Assignment-VI

Tetlet my 1 million to the teller for wired network for following. a. Say Hello to each other b- Pile Transfer. C. Calculator (mithmatic) de Calculator (Trigonometric). Requirements: pents:Pedora OS Blabit, Edipse

Theory 1-

a say Hello to Each other

1. Tep socket programming for wired.

The two key classes from java net package used in coneation of server & client programs are: Jesnes Socket & E Socket. A server progr--an creates a + specific etype of socket that is used to listen for client request (server socket), In couse of

connection request, the program creates a new socket through conich it will exchange data with the client using input & output streams. The socket abstraction is very similar to the the concept: developers have to open a socket, perform 1/0 & close it. A simple server program in Java The stops for creating a simple Server pregram are:

Dopen the server socket: Server societ server = hew server socket (PORT) 2) Wait for the client request Server client = server accepte); (3) Create I/o streams for communicative to the client Douba Input Stream 95= new Data Input stream (client get Inputstream) 4) pertorn communication with dient reciel from client (B) clase socket : client. close (). A simple chient program in Java client program are:

O create a socket object! Socket client = new socket (server, post-id) (2) Create 710 Streams for communicating with the servers, is- new Data Input--stream (client, get Injourt stream). (3) Perstoom To /communication with server Reexeive data from the senier: String line = is readline(), send data do servero! Os contellytes ("Hello"); (4) close the socket when done dient-closery 2. Running Societ Programs Compile both senner & chient prag--rams & then deploy server program code on a machine. Which is going to act as a server & client program which is going to act as a client. IF required, both client & server programs can sup on the same machine to illustrate execution of server 4 dit client programs let us assumre that a machine called mundon o.cosé-unimelbedu au on which are want to sun a server program as indicated below. [raj@mundroo] java simplesener

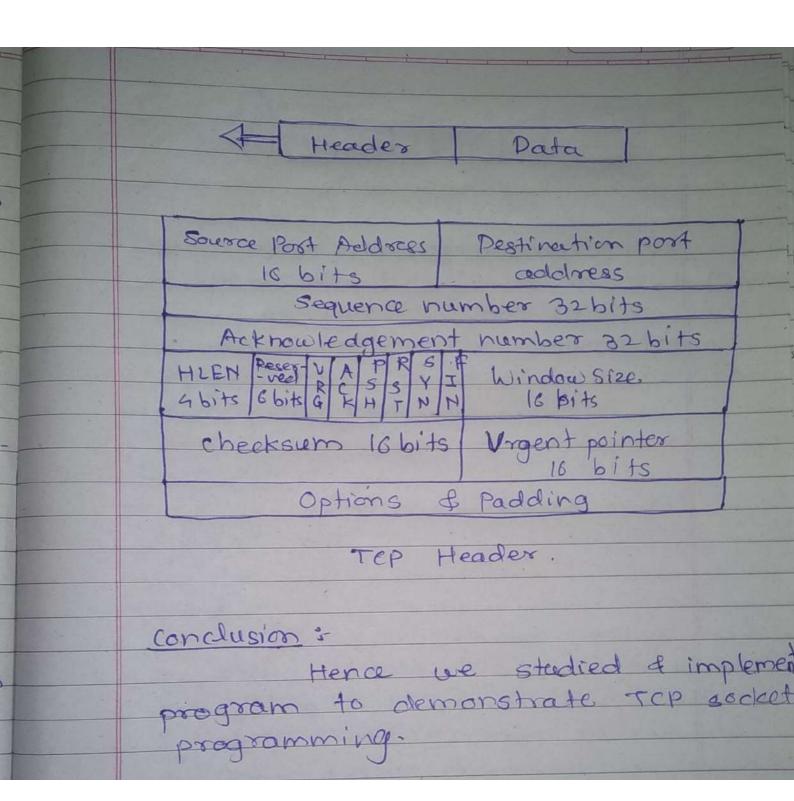
The client program can run on any experience computer in the network (LAN or WAN or internet) as here is no finewall bet then that blocks communication.

Let us way we want to run our client.

[raj@gnibus] java simple Client.

The client program is just establishing a connection with the server of then waits for a message

the communication with the server twhich is waiting for the connection TCP is connection mented full plant that UDP sockets do not need to be connected before being used.



```
//cserver.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include<arpa/inet.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
#define PORT 8052
void die(char *error)
perror(error);
exit(1);
int main() {
sockaddr in server addr, client addr;
int sock=socket(AF INET,SOCK STREAM,0);
if(sock<0)
 die("SOCKET CREATE ERROR");
else
 cout << "Socket Created.";
bzero((char *)&server addr,sizeof(server addr));
server addr.sin family=AF INET;
server addr.sin addr.s addr=INADDR ANY;
server addr.sin port=htons(PORT);
if(bind(sock,(struct sockaddr*)&server addr,sizeof(server addr))==-1)
 die("ERROR IN BINDING");
if(listen(sock, 10) < 0)
 die("ERROR WHILE LISTENING");
socklen t socklen=sizeof(client addr);
int newSocket=accept(sock,(struct sockaddr*)&client addr,&socklen);
char buffer[256];
while(1)
 { cout << "Awaiting client response..." << endl;
 bzero(buffer,256);
 recv(newSocket,buffer,255,0);
 cout<<"Client: "<<buffer<<endl;</pre>
 cout<<">";
 //cin.ignore();
 string data;
 getline(cin,data);
 bzero(buffer,256);
```

```
strcpy(buffer,data.c str());
 //cin.clear();
   fflush(stdin);
 send(newSocket,(char*)&buffer,strlen(buffer),0);
return 0;
//cclient.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include<arpa/inet.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
#define PORT 8052
#define SERVER ADDRESS "127.0.0.1"
void die(char *error)
perror(error);
exit(1);
int main() {
struct sockaddr in server addr;
int sock=socket(AF INET,SOCK STREAM,0);
if(sock < 0)
          cout<<"Socket Could Not Be Created";</pre>
     else
          cout<<"Socket Created Succesfully";</pre>
server addr.sin addr.s addr=INADDR ANY;
server addr.sin family=AF INET;
server addr.sin port=htons(PORT);
int status=connect(sock,(struct sockaddr *)&server addr,sizeof(server addr));
 if(status==0)
 cout<<"\nCONNECT SUCCESS!.";</pre>
 else
 die("connect");
 char buffer[256];
 while(1)
 bzero((char *)buffer,256);
  cout<<">":
  string data;
  getline(cin, data);
  strcpy(buffer,data.c str());
```

```
send(sock,buffer,strlen(buffer),0);
 bzero(buffer,256);
 cout << "Awaiting server response..." << endl;</pre>
 recv(sock,(char*)&buffer,sizeof(buffer),0);
 cout<<"Server: "<<buffer<<endl;
return 0;
//fserver.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include<arpa/inet.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<fstream>
using namespace std;
#define PORT 8566
void die(char *error)
perror(error);
exit(1);
int main() {
sockaddr in server addr, client addr;
int sock=socket(AF INET,SOCK STREAM,0);
if(sock<0)
 die("SOCKET CREATE ERROR");
else
 cout << "Socket Created.";
bzero((char *)&server addr,sizeof(server addr));
server addr.sin family=AF INET;
server addr.sin addr.s addr=INADDR ANY;
server addr.sin port=htons(PORT);
if(bind(sock,(struct sockaddr*)&server addr,sizeof(server addr))==-1)
 die("ERROR IN BINDING");
if(listen(sock, 10) < 0)
 die("ERROR WHILE LISTENING");
socklen t socklen=sizeof(client addr);
int newSocket=accept(sock,(struct sockaddr*)&client addr,&socklen);
if(newSocket<0)
```

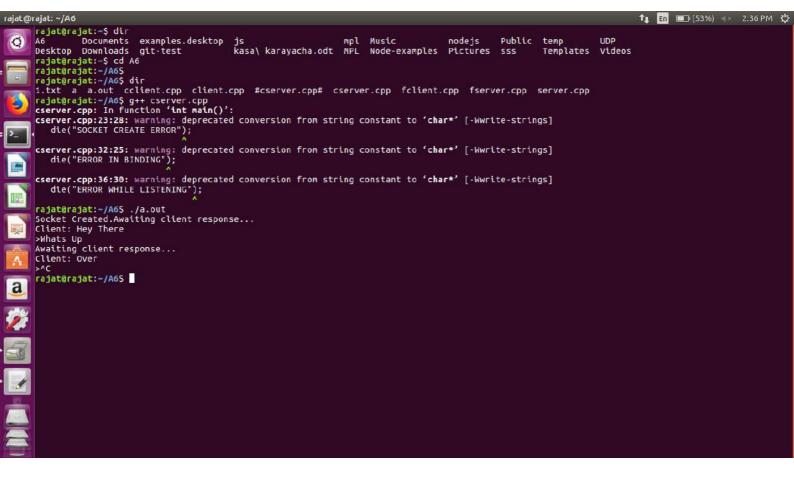
```
die("ACCEPT ERROR");
else
 cout<<"\nCONNECTION ACCEPTED";</pre>
long long int msg len;
 cout<<"\nENter Filename:";</pre>
 char filename[100];
 cin>>filename;
 cout << filename;
 fstream fout;
 msg len=send(newSocket,filename,100,0); //send filename
 if(msg len=-1)
 die("Filename error");
 fout.open(filename,ios::in|ios::out|ios::binary);
  fout.seekg(0,ios::end);
  long long int filesize=fout.tellg(); //get file size
  char *filebuff=new char[filesize];
  fout.seekg(0,ios::beg);
  fout.read(filebuff,filesize); //reading file content
 msg len=send(newSocket,filebuff,filesize,0); //send file conetents
 if(msg len=-1)
 die("File transmission error");
 else
 cout << "Transmission Successful";
 fout.close();
return 0;
//fclient.cpp
#include <iostream>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include<arpa/inet.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<fstream>
using namespace std;
#define SERVER ADDRESS "127.0.0.1"
#define PORT 8566
void die(char *error)
perror(error);
exit(1);
```

```
int main() {
   struct sockaddr in server addr;
 int sock=socket(AF INET,SOCK STREAM,0);
 if(sock < 0)
           cout<<"Socket Could Not Be Created";</pre>
      else
           cout<<"Socket Created Succesfully";</pre>
 server addr.sin addr.s addr=INADDR ANY;
 server addr.sin family=AF INET;
 server addr.sin port=htons(PORT);
 int status=connect(sock,(struct sockaddr *)&server addr,sizeof(server addr));
 if(status==0)
 cout << "\nCONNECT SUCCESS!.";
  die("connect");
long long int msg len;
 char buffer[256];
  cout << "Wating for server to send filename.";
  char filename[100];
  bzero((char *)filename,sizeof(filename));
  msg len=recv(sock,filename,100,0);
  if(msg len=-1)
   die("Filename error");
  cout<<"\nFilename:"<<filename;</pre>
  char *filebuff=new char[90000*80];
  bzero((char *)filebuff,sizeof(filebuff));
  msg len=recv(sock,filebuff,90000*80,0);
  ofstream fout;
  fout.open(filename,ios::out|ios::binary);
  if(!fout)
   die("CANNOT CREATE FILE");
  else
   fout.write(filebuff,msg len);
   fout.close();
   cout<<"File received";</pre>
return 0;
```

```
#include<iostream>
#include<sys/socket.h>
#include<netinet/in.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h> //for exit
#include<unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
using namespace std;
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
int sock = socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM,0);
struct sockaddr in server, client;
server.sin family = AF INET;
server.sin port = htons(8003);
server.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
if(bind(sock,(struct sockaddr*)&server,sizeof(server))){
 cout << "\nBIND ERROR\n";
}
if (listen(sock,5)<0)
 cout << "\nERROR ON LISTEN\n";
socklen t clientlen = sizeof(client);
int newsock = accept(sock,(struct sockaddr *)&client,&clientlen);
float number1,number2,answer;
char operator[2],num1[20],num2[20];
while(1){
 recv(newsock,num1,20,0);
 cout << "\nThe first number is "<< num1 << endl;
 number1 = atof(num1);
 bzero((char*)num1,sizeof(num1));
 recv(newsock,num2,20,0);
 cout<<"\nThe second number is "<<num2<<endl;</pre>
 number2 = atof(num2);
 bzero((char*)num2,sizeof(num2));
 recv(newsock, operator,2,0);
 cout << "\nThe operator is " << operator << endl;
 switch( operator[0]) {
 case '+':
  char ans[20];
  answer = number1 + number2;
  bzero((char*)ans,sizeof(ans));
  sprintf(ans,"%f",answer);
```

```
send(newsock,ans,strlen(ans),0);
  break;
  case '-':
  char ans[20];
  answer = number1 - number2;
  bzero((char*)ans,sizeof(ans));
  sprintf(ans,"%f",answer);
  send(newsock,ans,strlen(ans),0);
  break;
  case '*':
  char ans[20];
  answer = number1 * number2;
  bzero((char*)ans,sizeof(ans));
  sprintf(ans,"%f",answer);
  send(newsock,ans,strlen(ans),0);
  break;
  case '/':
  char ans[20];
  answer = number1 / number2;
  bzero((char*)ans,sizeof(ans));
  sprintf(ans,"%f",answer);
  send(newsock,ans,strlen(ans),0);
  break;
 bzero((char*)_operator,sizeof(_operator));
// client.cpp
#include<iostream>
#include<svs/socket.h>
#include<netinet/in.h>
#include<netdb.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h> //for exit
#include<unistd.h>
#include<arpa/inet.h>//for close
using namespace std;
int main()
int n;
char a[20],b[20],c[20],ans[20];
int sock = socket(AF INET,SOCK STREAM,0);
struct sockaddr in server;
```

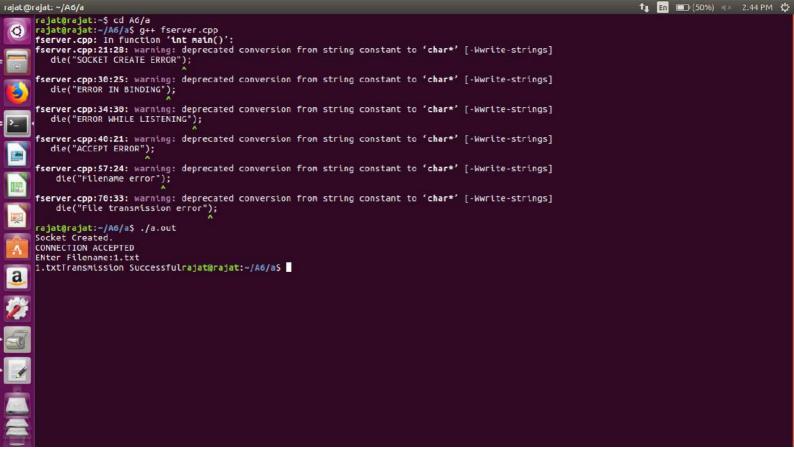
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server.sin_family = AF_INET;
server.sin port = htons(8003);
server.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
cout << ntohl(server.sin addr.s addr);
connect(sock,(struct sockaddr *)&server,sizeof(server));
while(1){
cout<<"\nEnter First Number\n";</pre>
cin>>a;
send(sock,a,strlen(a),0);
bzero((char*)a,sizeof(a));
cout<<"\nEnter Second Number\n";</pre>
cin>>b;
send(sock,b,strlen(b),0);
bzero((char*)b,sizeof(b));
cout<<"\nEnter Operator\n";</pre>
cin>>c;
send(sock,c,strlen(c),0);
bzero((char*)c,sizeof(c));
recv(sock,ans,20,0);
cout<<"Result:"<<(float)atof(ans);</pre>
bzero((char*)ans,sizeof(ans));
```

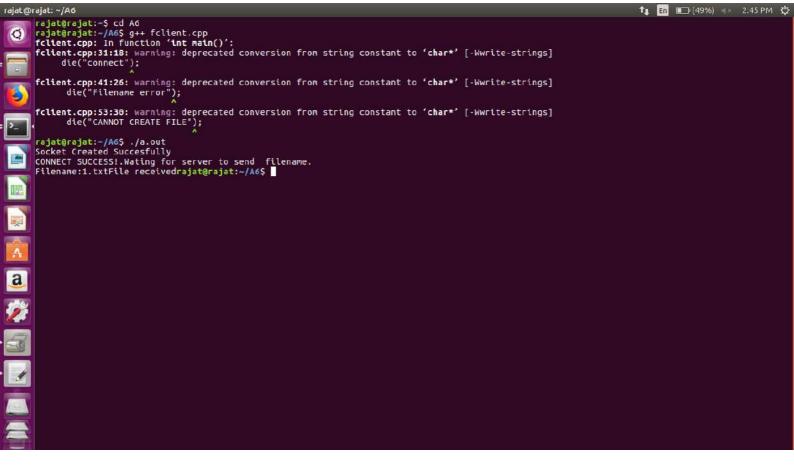


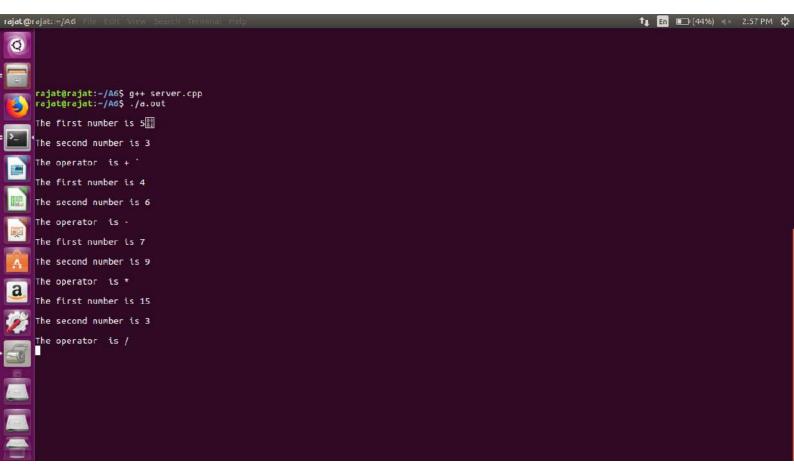
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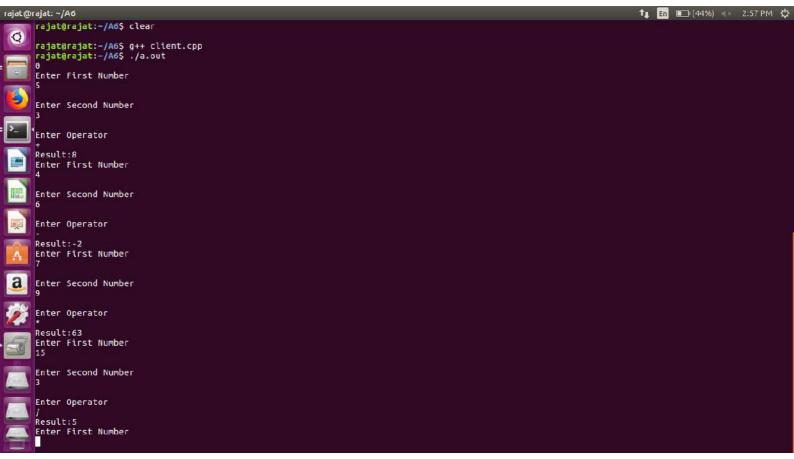
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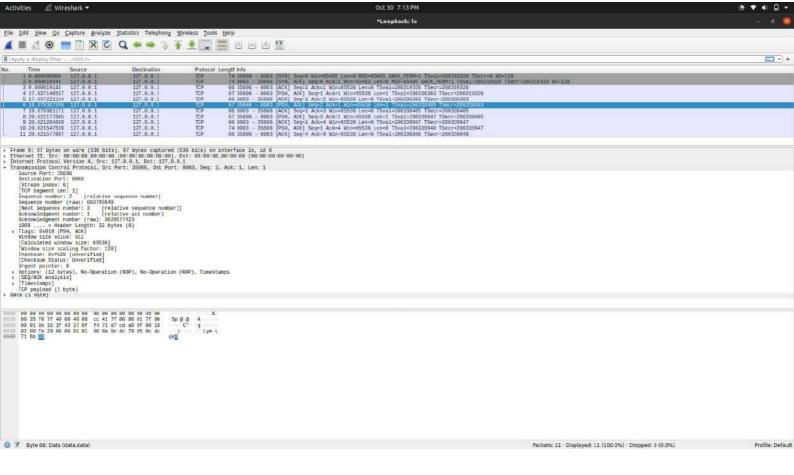
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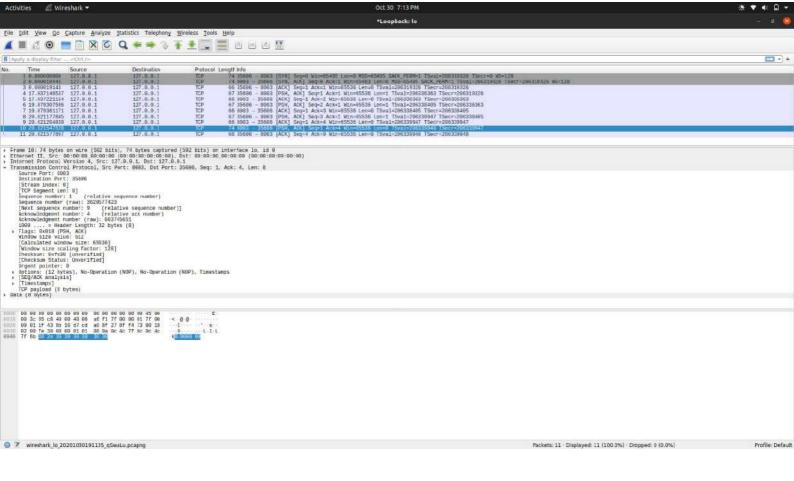


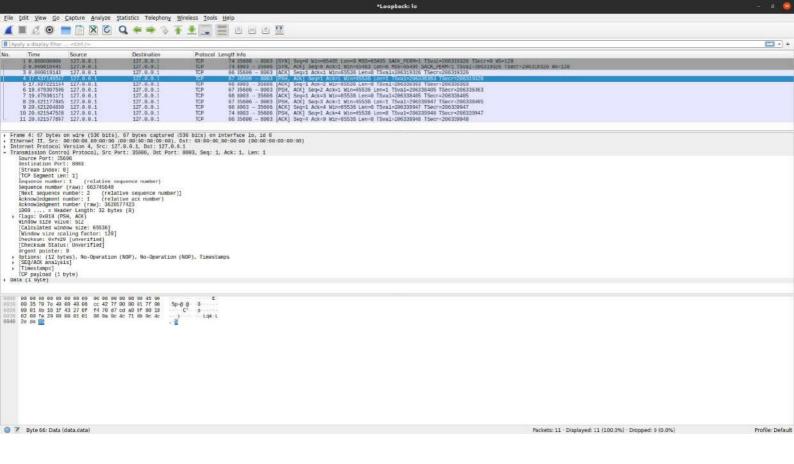


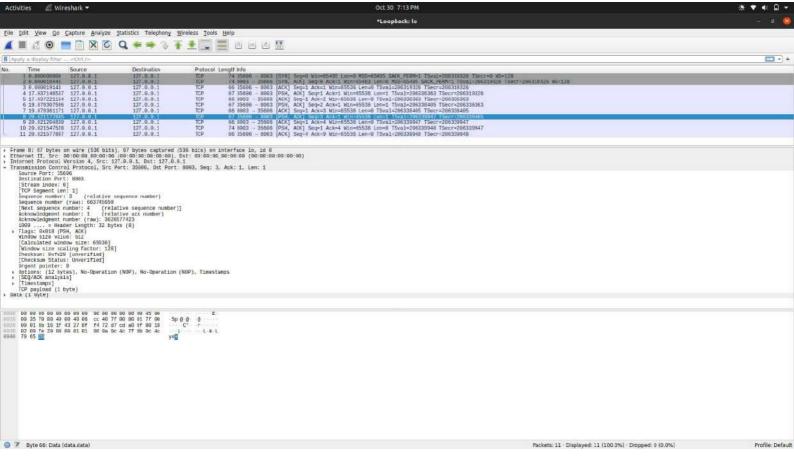


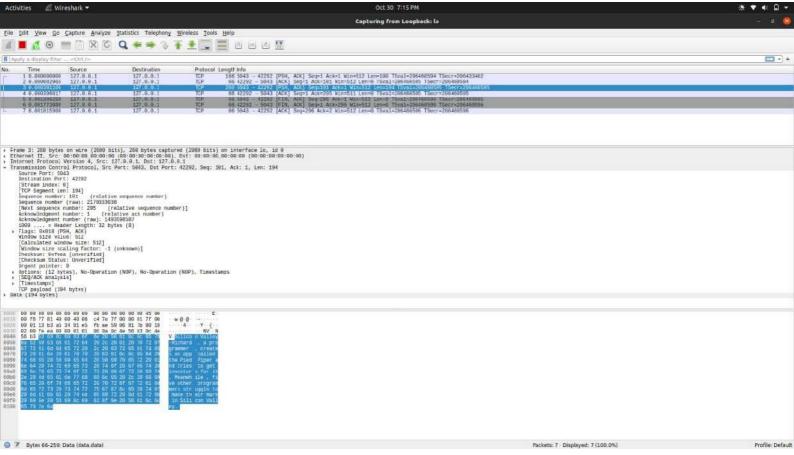


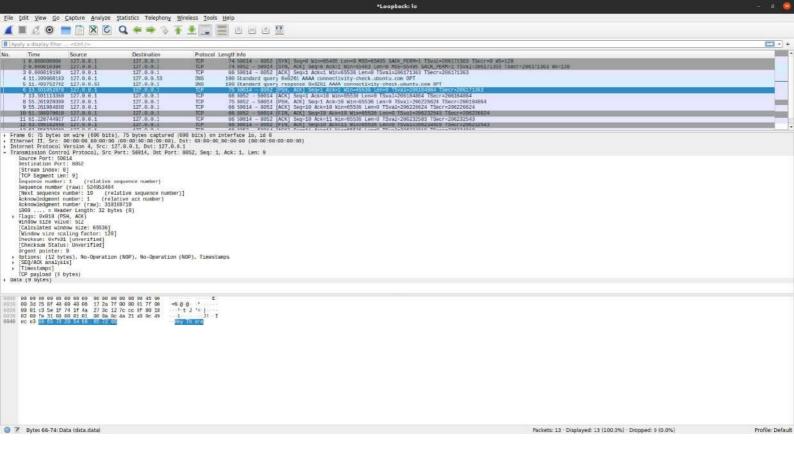


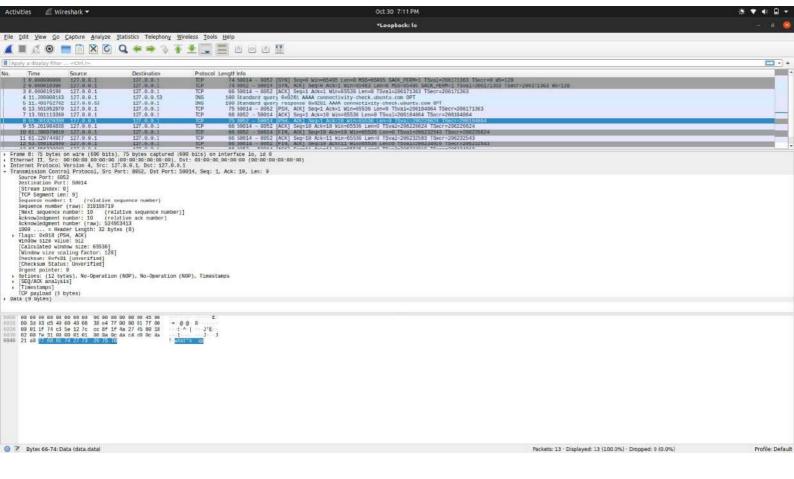












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