

# Assignment - B2

## Problem Statement :-

Use network simulator ns-2 to implement

- (a) monitoring traffic for given topology.
- (b) Analysis of CSMA & ethernet protocols.
- (c) Network Routing : shortest path routing.
- (d) Analysis of congestion control (TCP, UDP).

## Theory :-

### - Network Traffic Monitoring :-

Network traffic monitoring is the process of reviewing, analyzing & managing network traffic for any abnormality or process that can affect network performance, availability & security. It is a network management process that uses various tools & techniques to study computer network based communication data.

### - Carrier-sense Multiple Access (CSMA) :-

It is media Access Control (MAC) protocol in which a node verifies the absence of traffic before transmitting



on a shared transmitting medium such as electrical or a band of magnetic spectrum.

- A transmitter attempts to determine whether another transmission is in progress before initiating a transmission.

- Using CSMA, multiple nodes may, in turn send & receive on same medium.

- CSMA / CD -

- It is modification of pure CSMA.

- Used to improve CSMA performance by terminating transmission as soon as collision is detected ; thus shortening the time required before a retry can be attempted.

- It is the LAN access method used in ethernet.

- Network Routing :

Routing is the process of selecting a path for traffic in a network or between or across multiple networks.



## AODV Routing protocol :-

- AODV (Ad-hoc on Demand Distance Vector) is loop free routing protocol for ad-hoc networks.
- At each node, AODV, maintains a routing table.  
The routing table entry for a destination contains three essential fields.
  - a next hop node
  - a sequence no.
  - a hop count.

## Congestion In Computer Network :-

A state occurring in network layers when message traffic is so heavy that it slows down network response time.

## Effects of congestion :-

- As delay increases, performance decreases.
- If delay increases, retransmission occurs, making situation worse.
- Congestion control is network layer issue.

### Network Simulator :-

A network simulator is a software that predicts the behaviour of computer network.

### TCL :-

- It is tool command language
- It is powerful scripting language with programming language.

### Conclusion :-

We have learnt the concepts of monitoring network traffic, CSMA protocol, network routing, ARP routing protocol & demonstrated using NS-2 (Network simulator).

```
set ns [new Simulator]
```

```
$ns color 1 Blue
```

```
$ns color 2 Red
```

```
set nf [open out.nam w]
```

```
$ns namtrace-all $nf
```

```
set nt [open out.tr w]
```

```
$ns trace-all $nt
```

```
proc finish {} {
```

```
    global ns nf nt
```

```
    $ns flush-trace
```

```
    close $nf
```

```
    close $nt
```

```
    exec nam out.nam &
```

```
    exit 0
```

```
}
```

```
set n0 [$ns node]
```

```
set n1 [$ns node]
```

```
set n2 [$ns node]
```

```
set n3 [$ns node]
```

```
set n4 [$ns node]
```

```
$ns duplex-link $n0 $n3 2Mb 10ms DropTail
```

```
$ns duplex-link $n1 $n3 2Mb 10ms DropTail
```

```
$ns duplex-link $n3 $n2 1Mb 10ms DropTail
```

```
$ns duplex-link $n3 $n4 1Mb 10ms DropTail
```

```
$ns queue-limit $n3 $n2 10
```

```
$ns queue-limit $n3 $n4 10
```

```
$ns duplex-link-op $n0 $n3 orient right-down
```

```
$ns duplex-link-op $n1 $n3 orient right-up
```

```
$ns duplex-link-op $n3 $n2 orient right-up
```

```
$ns duplex-link-op $n3 $n4 orient right-down
```

```
$ns duplex-link-op $n3 $n2 queuePos 0.5
```

```
$ns duplex-link-op $n3 $n4 queuePos 0.5
```

```
set tcp [new Agent/TCP]
```

```
$tcp set class_ 2
```

```
$ns attach-agent $n0 $tcp
```

```
set sink [new Agent/TCPSink]
```

```
$ns attach-agent $n2 $sink
```

```
$ns connect $tcp $sink  
$tcp set fid_ 1
```

```
set tcp1 [new Agent/TCP]  
$tcp1 set class_ 2  
$ns attach-agent $n1 $tcp1  
set sink1 [new Agent/TCPSink]  
$ns attach-agent $n4 $sink1  
$ns connect $tcp1 $sink1  
$tcp1 set fid_ 2
```

```
set ftp [new Application/FTP]  
$ftp attach-agent $tcp  
$ftp set type_ FTP
```

```
set ftp1 [new Application/FTP]  
$ftp1 attach-agent $tcp1  
$ftp1 set type_ FTP
```

```
$ns at 0.1 "$ftp start"  
$ns at 2 "$ftp stop"  
$ns at 0.2 "$ftp1 start"  
$ns at 2 "$ftp1 stop"  
$ns at 2.1 "finish"
```

```
$ns run
```



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```
rajat@minekarrajat619:~/Desktop/ass10-ns2-star$ ls
out.nam out.tr packet_delivery_ratio.awk star.tcl throughput.awk
rajat@minekarrajat619:~/Desktop/ass10-ns2-star$ awk -f throughput.awk out.tr
Number of records is 4620
Output:
- Total transmitted bits = 6634240 bits
- Total droppedBits bits = 99840 bits
- duration = 1.96664 s
- Throughput = 3373.39 kbps.
rajat@minekarrajat619:~/Desktop/ass10-ns2-star$
```