

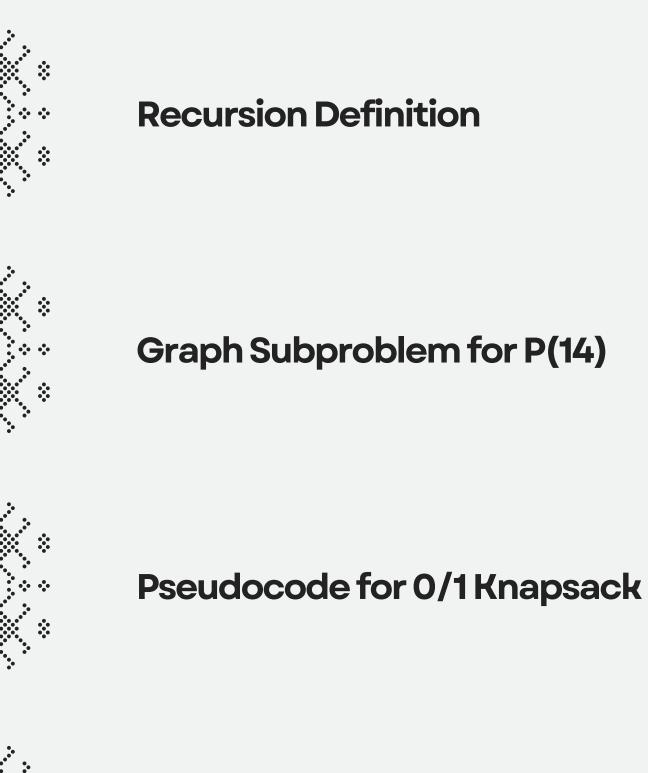
### Project 3 Dynamic Programming

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Python Implement for 0/1 Knapsack

#### 1. Recursion Function



P(C) = Maximum Profit

C = Capacity of the Knapsack

n = Number of items

W[n] = Weight of the n'th item

P[n] = Profit of the n'th item

Base Case: P(0) = 0

If C > 0 and n > 0

$$P(C) = max[P(C), P(C-wi)+pi]$$

### 2. Subproblem Graphs

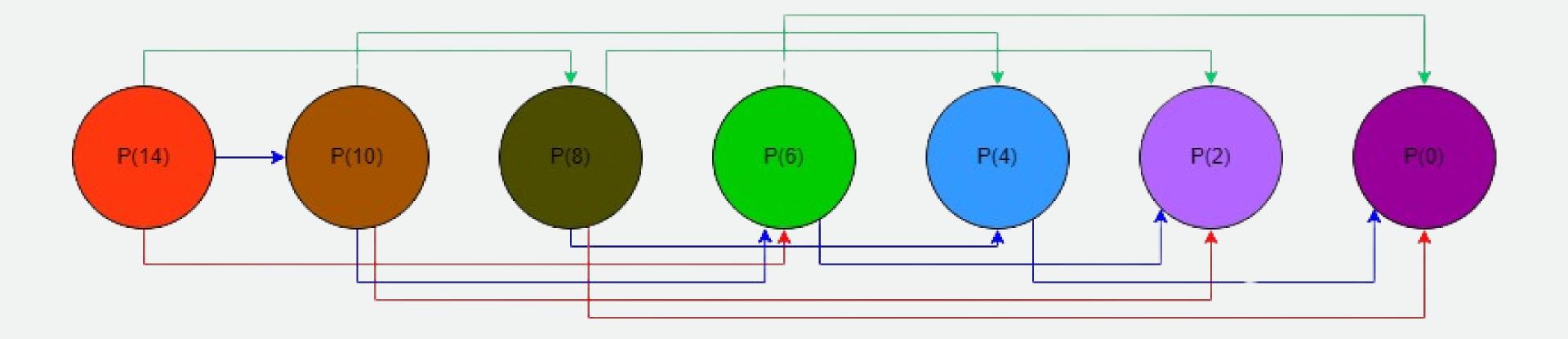


Subproblem graph for P(14), where n=3

	0	1	2
Wi	4	6	8
pi	7	6	9

#### 2. Subproblem Graph 1





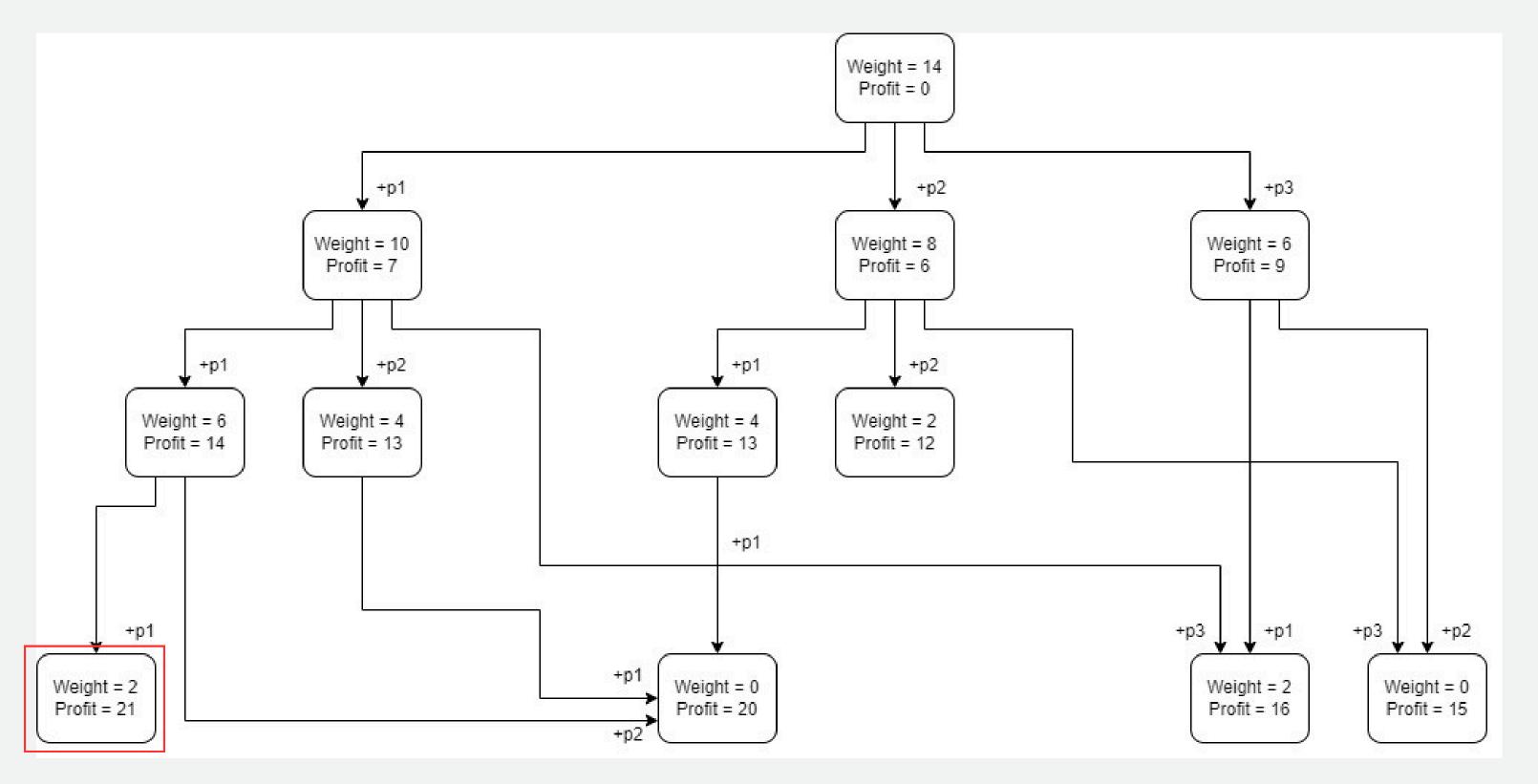
Red Arrow: P(8)

Green Arrow: P(6)

Blue Arrow: P(4)

### 2. Subproblem Graph 2





#### 3. Pseudocode



```
Function BottomUpKnapSack(c,n,pi,wi):

P = 1D of size (c+1), initialized to 0

for I from 1 to c+1:

for j from 1 to n:

if wi[j] <= i then

P[i] = max(P[i],P[i-wi[j]] + pi[j])

end for
end for
return P[c]
```



#### 4. Implementation In Python

Time Complexity: O(c\*n)



#### 4. Test Cases

## Part A Capacity is 14 Number of items is 3 Weights are [4, 6, 8] Values are [7, 6, 9] Maximum Profit is 21

## Part B Capacity is 14 Number of items is 3 Weights are [5, 6, 8] Values are [7, 6, 9]

Maximum Profit is 16

#### Part A

• Capacity:14

• No. of Items: 3

• Weights: [4,6,8]

• Values: [7,6,9]

Maximum Profit: 21 (Item 1, Item 1, Item 1)

#### Part B

• Capacity:14

• No. of Items: 3

• Weights: [5,6,8]

• Values: [7,6,9]

Maximum Profit: 16 (Item 2, Item 3)

0 to 3	0	
4 to 7	7	
8 - 11	14	
12 - 14	21	

0 to 4	0
5 to 7	7
8 to 9	9
10 to 12	14
13 to 14	16

# Thank you for your attention