## Characterizing Measurement Data

## Assignment 1

Question 1.

a)

$$\lambda = 5 \frac{session}{minute} \rightarrow mean = \frac{1}{\lambda} = \frac{1minute}{5session} \times \frac{60seconds}{1minute} = 12seconds$$

b)

Exponential distribution has *memoryless property*. It means that no matter how much time has elapsed since the previous arrival, the mean waiting time at time T for the next entry will still be 12 seconds.

**c**)

$$arrivals = period*lambda = 2minutes*5 \frac{arrival}{minute} = 10 arrivals$$

d)

Because interarrival times are IID, the first arrival doesn't change the mean.

$$time = 3*60 = 180 seconds \rightarrow arrivals = \left\lfloor \frac{180 - 18}{12 \frac{arrival}{seconds}} \right\rfloor = 13 + 1(firstarrival) = 14$$

Question 2.

**a**)

W:

$$mean = \frac{1}{\lambda} = 12 \rightarrow \lambda = \frac{1}{12} = 0.08\overline{3}$$

*X:* 

$$mean = n\gamma \rightarrow \gamma = \frac{12}{3} = 4$$

Y:

$$mean = e^{(\mu + \frac{\sigma^2}{2})} \rightarrow e^{(1 + \frac{\sigma^2}{2})} = 12 \rightarrow ln(e^{(1 + \frac{\sigma^2}{2})}) = ln(12) \rightarrow 1 + \frac{\sigma^2}{2} = ln(12) \rightarrow \frac{\sigma^2}{2} = ln(12) - 1 \rightarrow \sigma^2 = 2ln(12) - 2$$
 
$$\sigma = \pm (2ln(12) - 2)$$

## sigma is: +- 1.723315

Z:

$$\begin{split} mean = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \infty & for \quad \alpha \leq 1 \\ \frac{\alpha*k}{\alpha-1} & for \quad \alpha > 1 \end{array} \right. \\ \alpha = 1.25 \rightarrow mean = \frac{\alpha*k}{\alpha-1} \rightarrow 12 = \frac{1.25k}{1.25-1} \rightarrow 12 = \frac{1.25k}{0.25} \rightarrow 12 = 5k \rightarrow k = \frac{12}{5} = 2.4 \end{split}$$

b)

W:

$$F(x) = P(x < 12) = 1 - e^{-\lambda x} = 1 - e^{-\frac{1}{12} \cdot 12} = 1 - \frac{1}{e}$$

p=pexp(12, rate=1/12)
cat("Probability for exponential distribution is: ",p)

## Probability for exponential distribution is: 0.6321206

X:

$$F(x) = P(x < 12) = 1 - \sum_{n=0}^{2} \frac{e^{-\frac{x}{\gamma}} x^n}{\gamma^n n!} = 1 - \sum_{i=0}^{2} \frac{e^{-\frac{x}{4}} x^n}{4^n n!}$$

p=pgamma(12, shape= 3, scale= 4)
cat("Probability for erlang distribution is: ",p)

## Probability for erlang distribution is: 0.5768099

*Y*:

$$F(x) = P(x < 12) = \phi(\frac{(\ln x) - \mu}{\sigma})$$

where  $\phi$  is the cumulative distribution function of the standard normal distribution.

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p=plnorm(12, meanlog = 1, sdlog = sigma)
cat("Probability for lognormal distribution is: ",p)
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## Probability for lognormal distribution is: 0.8055619

Z:

$$F(x) = P(x < 12) = 1 - \frac{k}{x}^{\alpha}$$

library(EnvStats)

p=ppareto(12, location=2.4, shape=1.25)

cat("Probability for pareto distribution is: ",p)

## Probability for pareto distribution is: 0.8662519

**c**)

*W*:

$$1 - P(x < 240) = 1 - (1 - e^{-\lambda x}) = e^{-\frac{1}{12} \cdot 240} = \frac{1}{e^{20}}$$

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p= 1 - pexp(240, rate=1/12)
cat("Probability for exponential distribution is: ",p)
## Probability for exponential distribution is: 2.061154e-09
X:
                           1 - P(x < 240) = 1 - \left(1 - \sum_{n=0}^{2} \frac{e^{-\frac{x}{\gamma}} x^n}{\gamma^n n!}\right) = \sum_{i=0}^{2} \frac{e^{-\frac{x}{4}} x^n}{4^n n!}
p= 1 - pgamma(240, shape= 3, scale= 4)
cat("Probability for erlang distribution is: ",p)
## Probability for erlang distribution is: 0
Y:
                                     1 - P(x < 240) = 1 - \phi(\frac{(lnx) - \mu}{\sigma})
where \phi is the cumulative distribution function of the standard normal distribution.
p= 1 - plnorm(240, meanlog = 1, sdlog = sigma)
cat("Probability for lognormal distribution is: ",p)
## Probability for lognormal distribution is: 0.004661023
Z:
                                   1 - P(x < 240) = 1 - (1 - \frac{k^{\alpha}}{x}) = \frac{k^{\alpha}}{x}
library(EnvStats)
p= 1 - ppareto(240, location=2.4, shape=1.25)
cat("Probability for pareto distribution is: ",p)
## Probability for pareto distribution is: 0.003162278
Question 3.
Question 4.
Question 5.
a)
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b)c)