Analytic Models

Assignment 3

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Question 1.

For *small packets* we have:

```
\begin{split} S_{small} &= 0.01ms, \, P_{small} = 0.1. \\ \lambda_{small} &= P_{small} * \lambda = (0.1) * (8000 \frac{packet}{second} * \frac{1second}{1000ms}) = 0.8 \frac{packet}{ms} \\ \text{So based on Little's law:} \\ U_{small} &= \lambda_{small} * S_{small} = (0.8 \frac{packets}{ms}) * (0.01ms) = 0.008 \\ Q_{small} &= \lambda_{small} * R_{small} = 0.8 R_{small} \\ \text{Since we have a deterministic service time distribution for each class, then we have:} \\ S_{rem_{small}} &= \frac{S_{small}}{2} = \frac{0.01ms}{2} = 0.005ms \end{split}
```

For *big packets* we have:

$$\begin{split} S_{big} &= 0.11ms, \, P_{big} = 0.9. \\ \lambda_{big} &= P_{big} * \lambda = (0.9) * (8000 \frac{packet}{second} * \frac{1second}{1000ms}) = 7.2 \frac{packet}{ms} \\ \text{So based on Little's law:} \\ U_{big} &= \lambda_{big} * S_{big} = (7.2 \frac{packets}{ms}) * (0.11ms) = 0.792 \\ Q_{big} &= \lambda_{big} * R_{big} = 7.2 R_{big} \\ \text{Since we have a deterministic service time distribution for each class, then we have:} \\ S_{rem_{big}} &= \frac{S_{big}}{2} = \frac{0.11ms}{2} = 0.055ms \end{split}$$

Finally for each class based on small class non-preemptive priority we have:

$$R_{small} = S_{small} + S_{small} * (Q_{small} - U_{small}) + U_{small} * S_{rem_{small}} + U_{big} * S_{rem_{big}}$$

$$R_{small} = 0.01 + 0.01 * (0.8R_{small} - 0.008) + 0.008 * 0.005 + 0.792 * 0.055$$

```
Rs = (0.01 - (0.01*0.008) + (0.008*0.005) + (0.792*0.055))/(1 - 0.008)
cat("R small: ", Rs, 'milliseconds')
```

R small: 0.05395161 milliseconds

$$R_{big} = S_{big} + S_{small} * (Q_{small} - U_{small}) + S_{big} * (Q_{big} - U_{big}) + U_{small} * S_{rem_{small}} + U_{big} * S_{rem_{big}} + (R_{big} - S_{big}) \lambda_{small} S_{small}$$

$$R_{big} = 0.11 + 0.01 * (0.8 * R_{small} - 0.008) + 0.11 * (7.2 R_{big} - 0.792) + 0.008 * 0.005 + 0.792 * 0.055 + (R_{big} - 0.11) * 0.8 * 0.01$$

$$Rb = (0.11 + (0.01 * (0.8 * Rs - 0.008)) - (0.11 * 0.792) + (0.008 * 0.005) + (0.792 * 0.055) - (0.11 * 0.8 * 0.01)) / (1 - 0.8)$$

$$cat("R big: ", Rb, 'milliseconds')$$

R big: 0.3297581 milliseconds

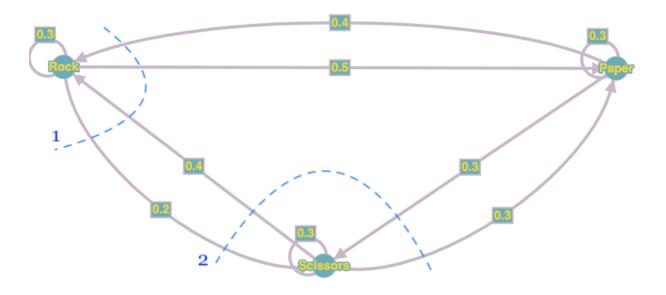


Figure 1: rps state-transition model

Question 2.

hi

```
N = 1:30
for(i in N){
    # find max troughput based on MVA
}
```

Question 3.

a)

This model is provided in figure 1.

b)

We can obtain the following equations by dividing the graph as in figure 1.

$$\begin{cases} P_{rock} + P_{paper} + P_{scissors} = 1 \\ 1)0.4P_{paper} + 0.4P_{scissors} = 0.5P_{rock} + 0.2P_{rock} \\ 2)0.2P_{rock} + 0.3P_{paper} = 0.4P_{scissors} + 0.3P_{scissors} \end{cases}$$

The results are $P_{rock}=\frac{4}{11},\,P_{paper}=\frac{41}{110},\,P_{scissors}=\frac{29}{110}$

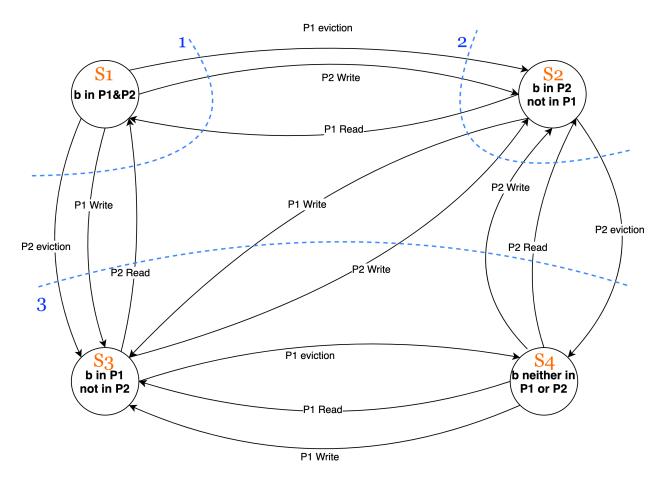


Figure 2: system state-transition model

Question 4.

a)

This model is provided in figure 2.

b)

We can obtain the following equantions by dividing the graph as in figure 2. Read rate for each processor is $\frac{1}{R}$ and Write rate for each processor is $\frac{1}{W}$.

$$\begin{cases} S_1 + S_2 + S_3 + S_4 = 1 \\ 1)P_1Eviction * S_1 + P_2Eviction * S_1 + P_1Write * S_1 + P_2Write * S_1 = P_1Read * S_2 + P_1Read * S_3 \\ \rightarrow \lambda * S_1 + \lambda * S_1 + \frac{1}{W} * S_1 + \frac{1}{W} * S_1 = \frac{1}{R} * S_2 + \frac{1}{R} * S_3 \end{cases} \\ 2)P_1Read * S_2 + P_2Write * S_2 + P_2Eviction * S_2 = P_1Eviction * S_1 + P_2Write * S_1 + P_2Write * S_3 + P_2Write * S_4 + P_2Read * S_4 \\ \rightarrow \frac{1}{R} * S_2 + \frac{1}{W} * S_2 + \lambda * S_2 = \lambda * S_1 + \frac{1}{W} * S_1 + \frac{1}{W} * S_3 + \frac{1}{W} * S_4 + \frac{1}{R} * S_4 \end{cases} \\ 3)P_2Eviction * S_1 + P_1Write * S_1 + P_1Write * S_2 + P_2Eviction * S_2 = P_2Read * S_3 + P_2Write * S_3 + P_2Write * S_4 + P_2Read * S_4 \\ \rightarrow \lambda * S_3 + \frac{1}{W} * S_1 + \frac{1}{W} * S_2 + \lambda * S_2 = \frac{1}{R} * S_3 + \frac{1}{W} * S_3 + \frac{1}{W} * S_4 + \frac{1}{R} * S_4 \end{cases}$$
Finally:

Finally:

$$\begin{cases} S_1 + S_2 + S_3 + S_4 = 1 \\ 1)2S_1\lambda + \frac{2S_1}{W} = \frac{S_2 + S_3}{R} \\ 2)\frac{S_2}{R} + \frac{S_2}{W} + S_2\lambda = S_1\lambda + \frac{S_1 + S_3 + S_4}{W} + \frac{S_4}{R} \\ 3)S_3\lambda + S_2\lambda + \frac{S_1 + S_2}{W} = \frac{S_3 + S_4}{W} + \frac{S_3 + S_4}{R} \end{cases}$$

Question 5.

a)

hi

b)

hi

c)

hi

d)

hi