

# Assignment - 13

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Title :- PTC using TSR program.

Problem definition :-

Write a TSR to generate the pattern of frequency tones by reading the RTC. The duration of each tone is decided by programmer.

s/w requirements :-

(TASM), DOSBox

Text Editor, Assembler

Objective :-

- To understand TSR program
- To understand how to change interrupts in 8086.

Theory :-

Terminate, but stay resident (TSR) programs have two main components

1) Transient part - This part of code is only run once & tells the program location of resident part.

2) Resident part - This part of code stays in the memory even after the code has been executed.

The new instructions of the interrupts are given in the resident part of the code

## Template of TSR BIOS program

- model tiny
- code
- old-ip dw 0
- old-cs dw 0
- jmp transient

Resident :-

- push register
- perform operation
- pop registers

transient :-

```

mov ax, c1      } telling that data segment &
mov ds, ax      } code segment start at same
cld             } point
                }
mov ah, 35H     }
mov al, <int no> } get interrupt es, ip
int 21H         }

```

```

mov oldip, bx
mov old-cs, es

```

```

mov ah, 25H
mov al, <int no>
lea dx, resident } mention new
int 21H           } location of
                  } interrupt
mov ah, 31h
mov dx, offset transient
(sfo)
int 21H

```

getting PTC + displaying

```

mov ax, 03200H
mov dx, 3250H
mov cx, 02
mov es, ax
int 0x02

```

} get address of video  
 } shows clearing  
 } dh = sec.

Display values of ch + cl = dh

Conclusion:-

Thus we were able to change int 02 to display the PTC on screen in 8086 using a TSP program.