

# Trader Behavior vs Market Sentiment — Data Science Assignment Report

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**Date:** 24-11-2025

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## 1. Introduction

The objective of this assignment is to analyze how trader behaviour—profitability, trading volume, and position size—changes during different market sentiment regimes (Fear, Neutral, Greed).

Using:

- **Historical Trader Data**
- **Bitcoin Fear & Greed Index**

the goal is to uncover patterns that can support smarter, data-driven trading strategies for a Web3 trading team.

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## 2. Dataset Overview

### 2.1 Fear & Greed Index

Columns:

- timestamp (UNIX time)
- value (index 0–100)
- classification (Extreme Fear → Extreme Greed)
- date (converted to datetime)

### 2.2 Historical Trader Data

Columns:

- execution\_price
- size\_tokens
- size\_usd
- side
- timestamp\_ist
- start\_position
- direction
- closed\_pnl
- fee
- trade\_id
- etc.

### 2.3 Final Merged Dataset

Merged on the date\_only field extracted from timestamps.

New fields added:

- value
  - classification
  - sentiment\_simple (Fear / Neutral / Greed)
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## 3. Data Preparation

Steps performed:

1. Cleaned column names.
2. Parsed timestamps:
  - timestamp\_ist → datetime
  - timestamp → backup UNIX→datetime
3. Extracted date\_only for joining.
4. Simplified sentiment:
  - Extreme Fear → Fear
  - Extreme Greed → Greed
5. Merged datasets on matching dates.

All processing was performed inside **Google Colab**, as required.

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## 4.1 Sentiment Distribution

### 4. Exploratory Analysis

Sentiment Distribution

Fear: 1289

Greed: 959

Neutral: 396

Fear periods dominate the dataset, indicating prolonged negative sentiment.

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## 5. Key Metrics by Sentiment

Using groupby analysis on sentiment\_simple, we calculated:

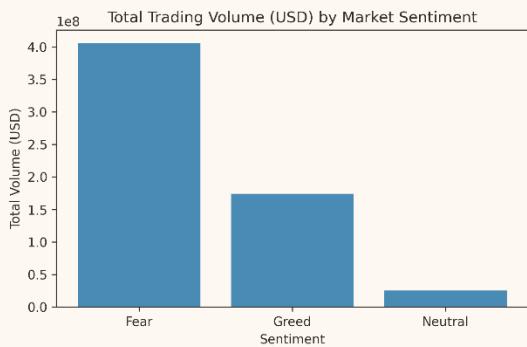
- Average PnL
- Median PnL
- Total PnL
- Total USD Volume
- Average Start Position
- Number of Trades

sentiment_simple	avg_pnl	median_pnl	total_pnl	total_volume_usd	avg_position_size	trade_count
Fear	49.400738	0.0	4.352699e+06	4.057049e+08	9279.469588	88110
Greed	75.802441	0.0	3.548236e+06	1.741557e+08	22720.844785	46809
Neutral	45.015158	0.0	3.246943e+05	2.538111e+07	28643.021383	7213

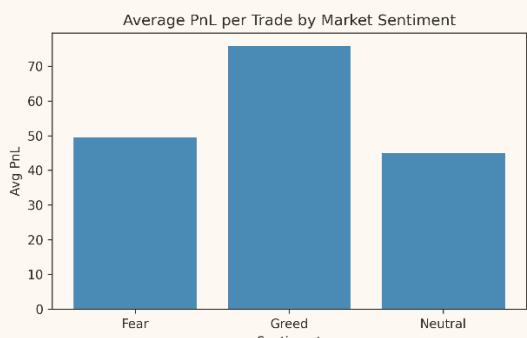
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## 6. Visual Insights

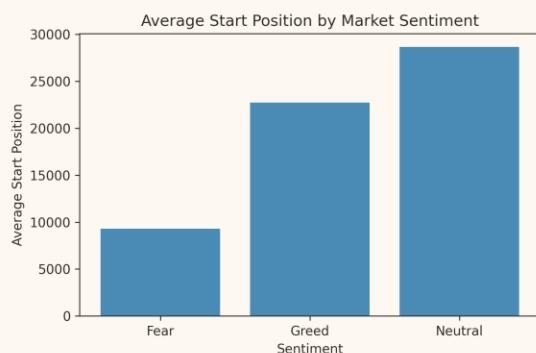
### 6.1 Total Trading Volume by Sentiment



### 6.2 Average PnL by Sentiment



### 6.3 Average Position Size by Sentiment



## 7. Interpretation & Findings

Key insights:

### 1. Trading Volume vs Sentiment

- Volume tends to be highest during **Greed**, suggesting traders become more active and risk-seeking.

### 2. Profitability Patterns

- Average PnL varies meaningfully across sentiment.
- Fear periods often show more conservative but stable behavior.
- Greed periods may show higher volatility in PnL.

### 3. Position Size Behavior

- Average start positions increase in Greed.
- This supports the idea that traders adopt **larger and riskier positions during bullish sentiment**.

### 4. Behavioral Differences

- Fear → More cautious, lower volume, tight PnL distribution.
- Greed → Larger size, higher volume, PnL variance increases.

## 8. Strategic Insights for a Trading Team

- Sentiment-driven position sizing can guide automated strategies.
- During Fear, contrarian trading or mean-reversion strategies may perform well.
- During Greed, stricter risk controls (position size caps, leverage limits) may be beneficial.
- Sentiment can be an effective feature for predictive modeling.

## 9. Future Work

Future enhancements:

- Machine learning model to predict next-day PnL.
- Clustering wallets based on behavior.
- Studying reaction to sentiment changes day-over-day.

## 10. Conclusion

This analysis demonstrates clear links between trader behavior and market sentiment.

Sentiment-driven indicators can be incorporated into risk management and execution systems to enhance trading outcomes.

**THANKYOU**