# Data-Driven Loop Invariant Inference using Learned Features

SyGuS-COMP 2017

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#### Verification

#### C/C++ Code

```
int n, x = 0, m = 0;
while (x < n) {
   if (rand()) m = x;
   x = x + 1;
}
if(n > 0)
   assert (0 <= m && m <= n );</pre>
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#### **SyGuS-INV Problem**

```
(define-fun pre-f ((x Int) (n Int) (m Int)) Bool
                  (and (= \times 0) (= m 0)))
(define-fun trans-f ((x Int) (n Int) (m Int)
                     (x! Int) (n! Int) (m! Int)) Bool
                    (or (and (and (< x n) (= x! (+ x 1)))
                                  (= n! n)) (= m! m))
                        (and (and (< x n) (= x! (+ x 1)))
                                  (= n! n)) (= m! x)))
(define-fun post-f ((x Int) (n Int) (m Int)) Bool
                   (not (and (and (>= \times n) (> n 0))
                             (or (<= n m) (< m 0)))))
(inv-constraint inv-f pre-f trans-f post-f)
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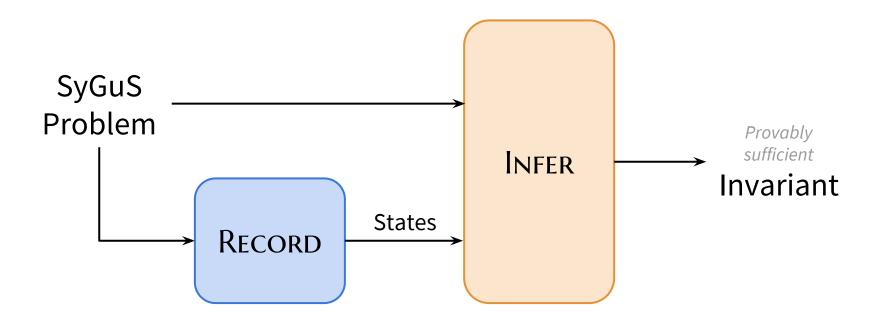
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- Winner of SyGuS-COMP 2017 (INV track)

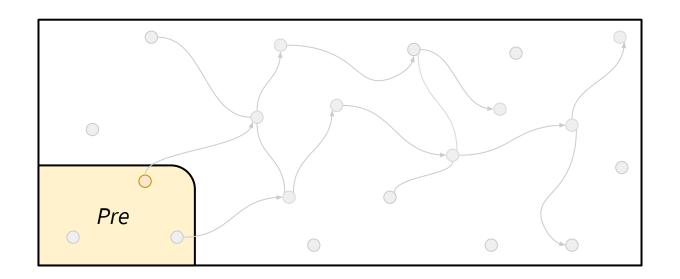
solver 💠	solved	*	time	<b>*</b>
EUSolver_new ₫	40/74 ♂		2749.9	(s)
Euphony ♂	58/74 ♂		11485.5	
Alchemist CS ぱ	59/74 ♂		9697.3	
ICE DT ♂	60/74 ♂		637.5	
DryadSynth ぱ	64/74 ♂		908.3	
CVC4-061117- sygus-comp-2017 ☑	65/74 ௴		3676.1	
LoopInvGen_3 ♂	65/74 ₫		54.1	

<sup>\*</sup> The remaining 9 benchmarks have no solution

#### **Overview**

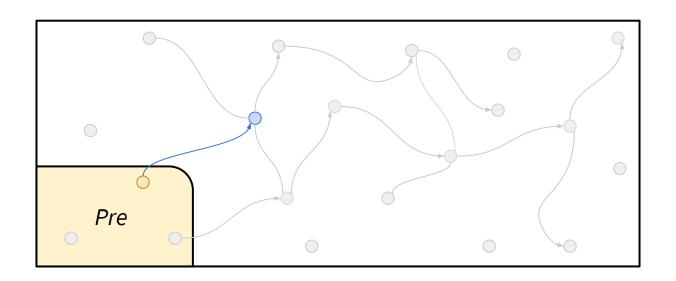


SyGuS Problem (Pre, Trans, Post) →List of variable assignments



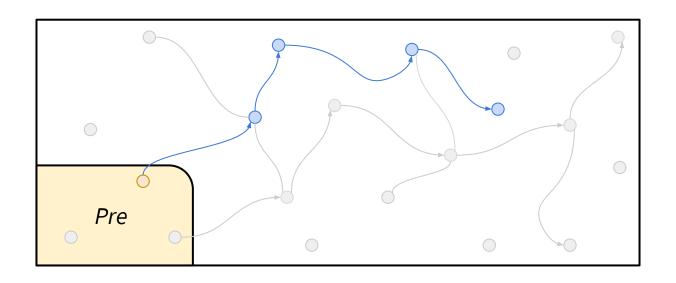
1. Pick state s, s.t. Pre(s)

SyGuS Problem (Pre, Trans, Post) →List of variable assignments



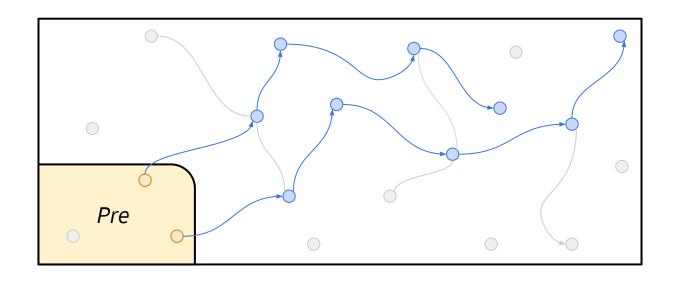
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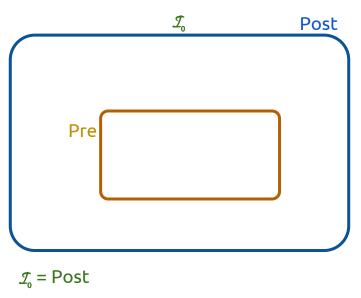
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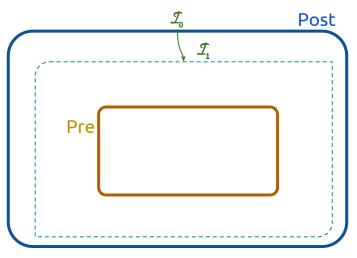
- 1. Pick state s, s.t. Pre(s) 2. Obtain state t, s.t. Trans(s,t) 3. Set  $s \leftarrow t$  and repeat (2)

  - 4. Repeat (1,2,3) till the desired number of states has been collected

- →  $\forall$  s:  $\mathsf{Pre}(s) \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}(s)$ →  $\forall$  s, t:  $\mathcal{I}(s) \land \mathsf{Trans}(s,t) \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}(t)$ →  $\forall$  s:  $\mathcal{I}(s) \Rightarrow \mathsf{Post}(s)$
- 1. Start with the weakest candidate

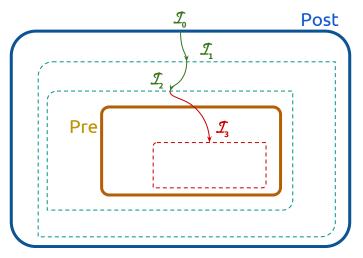


- $\rightarrow$   $\forall$  s:  $Pre(s) \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}(s)$
- $\rightarrow$   $\forall$  s,t:  $\mathcal{I}(s) \land Trans(s,t) \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}(t)$
- $\rightarrow$   $\forall$  s:  $\mathcal{I}(s) \Rightarrow Post(s)$
- 1. Start with the weakest candidate
- 2. Iteratively strengthen for inductiveness (data-driven precondition inference)



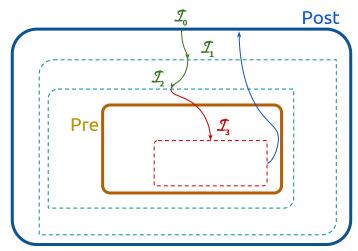
$$\mathcal{I}_{_{0}}=\mathsf{Post}$$
 
$$\delta_{_{0}}\Rightarrow (\mathcal{I}_{_{0}}\wedge \mathsf{Trans}\Rightarrow \mathcal{I}_{_{0}}')$$
  $\mathcal{I}_{_{1}}=\delta_{_{0}}\wedge \mathcal{I}_{_{0}}$ 

- $\rightarrow$   $\forall$  s:  $Pre(s) \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}(s)$
- $\rightarrow$   $\forall$  s,t:  $\mathcal{I}(s) \land \mathsf{Trans}(s,t) \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}(t)$
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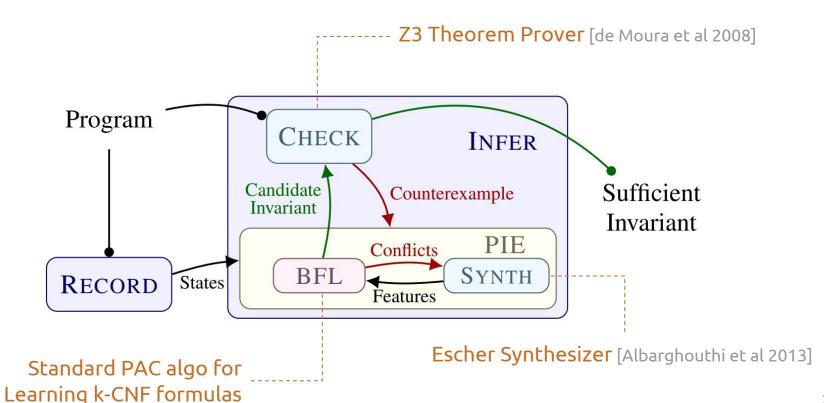
$$\begin{split} \mathcal{I}_{_{0}} &= \mathsf{Post} \\ \delta_{_{0}} &\Rightarrow (\mathcal{I}_{_{0}} \ \land \ \mathsf{Trans} \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}_{_{0}}') \\ \mathcal{I}_{_{1}} &= \delta_{_{0}} \ \land \ \mathcal{I}_{_{0}} \\ & \delta_{_{1}} \Rightarrow (\mathcal{I}_{_{1}} \ \land \ \mathsf{Trans} \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}_{_{1}}') \\ &\vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \\ \mathcal{I}_{_{n}} &= \delta_{_{n-1}} \ \land \ \mathcal{I}_{_{n-1}} &= \mathcal{I}_{_{n-1}} \end{split}$$

- $\rightarrow$   $\forall$  s:  $Pre(s) \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}(s)$
- $\rightarrow$   $\forall$  s, t:  $\mathcal{I}(s) \land Trans(s,t) \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}(t)$
- $\rightarrow$   $\forall$  s:  $\mathcal{I}(s) \Rightarrow Post(s)$
- 1. Start with the weakest candidate
- Iteratively strengthen for inductiveness (data-driven precondition inference)
- 3. If the invariant is too strong, restart from(1) after augmenting the recorded stateswith appropriate counterexamples



$$\mathcal{I}_{_{0}} = \mathsf{Post}$$
 
$$\delta_{_{0}} \Rightarrow (\mathcal{I}_{_{0}} \land \mathsf{Trans} \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}_{_{0}}')$$
 
$$\mathcal{I}_{_{1}} = \delta_{_{0}} \land \mathcal{I}_{_{0}}$$
 
$$\delta_{_{1}} \Rightarrow (\mathcal{I}_{_{1}} \land \mathsf{Trans} \Rightarrow \mathcal{I}_{_{1}}')$$
 
$$\vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots$$
 
$$\mathcal{I}_{_{n}} = \delta_{_{n,1}} \land \mathcal{I}_{_{n,1}} = \mathcal{I}_{_{n,1}}$$

## **LoopInvGen Architecture**



#### Thanks! ©

Code + Benchmarks:

https://github.com/SaswatPadhi/LoopInvGen

Reach me at:

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