



Session 10:

Ethereum - Part 2

Module 1 – Sample Applications + NFTs

## What Smart Contract can do?

- Ethereum has a Turing-complete language.
  - It can implement complex functions

 We can assume the Ethereum network is a decentralized platform for app development.

 We give examples of a few applications that can be implemented on Ethereum.

## **ERC-20 Tokens**

- Ethereum Request for Comment 20 (*ERC*-20) is the implemented standard for fungible *tokens* created using the Ethereum blockchain.
- A fungible token is interchangeable with another token, but non-fungible tokens (NFTs) are not interchangeable.



#### **ERC-20 Tokens**

#### Token exchange implementation:

- We can recreate Bitcoin with just four lines of smart contract code.
- Financial fungible tokens only need a database with one operation.
  - Ensure Alice has enough money + that she initiated the transaction
  - Subtract Z from Alice, give Z to Bob

```
def send(to, value):
  if self.storage[msg.sender] >= value:
      self.storage[msg.sender] = self.storage[msg.sender] - value
      self.storage[to] = self.storage[to] + value
```

## Non-Fungible Tokens – ERC-721 & ERC-1155

 NFTs are tokens that are different each. They are unique in characteristic. Technically, anyone can create NFTs, but whether or not they gain high values is up to other factors.

• They can represent a physical asset (e.g. a paining, music piece or house).

 You can guess that the unique features of the asset are included in the token/blockchain.

## **Decentralized Property Lease and Land Title**

- At the moment, property lease and title are governed by central authorities (governments).
  - Paper deeds are forgeable
  - Government employees might be bribed.
- With NFTs we can turn the table around and bring transparency and immutability to the picture.
- The problem is mapping from the real world to the virtual one is not always perfect. Things/assets can change.

# **Other Applications**

## **Public Data Registry**

One can use smart contracts to create a public database. For example a decentralized Domain Name System (DNS).

#### **DNS**:

translates URL to IP address (www.example.com → 12.192.123.5)

Decentralization is good for DDoS protection, but the blockchain overhead is high, and it's immutable.

```
def register(name, value):
  if !self.storage[name]:
     self.storage[name] = value
```

#### Auction

- Auction was mentioned as an example of smart contract applications.
- Transactions to the contract (offers/bids) can be verified by everybody and everything is transparent.
- The core code is only a few lines (the code on the right does not show the withdrawal function).



```
function bid() payable {
  // Revert the call in case the bidding
  // period is over.
  require(now ≤ auctionClose);
  // the money is sent back.
  require(msg.value > topBid);
  if (topBidder \neq \emptyset) {
    // It is always preferable to let the recipients
    // withdraw their money themselves.
    returnsPending[topBidder] += topBid;
topBidder = msg.sender;
topBid = msg.value;
topBidIncreased(msg.sender, msg.value);
```

## **Supply Chain**

A decentralized database with contract features can help in tracking supply chain in a transparent and immutable manner.

- Suppliers and merchants can put their contracts on the Ethereum network so that it is transparent and known to everyone.
- Buyers can see where the components of their devices/services have come from.



## **Smart Grid – Smart Energy Management**

In the future power grid, energy is generated and consumed in a distributed manger. A household might produce extra electricity and sell it to a neighbor.

 Smart contracts can handle microenergy trades in a p2p manner.

 Even complex energy hand-overs or relays can be implemented by smart contracts.



#### What Comes Next ...

We learned about fungible and non-fungible tokens.

 We saw a few applications of smart contracts on decentralized platforms like Ethereum.

 Next, we introduce the changes and upgrades made to Ethereum after the merge. See you in the next module ...