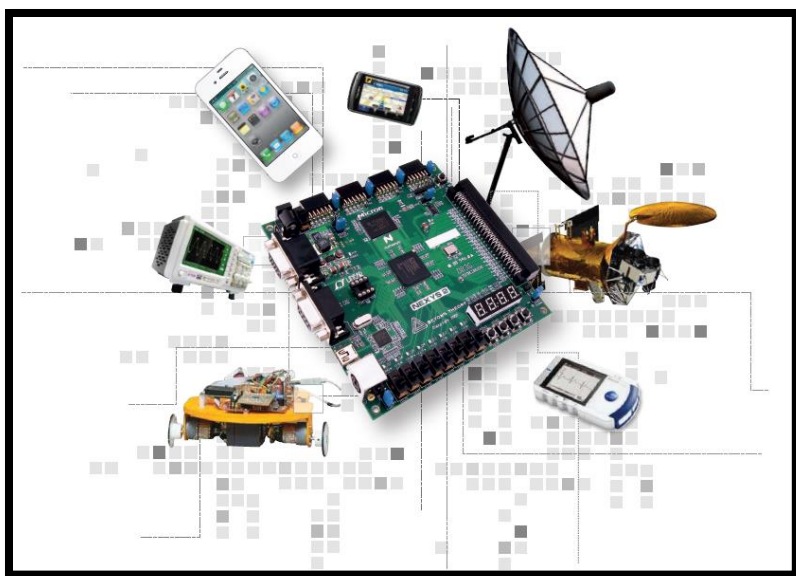


22-2-2024

# Tarea 3

Sistemas embebidos



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## Procedimiento

### Método de Euler

19 02 24

Scribe

Simular:

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{12s+4}{s+8}$$

Ante un escalón unitario.

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{b_0s + b_1}{s + a} \quad \begin{array}{l} b_0 = 12 \\ b_1 = 4 \\ a = 8 \end{array}$$

Multiplicación Cruzada

$$Y(s)(s+a) = U(s)(b_0s + b_1)$$

$$sY(s) + aY(s) = b_0sU(s) + b_1U(s)$$

Transforma Laplace inversa  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}$

$$\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + ay(t) = b_0 \frac{du(t)}{dt} + b_1 u(t)$$

Método de Euler

$$\frac{y(i+1) - y(i)}{h} + a(y(i)) = b_0 \frac{u(i+1) - u(i)}{h} + b_1 u(i)$$

Despejar  $y(i+1)$  y restar 1

$$\frac{y(i) - y(i-1)}{h} + ay(i-1) = b_0 \frac{u(i) - u(i-1)}{h} + b_1 u(i-1)$$

$$y(i) = y(i-1) + h \left[ -ay(i-1) + b_0 \frac{u(i) - u(i-1)}{h} + b_1 u(i-1) \right]$$

## Código en C

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
//Ignacio Andrade
main()
{
    //Tiempo de simulación
    double tfin=2;

    //paso de integración
    double h=0.01;

    //Tamaño del vector
    int n=tfin/h;

    // Vectores
    double t[n], y[n], u[n];

    // Parametros de la FT
    double b0=12,b1= 4, a=8;

    printf( format: "t \t\t y(t)\n\n");

    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        t[i]=i*h;
        u[i]=1; //u[i]=sin(t[i])
        y[i]=y[i-1]+h*(-a*y[i-1]+(b0*(u[i]-u[i-1]))/h)+b1*u[i-1]);

        printf( format: "%0.16f \t\t %0.16f \n", t[i],y[i]);
    }

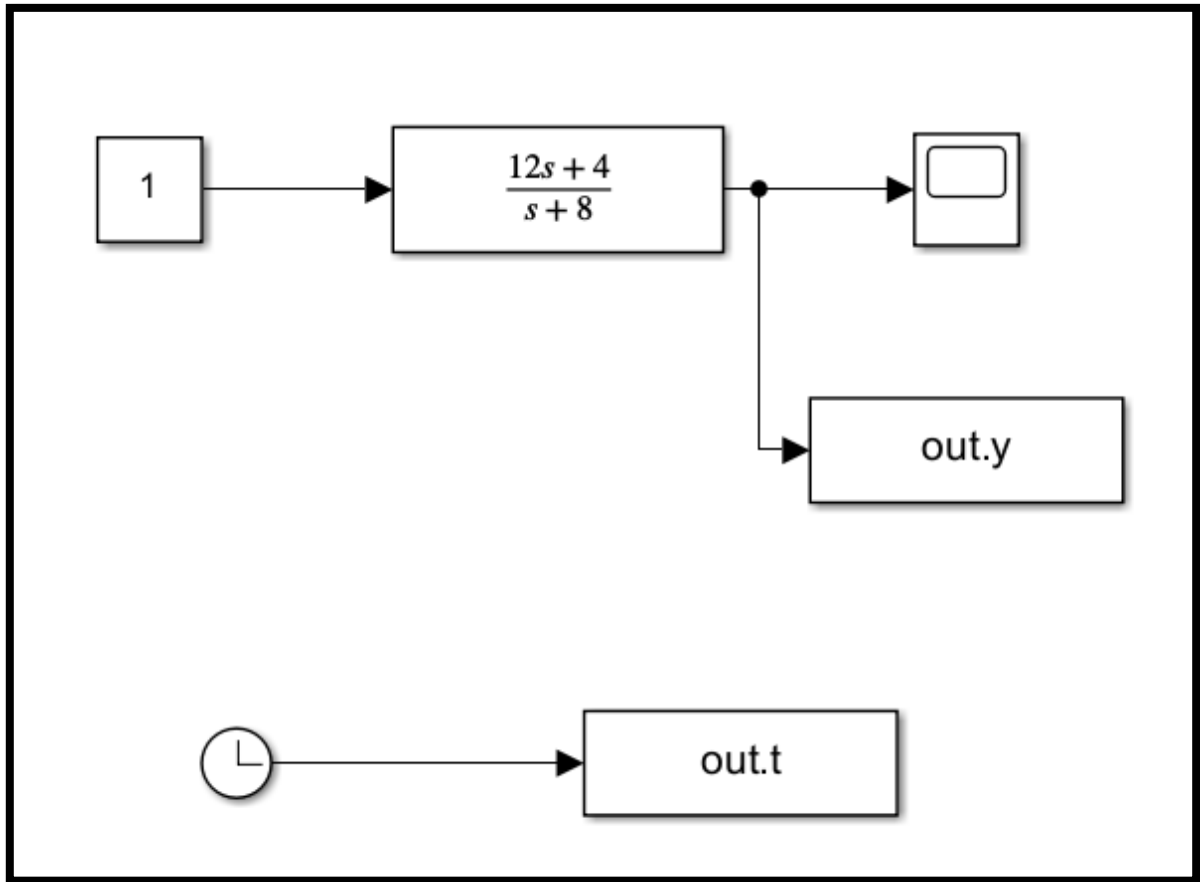
}

//
// Created by Nacho Andrade on 19/02/2024.
//
```

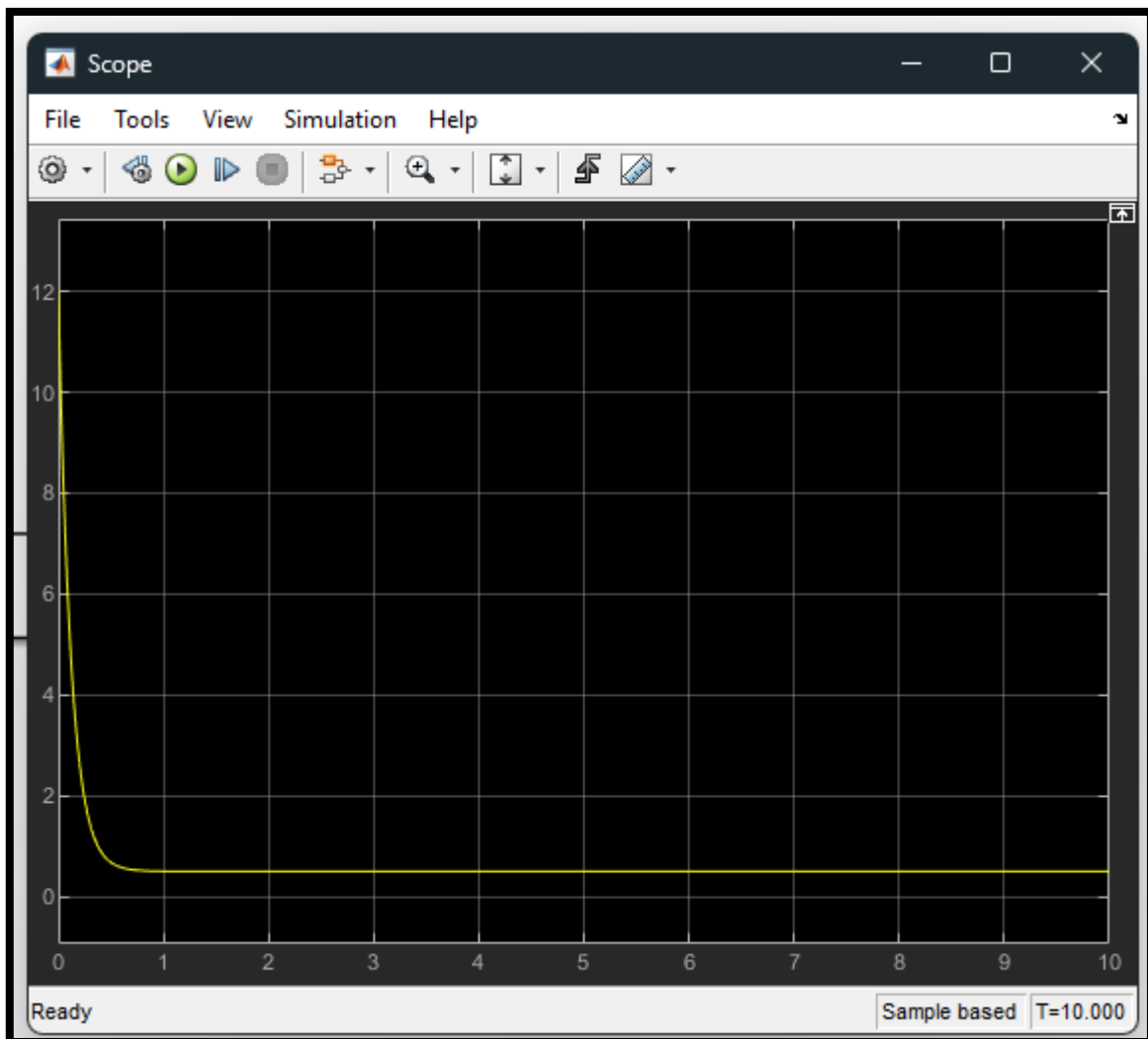
## Resultados en C

C:\Users\Andrés\OneDrive\Desktop\7mo_Semestre\Sistemas Embe-	
t	y(t)
0.000000000000000	12.000000000000000
0.010000000000000	11.080000000000001
0.020000000000000	10.233599999999991
0.030000000000000	9.454911999999998
0.040000000000000	8.738519039999998
0.050000000000000	8.079437516799998
0.060000000000000	7.473082515455998
0.070000000000000	6.915235914219518
0.080000000000000	6.402017041081957
0.090000000000000	5.929855677795401
0.100000000000000	5.495467223571768
0.110000000000000	5.095829845686027
0.120000000000000	4.728163458031149
0.130000000000000	4.389910381388653
0.140000000000000	4.078717550877561
0.150000000000000	3.792420146807356
0.160000000000000	3.529026535062767
0.170000000000000	3.286704412257746
0.180000000000000	3.063768059277126
0.190000000000000	2.858666614534956
0.200000000000000	2.669973285372160
0.210000000000000	2.496375422542387
0.220000000000000	2.336665388738996
0.230000000000000	2.189732157639876
0.240000000000000	2.054553585028686
0.250000000000000	1.930189298226391
0.260000000000000	1.815774154368280
0.270000000000000	1.710512222018818
0.280000000000000	1.613671244257312
0.290000000000000	1.524577544716727
0.300000000000000	1.442611341139389
0.310000000000000	1.367202433848238
0.320000000000000	1.297826239140379
0.330000000000000	1.234000140000148

Diagrama a bloques Simulink



## Gráfica en Simulink





### Resultados en Matlab

```
0 12.000000000000000
0.010000000000000 11.080000000000000
0.020000000000000 10.233599999999999
0.030000000000000 9.454912000000000
0.040000000000000 8.738519040000000
0.050000000000000 8.079437516799999
0.060000000000000 7.473082515455999
0.070000000000000 6.915235914219520
0.080000000000000 6.402017041081958
0.090000000000000 5.929855677795402
0.100000000000000 5.495467223571770
0.110000000000000 5.095829845686028
0.120000000000000 4.728163458031146
0.130000000000000 4.389910381388654
0.140000000000000 4.078717550877562
0.150000000000000 3.792420146807357
0.160000000000000 3.529026535062769
0.170000000000000 3.286704412257748
0.180000000000000 3.063768059277127
0.190000000000000 2.858666614534958
0.200000000000000 2.669973285372160
0.210000000000000 2.496375422542387
0.220000000000000 2.336665388738997
0.230000000000000 2.189732157639877
0.240000000000000 2.054553585028687
0.250000000000000 1.930189298226392
0.260000000000000 1.815774154368281
0.270000000000000 1.710512222018819
0.280000000000000 1.613671244257313
0.290000000000000 1.524577544716728
```