## 实验一多路选择器

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专业: 电子科学与技术 学号: 171180571 姓名: 吴康正

## 实验源码

使用一个简单的assign语句与条件运算符完成。

```
module scale_mux(out, a, b, sel);
    parameter size = 1;
    output [size-1:0] out;
    input [size-1:0] a, b;
    input sel;
    assign out = sel ? b : a;
endmodule
```

## 测试代码

测试时定义mux宽度为5位进行验证。

```
`define width 5
`timescale 1ns / 1ns
module scale_test;
    reg [`width:1] a, b;
    wire [`width:1] out;
    reg sel;
// Instantiate the mux.
    scale_mux #(`width) m1(.out(out), .a(a), .b(b), .sel(sel));
    initial
      begin
    // Display results to the screen
        $monitorb("%d out=%b a=%b b=%b sel=%b",$time,out,a,b,sel);
    // Provide stimulus for the design
        #10 a = 5'b00001;
        b = 5'b10001;
    // Initialize (select a)
        #10 \text{ sel} = 0;
    // Change the values of a and b (out still equals a)
```

```
#10 a = 5'b11111;
b = 5'b10101;
// Change the value of sel (select b)
#10 sel = 1;
// Change the values of a and b (out still equals b)
#10 a = 5'b11111;
b = 5'b10101;
#100 $finish;
end
endmodule
```

## 测试结果

```
# 0 out=xxxxx a=xxxxx b=xxxxx sel=x
# 10 out=x0001 a=00001 b=10001 sel=x
# 20 out=00001 a=00001 b=10001 sel=0
# 30 out=11111 a=11111 b=10101 sel=0
# 40 out=10101 a=11111 b=10101 sel=1
```

€1.	Msgs		(5)	-/-		
-4 /scale_test/m1/out	5'h15	5hx1	5h01	(5h1f	5h15	
- /scale_test/m1/a	5h1f	5'h01		5h1f		
/scale_test/m1/b	5'h15	5h11		5h15		
<pre>/scale_test/m1/sel</pre>	1h1					

测试结果表明,模块设计正确,模块工作正常。