

Oct 9, 2020

[R&I Green Bond Assessment]

Toyota Finance Corporation Unsec. Str. Bonds No. 94 (Green Bond) : GA1 Formal

(The second opinion is an opinion regarding the alignment with Green Bond Principles, etc.)

Rating and Investment Information, Inc. (R&I) has announced the following R&I Green Bond Assessment (GA1 (Formal)). R&I announced a preliminary assessment for this instrument on August31, 2020. The preliminary assessment has now been converted to a formal assessment.

[DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT]

INSTRUMENT NAME	Toyota Finance Corporation Unsec. Str. Bonds No. 94 (Green Bond)	
ISSUER	Toyota Finance Corporation	
ISSUE AMOUNT (mn)	JPY 30,000	
R&I GREEN BOND ASSESSMENT	GA1 (Formal)	
ISSUE DATE	October 21, 2020	
MATURITY DATE	October 21, 2025	

R&I has confirmed that the green bond is in conformity to the green bond framework developed by Toyota Finance Corporation from the perspectives of the fixed issue amount, term, etc. and assigned GA1 (Formal) to the green bond.

Details are provided in the attached press release dated August31, 2020 regarding R&I Green Bond Assessment (GA1 (Preliminary), Second Opinion).

In addition to this assessment, R&I has assigned a credit rating to Toyota Finance Corporation Green Bond. For details, please refer to https://www.r-i.co.jp/en/index.html.

R&I Green Bond Assessment is not the Credit Rating Business, but one of the Ancillary Businesses (businesses excluding Credit Rating Service but are ancillary to Credit Rating Activities) as set forth in Article 299, paragraph (1), item (xxviii) of the Cabinet Office Ordinance on Financial Instruments Business, etc. With respect to such business, relevant laws and regulations require measures to be implemented so that activities pertaining to such business would not unreasonably affect the Credit Rating Activities, as well as measures to prevent such business from being misperceived as the Credit Rating Business.

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Aug 31, 2020

[R&I Green Bond Assessment]

Toyota Finance Corporation Toyota Finance Corporation Green Bond

: GA1 (Preliminary)

: Second Opinion

(The second opinion is an opinion regarding the alignment with Green Bond Principles, etc.)

Rating and Investment Information, Inc. (R&I) has announced the following R&I Green Bond Assessment (GA1 (Preliminary), Second Opinion).

[DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT]

INSTRUMENT NAME	Toyota Finance Corporation Green Bond
ISSUER	Toyota Finance Corporation
ISSUE AMOUNT (mn)	TBD
R&I GREEN BOND	CA1 (Proliminary)
ASSESSMENT	GA1 (Preliminary)
ISSUE DATE	October 2020 scheduled
MATURITY DATE	October 2025 scheduled

[Summary]

Toyota Finance Corporation ("TFC") is a sales finance subsidiary wholly-owned by Toyota Motor Corporation ("TMC") through Toyota Financial Services Corporation ("TFS"), which is a TMC subsidiary and a holding company of Toyota's domestic and overseas sales finance companies. TFC is mainly engaged in collection and guarantee services for auto loans provided by Toyota dealers. On the environment front, TFC plays a role in supporting the dissemination of electrified vehicles advocated by Toyota Group through its sales finance business.

TFC is considering issuing a green bond and using the proceeds to refinance the loans to Toyota dealers and the auto loans for electrified vehicle sales. For this purpose, the issuer has developed a green bond framework which addresses the four core components of the Green Bond Principles: use of proceeds, process for project evaluation and selection, management of proceeds, and reporting.

[R&I Green Bond Assessment]

R&I has judged, in accordance with R&I Green Bond Assessment Methodology, that the proceeds from the green bond would be invested into projects with significant environmental benefits, and assigned GA1 (preliminary) to the green bond. This is a preliminary assessment and will be reassessed after the final confirmation of bond issuance details.

[Second Opinion on the alignment with Green Bond Principles, etc.]

R&I has also provided a second opinion that the green bond framework is aligned with Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.

Note that R&I has confirmed that the green bond scheduled to be issued is going to be in conformity to the said framework from the perspectives of issue amount and term, details of eligible projects, assets and investment schedule, etc.

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[Rationale]

- The proceeds will be used to refinance the loans for hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs), plug-in hybrid electric vehicles (PHEVs), and fuel cell electric vehicles (FCEVs) that were handled in the last two years.
- R&I has confirmed for the eligible assets that: 1) sufficient environmental improvement effects can be expected from the vehicles eligible for proceeds allocation, and 2) consideration is given to any potentially negative effects on the environment. R&I has accordingly determined that the use of proceeds is appropriate as the use of proceeds from a green bond issuance.
- · With regards to project evaluation and selection, the eligibility criteria for determining eligible assets is decided by the TFC's Finance department after consultation with the TMC's Environmental Affairs Division and Finance Division, which confirms that an appropriate process is in place.
- The proceeds will be managed by the TFC's Finance department based on its management flow. Immediately after the green bond is issued, all the proceeds will be allocated to the eligible assets. During the outstanding period, the TFC's Finance department will confirm once every half year that the outstanding balance of the green bond does not exceed the most recent balance of the eligible assets (the amount handled after the reference date set at the time of confirmation), and will obtain approval from the Risk Management Unit's executive officer on this confirmation. Accordingly, R&I judges that the management of the proceeds will be performed appropriately.
- In terms of reporting, the status of funds allocation to the eligible assets (the status of proceeds management) and impact reports (environmental improvement effects) will be disclosed in TFC's website, which is considered to be a reasonable reporting standard.
- Toyota Group established a promotion structure based on its environmental policies and have been undertaking various concrete efforts for many years. TFC aims to contribute to the dissemination of electrified vehicles advocated by Toyota Group by utilizing the green bond proceeds for installment funds and dealer financing.

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■ Outline of Issuer (Toyota Finance Corporation)

TFC is a sales finance subsidiary wholly-owned by TMC through TFS, which is a TMC subsidiary and a holding company of Toyota's domestic and overseas sales finance companies. TFC is mainly engaged in collection and guarantee services for auto loans provided by Toyota dealers. On the environment front, TFC plays a role in supporting the dissemination of electrified vehicles advocated by Toyota Group through its sales finance business.

Under the Guiding Principles at Toyota, Toyota Group, to which TFC belongs, regards environmental issues as one of the most important management tasks, and established the Toyota Earth Charter and an implementation framework to carry it out. The Toyota Global Vision, announced in 2011, expresses the Group's commitment to "Respect for the Planet" regarding the environment. Based on these principles and policies, the Group formulated its first long-term environmental vision, the Toyota Environmental Challenge 2050, in fiscal 2015, and started the 6th Toyota Environmental Action Plan (2016 - 2020) in fiscal 2016. Additionally, the 7th Toyota Environmental Action Plan (2021 - 2025) was announced, and under this new goal, environmental initiatives will be further accelerated. Within this management system, the Group identifies environmental risks and opportunities that affect its business management and is working for sustainable growth with society towards 2050.

The 2030 Milestone, published by TMC in its Environmental Report in September 2018, indicates how the challenges 2050 will be as of 2030. The 2030 milestone for the "Challenge1: New Vehicle Zero CO₂ Emissions Challenge" in the Toyota Environmental Challenge 2050 is set at "annual global sales of more than 5.5 million electrified vehicles, including more than 1 million battery electric vehicles (BEVs) and fuel cell electric vehicle (FCEVs)".

TFC aims to contribute to the dissemination of these electrified vehicles by utilizing the green bond proceeds for installment funds and dealer financing.

TFC has defined the eligibility criteria so as to use the funds according to these environmental policies and formulated its green bond framework with the plan of issuing a green bond.

(Reference)

• 7th Toyota Environmental Action Plan(TMC)

https://global.toyota/pages/global_toyota/sustainability/esg/seventh_environmental_action_plan_en.pdf

• TMC's Environmental Report 2019, p.46, "Structure of Toyota's Environmental Management System"

https://global.toyota/pages/global toyota/sustainability/report/er/er19 en.pdf

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■ Outline of Green Bond Framework (Toyota Finance Corporation Green Bond)

At the issue of its green bond, TFC has prepared a green bond framework that constitutes issuer's practical guidelines for the four standards of Green Bond Principles including use of proceeds, process for project evaluation and selection, management of proceeds, and reporting. The outline of the framework is as follows:

1. Use of Proceeds

• The green bond proceeds will be used to refinance the loans to Toyota dealers and advance payment credit that satisfy the following eligibility criteria.

Project Category	Credit satisfying the eligibility criteria		
	Credit for hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs)		
Clean transportation	Credit for plug-in hybrid electric vehicles (PHEVs)		
	Credit for fuel cell electric vehicles (FCEVs)		

The green bond proceeds will be used for refinancing the funds that have already been allocated for the remaining balance of the eligible assets handled within maximum last two years from the end of the three months before the issuance of green bonds.

[Eligible assets]

- · Among the loans to dealers to be used for installment / lease funds (purchase money, etc.) at Toyota dealers, loan receivables equivalent to collection guarantee receivables, for the eligible vehicles that meet the eligibility criteria
- · Advance payment credit for the eligible vehicles that satisfy the eligibility criteria
- With regards to the balance equivalent of the eligible assets that decreases after the green bond issue, the balance of the assets comprising of the new eligible vehicles meeting the eligibility criteria that arise after the green bond issue is adopted as the balance of the eligible assets at each time.
- · When issuing another green bond subsequently, the outstanding balance of the green bond will be capped at the balance of the eligible vehicles meeting the below eligibility criteria, and will be reported on a regular basis.

Eligibility criteria

· Toyota/Lexus electrified vehicles. Electrified vehicles refer to HEVs, PHEVs, and FCEVs. Hybrid-gasoline dual type vehicles refer to only HEVs.

In addition, eligible vehicles should have structures that contribute to the realization of the TMC's New Vehicle Zero CO_2 Emissions Challenge aimed at reducing the average CO_2 emissions per car by 90% compared with the 2010 level by 2050. Eligible vehicles should also be low emission vehicles with less CO_2 emissions than the same class of gasoline- or LPG-powered vehicles. (Vehicles that satisfy these eligibility criteria are collectively referred to as "eligible vehicles" hereinafter)

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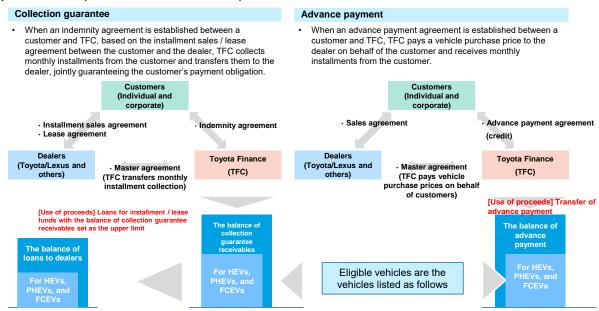


Reference:

 TMC's New Vehicle Zero CO₂ Emissions Challenge https://www.toyota.co.jp/jpn/sustainability/environment/challenge1/

Collection guarantee and advance payment scheme

Proposed framework (to be included in Word document)



List of eligible vehicle models (as of the end of July 2020)

Categories	Model names
Fuel cell electric vehicles	MIRAI
(FCEVs)	
Plug-in hybrid electric veh	Prius PHV RAV4PHV
icles (PHEVs)	
Exclusively hybrid vehicle	Aqua, Prius, Prius α, JPN Taxi, Camry
s (HEVs)	Camry, Century, Estima Hybrid, CT, ES, HS
Hybrid-gasoline dual type	Vitz, Yaris, Sienta
vehicles	Corolla Sport, Corolla Fielder, Corolla
* Applicable to hybrid gra	Corolla Touring, Corolla Axio, Noah, Voxy, Esquire
de	Alphard, Vellfire, Crown, Harrier, C-HR
	RAV4, LS, GS, IS, LC, RC, RX, NX, UX

^{*} HEVs and PHEVs have achieved the Reiwa 2nd year fuel efficiency standards by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT) (https://www.mlit.go.jp/common/001279226.pdf).

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[FCEV] MIRAI



[PHEV] Prius PHV



[HEV] Aqua



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2. Process for Project Evaluation and Selection

- As mentioned before, on the environment front, TFC plays a role in supporting the dissemination of electrified vehicles advocated by Toyota Group through its sales finance business.
- Under the Guiding Principles at Toyota, Toyota Group regards environmental issues as one of the most important management tasks. The Group established the Toyota Earth Charter and an implementation framework to carry it out, and is working on solving environmental issues through its business operations.
- As part of these efforts, TMC outlined six challenges known as the Toyota Environmental Challenge 2050 in October 2015. Furthermore, as one of the medium- and long-term measures to realize the Toyota Environmental Challenge 2050, TMC published in September 2018 the 2030 Milestone that indicates how the six challenges will be as of 2030.
- Challenge 1: New Vehicle Zero CO₂ Emissions Challenge in the Toyota Environmental Challenge 2050 is aimed at reducing the global average CO₂ emissions during operation from new vehicles by 90% from the Toyota's 2010 global level by 2050. To achieve this, the 2030 Milestone sets the target milestone at annual global sales of more than 5.5 million electrified vehicles, including more than 1 million BEVs and FCEVs.
- The TFC's Finance department determined the eligibility criteria in this green bond framework in consultation with the TMC's Environmental Affairs Division and Finance Division, to ensure that they contribute to the TMC's environmental goals mentioned above. The selection of this project was performed based on the eligibility criteria.
- As potentially negative effects on the environment caused by the diffusion of electrified vehicles, resource depletion and environmental pollution arising from battery use can be anticipated. Toyota Group introduced a process to mitigate such environmental risks. Specifically, the Group built its own recovery network to collect used hydride batteries. In addition, collected batteries undergo inspection to determine which parts can be remanufactured into stationary storage batteries or vehicle replacement batteries. Parts not suitable for reuse are recycled as raw metal materials.

Reference:

TMC's Environmental Report 2019, p.33-38
 https://global.toyota/pages/global_toyota/sustainability/report/er/er19_en.pdf



3. Management of Proceeds

- The proceeds from the green bond will be managed by the TFC's Finance department based on its management flow.
- As soon as the green bond is issued, TFC will use it for refinancing the eligible assets outlined in 1. Use of Proceeds. At the same time, the Company will check whether the green bond proceeds are allocated to the eligible assets, and whether the amount of the green bond issue does not exceed the balance of the assets eligible for the green bond (the assets handled during the period specified at the time of the issue).
- The Risk Management Unit's executive officer will further confirm the above-mentioned check of the proceeds allocation. After the green bond is issued, information on the proceeds allocation will be promptly disclosed on the TFC website with the affirmation by the executive officer (Refer to 4. Reporting).
- After the bond issue, the TFC's Finance department will confirm once every half year that the outstanding balance of the green bond does not exceed the most recent balance of the eligible assets (the amount handled after the reference date set at the time of confirmation). The department will then obtain approval from the Risk Management Unit's executive officer on this confirmation result.
- In the unlikely event that the outstanding balance of the green bond exceeds the balance of the eligible assets, the Company will manage the amount equal to the excess as cash and cash equivalents.

4. Reporting

 In terms of reporting on this green bond, the following information will be disclosed on the TFC's website.

< Allocation reporting>

- Immediately after the green bond issue
 - > The green bond proceeds have been allocated to the eligible assets
- > The amount of the green bond issue does not exceed the balance of the eligible assets (assets handled within maximum last two years from the end of the three months before the issuance of green bonds)
 - * The above two points will be disclosed with the affirmation by the Risk Management Unit's executive officer.
- During the period until the green bond is fully redeemed (annual)
 - > The outstanding balance of the green bond has not exceeded the most recent balance of the eligible assets (the amount handled after the reference date set at the time of confirmation).

In the event that significant changes occur in the proceeds allocation plan, or when significant changes in the proceeds status occur after allocating the proceeds, information will be disclosed in a timely manner.

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<Impact reporting>

- Immediately after the green bond issue
 - ➤ The estimated amount of reduced CO₂ emissions (the amount of emission control) from the operation of the eligible vehicles which is handled within maximum last two years from the end of the three months before the issuance of green bonds.
- During the period until the green bond is fully redeemed (annual)
 - ➤ The estimated amount of reduced CO₂ emissions from vehicle operation, which is calculated based on the balance of the eligible assets at the time of disclosure (the amount handled after the reference date set at the time of confirmation).



■ Evaluation on Green Bond Framework (Second Opinion)

R&I evaluated if the green bond framework prepared by TFC is in conformity to Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.

1. Use of Proceeds

For green bond proceeds to be used to invest in projects with environmental benefits, the eligible projects in which the funds are invested must be identified as being environmentally beneficial.

Main basis for evaluation

- Details of the framework
- Confirmation of the features of the eligible vehicle models

Evaluation

- R&I checked whether: (1) sufficient environmental improvement effects can be expected from the vehicles eligible for proceeds allocation, and (2) consideration is given to any potentially negative effects on the environment.
- With regards to the point (1), R&I concluded that sufficient environmental improvement effects could be expected from the eligible vehicles. The main reasons are that the eligible vehicles can achieve higher CO₂ reduction effects compared to gasoline-powered vehicles, and that the significance of disseminating electrified vehicles is large from the environmental aspect. Details will follow later.
- With regards to the point (2), R&I confirmed TFC's measures to address potentially negative effects on the environment, such as battery handling, and concluded that the Company gave appropriate consideration. Details will follow later.

(1) Sufficient environmental improvement effects can be expected from the eligible vehicles HEVs and PHEVs

The Ministry of the Economy, Trade and Industry (METI) launched the Strategic Commission for the New Era of Automobiles, hosted by the METI Minister, in April 2018. Since then, the Commission has been holding "discussions on strategies that the Japanese automobile industry, amid dramatic changes in business environments surrounding automobiles, should take to lead global innovations and proactively contribute to solutions to global issues including climate change." The Commission released an interim report on August 31, 2018, in which it says, "As Japan possesses the world's top level technical capabilities and experiences in improving the environmental performance of automobiles, towards 2050, a milestone in taking action against global warming, the country will introduce to the world its long-term goals of not only reducing greenhouse gas emissions domestically but also improving the environmental performance of vehicles produced by Japanese automakers, and will actively lead the world. From this point of view, we set out a long-term goal of achieving the world's highest environmental performance of vehicles produced by Japanese automakers in global markets by 2050." As a milestone to

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achieve this long-term goal, the METI "aims to increase the share of next-generation vehicles in new passenger vehicle sales to 50-70% by 2030." Specifically, the METI targets at increasing the share of HEVs in new passenger vehicle sales volume from 31.6% in 2017 to 30-40%, and the share of PHEVs and BEVs from the current below 2% to 20-30% by 2030. It can be said that HEVs and PHEVs are given important positions in national environmental strategy based on international trends.

Diffusion targets and current situation of Japan's next-generation vehicles (share in new passenger vehicle sales volume)

Next-generation vehicles	2017 results	2030
HEVs	31.6%	30~40%
BEVs and PHEVs	1.23%	20~30%
FCEVs	0.02%	~3%

Diffusion targets presented by the April 2010 Study Group on Next-Generation Vehicle in the Next-Generation Vehicle Strategy 2010, and rearranged by R&I

- Among all the models eligible for proceeds allocation, the fuel efficiency of HEVs and PHEVs exceeds by 20% or more the Reiwa 2nd year standards set by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT). Hence, R&I concluded that vehicles equipped with adequate environmental performance were selected. The MLIT's fuel efficiency standards were established based on a scheme where the government provides environmentally friendly cars with vehicle acquisition tax and vehicle weight tax breaks or exemptions (eco-car tax breaks). Thus, the eligible vehicles are applicable for significant tax breaks. Furthermore, FCEVs, which will be discussed later, are applicable for not only these eco-car tax breaks but also subsidies. Prius and Aqua, which are leading vehicles among HEVs and PHEVs, are equipped with a series-parallel hybrid system, in which TMC has strength. They demonstrated high fuel economy performance in the top 10 standard and small size car category of the Top 10 Fuel Efficient Passenger Cars (2019) ranking, published by the MLIT (*1). This illustrates that the vehicle models eligible for proceeds allocation are made up of cars with relatively high environmental performance, even compared to other HEVs, not to mention gasoline-powered cars. For reference, the top models eligible for the current proceeds allocation are Prius, C-HR HV, and Aqua. Also, as there are many traffic lights on Japanese roads, it is necessary to frequently perform stop and go when driving a car, whereas HEVs use electricity at low speeds and hence can be expected to reduce environmental burden.
- Prius, TMC's main vehicle model, is the world's first mass-produced HEV that became popular instantly in 1997 with the overwhelming fuel economy performance, twice as efficient as gasoline-powered vehicles. Based on TMC's idea that "eco-friendly vehicles contribute to society only when they come into widespread use," the number of Prius sold exceeds 4 million at the moment, and Prius continues to be largely popular in the market. Prius is not only a contribution to the environment through its proliferation but also a pioneer of electrified vehicles, and it plays a role of spreading the mechanism of HEVs to the world. Its contribution to the automobile industry on the environment front is significant.



*1 Top 10 Fuel Efficient Passenger Cars (2019) [Top 10 standard and small size car]

Rank	Model names	JC08 mode value km/L	
1	Prius	39.0	
2 Aqua		38.0	

Document published by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism and rearranged by R&I

FCEVs

- In the Basic Policies and Measures towards 2030 section of the Fifth Strategic Energy Plan set by the METI, "fundamental reinforcement of measures for realizing a hydrogen society" is mentioned. Specific details are set out in accordance with the Basic Hydrogen Strategy. The Fifth Strategic Energy Plan states that based on the Basic Hydrogen Strategy, "Japan should accelerate an expansion of demand for hydrogen in mobility, centering on fuel cell-powered vehicles, in the immediate future." In addition, at the second meeting of the Ministerial Council on Renewable Energy, Hydrogen and Related Issues, Prime Minister Abe stated that "Japan will lead the way towards decarbonization in the world by providing hydrogen as a new energy option." In Japan, the dissemination of FCEVs is becoming a means to accomplish decarbonization.
- Meanwhile, TMC began developing FCEVs in 1992 and has been supplying them ahead of the rest of the world since launching automobiles equipped with fuel cells and hydrogen-absorbing alloy tanks in 1996. Within this green bond framework, the vehicles eligible for proceeds allocation include MIRAI, a FCEV which has been on sale to the public since 2014.
- There is high expectation on MIRAI as a driving force for the diffusion of FCEVs. In fact, despite the unfavorable external environment for sales, where it is difficult to make the hydrogen station business self-sustaining, and the number of installed stations is small, MIRAI is a car that Toyota pioneers in supplying in anticipation of the future. MIRAI carries expectations for the realization of hydrogen society (self-sustaining hydrogen station business, successful diffusion, etc.).
- Since MIRAI does not emit any CO₂ during operation, it completely fulfills zero emissions criteria in the concept of "Tank to Wheel¹." However, in the present situation, there remains a problem where most of the hydrogen used in FCEVs involves CO₂ emissions because it is obtained through the chemical reactions of fossil fuels. In this project, this point will be taken into account, and CO₂ reduction effects from FCEVs will be calculated based on the concept of "Well to Wheel²" and included as part of the environmental improvement effect figures in the impact report. Furthermore, it is hoped that renewable energy and the resources that have no use currently (such as brown coal and sewage sludge) will be used in the hydrogen production process in the future. As such, the environmental performance of FCEVs on a life cycle basis could be further improved.
- As MIRAI's sales volume is limited at the moment, its share in the entire assets eligible for the proceeds from this green bond is small. However, R&I believes that the importance of promoting the sale of MIRAI is large from the environmental point of view.

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 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}$ The analysis of how much \mbox{CO}_2 emissions are produced during vehicle operation with a full fuel tank

² The analysis of taking into account CO₂ emissions produced from the whole lifecycle up to the delivery of fuel to vehicle tanks, plus use of fuel in vehicle operations covered by the Tank to Wheel analysis.



(2) Consideration is given to any potentially negative effects on the environment

 While resource depletion and environmental pollution are considered as environmental risks arising from the use of hydride batteries in electrified vehicles, TMC has in place a process to mitigate such environmental risks. For more details, refer to https://global.toyota/pages/global_toyota/sustainability/report/er/er19_en.pdf

For the reasons stated above, R&I has judged the use of proceeds under the framework is in conformity to Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.

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2. Process for Project Evaluation and Selection

For green bond proceeds to be used to invest in projects with environmental benefits, the issuer's rationale and process regarding the selection of eligible projects must be clear and reasonable.

Main basis for evaluation

- Details of the framework
- · Confirmation of TMC's environmental policy, vision, and initiatives
- Confirmation of the arrangement of the eligibility criteria

Evaluation

- The eligibility criteria are based on Toyota Group's guiding principles and policies for environmental issues.
- Regarding the process for project evaluation and selection, the eligibility criteria was determined by the TFC's Finance department in consultation with the TMC's Environmental Affairs Division and Finance Division. R&I affirms from the contents of this green bond framework, that establishing the criteria involved several departments, and a checking and verification mechanism and expertise are in place.

For the reasons stated above, R&I has judged the process for project evaluation and selection under the framework is in conformity to Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.



3. Management of Proceeds

For the green bond proceeds to be used to invest in projects with environmental benefits, the proceeds must be allocated to eligible projects, and must not be invested in projects other than eligible projects.

Main basis for evaluation

Details of the framework

Evaluation

- The TFC's Finance department will allocate and manage the proceeds from the green bond issue.
- The Company will check whether the proceeds have been allocated to the eligible assets immediately after the bond issue. At the same time, the Company will confirm the amount of the green bond issue at that point does not exceed the balance of the assets eligible for the green bond (assets handled within maximum last two years from the end of the three months before the issuance of green bonds). The Finance department and the Risk Management Unit's executive officer will carry out these confirmations, and the confirmation results will be disclosed promptly after the bond issue. Hence, transparency is ensured.
- With regards to the balance equivalent of the eligible assets that decrease after the green bond issue, the balance of the assets comprising of the new eligible vehicles meeting the eligibility criteria that arise after the issue date will be replaced as the balance of the eligible assets at each time. Based on the confirmation that the number of electrified vehicle sales is expected to increase in the future as evident in TMC's policies, and that credit satisfying the eligibility criteria is steadily being provided by TFC, R&I believes that new credit will be generated to fully replace the decreased balance equivalent of the eligible assets.
- Furthermore, after the bond issue, the Finance department and the Risk Management Unit's executive officer will confirm once every half year that the outstanding balance of the green bond does not exceed the most recent balance of the assets eligible for the green bond (the amount handled after the reference date set at the time of confirmation). This assures a reasonable process is in place. R&I has confirmed that the reference date set at the time of confirmation is the correct point corresponding to the period of the eligible asset period.
- As a result of the above confirmation, in the unlikely event that the outstanding balance of the green bond exceeds the balance of the eligible assets, the Company will manage the amount equal to the excess as cash and cash equivalents.

For the reasons stated above, R&I has judged that the policy for management of proceeds under the framework is in conformity to Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.

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4. Reporting

To ensure that green bond proceeds are used to invest in projects with environmental benefits, the issuer is expected to provide details on the eligible projects, the timing of investments, and the environmental benefits yielded by the projects.

Main basis for evaluation

Details of the framework

Evaluation

- Reporting on this green bond includes: 1) immediately after the bond issue ,confirming the status of the proceeds allocation and the environmental improvement effects from the eligible assets and 2) annually verifying that the outstanding balance of the green bond does not exceed the most recent balance of the eligible assets, the balance of the eligible assets, and their environmental improvement effects.
- The reporting contents are the status of the allocation of the green bond proceeds and environmental improvement effects, which are considered to be reasonable.

For the reasons stated above, R&I has judged that reporting under the framework is in conformity to Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.

<Comprehensive Evaluation>

R&I has judged that the framework is in conformity to Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.

This second opinion shall be applied to the green bond to be issued at this time. For subsequent issues, R&I will review the status and then release its second opinion again.

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■ Evaluation Result on the Green Bond

In line with the assessment methodology of R&I Green Bond Assessment, R&I confirmed if the amount and term of the green bond to be issued, as well as details of eligible projects and the allocation schedule, etc. thereof, are in conformity to the provisions of the framework. Also, in accordance with the details of the framework and specific measures to be taken for the green bond, R&I evaluated the extent the proceeds from the green bond are used to invest in businesses with environmental benefits.

1. Use of Proceeds

- The eligible project for this green bond is the same as the eligible project in this framework, and its contents are in accordance with the green bond framework.
- As with the evaluation on this framework, R&I confirmed that: 1) sufficient environmental improvement effects can be expected from the vehicles eligible for proceeds allocation, and 2) consideration is given to any potentially negative effects on the environment. R&I accordingly determined that the use of proceeds is appropriate as the use of proceeds from a green bond issuance.
- In addition, the balance of the eligible assets in this green bond framework is expected to sufficiently exceed the amount of this green bond issue, and the balance equivalent of the eligible assets that decrease after the green bond issue will be replaced by the newly generated credit satisfying the eligibility criteria at each time. R&I accordingly confirmed that this green bond's proceeds would be used for the eligible assets throughout the green bond issue period.

For the reasons stated above, R&I has judged the extent to which the proceeds from the issuance of the green bond are used to invest in projects with environmental benefits is excellent.

2. Process for Project Evaluation and Selection

- R&I confirmed that eligible projects for the green bond will be selected based on the framework established by the issuer.
- R&I has judged that the process for project evaluation is excellent as very clear and reasonable.

3. Management of Proceeds

- R&I confirmed that the proceeds will be managed based on the framework established by the issuer.
- R&I has judged that the proceeds management framework of the green bond is excellent as properly defined.

4. Reporting

- R&I confirmed that reporting will be implemented in accordance with the framework stipulated by the issuer.
- R&I has judged that the policy for reporting on the green bond is excellent in content and frequency.

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5. Environmental activities of the issuer

The extent the proceeds from a green bond is used to invest in businesses with environmental benefits is considered to be affected by issuer's attitude toward environmental activities and track records of such activities. This is because an issuer with higher interest in and more track records of environmental activities are more likely to allocate proceeds from a green bond to businesses with environmental benefits and get those businesses done.

- Toyota Group established environmental policies and framework and is implementing concrete measures based on its long-term goals. Based on these goals, TFC supports Toyota Group's active dissemination of electrified vehicles through its sales finance business.
- Sales of HEVs in FY2019 reached 1.92 million units / year, exceeding the target of 1.5 million units / year. Furthermore, it is steadily progressing toward aiming for the target, such as announcing that it is expected to be about 5 years ahead of the electric vehicle sales target at the 2030 milestone (electric vehicle sales: 5.5 million units, of which ZEV sales: 1 million units).
- TMC has endorsed and signed the recommendations published by the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD). In addition, in TMC's Environmental Report 2019, the information on climate variability countermeasures (TMC's Environmental Report 2019 (TMC) P11-P12) prepared based on the recommendations of TCFD received high praise from experts, etc. Environmental activities are continuing.
- R&I has judged the issuer's attitude toward environmental activities is especially excellent.

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<Comprehensive evaluation>

For the reasons stated above, R&I has judged that the green bond will be issued under the framework established by the issuer and is in conformity to Green Bond Principles 2018 and the four requirements of Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.

R&I also evaluated the green bond in line with R&I Green Bond Assessment. In accordance with the comprehensive evaluation based on individual evaluation result by item, R&I has judged that the proceeds from the green bond subject to evaluation is highly likely to be used to invest in businesses with environmental benefits and assigned GA1 (preliminary) to the bond. Individual evaluation result by item is as follows:

[Assessment of each item]

Each item has been assessed on a scale of one to five, with

Item	Assessment	Summary	
Use of proceeds	0000	The eligible assets can be expected to generate sufficient environmental improvement effects, and give consideration to any potentially negative effects on the environment. R&I judged that their contribution to solving environmental problems was outstanding.	
Process for project evaluation and selection	0000	The process for project evaluation and selection of the green bond has been judged to be excellent in clarity and reasonableness.	
Management of proceeds	0000	Management of proceeds from the green bond has been judged to be appropriately established and excellent.	
Reporting	0000	Reporting policy of the green bond has been judged to be excellent in content and frequency.	
Issuer's environmental contribution activities	00000	The issuer established environmental policies and framework, formulated goals and action plans based on its vision, and is implementing various initiatives for business and environmental conservation in line with these. R&I has judged the issuer's attitude toward environmental activities is especially excellent.	

The methodology for R&I Green Bond Assessment is disclosed on R&I's website. https://www.r-i.co.jp/en/rating/products/green_bond/methodology.html

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[Points to Consider]

R&I Green Bond Assessment presents an opinion of R&I on the extent to which proceeds procured through green bonds are likely to be invested in projects that contribute to solving environmental problems. Sometimes, the R&I Green Bond Assessment is accompanied with a second opinion on the green bond framework. It does not prove the environmental effects, etc. of the target project, and R&I is not responsible for the environmental effects, etc. The R&I Green Bond Assessment is not a credit rating business, but is a related business prescribed in Article 299-1 (28) of the Cabinet Office Ordinance on Financial Instruments Business, etc. (a business, other than credit rating business, related to credit rating act). The operators of such business are legally required to take measures so as not to cause any unreasonable impact on credit rating activities and measures to prevent their business from being mistaken for credit rating activities.

The R&I Green Bond Assessment is, in no way, a statement of current, past, or future facts, nor should it ever be construed as such. It does not constitute advice on investment decisions or finances, and does not recommend the acquisition, sale, or holding of any particular security. The R&I Green Bond Assessment does not address the appropriateness of investments for any particular investor. The R&I Green Bond Assessment is carried out on the precondition that each investor should conduct a self-assessment and evaluate each security they are going to acquire, sell or hold. Each investor must make investment decisions at their own risk.

The information R&I has used for conducting R&I Green Bond Assessment is considered credible by R&I at its discretion, but R&I does not verify the accuracy of such information on its own. R&I makes no representations and disclaims all warranties, express or implied, regarding the accuracy, timeliness, exhaustivity, completeness, merchantability, or fitness for a particular purpose of any such information.

R&I may suspend or withdraw its R&I Green Bond Assessment at its discretion due to a lack of documentation and information or other reasons.

R&I is not responsible or liable in any way, irrespective of the cause of claim, such as default, tort, and unjust enrichment, and of whether R&I is at fault or not, for any damage, loss or expense arising out of or in connection with errors, omission, inadequacy in information R&I has used for R&I Green Bond Assessment and in R&I Green Bond Assessment and other R&I's opinions; the use of such information and R&I Green Bond Assessment; and changes, suspension, withdrawal of R&I Green Bond Assessment (Regardless of the nature of the damage, such damages shall include direct damage, indirect damage, ordinary damage, special damage, consequential damage, compensation damage, incidental damage, lost profit, non-monetary damage and all other damages, as well as fees for attorneys and other experts).

In principle, the R&I Green Bond Assessment is conducted after receiving a fee from the applicant.

[Expertise and Third-Party Characteristics]

R&I has launched the R&I Green Bond Assessment business in 2016, and since then, R&I has accumulated knowledge through numerous evaluations. Since 2017, R&I has been participating as an observer in the Green Bond Principles and Social Bond Principles, which have their own secretariat at the International Capital Market Association (ICMA). It also has been registered since 2018 as an Issuance Supporter (external review entity) of the Financial Support Programme for Green Bond Issuance, a project by the Ministry of the Environment.

The R&I assessment method and results can be found on the R&I website (https://www.r-i.co.jp/rating/esg/index.html).

There is no capital or personal relationship between R&I and the fundraiser that could create a conflict of interest.

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Section 1. Basic Information

Green Bond / Green Bond Programme Independent External Review Form

Issuer	name: Toyota Finance Corporation		
Green	Bond ISIN or Issuer Green Bond Framework Name	, if ap	plicable:
Indep	endent External Review provider's name: Rating ar	nd Inv	estment Information, Inc. (R&I)
Comp	letion date of this form: October 9, 2020		
Public	eation date of review publication: October 9, 2020		
Secti	ion 2. Review overview		
SCOP	E OF REVIEW		
The fo	llowing may be used or adapted, where appropriate, to su	ımmaı	rise the scope of the review.
The re	eview assessed the following elements and confirme	d thei	r alignment with the GBPs:
\boxtimes	Use of Proceeds	\boxtimes	Process for Project Evaluation and Selection
\boxtimes	Management of Proceeds	\boxtimes	Reporting
ROLE	(S) OF INDEPENDENT EXTERNAL REVIEW PROV	IDER	
\boxtimes	Second Party Opinion		Certification
	Verification	\boxtimes	Scoring/Rating
	Other (please specify):		
Note:	In case of multiple reviews / different providers, please pro	ovide s	separate forms for each review.
Latest	update: June 2018		

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[R&I Green Bond Assessment]

R&I has judged, in accordance with R&I Green Bond Assessment Methodology, that the proceeds from the green bond would be invested into projects with significant environmental benefits, and assigned GA1 to the green bond.

[Second Opinion on the alignment with Green Bond Principles, etc.]

R&I has also provided a second opinion that the green bond framework is aligned with Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.

For details, please refer to R&I Green bond assessment report above.

Section 3. Detailed review

Reviewers are encouraged to provide the information below to the extent possible and use the comment section to explain the scope of their review.

1. USE OF PROCEEDS

Overall comment on section (if applicable):

- < Evaluation on the Green Bond Framework>
- R&I checked whether: (1) sufficient environmental improvement effects can be expected from the vehicles eligible for proceeds allocation, and (2) consideration is given to any potentially negative effects on the environment.
- With regards to the point (1), R&I concluded that sufficient environmental improvement effects could be expected from the eligible vehicles. The main reasons are that the eligible vehicles can achieve higher CO₂ reduction effects compared to gasoline-powered vehicles, and that the significance of disseminating electrified vehicles is large from the environmental aspect. Details will follow later.
- With regards to the point (2), R&I confirmed TFC's measures to address potentially negative effects on the environment, such as battery handling, and concluded that the Company gave appropriate consideration. Details will follow later.

(1) Sufficient environmental improvement effects can be expected from the eligible vehicles

HEVs and PHEVs

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• The Ministry of the Economy, Trade and Industry (METI) launched the Strategic Commission for the New Era of Automobiles, hosted by the METI Minister, in April 2018. Since then, the Commission has been holding "discussions on strategies that the Japanese automobile industry, amid dramatic changes in business environments surrounding automobiles, should take to lead global innovations and proactively contribute to solutions to global issues including climate change." The Commission released an interim report on August 31, 2018, in which it says, "As Japan possesses the world's top level technical capabilities and experiences in improving the environmental performance of automobiles, towards 2050, a milestone in taking action against global warming, the country will introduce to the world its long-term goals of not only reducing greenhouse gas emissions domestically but also improving the environmental performance of vehicles produced by Japanese

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automakers, and will actively lead the world. From this point of view, we set out a long-term goal of achieving the world's highest environmental performance of vehicles produced by Japanese automakers in global markets by 2050." As a milestone to achieve this long-term goal, the METI "aims to increase the share of next-generation vehicles in new passenger vehicle sales to 50-70% by 2030." Specifically, the METI targets at increasing the share of HEVs in new passenger vehicle sales volume from 31.6% in 2017 to 30-40%, and the share of PHEVs and BEVs from the current below 2% to 20-30% by 2030. It can be said that HEVs and PHEVs are given important positions in national environmental strategy based on international trends.

Diffusion targets and current situation of Japan's next-generation vehicles (share in new passenger vehicle sales volume)

Next-generation vehicles	2017 results	2030
HEVs	31.6%	30~40%
BEVs and PHEVs	1.23%	20~30%
FCEVs	0.02%	~3%

Diffusion targets presented by the April 2010 Study Group on Next-Generation Vehicle in the Next-Generation Vehicle Strategy 2010, and rearranged by R&I

- Among all the models eligible for proceeds allocation, the fuel efficiency of HEVs and PHEVs exceeds by 20% or more the Reiwa 2nd year standards set by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT). Hence, R&I concluded that vehicles equipped with adequate environmental performance were selected. The MLIT's fuel efficiency standards were established based on a scheme where the government provides environmentally friendly cars with vehicle acquisition tax and vehicle weight tax breaks or exemptions (eco-car tax breaks). Thus, the eligible vehicles are applicable for significant tax breaks. Furthermore, FCEVs, which will be discussed later, are applicable for not only these eco-car tax breaks but also subsidies. Prius and Aqua, which are leading vehicles among HEVs and PHEVs, are equipped with a series-parallel hybrid system, in which TMC has strength. They demonstrated high fuel economy performance in the top 10 standard and small size car category of the Top 10 Fuel Efficient Passenger Cars (2019) ranking, published by the MLIT (*1). This illustrates that the vehicle models eligible for proceeds allocation are made up of cars with relatively high environmental performance, even compared to other HEVs, not to mention gasoline-powered cars. For reference, the top models eligible for the current proceeds allocation are Prius, C-HR HV, and Aqua. Also, as there are many traffic lights on Japanese roads, it is necessary to frequently perform stop and go when driving a car, whereas HEVs use electricity at low speeds and hence can be expected to reduce environmental burden.
- Prius, TMC's main vehicle model, is the world's first mass-produced HEV that became popular instantly in 1997 with the overwhelming fuel economy performance, twice as efficient as gasoline-powered vehicles. Based on TMC's idea that "eco-friendly vehicles contribute to society only when they come into widespread use," the number of Prius sold exceeds 4 million at the moment, and Prius continues to be largely popular in the market. Prius is not only a contribution to the environment through its proliferation but also a pioneer of electrified vehicles, and it plays a role of spreading the mechanism of HEVs to the world. Its contribution to the automobile industry on the environment front is significant.
- *1 Top 10 Fuel Efficient Passenger Cars (2019) [Top 10 standard and small size car]

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Rank	Model names	JC08 mode value km/L	
1	Prius	39.0	
2 Aqua		38.0	

Document published by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism and rearranged by R&I

FCEVs

- •In the Basic Policies and Measures towards 2030 section of the Fifth Strategic Energy Plan set by the METI, "fundamental reinforcement of measures for realizing a hydrogen society" is mentioned. Specific details are set out in accordance with the Basic Hydrogen Strategy. The Fifth Strategic Energy Plan states that based on the Basic Hydrogen Strategy, "Japan should accelerate an expansion of demand for hydrogen in mobility, centering on fuel cell-powered vehicles, in the immediate future." In addition, at the second meeting of the Ministerial Council on Renewable Energy, Hydrogen and Related Issues, Prime Minister Abe stated that "Japan will lead the way towards decarbonization in the world by providing hydrogen as a new energy option." In Japan, the dissemination of FCEVs is becoming a means to accomplish decarbonization.
- Meanwhile, TMC began developing FCEVs in 1992 and has been supplying them ahead of the rest of the world since launching automobiles equipped with fuel cells and hydrogen-absorbing alloy tanks in 1996. Within this green bond framework, the vehicles eligible for proceeds allocation include MIRAI, a FCEV which has been on sale to the public since 2014.
- There is high expectation on MIRAI as a driving force for the diffusion of FCEVs. In fact, despite the unfavorable external environment for sales, where it is difficult to make the hydrogen station business self-sustaining, and the number of installed stations is small, MIRAI is a car that Toyota pioneers in supplying in anticipation of the future. MIRAI carries expectations for the realization of hydrogen society (self-sustaining hydrogen station business, successful diffusion, etc.).
- Since MIRAI does not emit any CO₂ during operation, it completely fulfills zero emissions criteria in the concept of "Tank to Wheel ." However, in the present situation, there remains a problem where most of the hydrogen used in FCEVs involves CO₂ emissions because it is obtained through the chemical reactions of fossil fuels. In this project, this point will be taken into account, and CO₂ reduction effects from FCEVs will be calculated based on the concept of "Well to Wheel" and included as part of the environmental improvement effect figures in the impact report. Furthermore, it is hoped that renewable energy and the resources that have no use currently (such as brown coal and sewage sludge) will be used in the hydrogen production process in the future. As such, the environmental performance of FCEVs on a life cycle basis could be further improved.
- As MIRAI's sales volume is limited at the moment, its share in the entire assets eligible for the proceeds from this green bond is small. However, R&I believes that the importance of promoting the sale of MIRAI is large from the environmental point of view.

(2) Consideration is given to any potentially negative effects on the environment

• While resource depletion and environmental pollution are considered as environmental risks arising from the use of hydride batteries in electrified vehicles, TMC has in place a process to mitigate such environmental risks. For more details, refer to

https://global.toyota/pages/global_toyota/sustainability/report/er/er19_en.pdf

For the reasons stated above, R&I has judged the use of proceeds under the framework is in conformity to Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.

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< Evaluation on the Green Bond >

- The eligible project for this green bond is the same as the eligible project in this framework, and its contents are in accordance with the green bond framework.
- As with the evaluation on this framework, R&I confirmed that: 1) sufficient environmental improvement effects can be expected from the vehicles eligible for proceeds allocation, and 2) consideration is given to any potentially negative effects on the environment. R&I accordingly determined that the use of proceeds is appropriate as the use of proceeds from a green bond issuance.
- In addition, the balance of the eligible assets in this green bond framework is expected to sufficiently exceed the amount of this green bond issue, and the balance equivalent of the eligible assets that decrease after the green bond issue will be replaced by the newly generated credit satisfying the eligibility criteria at each time. R&I accordingly confirmed that this green bond's proceeds would be used for the eligible assets throughout the green bond issue period.

For the reasons stated above, R&I has judged the extent to which the proceeds from the issuance of the green bond are used to invest in projects with environmental benefits is excellent.

Jse o	f proceeds categories as per GBP:		
	Renewable energy		Energy efficiency
	Pollution prevention and control		Environmentally sustainable managemen of living natural resources and land use
	Terrestrial and aquatic biodiversity conservation	\boxtimes	Clean transportation
	Sustainable water and wastewater management		Climate change adaptation
	Eco-efficient and/or circular economy adapted products, production technologies and processes		Green buildings (Environmentally Responsible Building)
	Unknown at issuance but currently expected to conform with GBP categories, or other eligible areas not yet stated in GBPs		Other (please specify):

If applicable please specify the environmental taxonomy, if other than GBPs:

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2. PROCESS FOR PROJECT EVALUATION AND SELECTION

Overall comment on section (if applicable):

< Evaluation on the Green Bond Framework>

- The eligibility criteria are based on Toyota Group's guiding principles and policies for environmental issues.
- Regarding the process for project evaluation and selection, the eligibility criteria was determined by the TFC's Finance department in consultation with the TMC's Environmental Affairs Division and Finance Division. R&I affirms from the contents of this green bond framework, that establishing the criteria involved several departments, and a checking and verification mechanism and expertise are in place.

For the reasons stated above, R&I has judged the process for project evaluation and selection under the framework is in conformity to Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.

- < Evaluation on the Green Bond >
- R&I confirmed that eligible projects for the green bond will be selected based on the framework established by the issuer.
- R&I has judged that the process for project evaluation is very clear and reasonable.

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	Credentials on the issuer's environmental sustainability objectives Defined and transparent criteria for projects eligible for Green Bond proceeds Summary criteria for project evaluation and selection publicly available		Documented process to determine that projects fit within defined categories Documented process to identify and manage potential ESG risks associated with the project Other (please specify):
nforn	nation on Responsibilities and Accountabi	lity	
	Evaluation / Selection criteria subject to external advice or verification Other (please specify):	\boxtimes	In-house assessment

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3. MANAGEMENT OF PROCEEDS

Overall comment on section (if applicable):

- < Evaluation on the Green Bond Framework >
- The TFC's Finance department will allocate and manage the proceeds from the green bond issue.
- The Company will check whether the proceeds have been allocated to the eligible assets immediately after the bond issue. At the same time, the Company will confirm the amount of the green bond issue at that point does not exceed the balance of the assets eligible for the green bond (assets handled within maximum last two years from the end of the three months before the issuance of green bonds). The Finance department and the Risk Management Unit's executive officer will carry out these confirmations, and the confirmation results will be disclosed promptly after the bond issue. Hence, transparency is ensured.
- With regards to the balance equivalent of the eligible assets that decrease after the green bond issue, the balance of the assets comprising of the new eligible vehicles meeting the eligibility criteria that arise after the issue date will be replaced as the balance of the eligible assets at each time. Based on the confirmation that the number of electrified vehicle sales is expected to increase in the future as evident in TMC's policies, and that credit satisfying the eligibility criteria is steadily being provided by TFC, R&I believes that new credit will be generated to fully replace the decreased balance equivalent of the eligible assets.
- Furthermore, after the bond issue, the Finance department and the Risk Management Unit's executive officer will confirm once every half year that the outstanding balance of the green bond does not exceed the most recent balance of the assets eligible for the green bond (the amount handled after the reference date set at the time of confirmation). This assures a reasonable process is in place. R&I has confirmed that the reference date set at the time of confirmation is the correct point corresponding to the period of the eligible asset period.
- As a result of the above confirmation, in the unlikely event that the outstanding balance of the green bond exceeds the balance of the eligible assets, the Company will manage the amount equal to the excess as cash and cash equivalents.

For the reasons stated above, R&I has judged that the policy for management of proceeds under the framework is in conformity to Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan.

- < Evaluation on the Green Bond >
- R&I confirmed that the proceeds will be managed based on the framework established by the issuer.
- R&I has judged that the proceeds management framework of the green bond is excellent.

Tracking of proceeds:

\boxtimes	Green Bond proceeds segregated or tracked by the issuer in an appropriate manner
\boxtimes	Disclosure of intended types of temporary investment instruments for unallocated proceeds
	Other (please specify):

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Additional disclosure:					
	Allocations to future investments only	\boxtimes	Allocations to both existing and future investments		
	Allocation to individual disbursements	\boxtimes	Allocation to a portfolio of disbursements		
	Disclosure of portfolio balance of unallocated proceeds		Other (please specify):		
4. REI	4. REPORTING				
< Eval Rep procee verifyi assets The improv For Bond I Eval R&I R&I	Overall comment on section (if applicable): < Evaluation on the Green Bond Framework > · Reporting on this green bond includes: 1) immediately after the bond issue ,confirming the status of the proceeds allocation and the environmental improvement effects from the eligible assets and 2) annually verifying that the outstanding balance of the green bond does not exceed the most recent balance of the eligible assets, the balance of the eligible assets, and their environmental improvement effects. · The reporting contents are the status of the allocation of the green bond proceeds and environmental improvement effects, which are considered to be reasonable. For the reasons stated above, R&I has judged that reporting under the framework is in conformity to Green Bond Principles 2018 and Green Bond Guidelines 2017 by Ministry of the Environment of Japan. < Evaluation on the Green Bond > • R&I confirmed that reporting will be implemented in accordance with the framework stipulated by the issuer. • R&I has judged that the policy for reporting on the green bond is excellent in content and frequency.				
	f proceeds reporting: Project-by-project	\boxtimes	On a project portfolio basis		
\boxtimes	Linkage to individual bond(s)		Other (please specify):		
	Information reported:				
	□ Allocated amounts	\boxtimes	Green Bond financed share of total investment		
	\square Other (please specify):				
	Frequency:				
			Semi-annual		
	☑ Other (please specify): In addition to reporting the proceeds allocation of individual bond at the time of the issue,				

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the balance of the eligible assets as a whole and the allocation status are

disclosed annually.

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	Project-by-project	\boxtimes	On a project portfolio basis
\boxtimes	Linkage to individual bond(s)		Other (please specify):
	Frequency:		
			Semi-annual
	☑ Other (please specify): In addition to reporting the estimated amount of reduced CO₂ emissions per individual bond at the time of the issue, the estimated amount of reduced CO₂ emissions (the amount of emission control) based on the balance of the entire eligible assets is disclosed annually.		
	Information reported (expected or ex-p	ost):	
	☑ GHG Emissions / Savings		Energy Savings

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■Contact : Sales and Marketing Division, Customer Service Dept.
■Media Contact: Corporate Planning Division (Public Relations)

☐ Decrease in water use

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Other ESG indicators (please specify):

ic Relations) TEL. +81-(0)3-6273-7273

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Means of Disclosure				
	Information published in financial report		Information published in sustainability report	
	Information published in ad hoc documents	\boxtimes	Other (please specify): Issuer's website	
	Reporting reviewed (if yes, please specify which	h parts	of the reporting are subject to external review):	
Where appropriate, please specify name and date of publication in the useful links section.				
USEFUL LINKS (e.g. to review provider methodology or credentials, to issuer's documentation, etc.)				
	nethodology for R&I Green Bond Assessment			
https:/	//www.r-i.co.jp/en/rating/products/green_bond/	assess	ment.html	
SPECIFY OTHER EXTERNAL REVIEWS AVAILABLE, IF APPROPRIATE Type(s) of Review provided:				
	Second Party Opinion		Certification	
	Verification		Scoring/Rating	
	Other (please specify):			
Revi	ew provider(s):		Date of publication:	

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ABOUT ROLE(S) OF INDEPENDENT REVIEW PROVIDERS AS DEFINED BY THE GBP

- 1. Second Party Opinion: An institution with environmental expertise, that is independent from the issuer may issue a Second Party Opinion. The institution should be independent from the issuer's adviser for its Green Bond framework, or appropriate procedures, such as information barriers, will have been implemented within the institution to ensure the independence of the Second Party Opinion. It normally entails an assessment of the alignment with the Green Bond Principles. In particular, it can include an assessment of the issuer's overarching objectives, strategy, policy and/or processes relating to environmental sustainability, and an evaluation of the environmental features of the type of projects intended for the Use of Proceeds.
- 2. Verification: An issuer can obtain independent verification against a designated set of criteria, typically pertaining to business processes and/or environmental criteria. Verification may focus on alignment with internal or external standards or claims made by the issuer. Also, evaluation of the environmentally sustainable features of underlying assets may be termed verification and may reference external criteria. Assurance or attestation regarding an issuer's internal tracking method for use of proceeds, allocation of funds from Green Bond proceeds, statement of environmental impact or alignment of reporting with the GBP, may also be termed verification.
- 3. **Certification**: An issuer can have its Green Bond or associated Green Bond framework or Use of Proceeds certified against a recognised external green standard or label. A standard or label defines specific criteria, and alignment with such criteria is normally tested by qualified, accredited third parties, which may verify consistency with the certification criteria.
- 4. Green Bond Scoring/Rating: An issuer can have its Green Bond, associated Green Bond framework or a key feature such as Use of Proceeds evaluated or assessed by qualified third parties, such as specialised research providers or rating agencies, according to an established scoring/rating methodology. The output may include a focus on environmental performance data, the process relative to the GBP, or another benchmark, such as a 2-degree climate change scenario. Such scoring/rating is distinct from credit ratings, which may nonetheless reflect material environmental risks.