PXL – Digital 42TIN1280 Software

Analysis - Introduction

Week 01 - semester 01

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Content

- The essential software requirement
- What are requirements?
- Levels and types of requirements
- Best practices: international standards ISO
- SMART requirements
- Best practices: JIRA EPICS USER STORIES
- Requirements development and management
- Brief history of requirements methods & modeling
- The role of the analyst + recap case
- Questions & Answers







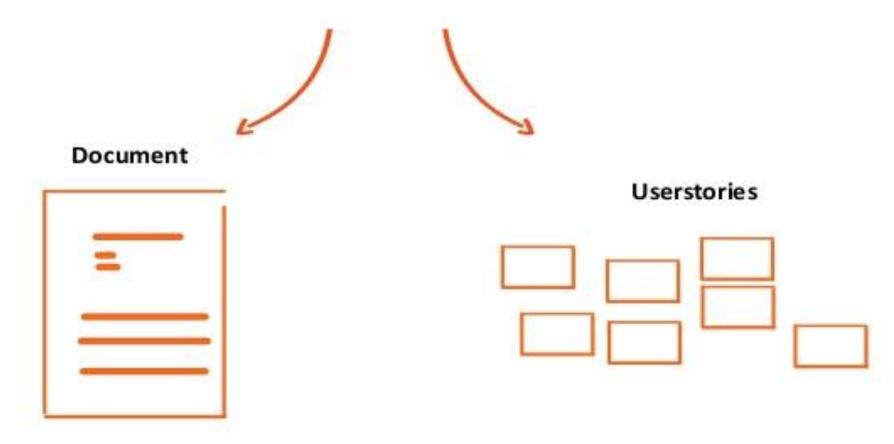


Requirements are a specification of what should be implemented. They are descriptions of how the system should behave, or of a system property or attribute. They may be a constraint on the development process of the system.

Don't assume that all your project stakeholders share a common notion of what requirements are. Establish definitions up front so that you're all talking about the same things.



They are a little bit something like a contract between the stakeholder and the project manager!



Conditions or capabilities needed by a user/stakeholder to solve problem or achieve an objective

Scope: the sum of the products, services and results to be provided as a project

Project Scope:

the work that must be performed to deliver a product, service or result with the specified features and functions

Product Scope:

the features and functions that characterize the product, service or result



What are requirements?



- According to IEEE(*) a requirement is
 - A. a condition or capability needed by a user to solve a problem or achieve an objective
 - B. a condition or capability that must be met or possessed by a system or system component to satisfy a contract, standard, specification, or other formally imposed documents
 - C. a documented representation of a condition or capability as in (A) or (B)

(*) IEEE = Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers



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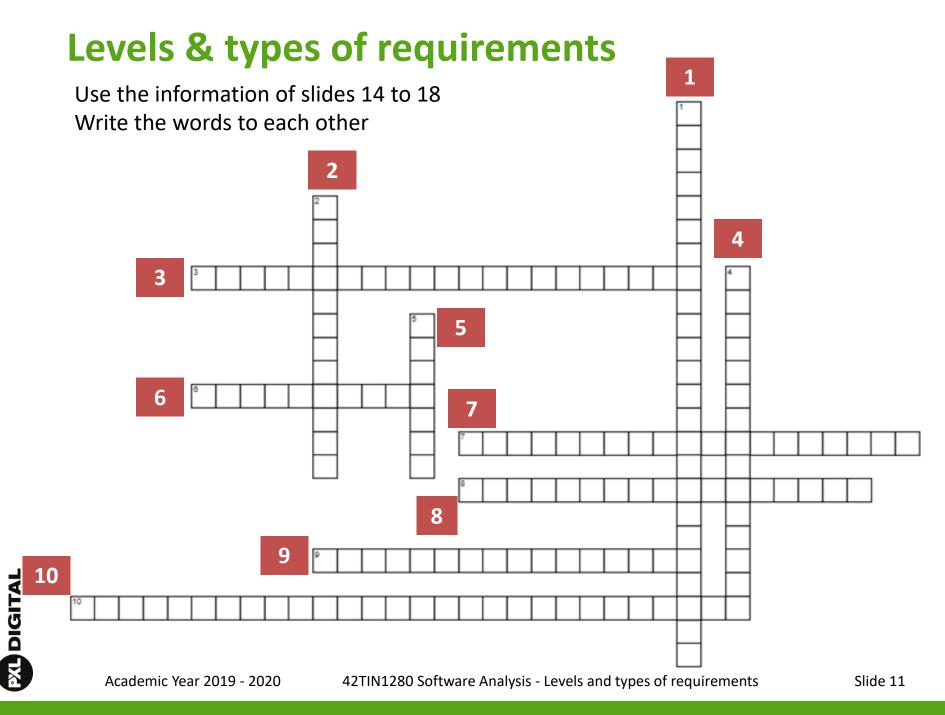
Levels & types of requirements



- Three kinds of requirements
 - Functional requirement:
 - defines a function that has to be offered by the system to be created or one of its components
 - Quality requirement:
 - defines a qualitative property that the system
 to be created or one of its functions has to offer

— <u>Constraint</u>:

 A requirement that limits the solution space beyond what is necessary for meeting the given functional requirements and quality requirements.



- Words to use
 - User requirement
 - Business requirement
 - Constraint
 - Nonfunctional requirement
 - System requirement
 - Functional requirement
 - Quality attribute
 - Feature
 - External interface requirement
 - Business rule

Levels & types of requirements

ACROSS

- 3) A description of a behavior that a system will exhibit under specific conditions
- 6) A restriction that is imposed on the choices available to the developer for the design and construction of a product
- 7) A high-level business objective of the organization that builds a product or of a customer who procures it
- 8) A top-level requirement for a product that contains multiple subsystems, which could be all software or software and hardware

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Levels & types of requirements

ACROSS (continued)

- 9) A kind of nonfunctional requirement that describes a service or performance characteristic of a product
- 10) A description of a connection between a software system and a user, another software system, or a hardware device

DOWN

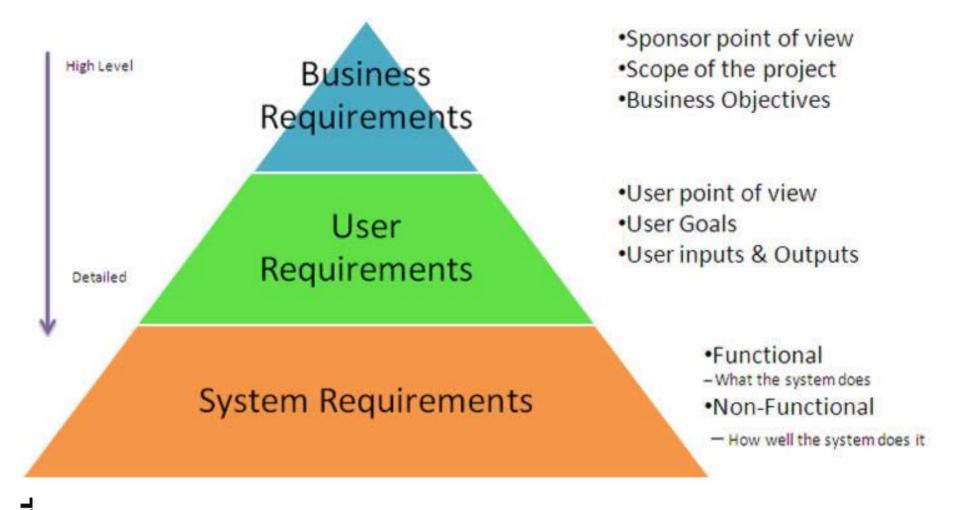
1) A description of a property or characteristic that a system must exhibit or a constraint that it must respect

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Levels & types of requirements

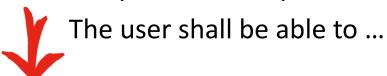
DOWN (continued)

- 2) A policy, guideline, standard, or regulation that defines or constrains some aspect of the business. Not a software requirement in itself, but the origin of several types of software requirements
- 4) A goal or task that specific classes of users must be able to perform with a system, or a desired product attribute
- 5) One or more logically related system capabilities that provide value to a user and are described by a set of functional requirements





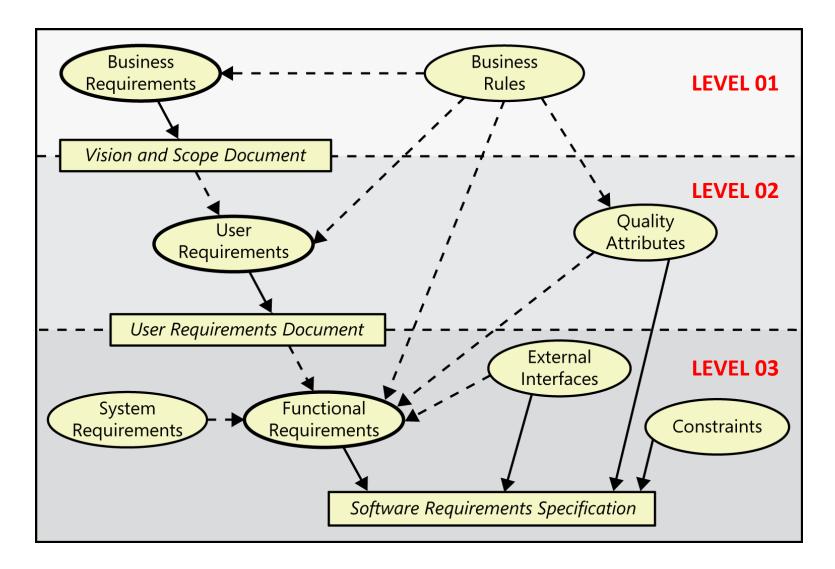
- Levels and types of requirements
 - User Requirements Specification



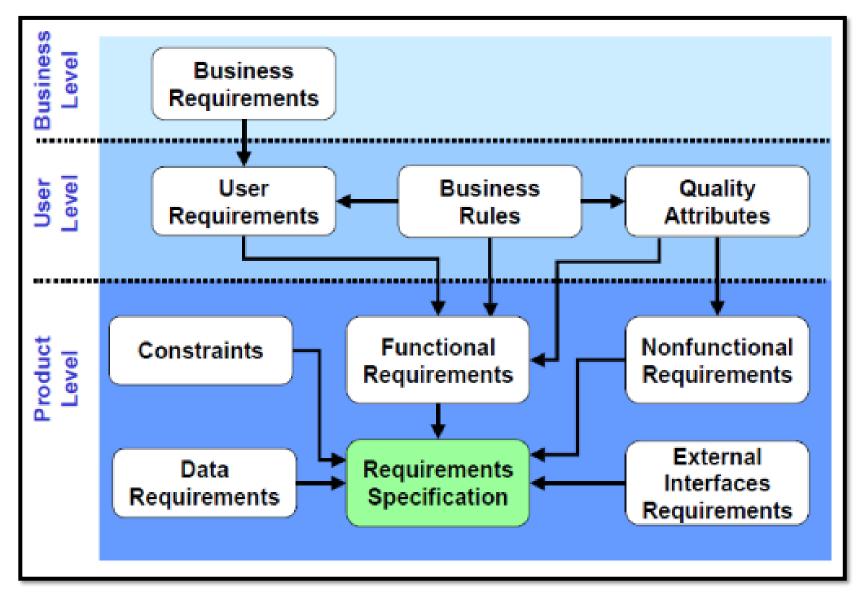
- System Requirements Specification
 - The product shall ...
- Detailed Requirements Specification
 Are these still requirements ?
- Many different supporting diagram and modeling techniques

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- Typical levels
 - User requirements problem domain
 - Stakeholder's view
 - State what the stakeholders want to achieve through use of the system.
 - Avoid reference to any particular solution.
 - System requirements solution domain
 - Analyst's view
 - State abstractly how the system will meet the stakeholder requirements.
 - Avoid reference to any particular design.







- Bad/good requirements why?
 - 1. We need to be able to respond to a code red incident anywhere on the planet within 24 hours.
 - 2. The system shall validate and accept credit cards and cashier's checks. High priority.
 - 3. The system shall process all mouse clicks very fast to ensure user's do not have to wait
 - 4. I want the system to automatically calculate sales taxes based on relevant sales tax laws.
 - 5. The website visitor won't need to click more than once to get to the order page from any other page on the site.

- Bad/good requirements why?
 - 6. The user must have Adobe Acrobat installed.
 - 7. Sales needs to be able to see which contracts will be expiring within the upcoming 90 days.
 - 8. The clerk enters basic loss information specific to the claim line. The system confirms that there are no existing, possibly competing claims and assigns a claim number. The clerk confirms they are finished; the system saves and triggers acknowledgement to be sent to the agent.

Questions & Answers



