

# Accenture Student Research Project

## SMARTPHONE-BASED GAIT RECOGNITION

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### Students:

FÜLÖP Timea, MILLE János,  
NÉMETH Krisztián-Miklós  
Information Science III.

### Supervisor:

dr. ANTAL Margit

# OUTLINE

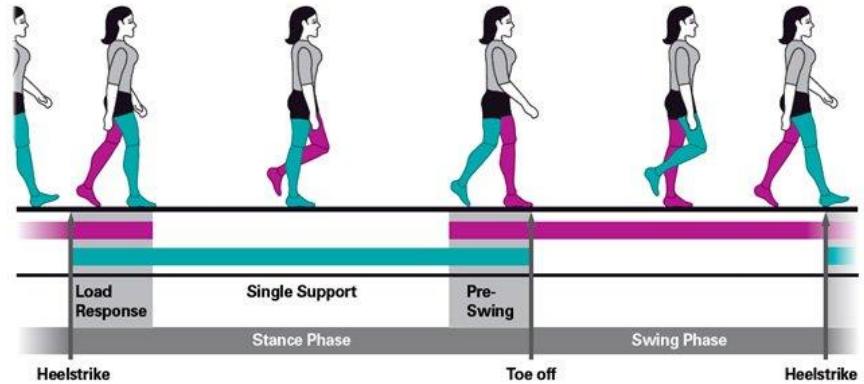
General Idea

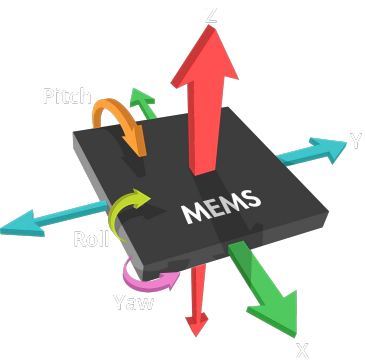
Objectives

Related works

Application

Results

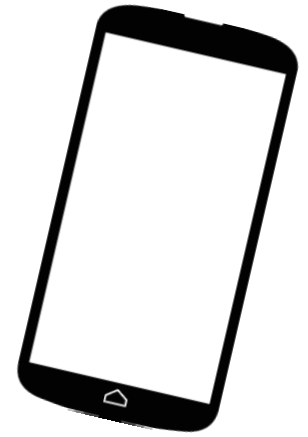


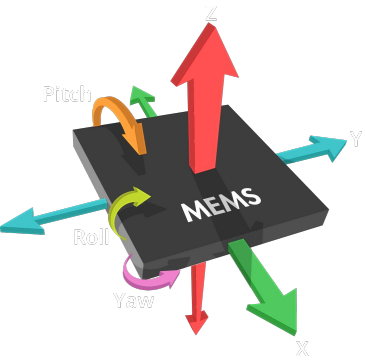


# GENERAL IDEA

## Approaches

- Camera/Video-based
- Floor-sensor based
- **Inertial Sensors based**





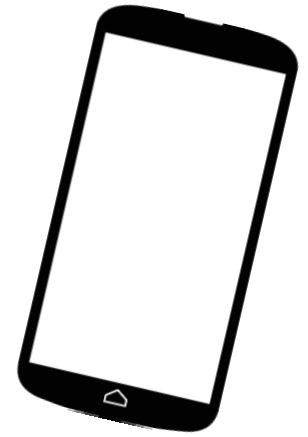
# GENERAL IDEA

## Approaches

- Camera/Video-based
- Floor-sensor based
- **Inertial Sensors based**

## Usage

- Healthcare
- Sports
- **Security - access control system**



# OBJECTIVES

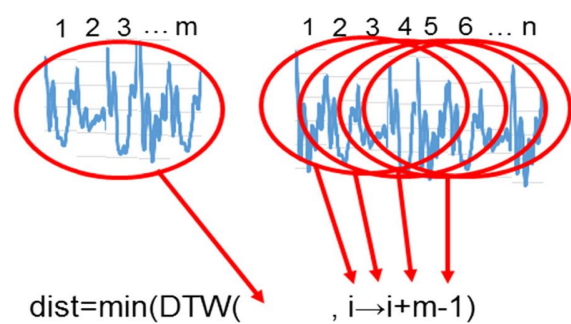
- Access Control System
  - Feature extraction library
  - Machine learning algorithm
  - Data collection - Android application



# RELATED WORKS

MARSICO - 2017 (Univ. Sapienza, Rome)

- Dynamic Time Warping
- 8,9% EER(ZJU-GaitAcc)



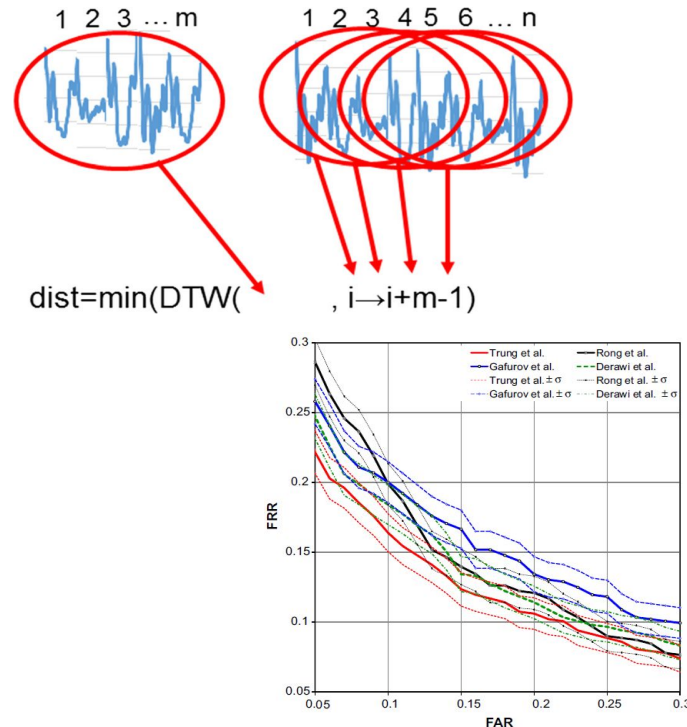
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MARSICO - 2017 (Univ. Sapienza, Rome)

- Dynamic Time Warping
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NGO - 2014 (Osaka Univ.)

- period detection
- accelerometer > gyroscope



# RELATED WORKS

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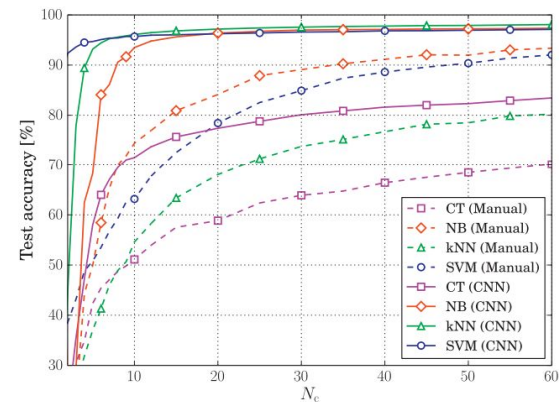
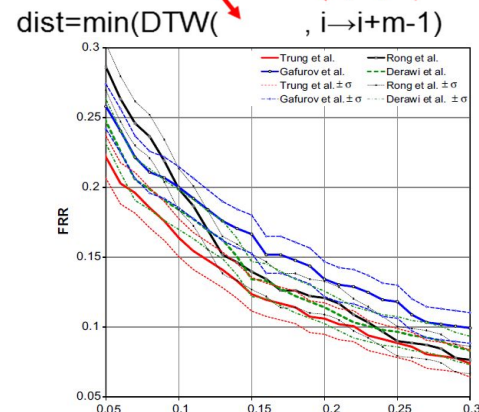
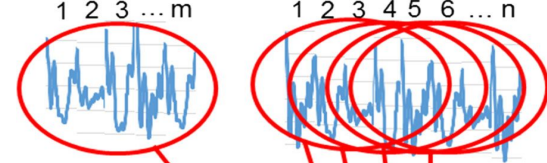
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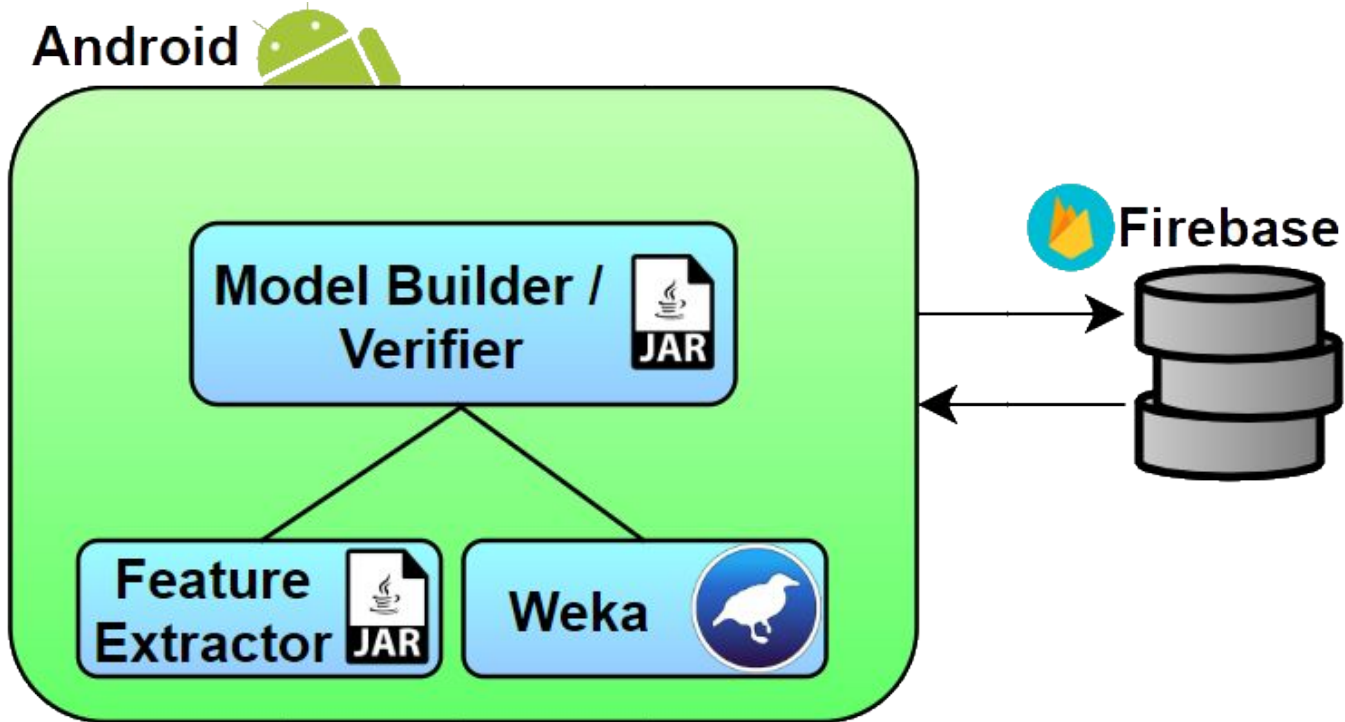
GADALETA - 2018 (Univ. Padova)

- feature extraction
- **IDNet** dataset



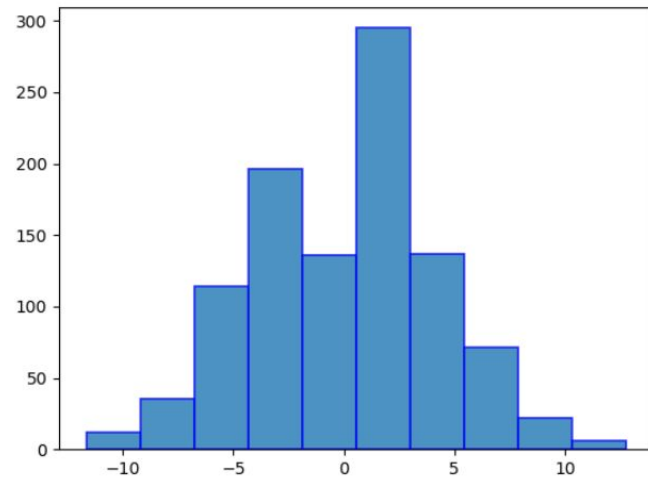
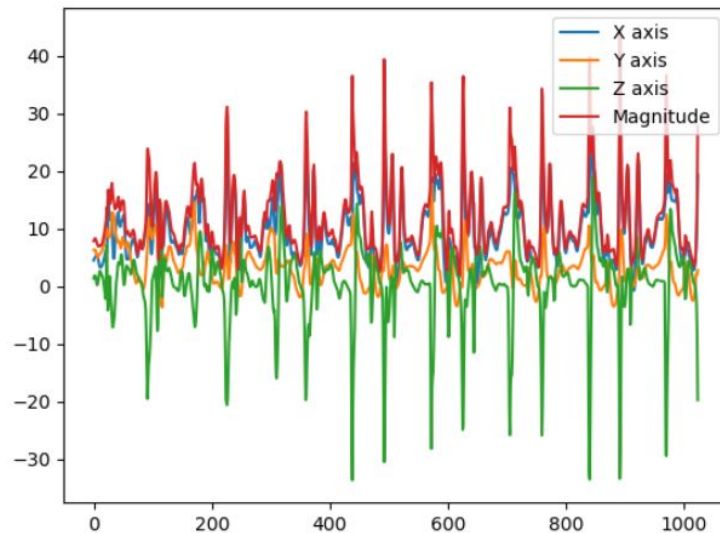


# APPLICATION

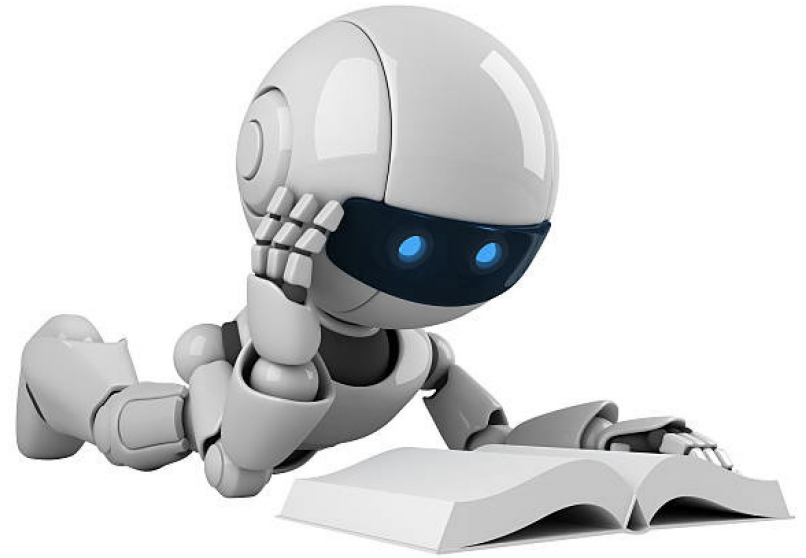


# I. FEATURE EXTRACTION

- minimum points
- mean values
- standard deviations
- mean absolute differences
- zero crossing rates
- histograms



# II. MACHINE-LEARNING

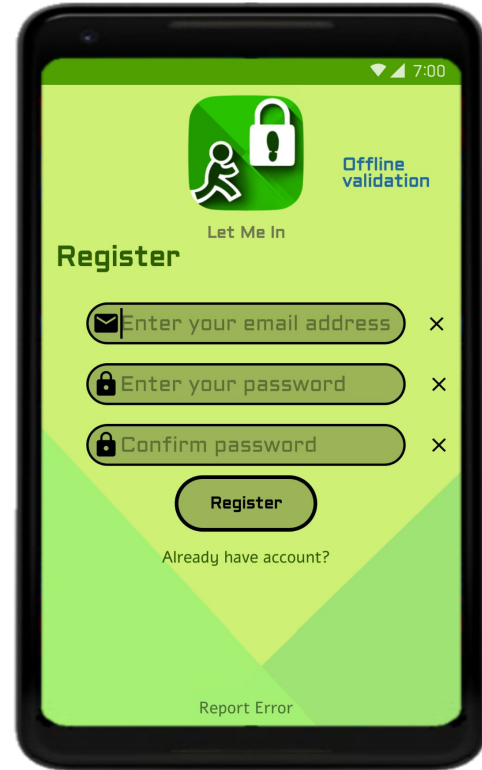


- Weka library
- Binary classifier
- Model creation
- Validation



# III. ANDROID APPLICATION

- App with friendly UI
- User registration and login
- Raw data collecting
- Model generation
- User validation
- Storing data in Firebase



# RESULTS

## 1. GAIT CHANGES OVER TIME

ML Alg.	Training	Testing	Prec.	AUC	EER
KNN	S1	S1	0,93	0,96	0,06
KNN	S1	S2	0,80	0,86	0,16
RF	S1	S1	0,94	0,98	0,04
RF	S1	S2	0,71	0,87	0,15

### Dataset:

- ZJU-GaitAccel
- **153** users, 2 sessions
  - **S1**: session1
  - **S2**: session2
- $F_s = 100$  Hz

### Binary classifiers:

- balanced training data

### Validation:

- one step cycle

# RESULTS

## 2. STEP CYCLES VS. FIXED-LENGTH FRAMES

Unit	Training	Testing	Prec.	AUC	EER
Cycle	<b>S1</b>	<b>S1</b>	0.94	0.98	0.04
128 samples	<b>S1</b>	<b>S1</b>	0.94	0.98	0.05
Cycle	<b>S1</b>	<b>S2</b>	0.71	0.87	0.15
128 samples	<b>S1</b>	<b>S2</b>	0.74	0.87	0.16

### Random Forest classifier

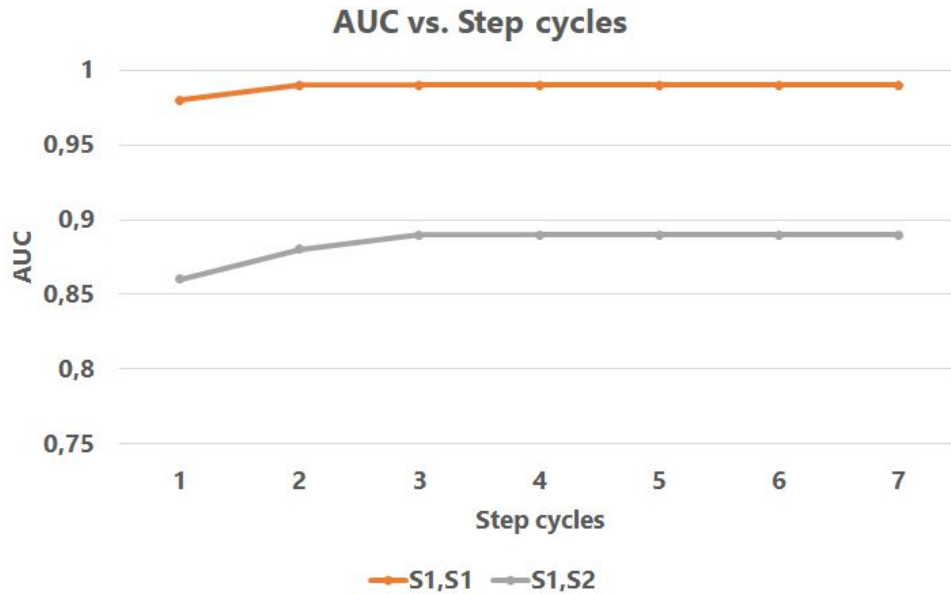
- balanced

### Verification - 1 unit:

- one step cycle
- 1 frame (128 samples)

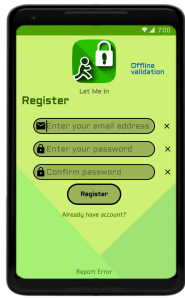
# RESULTS

## 3. REQUIRED NUMBER OF STEP CYCLES FOR VALIDATION

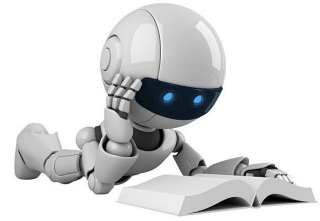


### Random Forest Classifier

- balanced training data
- validation: 1 - 7 step cycles



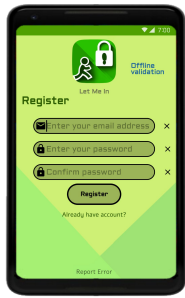
# SUMMARY



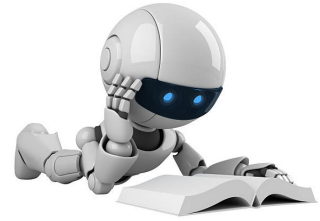
1. **Cross-session** evaluation:  
precision decreases with 10 - 20%
2. Using frames  $\approx$  Using step cycles
3. Minimum **5 step cycles** for reliable result







# SUMMARY



1. **Cross-session** evaluation:  
precision decreases with 10 - 20%
2. Using frames  $\approx$  Using step cycles
3. Minimum **5 step cycles** for reliable  
result

- Students' Scientific Conference, **April 13-14, 2018**, Târgu Mureș (3rd place)
- SZAMOKT XXVIII., **October 11-14, 2018**, Băile Tușnad, Romania, pp. 118-123.





THANK YOU **accenture** FOR SUPPORT!