

286. 7

$$(1) \int_1^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} dx = \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \ln^2 x \right]_1^b = \infty \quad \therefore \text{发散.}$$

$$(3) \int_1^{\infty} \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} n}{n^{\frac{3}{2}+1}} dn = \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{1}{\frac{3}{2}+1} (\operatorname{arctanh} n)^2 \right]_1^b = \frac{\pi^2}{8} - \frac{\pi^2}{32} = \frac{3}{32} \pi^2 \quad \therefore \text{收敛.}$$

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$$(1) \frac{1+2^n}{1+3^n} < \frac{1+2^n}{3^n} < 2 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n \quad \therefore \text{收敛.}$$

$$(3) \frac{[(n+1)!]^2}{(n+2)(n+1)^2} \cdot \frac{(n+1)n^2}{(n!)^2} = \frac{(n+1)n^2}{n+2} = \infty \quad \therefore \text{发散.}$$

$$(5) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{a_n} = \frac{n^{1+\frac{1}{n^2}}}{n+\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{n}{n+\frac{1}{n}} = 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = \left( \frac{n}{n+\frac{1}{n}} \right)^n = \left( \frac{n^2}{n^2+1} \right)^n = \left( 1 - \frac{1}{n^2+1} \right)^{\frac{n}{-n^2-1}} = e^{-\frac{n}{n^2+1}} = 1$$

$\therefore$  发散.

$$(7) \int_1^{\infty} 2^{-\sqrt{x}} dx \stackrel{\sqrt{x}=t}{=} 2 \int_1^{\infty} t^{-t} dt = 2 \left( -\frac{t}{\ln 2} 2^{-t} + \int \frac{2^{-t}}{\ln 2} \right) \\ = 2 \left( -\frac{t}{\ln 2} 2^{-t} - \frac{\partial}{\partial \ln 2} 2^{-t} \right) \Big|_1^{\infty} = \frac{1}{\ln 2} + \frac{1}{\ln^2 2}$$

$\therefore$  收敛.

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$$(1) \sum a_n \text{ 收敛} \quad \therefore \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0 \quad \therefore \exists N \in \mathbb{Z}^+, \text{ 当 } n > N \text{ 时, } a_n^2 \leq a_n.$$

$$\therefore \sum a_n^2 = \sum_1^N a_n^2 + \sum_N^{\infty} a_n^2 \leq \sum_1^N a_n^2 + \sum_N^{\infty} a_n \quad \therefore \text{收敛.}$$

$$(3) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0, \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = 0 \quad \therefore \exists N_1, n > N_1 \text{ 时, } a_n b_n \leq a_n$$

同理,  $\sum a_n b_n$  收敛.

$$(a_n + b_n)^2 = a_n^2 + 2a_n b_n + b_n^2, \text{ 由上, } \sum a_n b_n, \sum a_n^2, \sum b_n^2 \text{ 收敛.}$$

$\therefore \sum (a_n + b_n)^2$  收敛.

$$(5) \text{ 设 } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n a_n = A \quad (A \in \mathbb{R}).$$

$$\sum n(a_n - a_{n-1}) = -\sum a_n + n a_n = A - S_{n-1} = T_n.$$

$$\therefore A = T_n + S_{n-1} \quad (\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \rightarrow \infty), \text{ 若 } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n = \infty \text{ 则 } A = \infty, \text{ 矛盾. } \therefore S_n \text{ 收敛.}$$

$$\therefore \sum a_n = S$$