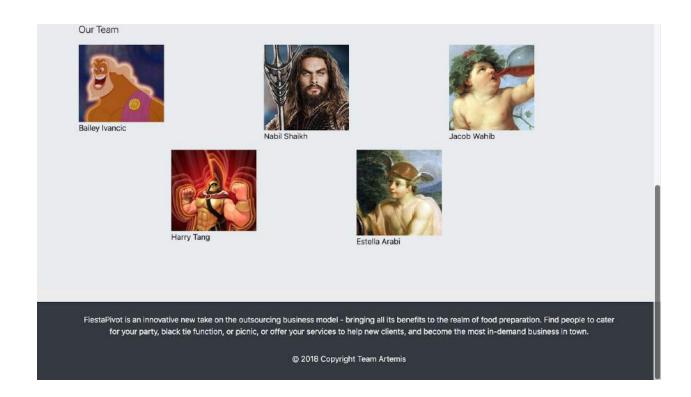


#### Submit Review - Bidder



#### **About Page**





## Back-End

## Technology and structure

#### **Python**

Python was used as a powerful backend language to host the website and provide main functionality. Along with Flask and flask\_login this became a effective yet simplistic tool that aided in fast development and flexible adaptation. Python has been used as the main logical tool in our webapp, making communication between the database, server, client and backend itself easier.

We translated all our dafny verified functions and classes to python, such that we could use them in our final product in the backend. Functions that have helped us sort, filter, search and other classes that have allowed us to use our own verified data types such as an array list.

#### Jinja2

Jinja has been used lightly throughout the development process to add extra dynamic to our html templates. Jinja and Flask work together really well in communicating between the backend and the frontend, having an impact on aesthetic and major functionality. We used Jinja2 extensively as a templating tool for displaying our database results. Jinja2 allows for dynamic and adaptive displaying of data, and combines seamlessly with our flask back-end to make our interface flexible in regards to data handling and display.

#### **JavaScript**

Javascript has been used throughout the front-end in order to manipulate the dom, change which results are displayed, and for the operation of the modals. Javascript is also used for some error checking of user inputs, as well as onclick events for certain DOM elements such as displaying and hiding modals, sending requests. Javascript has been used to enhance the user experience, aid in interaction between the user and the site and add more dynamic to our site.

Our Dafny functions for isSubstring() and isPrefix() have been translated into Javascript functions, and are used on the front end within our filtering function. The user is able to search for ads using keywords and strings, and our substring function is responsible for checking if these keywords are contained within the ad title or description. If true, then the results are hidden from the user. This is combined with other javascript elements checking other criteria to complete the filtering function used for displaying and searching for ads.

#### Flask

Flask has been combined together with Python and Jinja2 to create a dynamic webapp. Flask's routing system works together with its inbuilt login manager to not only make interaction between different web pages easier, but also to limit the access for non-logged in users. Flask has been an effective tool to communicate to and from the backend, parsing data from the frontend using forms and back again through the use of jinja to insert information into our web pages. Flask, built on top of python, became a simplistic tool to host and aid in agile development throughout the project.

#### Sqlite3

SQLite3 has been used as the database for the project. All data, including accounts, ads and bids, is stored in our db. Data is queried in the back end, formatted and then sent to the front end to be displayed. Python serves as the language to communicate between sql commands and formatting data to then be transported to the frontend.

# **Verification**

Our main functions that are critical to the application have been verified in Dafny. These functions are BubbleSort, QuickSort, isSubstring, isPrefix and an ArrayList data type. Verification in Dafny presented us with a challenge, since our back-end for the application was written in Python, so there was obviously going to be some translation required. We verified an ArrayList datatype in Dafny, which we planned on using within Python to attempt to keep it as close as possible to the Dafny code.

After talking with our mentor and Albert, however, we decided that some abstraction was acceptable in the code, and decided to simply translate the code into Python, using the default Python ArrayList. As such, we converted these functions into Python manually, with the exception of isSubstring and isPrefix.

IsSubstring and isPrefix were instead converted into Javascript functions, as these functions were used on our front end, inside our Javascript filtering function. We attempted to verify the filtering function, but had little success.

The conversion to Python and Javascript was done in a way that attempted to copy the logic of the program identically, despite the differing syntax and data structures used. As said previously, we are assuming some level of abstraction with these algorithm conversions since we are not explicitly using a converted Dafny ArrayList datatype within our Dafny functions.

We verified 3 main methods and our own custom ArrayList datatype using Dafny. Initially, we verified BubbleSort as we were generally new to Dafny and something which had good documentation and simpler invariants made it a lot more easy to verify. As we progressed further, we realised that BubbleSort is a disaster sort in terms of performance so we verified QuickSort in order to replace BubbleSort. All methods and datatypes are independent of one another.

#### **BubbleSort**

As a quick overview, our BubbleSort takes an array of integers (array<int>) and sorts them in-situ and in ascending order. When analysing BubbleSort, we noticed a lot of patterns across the different states. For example, the number of iterations is equal to the number of items that are sorted, which gives rise to the postcondition:

```
invariant forall j :: i \leftarrow j \leftarrow a.Length ==> a[i] \leftarrow= a[j];
```

Furthermore, from our implementation, all of the smaller elements are swapped to the left-side of the array, if you partition the array at the array's current upper bound, that is, the index of the end of sorted partition of the array, we can guarantee that all of the elements on the left side of the array are smaller than the right side of the array. These two invariants were the key to verifying BubbleSort. This was then tested using a Test method which verifies correctly.

```
invariant forall j,k :: 0 <= j < upperBound && upperBound <= k < a.Length ==> a[j] <= a[k];
```

#### Quicksort

Quicksort like BubbleSort takes in an array of integers (array<int>) and sorts its elements in-situ and in ascending order. Quicksort was proven to be incredibly difficult to verify. This can be explained by two issues, proving loop termination and ensuring that some methods and loop termination shared the same postconditions.

Partition has a postcondition where the all of the elements left of the pivot are less than the pivot and all of the elements on the right are greater than or equal to the pivot.

```
invariant forall i \mid left <= i < p :: (a[i] < a[p])
invariant forall i \mid p < i < k + 1 :: (a[p] <= a[i])
```

This method was verified completely with Dafny.

#### Searching

Our method isSubstring is our core method for searching. It takes a needle called token and haystack called str and iteratively compares the token to the haystack. A recursive method was not chosen as proving loop termination in Dafny can be considerably more complex and difficult. We formed a predicate called hasSubstringWithOffset which checks whether a token at a specific offset matches another string. We use the Dafny's prefix operator "<=" as the core of

our substring search. This operator checks whether the token is a prefix of a string. This made it considerably more simple as we did not need to verify another method is Prefix.

The invariants for substring searching were considerably more difficult. One core invariant was that if a substring did exist, then the length of the token + the index of the offset would be less than or equal to the length of the haystack string and that at that offset, the prefix relationship would hold true.

```
invariant r ==  (exists n : int :: (n >= 0) && (n + |token| <= |str|) && (token <= str[n..]))
```

#### ArrayList

Our custom ArrayList data type was verified in order to think more about the big picture. This proved to be our largest component that was verified in Dafny. While it is not used due to time-constraints, it has been fully translated into Python and can be imported as a library for our backend in the future. For the final deliverable, we have used our verified Dafny functions with the inbuilt Python array, abstracting the datatype from the algorithm and just verifying the logic.

The postcondition **fresh(repr - {this})** concludes that the newly allocated variable is disjoint from the previous set of objects. This data structure and its invariants were heavily inspired by K. Rustan M. Leino's research papers as shown in Section 1.5 of [1].

While most invariants were less complex, the difficulty in verifying this data structure can be attributed to the numerous methods connected to one another in order for this data structure to correctly verify.

In the translated version of ArrayList, the capacity variable was abstracted as the native Python list is not designed to allocate fixed size arrays.

#### Filter

Our filter method did not verify correctly. Filter was designed to be a higher order function which accepts an array and predicate and returns a fresh array containing the elements in a where the predicate holds true. The introduction of co-inductive datatypes and ghost methods did not help verify this method so it was not included in our implementation.

# 6. Evaluation

# **Black-box Testing**

Test Case #	Test Case Description	Step#	Test Data	Steps to Perform	Expected Result	Actual Result	Comments							
	Description	1	Test	Enter Username	Username appears as it is typed into the field	Username appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves as expected							
		2	test@test	Enter Email	Email appears as it is typed into the field	Email appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves as expected							
		3	test@test	Confirm Email	Email appears as it is typed into the field	Email appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves as expected							
		4	1234	Enter Password	Password characters appear as dots as they are typed into the field	Password characters appear as dots as they are typed into the field	Behaves as expected							
	Register a new account - valid inputs RQTS 1.2, 1.2.1-7	5	1234	Confirm Password	Password characters appear as dots as they are typed into the field	Password characters appear as dots as they are typed into the field	Behaves as expected							
1.		6	test	Enter City	City appears as it is typed into the field	City appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves as expected							
		7	NSW	Select State	State is selected from drop-down menu	State is selected from drop-down menu	Behaves as expected							
									8	I am a test	Enter About Me information	Information appears as it is typed into the field	Information appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves as expected
		9	000000000	Enter Phone Number	Phone Number appears as it is typed into the field. Any non- digit characters are rejected	Phone Number appears as it is typed into the field. Any non- digit characters are rejected	Behaves as expected							
					10		Click Register	User is signed in and redirected to their new dashboard	User is signed in and redirected to their new dashboard	Behaves as expected				

2	Log out of account, ascertain guest status RQTS 1.5	1		Click Sign Out	User is logged out and redirected to the login page	User is logged out and redirected to the login page	Behaves as expected
		2		Click Search	User is redirected to login page	User is redirected to login page	Behaves as expected
3	Log into Account - correct data <b>RQTS 1.1</b>	1		Click Login (navbar)	User is redirected to login page	User is redirected to login page	Behaves as expected
		2	test@test	Enter Email	Email appears as it is typed into the field	Email appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves as expected
		3	1234	Enter Password	Password characters appear as dots as they are typed into the field	Password characters appear as dots as they are typed into the field	Behaves as expected
		4		Click Login (button)	User is redirected to their account's dashboard	User is redirected to their account's dashboard	Behaves as expected

		1		Click Post An Ad	User is redirected to the post-ad page	User is redirected to the post-ad page	Behaves as expected
		2	Testing Event	Enter Name of Event	Name appears as it is typed into the field	Name appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves as expected
		3	test1	Enter City	City appears as it is typed into the field	City appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves as expected
		4	NSW	Select State	State is selected from drop-down menu	State is selected from drop-down menu	Behaves as expected
		5	Yes	Select Alcohol	Alcohol is selected from drop-down menu	Alcohol is selected from drop-down menu	Behaves as expected
	Posting ad	6	10	Enter Number of People	Number appears as it is typed into the field. Any non-digit characters are rejected	Number appears as it is typed into the field. Any non-digit characters are rejected	Behaves as expected
	RQTS 2.1, 2.1.1, 2.1.1.1 -	7	100	Enter Price	Price appears as it is typed into the field. Any non-digit characters are rejected	Price appears as it is typed into the field. Any non- digit characters are rejected	Behaves as expected
4	2.1.1.5, 2.1.1.7, 2.1.2, 2.1.2.1,	8	An event to test	Enter Description of Event	Description appears as it is typed into the field	Description appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves as expected
	2.1.2.2, 2.5	9	1/1/19	Select Date	Date appears in the field, being automatically filled between the '/' for day/month/year	Date appears in the field, being automatically filled between the '/' for day/month/year	Behaves as expected
		10	6:00am	Select Start Time	Time appears in the field, being automatically filled between the ':' for hh:mm with the choice for am/pm on the end	Date appears in the field, being automatically filled between the '/' for day/month/year	Behaves as expected
		11	6:00pm	Select End Time	Time appears in the field, being automatically filled between the ':' for hh:mm with the choice for am/pm on the end	Time appears in the field, being automatically filled between the ':' for hh:mm with the choice for am/pm on the end	Behaves as expected
		12		Click Post	User is redirected to their account's dashboard, where the newly posted ad may be seen under "My Ads"	User is redirected to their account's dashboard, where the newly posted ad may be seen under "My Ads"	Behaves as expected

		1		Click Search (navbar)	User is redirected to Search page	User is redirected to Search page	Behaves a expected
		2	Ice Cream	Enter Keywords	Keywords appear as they are typed into the field	Keywords appear as they are typed into the field	Behaves a
		3	Sydney	Enter City	City appears as it is typed into the field	City appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves a
		4	NSW	Select State	State is selected from drop-down menu	State is selected from drop-down menu	Behaves a
		5	100	Enter Min. Price	Min. Price appears as it is typed into the field	Min. Price appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves a
		6	200	Enter Max. Price	Max. Price appears as it is typed into the field	Max. Price appears as it is typed into the field	Behaves a
		7	23/10/18	Select From Date	Date appears in the field, being automatically filled between the '/' for day/month/year	Date appears in the field, being automatically filled between the '/' for day/month/year	Behaves a
		8	Soonest First	Select Sort By	Results are sorted by their dates from soonest	Results are sorted by their dates from soonest	Behaves expecte
	Search for	9	11-20.	Select Size	Size appears as it is typed into the field. Any non-digit characters are rejected	Size appears as it is typed into the field. Any non- digit characters are rejected	Behaves a
	Ad and Bid RQTS 3.1, 3.2, 3.2.1, 3.2.2, 3.4, 3.4.1-7,	10	No	Select Alcohol Provisions	"No" appears in the field	"No" appears in the field	Behaves expecte
5		11		Click Refresh	Results are filtered and sorted according to the specification	Results are filtered and sorted according to the specification	Behaves expecte
	3.5, 3.6, 3.6.2	12	"Ice cream"	Click selected event to bid on	Modal appears depicting more information of the event and the option to place bid	Modal appears depicting more information of the event and the option to select bid	Behaves expecte
		13		Click Place Bid	Another modal appears prompting the user to choose a price and an optional description of the bid	Another modal appears prompting the user to choose a price and an optional description of the bid	Behaves expecte
		14	100	Enter Your Price	Price appears as it is typed into the field. Any non-digit characters are rejected	Price appears as it is typed into the field. Any non- digit characters are rejected	Behaves expecte
		15	"ice cream"	Add note to Poster	Note appears it is typed into the field	Note appears it is typed into the field	Behaves expecte
		16		Click Place Bid	Modal closes, leaving the user on the search results page. The ad they bid on is no longer visible in the search results	Modal closes, leaving the user on the search results page. The ad they bid on is no longer visible in the search results	Behaves expecte
		17		Click [username] (navbar)	User is redirected to their account's dashboard	User is redirected to their account's dashboard	Behaves expecte
		18		Click "My Bids"	User sees the bid they just posted on the respective ad with status "PENDING"	User sees the bid they just posted on the respective ad with status "PENDING"	Behaves expecte
	-	3					

		1		Click [username] (navbar)	User is redirected to their account's dashboard	User is redirected to their account's dashboard	Behaves as expected
		2	"Testing Event"	Click on posted ad that has one or more bids	Modal appears depicting more information of the event and the list of current bids on the ad	Modal appears depicting more information of the event and the list of current bids on the ad	Behaves as expected
6	Select Ad RQTS 2.2	3	"Bid for Testing Event"	Hover mouse over selected bid	Option to Choose Bid appears	Option to Choose Bid appears	Behaves as expected
		4		Click "Choose Bid"	Bid is selected and modal is closed. Status of ad is now "PROGRESS"	Bid is selected and modal is closed, Status of ad is now "PROGRESS"	Behaves as expected
		5		Click on that same ad	Selected bid now says "Accepted"	Selected bid now says "Accepted"	Behaves as expected
		1		Click [username] (navbar)	User is redirected to their account's dashboard	User is redirected to their account's dashboard	Behaves as expected
		2	"Test 1"	Select ad with accepted bid to delete	Modal appears, depicting the list of bids as well as the selected bid	Modal appears, depicting the list of bids as well as the selected bid	Behaves as expected
		3		Click "Delete"	Modal is closed, the user is back on their "My Ads" tab in their dashboard	Modal is closed, the user is back on their "My Ads" tab in their dashboard	Behaves as expected
		4	"Test 2"	Select ad with pending bid to delete	Modal appears, depicting the list of bids	Modal appears, depicting the list of bids	Behaves as expected
		5		Click "Delete"	Modal is closed, the user is back on their "My Ads" tab in their dashboard	Modal is closed, the user is back on their "My Ads" tab in their dashboard	Behaves as expected
7	Delete Ads RQTS 2.2.1- 3, 2.5, 2.5.1- 2, 3.2, 3.2.1- 4	6		Open bidders' dashboards (who had bids on the deleted ads) dashboard (using same processes as tests 2 and 3)	User is at their dashboard	User is at their dashboard	Behaves as expected
		7		Click "My Bids"	The bid of the user whose bid was accepted will have its status as "ACCEPTED", the bids of the other uses on this ad will have their statuses set to "DECLINED", and the bids on the deleted ad with no chosen bids will have their statuses as "AD DELETED"	The bid of the user whose bid was accepted will have its status as "ACCEPTED", the bids of the other uses on this ad will have their statuses set to "DECLINED", and the bids on the deleted ad with no chosen bids will have their statuses as "AD DELETED"	Behaves as expected

				Click			
8		1		[username] (navbar)	User is redirected to their account's dashboard	User is redirected to their account's dashboard	Behaves a expected
		2		Click "My Bids"	User sees the list of their bids	User sees the list of their bids	Behaves a expected
		3	"Bid for First Bid"	Click selected Bid to delete	Modal appears depicting details of the bid	Modal appears depicting details of the bid	Behaves a expected
	Delete Bid RQTS 3.7	4		Click "Delete"	Modal disappears and the bid is no longer in the list, which the user sees after being redirected to the "My Bids" tab	Modal disappears and the bid is no longer in the list, which the user sees after being redirected to the "My Bids" tab	Behaves a
		5	test@gmail.c om	Open dashboard of account which contained the ad	User is on their dashboard viewing the list of ads	User is on their dashboard viewing the list of ads	Behaves a expected
		6	"First Bid"	Click on ad which had its bid deleted	Modal appears containing list of bids on that ad, excluding the one that was just deleted	Modal appears containing list of bids on that ad, excluding the one that was just deleted	Behaves a expected
		1	test@gmail.c om	Log into account containing an ad with a completed bid that is past its expiry date	User is on their dashboard viewing the list of ads, one of which meets the specified criteria and has status "COMPLETED - PENDING REVIEW", with an additional notification above the ad to "Review Ad"	User is on their dashboard viewing the list of ads, one of which meets the specified criteria and has status "COMPLETED - PENDING REVIEW", with an additional notification above the ad to "Review Ad"	Refer to Te #3, behav as expecte
		2		Click on this	Modal appears prompting the user to enter a "FiestaScore - Out of 10"	Modal appears prompting the user to enter a "FiestaScore - Out of 10"	Behaves a
		3	"6"	Enter Rating (out of 10)	Rating appears as it is entered	Rating appears as it is entered	Behaves expected
		4		Click "Submit Review"	User is redirected to their account's dashboard, on the "My Ads" tab	User is redirected to their account's dashboard, on the "My Ads" tab	Behaves expected
9	Post Ratings RQTS 2.4, 3.3	5	bidder@bid der	Log into account that had bidded on this completed ad	User is on their dashboard on the "My Ads" tab	User is on their dashboard on the "My Ads" tab	Refer to T t#3. Behav as expect
		6		Click "My Bids"	User sees a list of their bids, including their bid on the completed ad which has status "COMPLETED - PENDING REVIEW"	User sees a list of their bids, including their bid on the completed ad which has status "COMPLETED - PENDING REVIEW"	Behaves a
		7		Click on bid on the completed ad	Modal appears, prompting the user to enter a "FiestaScore - Out of 10"	Modal appears, prompting the user to enter a "FiestaScore - Out of 10"	Behaves expected
		8		Enter rating (out of 10)	Rating appears as it is entered	Rating appears as it is entered	Behaves expected
		9		Click "Submit Review"	User is redirected to their account's dashboard, on the "My Ads" tab	User is redirected to their account's dashboard, on the "My Ads" tab	Behaves a

# **Requirements Status Table**

	Implemented:	
	✓= implemented	
	X= not implemented	
	O= partially	
	implemented	
Requirement		Reflection
1.1 - Login	V	Our code would be inoperable without login/logout functionality, shown by its Priority 1 status, so it was one of the earlier features we implemented
1.2 - Register	•	Register is a crucial Priority 1 component of FiestaPivot, as we the feature to have multiple accounts to permit logging in
1.2.1-7 - Register with Username, Password, Email Address, State, City, "About Me", and Phone Number	•	We managed to include all of the desired data for Register - both Priority 1 and Priority 2-marked fields
1.3 - Change Password	V	Changing Password was successfully implemented, though it was one of the last things completed as appropriately allocated by its Priority 3 status.
1.4 - Edit Profile	~	Editing Profile was a Priority 3-level feature, which we managed to implement successfully in the

		later stages of development
1.5, 1.5.1-3 - Limited guest access: can't access dashboard, search for ads, or post an ad	V	We were late to name this as a priority, but we ensured early on that any attempts to access the aforementioned pages prior to being logged in would redirect the user to the login page.
2.1 - Post ad	V	Post ad is one of the basic requirements of the system, so this was given Priority 1 and implemented quite early in development
2.1.1, 2.1.1.1-5 - Include ad information: Date/Time, Location, Budget, Alcohol Provisions and Number of people	V	Some of these fields were perhaps not worthy of their Priority 1 status as we could achieve basic functionality without them, but they were all implemented together nonetheless
2.1.1.6-7 - Extra ad information: Indoors/Outdoors, Expiration date of ad	X	These fields, in spite of their Priority 1 status, we did not implement, and their high priority was inappropriately allocated to them as opposed to a Priority 2 or 3
2.1.2, 2.1.2.1-2 - Searchable criteria: Title of event and Event description	V	These fields were crucial in testing our search functionality, so we implemented them early on in accordance with

		their Priority 1 status.
2.2 - Closing ad		An ad may be closed by the user deleting them or having their status changed to "EXPIRED" once the advertised event's date was reached. This feature is one of our more prominent Priority 2 features. It is worth noting that our idea for how this would function from the time of making the requirements and implementing it change, since we imagined a more diverse set of cases to cater for in the requirements.
2.2.1 - Closing ad with: no bidders after deadline	V	An ad that meets this criteria will have its status set to "EXPIRED" and it will be the choice of the user to delete this ad or not
2.2.2-3 - Closing ad with: accepted bid, no accepted bid	•	Both of these cases are handled by the option to delete an ad, and the statuses of the bids in bidders' accounts are changed. Not exactly how the requirements indicate it would behave, but this functionality is catered to nonetheless.
2.3 - Advertiser can view bids	V	Including this on a user dashboard was

		fairly important and this requirement may well have been upgraded to a Priority 1, but it was rapidly implemented nonetheless.
2.3.1 - Advertiser can accept bid	~	This feature may also have been upgraded to Priority 1 since it is quite crucial to the system, but its Priority 2 status made us rather slothful in implementing it.
2.3.2 - Advertiser can see details of bid	•	We chose to include in the same modal that the bid is chosen from, so both Priority 2 requirements are handled almost simultaneously
2.3.2.1-4 - Advertiser can view: name, rating, bid price, and bidder's comments	~	Despite some of these field being Priority 3, these were all implemented together, save for rating, which was developed much later in accordance with its Priority 3 status.
2.4 - Advertiser can leave feedback for bidder	0	Ratings - which we call "FiestaScore" - was one of the last things we implemented. It was not as complete as we envisaged with a full feedback + rating system, but we have a working feedack

		option (Integer value only, without message) which will modify the overall "My FiestaScore" of a user, where "My FiestaScore" is the average of all ratings given to the user. We anticipated Ratings may not have made it into the system, which is why it was allocated Priority 3.
2.5 - Advertiser can view their posted advertisements		This requirement should probably have been upped to Priority 2, as it was achieved quite early and is a heavily relied-upon function since we built on it to implement the "view bid" functionality, but it too was completed earlier on in development
2.5.1-2 - Advertiser can view the status of their advertisements: Active, Expired or Completed	V	We felt this was prioritised and implemented appropriately
3.1 - User can bid on an ad	~	This is an elemental function of our system and was implemented earlier on in conjunction with its Priority 1 status.
3.2, 3.2.1-4 - User can view all their bids, and check the status of those bids: Pending, Accepted, Declined, or Ad Deleted	~	Viewing bids for the purpose of editing them, deleting them, or just monitoring was quite important to our system, and these Priority 1-2

		requirements were thus implemented
3.3 - A bidder can leave a rating for the advertiser who accepted their bid	0	The rating for bidders is also a contributor to a user's "My FiestaScore", meaning the rating system is shared between advertiser ratings and caterer-ratings. Ideally they would be separated with an individual rating for each, however since these features were Priority 3 they were saved till the very end and were not implemented to the fullest
3.4 - User can search for bids	~	Searching for bids was also quite important in our system, so it was given Priority 1 and implemented quickly
3.4.1-5 - User can filter search results by certain criteria: Date/Time, Location, Budget, Alcohol Provisions and Number of people	•	Filtering was considered integral to our system since we expected to verify its functionality with Dafny so it was given Priority 1 and implemented quickly after search
3.4.6-7 - User can filter by: Indoors/Outdoors or Ad's Expiration date	X	These fields did not make into the system and thus were not implemented, despite their Priority 1 status which we now acknowledge was inappropriate

3.5 - User can search for ads by event title/description	V	This method of searching was used in our Dafny verification so it was given Priority 2 and was quickly implemented
3.6, 3.6.1-2 - Bidder can look at detail of an advertisement before bidding: Poster details, Ad description	V	This is a very useful tool in our system and was carried out in accordance with its Priority 2 status
3.7 - A bidder can remove a bid from an active advertisement	~	While we only assigned this Priority 3 despite the importance of this feature in our system, it was implemented earlier anyway

# 7. Teamwork

Team member	Responsibility
Bailey	<ul> <li>Team leader</li> <li>Front end (HTML, CSS, Javascript)</li> <li>Back end (Python, flask)</li> <li>Database schema, queries and functions</li> <li>Initial/final report</li> <li>Dafny translation</li> <li>WBS</li> <li>Demonstration preparation</li> </ul>
Harry	<ul> <li>Dafny verification of functions and Arraylist datatype</li> <li>Dafny to Python translation</li> <li>Back-end verification summary</li> </ul>
Nabil	<ul> <li>Front end (HTML, CSS, Javascript)</li> <li>Database schema, queries and functions</li> <li>Flask login</li> <li>Demonstration presentation</li> <li>Modals</li> <li>User dashboard</li> </ul>
Estella	<ul> <li>Front end (HTML, CSS, Javascript)</li> <li>Initial/final report</li> <li>Testing</li> </ul>
Jacob	<ul> <li>Front end (HTML, CSS, Javascript)</li> <li>Initial/final report</li> <li>Black-Box Testing</li> </ul>
All members	Requirements

# 8. Appendices

#### References:

[1] - https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/research/wp-content/uploads/2016/12/krml203.pdf

#### Verification Sources:

https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/8106874/

http://orbit.dtu.dk/files/51244038/DafnyLectureNotes.pdf

https://ece.uwaterloo.ca/~agurfink/stgam/2018/03/03/dafny-ref

https://eprints.ucm.es/38702/1/memoria.pdf

https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~mfredrik/15414/lectures/17-notes.pdf

https://www.doc.ic.ac.uk/~scd/Dafny Material/Lectures.pdf

https://www.engr.mun.ca/~theo/Courses/AlgCoCo/6892-downloads/dafny-notes-010.pdf

http://dafny2.rssing.com/chan-33926459/latest.php

https://books.google.com.au/books?id=t0G5BQAAQBAJ&pg=PA391&lpg=PA391&dg=filter+daf

ny&source=bl&ots=V8zfH7lRJK&sig=dGkr9MirARVFn i7huj-fpJ Xo&hl=en&sa=X&ved=2ahU

KEwiJ5u6bkaTeAhVGQo8KHeTXBVQQ6AEwBnoECAAQAQ#v=onepage&q=filter%20dafny&f=false

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fSWZWXx5ixc

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dQC5m-GZYbk

https://www.cs.bgu.ac.il/~ccpr171/wiki.files/Substring.dfy

https://www.scss.tcd.ie/Vasileios.Koutavas/teaching/cs4004-4504/mt1718/project-part-1/

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/41397455/dafny-substring-implementation

http://www.cs.rpi.edu/academics/courses/spring18/csci2600/Lecture9.pdf

 $\underline{http://soe.rutgers.edu/sites/default/files/imce/pdfs/gset-2014/Formal\%20Verification\%20with\%20wi$ 

Dafny.pdf