



# TIME SERIES



# Course Objectives

What is time series

What is time series analysis and forecasting

How to validate a time series forecasting model

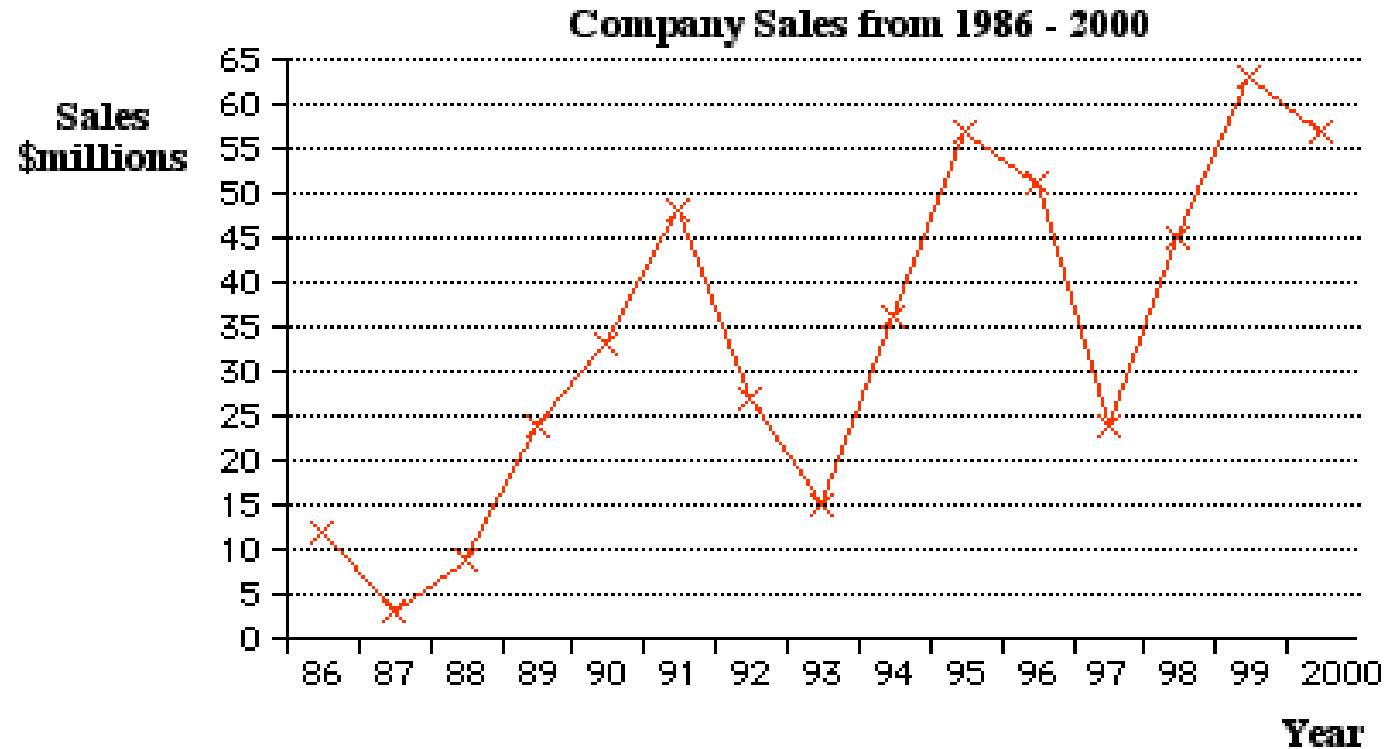
# Learning Outcomes

At the end of the course, you will be able to

- Understand what is time series
- How to perform time series analysis
- How to perform time series forecasting
- Understand the technique to validate a time series forecast

# Time Series

- A sequence of observations over a certain period



Usually the observations are taken at regular intervals  
(e.g.: hours, days, weeks, months, years)

# Time Series

- Work with time based data
  - Years, months, days, hours
- A **time series** is a sequence of data indexed by time.

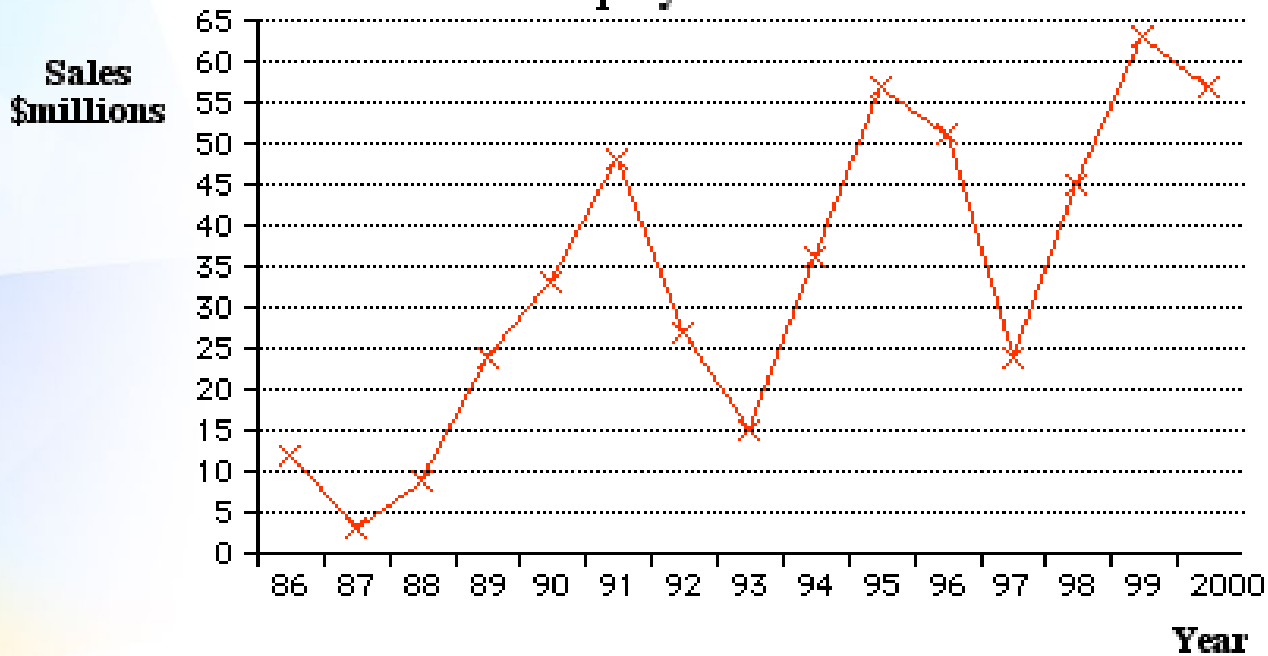
Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	Volume
7/14/2020	3089	3127.38	2950	3084	3084	7231900
7/15/2020	3080.23	3098.35	2973.18	3008.87	3008.87	5788900
7/16/2020	2971.06	3032	2918.23	2999.9	2999.9	6394200
7/17/2020	3009	3024	2948.45	2961.97	2961.97	4761300
7/20/2020	3000.2	3201.36	2994.02	3196.84	3196.84	7598200
7/21/2020	3232.49	3240.58	3105.72	3138.29	3138.29	6121300
7/22/2020	3125	3150	3065.26	3099.91	3099.91	4104200
7/23/2020	3098.27	3098.27	2970	2986.55	2986.55	5656900
7/24/2020	2930	3031.58	2888	3008.91	3008.91	5632400
7/27/2020	3062	3098	3015.77	3055.21	3055.21	4170500
7/28/2020	3054.27	3077.09	2995.76	3000.33	3000.33	3126700
7/29/2020	3030.99	3039.16	2996.77	3033.53	3033.53	2974100
7/30/2020	3014	3092	3005	3051.88	3051.88	6128300
7/31/2020	3244	3246.82	3151	3164.68	3164.68	8085500

  
*index*

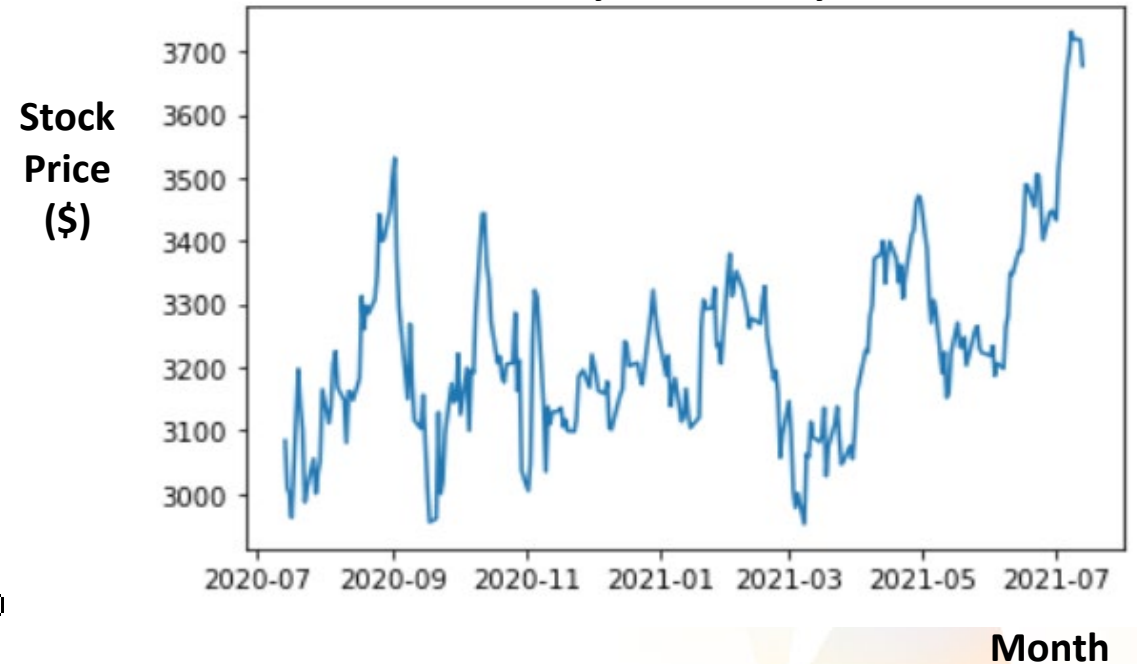
# Time Series Visualization

- Usually plotted as line graphs against time

Company Sales from 1986 - 2000



Amazon Stock Price  
from July 2020 to July 2021



# Purpose- Time Series Modeling



Time Series Analysis



Predict future value of an item

Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	Volume
7/14/2020	3089	3127.38	2950	3084	3084	7231900
7/15/2020	3080.23	3098.35	2973.18	3008.87	3008.87	5788900
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*index*

No other  
independent  
variables

# Time Series Analysis

- Analyse historical data
- Example, average value

$$\hat{Y} = \frac{Y_t + Y_{t-1} + \dots + Y_{t-m+1}}{m}$$

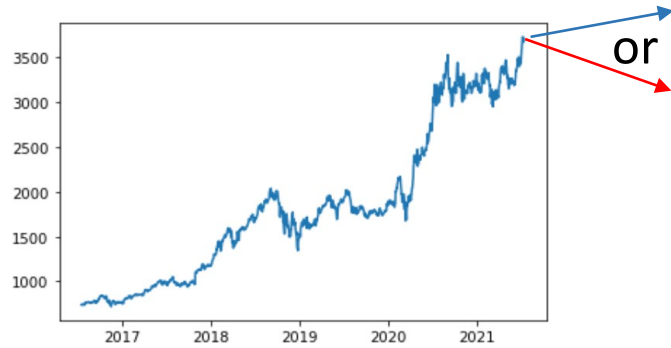
$m \sim$  most recently observation

Month	Expenditure
1	2000
2	2500
3	2200
4	2600
5	2400
6	2500

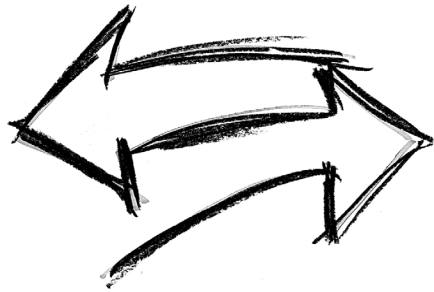
The average expenditure for the last 6 months is **\$2366.67**



# Time Series Forecasting



to predict future data movement



which technique is the best?



many, many different techniques



try out and select the one that seems to work best

# Time Series Forecasting – Moving Average

- Moving Average
  - The next observation is the mean of a selected set of past observations which changes across time

$$\hat{Y}_t = \frac{Y_{t-1} + Y_{t-2} + \dots + Y_{t-w}}{w}$$

$\hat{Y}_t$  = moving average for period t  
 $Y_{t-1}$  = actual value for period t-1  
w = window or interval

# Moving Average Example

Period	Demand	3 Period Moving Average
1	7	-
2	14	-
3	11	-
4	19	10.6667
5	9	14.6667
6	8	13
7	12	12
8	11	9.6667
9	7	10.3333
10	10	10
11	10	9.3333
12		9

3 period moving average

$$\hat{Y}_t = \frac{Y_{t-1} + Y_{t-2} + Y_{t-3}}{3}$$

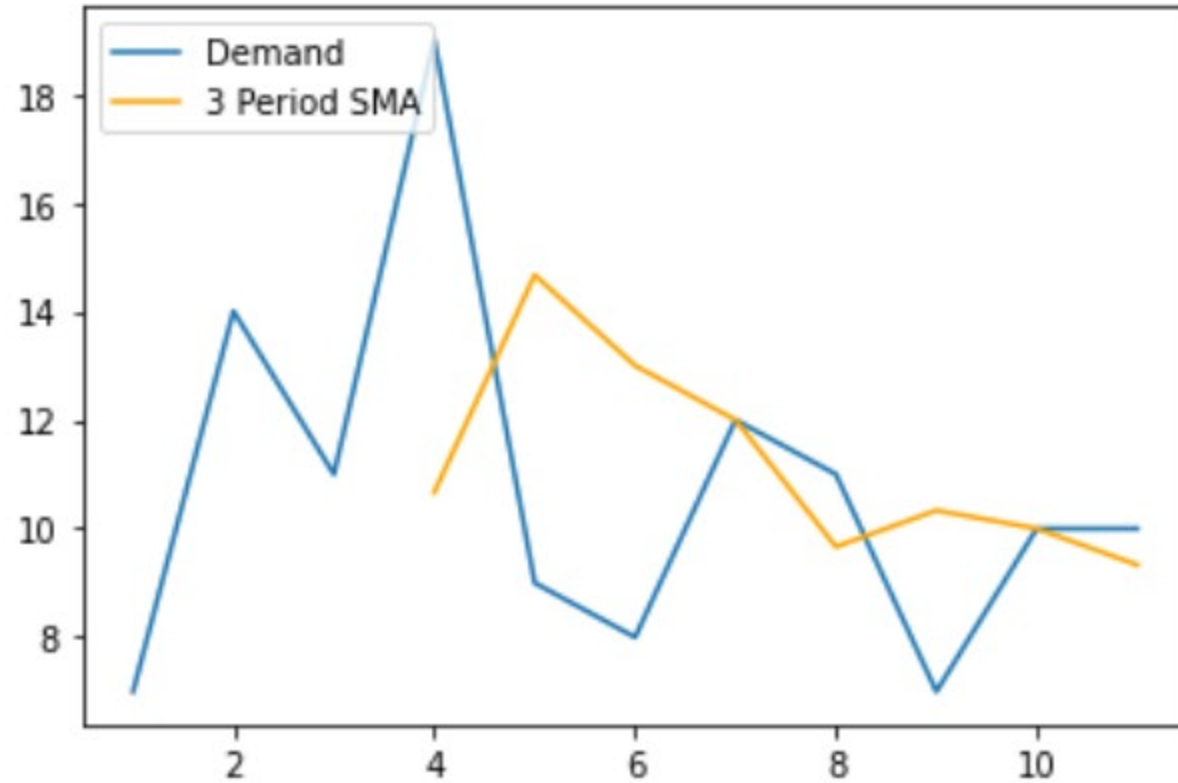
$$\frac{7 + 14 + 11}{3}$$

$$\hat{Y}_4 = \frac{Y_3 + Y_2 + Y_1}{3}$$

$$\frac{14 + 11 + 19}{3}$$

$$\frac{7 + 10 + 10}{3}$$

# Data Visualization – Moving Average



Demand of Product over time

# Moving Average Consideration

- Simple to use
- Good for identifying trends

## Disadvantages

- Didn't factor in past trends or seasonality
- Assume all data points used are of the same weightage

# Weighted Moving Average

- Assign a **heavier weighting** to more current data points since they are more relevant than data points in the distant past.

$$\hat{Y}_t = \frac{3}{(1+2+3)} * Y_{t-1} + \frac{2}{(1+2+3)} * Y_{t-2} + \frac{1}{(1+2+3)} * Y_{t-3}$$

E.g. Time Period = 3

Assign the weight 3, 2, 1 to the recent period, with the most recent period receives a bigger weightage

# Weighted Moving Average

Period	Demand	3 Period Weighted Moving Average
1	7	-
2	14	-
3	11	-
4	19	11.3333
5	9	15.5000
6	8	12.6667
7	12	10.1667
8	11	10.1667
9	7	10.8333
10	10	9.1667
11	10	9.1667
12		9.5000

Time Period = 3

$$\hat{Y}_t = \frac{3}{(1+2+3)} * Y_{t-1} + \frac{2}{(1+2+3)} * Y_{t-2} + \frac{1}{(1+2+3)} * Y_{t-3}$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{6} * 8\right) + \left(\frac{2}{6} * 9\right) + \left(\frac{1}{6} * 19\right)$$

$$\hat{Y}_7 = \frac{3}{(1+2+3)} * Y_6 + \frac{2}{(1+2+3)} * Y_5 + \frac{1}{(1+2+3)} * Y_4$$

# Limitations of Forecasting

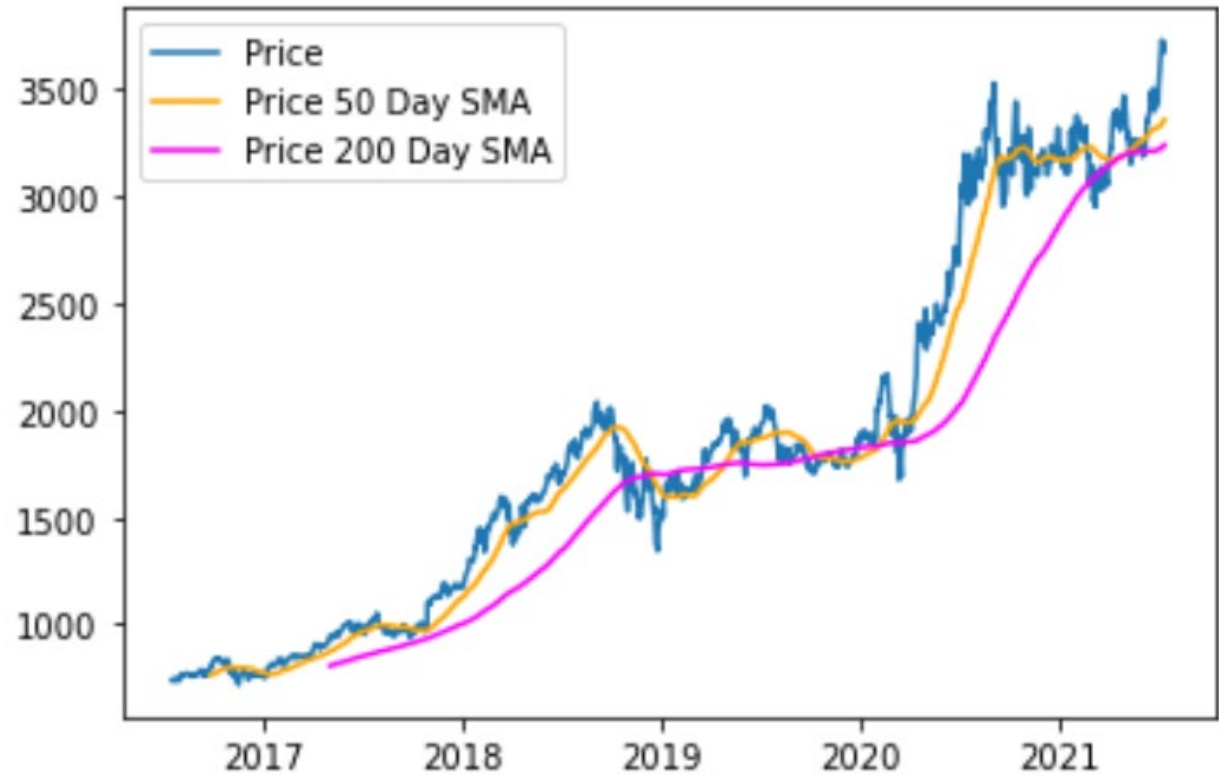
- May do a good job in predicting potential “trends”
- But there are uncertainties especially in predicting immediate data movements





# Validating The Model

How accurate is the forecast using this model?



Should I use 200 days or 50 days period for moving average

# Measuring Forecast Accuracy- MSE or RMSE

## Mean Squared Error

$$MSE = \sum_{t=1}^n e_t^2 / n$$

Let  $e_t = Y_t - \hat{Y}_t$  be the errors of forecast.  
*(the difference between the actual and predicted value)*

## Root Mean Squared Error

$$RMSE = \sqrt{MSE}$$

# Measuring Forecast Accuracy

Period	Actual Value	Predicted Value (3 Period Moving Average )	e	e <sup>2</sup>
1	7	-		
2	14	-		
3	11	-		
4	19	10.6667	-8.3333	69.4439
5	9	14.6667	5.6667	32.1115
6	8	13	5	25.0000
7	12	12	0	0.0000
8	11	9.6667	-1.3333	1.7777
9	7	10.3333	3.3333	11.1109
10	10	10	0	0.0000
11	10	9.3333	-0.6667	0.4445
12		9		
Total				139.8884

$$e_t = Y_t - \hat{Y}_t$$

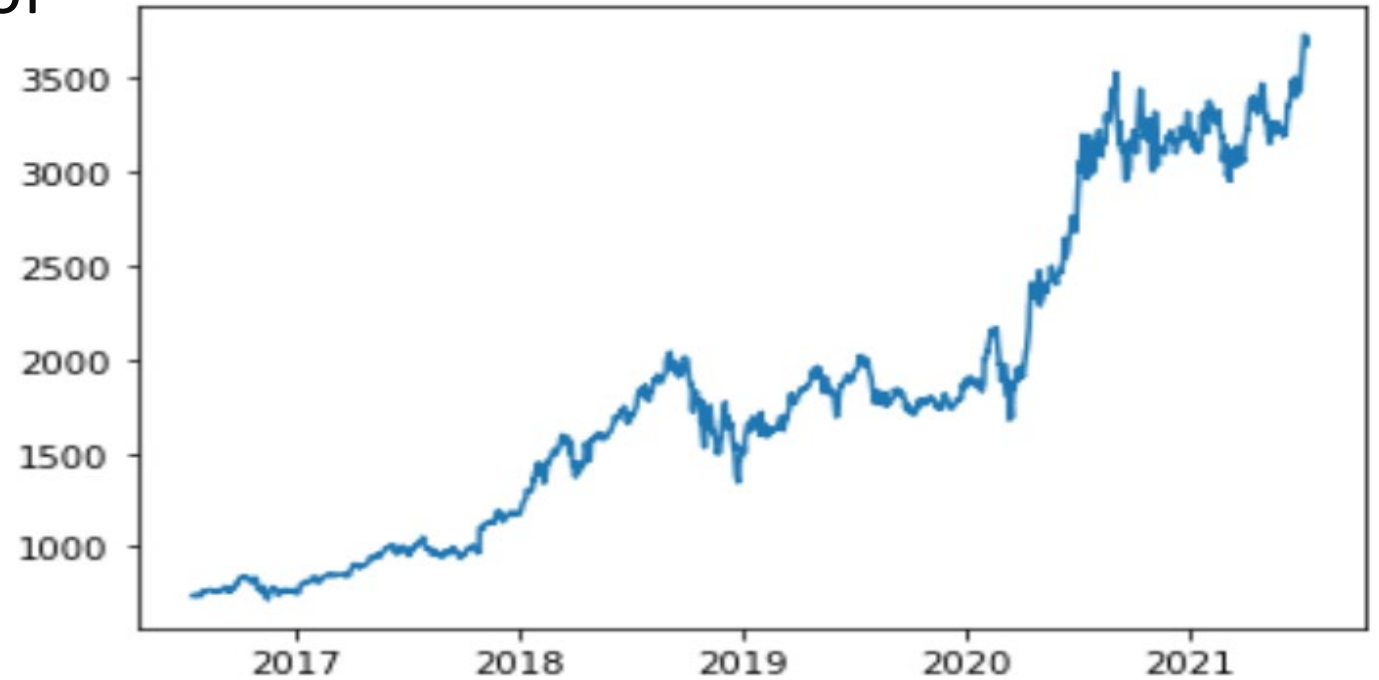
(difference between the actual and predicted values)

The **mean squared error** for the period between 4 and 11 is  
 **$139.8884 / 8 = \underline{17.4861}$**

The **root mean squared error** is  **$\sqrt{17.4861} = 4.1816$**

# Selection of Data

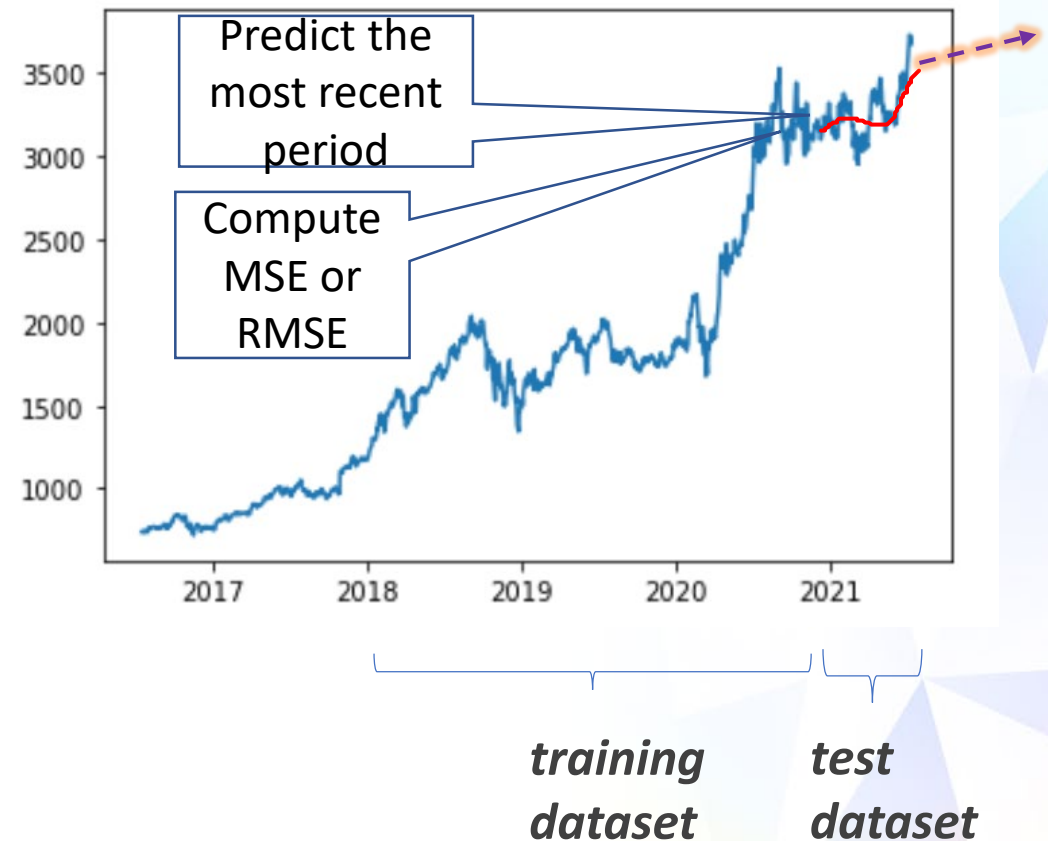
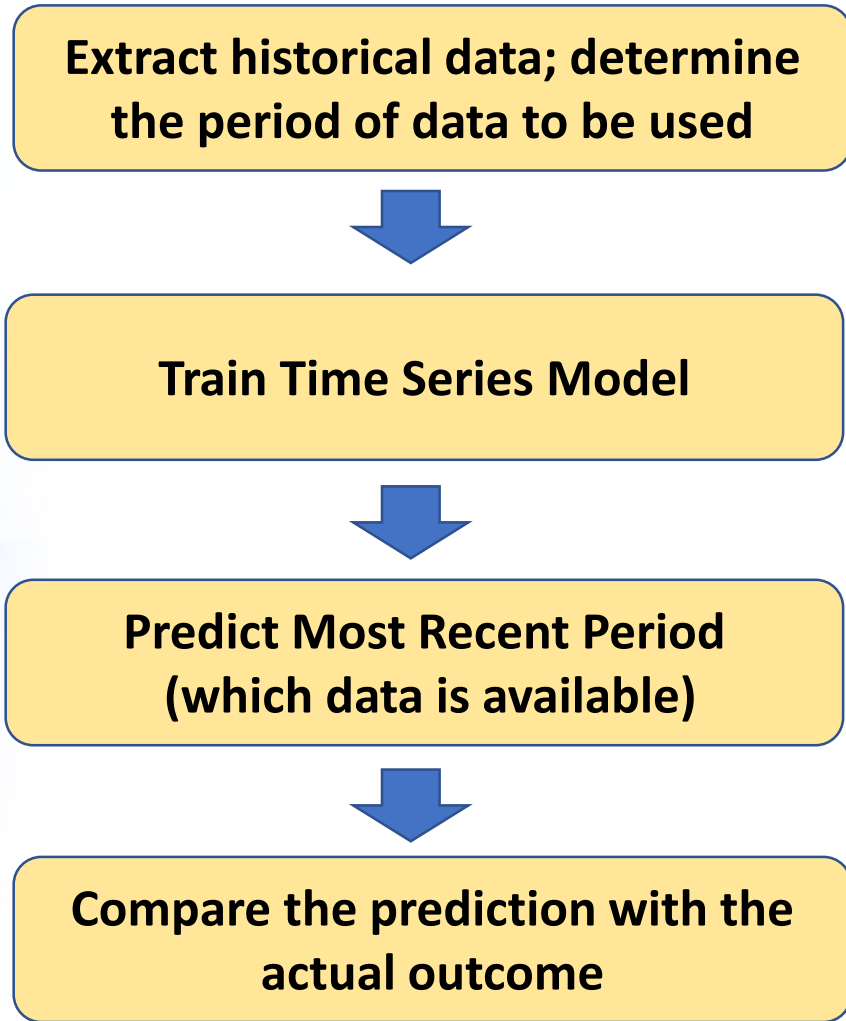
- Select most recent period of available data for training



***Extract 3-years  
of data to build  
the model***

***Reserved  
as test  
dataset***

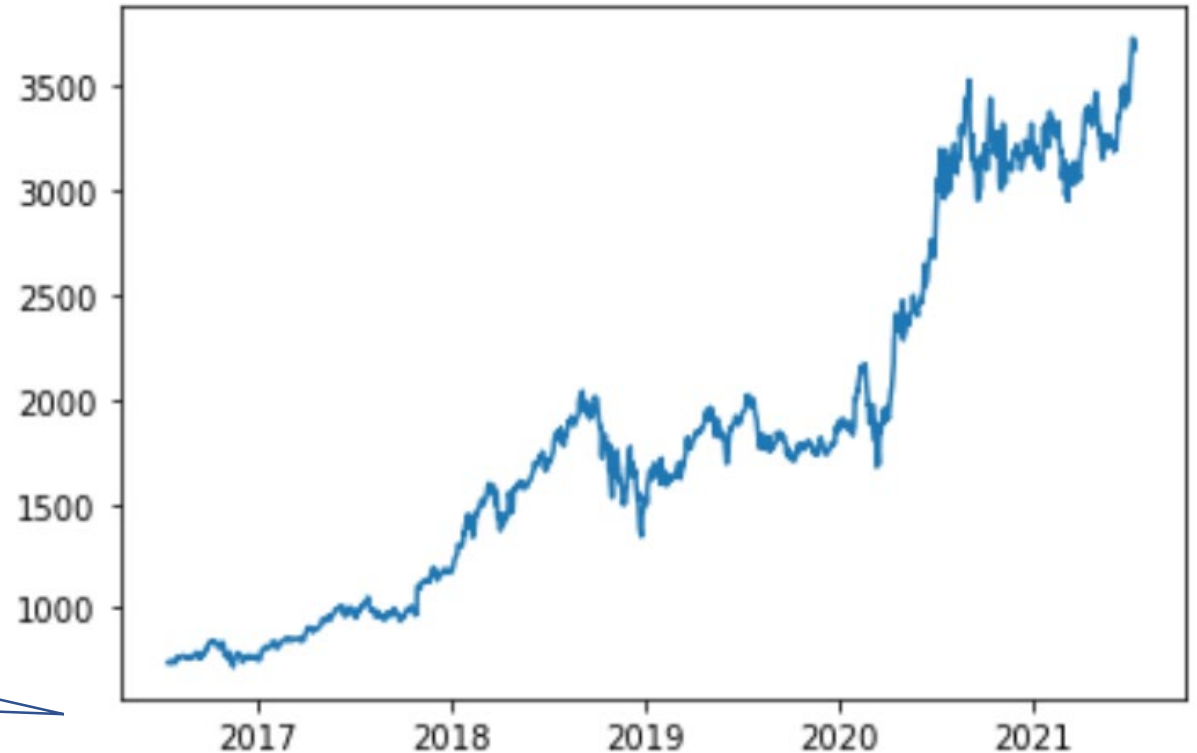
# Building the Model



# When to Retrain?

- Predictions over time becomes less and less accurate
- Retrain the model when the actual data is available

When 2022 data is available, retrain the model with the latest data!



# What Have We Learnt?

- Understand what is time series
- How to perform time series analysis
- How to perform time series forecasting using moving average technique
- Understand the technique to validate a time series forecast

