

FIR(u).

1. 用黑冲窗, $N=37$

2. 用 Hanning, $N=63$

3. $N=3$, $M=1$, Low pass, $f_c = 250\text{Hz}$, $f_s = 800\text{Hz}$, Hanning.

$$\text{or, } W(n) = 0.54 + 0.46 \cos \pi n \Rightarrow W(n) = \{0.08, \underset{\uparrow}{1}, 0.08\}.$$

$$h(n) = \cancel{W(n) \cdot \text{sinc}(n)} \Rightarrow W_c = 2\pi f_c / f_s = 0.625\pi$$

$$\text{sinc}(n) = \begin{cases} 0.625 & n=0 \\ \frac{\sin W_c n}{\pi n} & n \neq 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow h(n) = W(n) \cdot \text{sinc}(n) = \{0.024, 0.625, 0.024\}.$$

$$\Rightarrow H(z) = \sum_{n=0}^2 h(n) z^{-n} = 0.024 + 0.625 z^{-1} + 0.024 z^{-2} \quad \uparrow \text{ 平移}$$

$$\Rightarrow y(n) = 0.024 x(n) + 0.625 x(n-1) + 0.024 x(n-2).$$

$$(b) H(\omega) = e^{-j\omega} (0.625 + 0.048 \cos \omega) \Rightarrow |H(\omega)| = 0.625 + 0.048 \cos \omega$$

$$\Rightarrow |H(0)| = 0.673, |H(0.5\pi)| = 0.625, |H(\pi)| = 0.577$$

$$(c) H(\omega) = |H(\omega)| e^{j\angle H} \Rightarrow \angle H = -\omega \Rightarrow \angle(\omega) = 1 \therefore \text{是}$$

4. $N=5$, 带阻, $f_c = 2\text{kHz}$, $f_H = 2.4\text{kHz}$, $f_s = 8\text{kHz}$, 求 $H(z)$.

$$\omega_c = 0.5\pi, \omega_H = 0.6\pi. h(\omega) = 1 - \frac{\omega_H + \omega_L}{\pi} = 0.9. h(1) = h(-1) = -\frac{\sin \omega_H - \sin \omega_L}{\pi}$$

$$h(2) = h(-2) = 0.094. \quad = 0.0156$$

$$\Rightarrow H(z) = \sum_{n=-2}^2 h(n) z^{-n} = 0.094 + 0.0156 z^{-1} + 0.9 z^{-2} + 0.0156 z^{-3} + 0.094 z^{-4}$$

5. low pass, $0 \sim 0.15\pi$, 用 Hanning, $\Delta\omega = 0.25\pi \geq \frac{3.5 \times 2}{N} \Rightarrow N=27, M=13$

$$\therefore W(n) = 0.54 + 0.46 \cos \frac{\pi n}{13}, \quad W_c = \frac{1}{2}(0.15\pi + 0.4\pi) = 0.275\pi$$

$$\text{sinc}(n) = \begin{cases} 0.275 & n=0 \\ \frac{\sin W_c n}{\pi n} & n \neq 0 \end{cases} \quad n \in [-13, 13] \cap \text{偶数}$$

$$h_1(n) = W(n) \cdot \text{sinc}(n) = \begin{cases} 0.275 & n=0 \\ [0.54 + 0.46 \cos \frac{\pi n}{13}] [\frac{\sin(0.275\pi \cdot n)}{\pi n}] & n \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$h(n) = h_1(n-13) \text{ 平移}$$



6. $N=5$, $M=2$, Blackman.

$$W(n) = 0.42 + 0.5 \cos \frac{\pi n}{2} + 0.08 \cos \frac{3\pi n}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow W(-1) = W(1) = 0.34, \quad W(2) = W(-2) = 0, \quad W(0) = 1$$

$$W_c = \frac{1}{2} \times 2\pi (f_c + f_H) / f_s = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\text{sinc}(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & n=0 \\ \frac{\sin \frac{\pi n}{2}}{\pi n} & n \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{sinc}(-2) = \text{sinc}(2) = 0, \quad \text{sinc}(1) = \text{sinc}(-1) = \frac{1}{\pi}$$

$$\therefore h_1(n) = \left\{ 0, \frac{0.34}{\pi}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{0.34}{\pi}, 0 \right\}$$

$$H(z) = \sum_{n=0}^4 h_1(n) z^{-n} = \frac{0.34}{\pi} z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} z^{-2} + \frac{0.34}{\pi} z^{-3}$$

$$H(\omega) = e^{-j\omega} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{0.68}{\pi} \cos \omega \right) \Rightarrow |H(\omega)| = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{0.68}{\pi} \cos \omega, \quad \angle H = -\omega$$

