Probability

All independent events:

P(H)+P(~H)=1

P(H,H)= P(H).P(H)

Another method to find probability is to map **Truth Table**.

List out all possibilities likely to occur and then find probability .

Always check for fairness of event.

Examples of computing probability of with and without loading:

Coin Flip

Two coin flips

Opposite events

Truth table values

Exactly One head of one flip, two flips, three flips

Fair die

Summary:

Probability of event = P

Probability of opposite event = 1-P

Probability of composite event = P.P.P….P.P 🡪 Rule applies only for independent events

**Probability**

Here you learned some fundamental rules of probability. Using notation, we could say that the outcome of a coin flip could either be **T** or **H** for the event that the coin flips tails or heads, respectively.

Then the following rules are true:

**P**(**H**)=0.5

**1**−**P**(**H**)=**P**(**not** **H**)=0.5

where **not** **H** is the event of anything other than heads. Since, there are only two possible outcomes, we have that **P**(**not** **H**)=**P**(**T**)=0.5. In later concepts, you will see this with the following notation: **¬H**.

Across multiple coin flips, we have the probability of seeing **n** heads as **P**(**H**) **n** . This is because these events are independent.

We can get two generic rules from this:

The probability of any event must be between 0 and 1, inclusive.

The probability of the compliment event is 1 minus the probability of an event. That is the probability of all other possible events is 1 minus the probability an event itself. Therefore, the sum of all possible events is equal to 1.

If our events are independent, then the probability of the string of possible events is the product of those events. That is the probability of one event **AND** the next **AND** the next event, is the product of those events.

**Looking Ahead**

You will be working with the **Binomial Distribution**, which creates a function for working with coin flip events like the first events in this lesson. These events are independent, and the above rules will hold.