







## MindSpore Challenge 21

#### **Pathology Diagnosis**

Deadline: 30 SEP 2021 **Register Now** 

Computer Vision Identifying Cancer Cells

#### BRIEF INTRODUCTION

MindSpore is an Open AI framework that supports the best Ascend matching and multi-processor architecture for all scenarios

Your team's goal is to develop and design an Al model with the assistance of MindSpore to locate and classify cancer cells in pathological images.

#### WHO & WHY TO PARTICIPATE

Student/ Startups/ Corporation/ Researcher

- Win a chance to cooperate with Huawei.
- 2. Attend a series of workshops for free. 3. A Great chance to interact with experts.

#### WINNER PRIZE

Total Prize up to HKD 345.000!!







# The Challenge - Pathology Diagnosis

competition, participants are invited **MindSpore** as the AI training and inference framework, for developing trustworthy AI pathology diagnosis models that ensures *privacy*, *explainable* and *high accuracy*.

**Ouota** 30 Teams

Team size 1 - 3 Members

**Events** Workshops, Pitching, Award Ceremony

**Competition Rounds** Qualification and Final Rounds

Organizers:

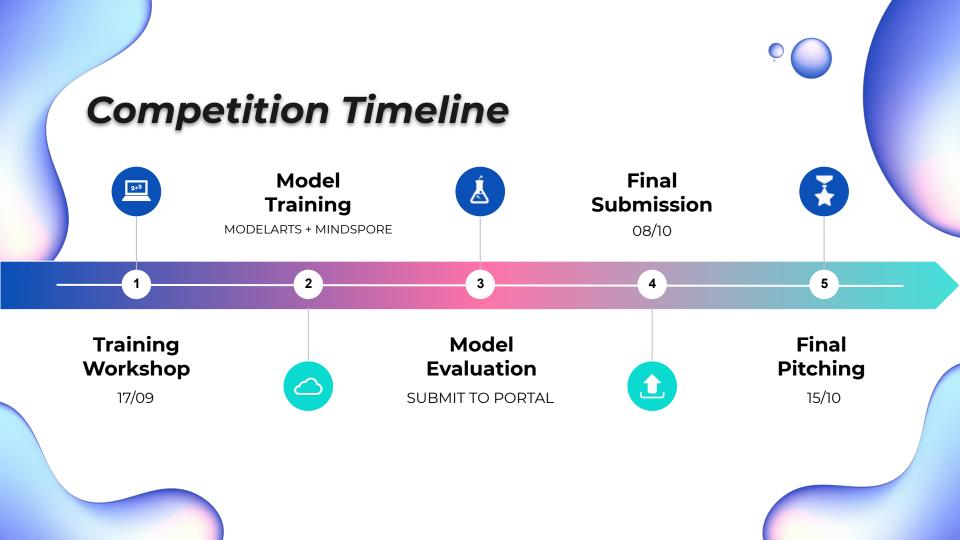








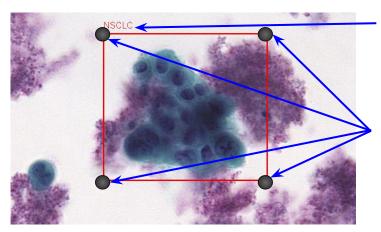




## **Qualification Round - Problem Statement**

Training a **MindSpore** AI model to **identify locations and classifications** of cancer cells in pathological images. The AI Models will **assist pathologists** in the diagnosis of **peripheral pulmonary diseases**.

This is a form of **multi-label object detection**.



#### Classification:

 Class of diagnosed cell

#### Location:

 Bounding Boxes

Class	English Name	Subclass	Example
SCC	Squamous Cell Carcinoma	NSCLC	1 500 C
AC	Adenocarcinom a	NSCLC	
SCLC	Small Cell Lung Cancer	-	A.
NSCLC	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer	-	

## **Qualification Round - Evaluation**

$$ext{Classification Score} = rac{1}{|M|} \sum_{i \in M} ext{FROC}_i$$

$$ext{AUC} = rac{1}{M imes N} \sum_{i \in ext{positive class}} rank_i - rac{M(1+M)}{2}$$

#### Accuracy - FROC

- The trained MindSpore AI models should *accurately locate* and *classify* cancer cells.

Explainability (Bonus) - AUC

- The trained MindSpore AI models should provides *pixel level feature attribution* as an explanation for the task!

Model Score = Accuracy Score \* 0.8 + Explainable Score \* 0.2

The top 6 highest model score teams are invited to enter the FINAL ROUND

## **Final Round & Ceremony**

### **Pitching**

**15 October 2021** 

Venue Charles K Kao Auditorium HKSTP

Time 2 - 6pm

#### Agenda

- Welcoming Speech
- Solution Pitching
- On-site Evaluation
- Result Announcement

### **Award Ceremony**

Event Huawei Cloud Summit 2021

Date **26 October 2021** 

Venue TBD

Time Afternoon



Charles K Kao Auditorium HKSTP

# Prizes!

Winning Teams Award	Prizes per Team	
Model Score Winner	HKD 70,000	
Model Score Runner-up	HKD 50,000	
Pitching Score Winner	HKD 50,000	
Pitching Score Runner-up	HKD 35,000	
Special Price for Explainability	HKD 2,000 (max: 30 winners)	

## Register Now!

OFFICIAL WEBSITE
Sign Up!













RULE BOOK & GUIDELINES

**Get Informed** 



## What is MindSpore?

An **Open AI-framework** that supports the multi-processor architectures developed by Huawei.

It provides a unified APIs and end-to-end AI capabilities for AI model development, execution and deployment in all scenarios, including cloud, edge and devices.



Experience





Flexible Debugging

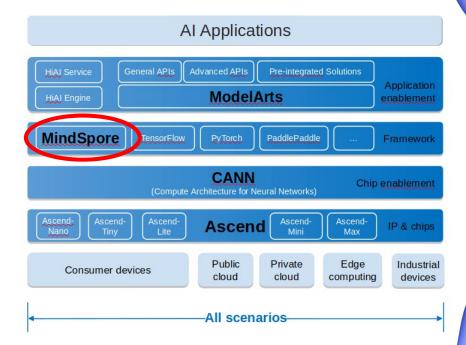


Fully Unleashing Hardware Performance



Quick Deployment in All Scenarios





## **DL Python Modules**

	Dataset Preparation and Preprocessing	Network Construction and Training	Explainable XAI
MindSpore Modules  MindSpore  MindSpore	mindspore.dataset: Complete solution equipped with vision and text operators.	mindspore.nn: network constructions  mindspore.ops: common operators in neural networks  mindspore.model: defining model, optimizers and loss function  mindspore.train: provides common training utilities	mindspore .explainer: Provides methods to evaluate generate saliency maps/other explainable figures from inputs.
Tensorflow Pytorch Modules	tf.data torch.utils.data	tf.keras.Model torch.nn	-



## MindSpore Model Design and Training

#### **Dataset**

```
dataset = ms.dataset.MnistDataset()

dataset.batch # batching data
dataset.map # preprocessing data
```

#### **Network**

```
class Net(ms.nn.Cell):
    def __init__(self):
        super(Net, self).__init__()
        self.flatten = ms.nn.Flatten()
        self.dense = ms.nn.Dense(1024, 10)

def construct(self, x):
        x = self.flatten(x)
        x = self.dense(x)
        return x

net = Net()
```

import mindspore as ms

#### Model

```
loss = ms.nn.SoftmaxCrossEntropyWithLogits()
optimizers = ms.nn.Adam(
   net.trainable_params(),
   learning_rate=0.01
)

model = ms.Model(
   net,
   loss,
   optimizers,
   metrics={"Accuracy": ms.nn.Accuracy()}
)

model.train(epoch=10, dataset)
```

AI APPS

### **Huawei** Cloud



Elastic Cloud Server

ModelArts

# **ELASTIC CLOUD SERVICE** (ECS)

A powerful compute engine for you to deploy any application



### **HUAWEI CLOUD**





Object Storage Service

# OBJECT STORAGE SERVICE (OBS)

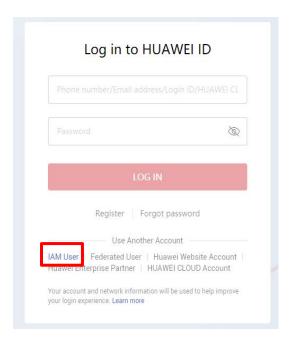
A **cloud storage service** optimized for storing massive amounts of data

### MODELARTS

A one-stop **development platform** for AI developers

#### AND MANY MORE...

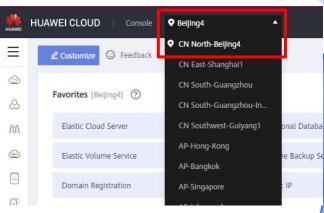




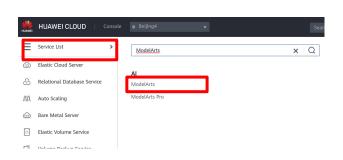
**Press IAM User in Login Page** 



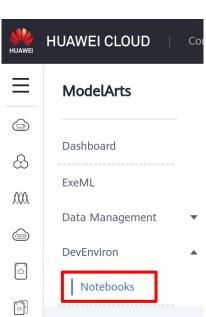
**Login with Credentials!** 



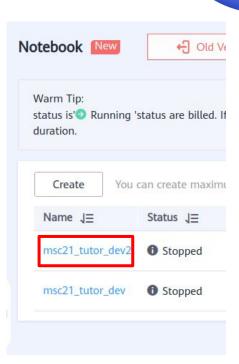
Change the Region to CN-North-Beijing4



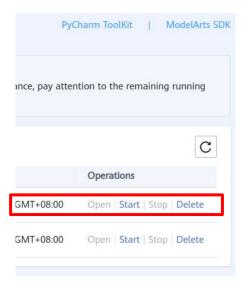
Go to Service List, Search ModelArts



**Click DevEnviron > Notebooks** 



Find your id and start the notebook

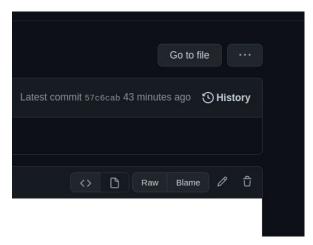


Start the notebook, if its not started

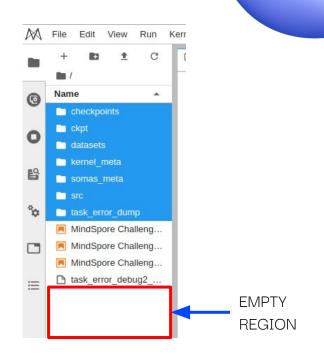


https://github.com/MindSporeChallenge21/resources

Download required notebooks In notebooks folder.



Right Click RAW > save link as ....



Drag and drop the file into the empty region to upload!

## Agenda

### Part I - Beginner Tutorial

- MindSpore Dataset
- MindSpore Neural Network Design
- MindSpore Model Training

#### Part II - Intermediate Tutorial

- Training a YoloV3 model
- Using ModelArts, OBS and Moxing Framework
- Submission to Portal