--2023-10-17 21:26:48-- https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Berkeley-CS182/cs182fa 23_public/main/q_wandbai/architectures.py (https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Berkeley-CS182/cs182fa23_public/main/q_wandbai/architectures.py)

Resolving raw.githubusercontent.com (raw.githubusercontent.com)... 185.199.108.13 3, 185.199.109.133, 185.199.110.133, ...

Connecting to raw githubusercontent.com (raw githubusercontent.com) | 185.199.108.1 33 | :443... connected.

HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK

Length: 1618 (1.6K) [text/plain]

Saving to: 'architectures.py'

OK . 100% 744K=0.002s

2023-10-17 21:26:48 (744 KB/s) - 'architectures.py' saved [1618/1618]

```
Collecting wandb
  Downloading wandb-0.15.12-py3-none-any.whl (2.1 MB)
                                       ----- 2.1/2.1 MB 14.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting docker-pycreds>=0.4.0
  Downloading docker_pycreds-0.4.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (9.0 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: appdirs>=1.4.3 in d:\anaconda\anaconda setup\envs
\malning\lib\site-packages (from wandb) (1.4.4)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in d:\anaconda\anaconda setup\envs\maln
ing\lib\site-packages (from wandb) (63.4.1)
Collecting pathtools
  Downloading pathtools-0.1.2. tar. gz (11 kB)
  Preparing metadata (setup.py): started
  Preparing metadata (setup.py): finished with status 'done'
Collecting setproctitle
  Downloading setproctitle-1.3.3-cp37-cp37m-win amd64.whl (11 kB)
Collecting GitPython!=3.1.29, \geq=1.0.0
  Downloading GitPython-3. 1. 38-py3-none-any. whl (190 kB)
                                             -- 190.6/190.6 kB ? eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: PyYAML in d:\anaconda\anaconda setup\envs\malning
\lib\site-packages (from wandb) (6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions in d:\anaconda\anaconda setup\en
vs\malning\lib\site-packages (from wandb) (4.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: protobuf!=4.21.0, <5, >=3.19.0 in d:\anaconda\anacon
da_setup\envs\malning\lib\site-packages (from wandb) (3.19.6)
Requirement already satisfied: requests<3,>=2.0.0 in d:\anaconda\anaconda setup\e
nvs\malning\lib\site-packages (from wandb) (2.28.1)
Requirement already satisfied: Click!=8.0.0,>=7.1 in d:\anaconda\anaconda_setup\e
nvs\malning\lib\site-packages (from wandb) (8.1.3)
Requirement already satisfied: psutil>=5.0.0 in d:\anaconda\anaconda_setup\envs\m
alning\lib\site-packages (from wandb) (5.9.3)
Collecting sentry-sdk>=1.0.0
  Downloading sentry sdk-1.32.0-py2.py3-none-any.wh1 (240 kB)
                                        --- 241.0/241.0 kB 15.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata in d:\anaconda\anaconda setup\e
nvs\malning\lib\site-packages (from Click!=8.0.0, >=7.1->wandb) (5.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: colorama in d:\anaconda\anaconda setup\envs\malnin
g\lib\site-packages (from Click!=8.0.0, \geq=7.1-\geqwandb) (0.4.6)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.4.0 in d:\anaconda\anaconda setup\envs\maln
ing\lib\site-packages (from docker-pycreds>=0.4.0->wandb) (1.16.0)
Collecting gitdb\langle 5, \rangle = 4.0.1
  Downloading gitdb-4.0.10-py3-none-any.whl (62 kB)
                                             -- 62.7/62.7 kB ? eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<3,>=2 in d:\anaconda\anaconda s
etup\envs\malning\lib\site-packages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0->wandb) (2.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in d:\anaconda\anaconda_setup\envs\ma
lning\lib\site-packages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0->wandb) (3.4)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1 in d:\anaconda\anaconda setu
p\envs\malning\lib\site-packages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0->wandb) (1.26.12)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in d:\anaconda\anaconda setup\e
nvs\malning\lib\site-packages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0->wandb) (2023.7.22)
Collecting smmap\langle 6, \rangle = 3.0.1
  Downloading smmap-5.0.1-py3-none-any.whl (24 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in d:\anaconda\anaconda_setup\envs\malni
ng\lib\site-packages (from importlib-metadata->Click!=8.0.0,>=7.1->wandb) (3.10.
Building wheels for collected packages: pathtools
  Building wheel for pathtools (setup.py): started
  Building wheel for pathtools (setup.py): finished with status 'done'
  Created wheel for pathtools: filename=pathtools=0.1.2-py3-none-any.whl size=879
2 \ sha256 = 3a43b3d11799db09ec92120b06a6c8f6deccae8ba0055f23c6f991ae93b4b1cf
  Stored in directory: c:\users\cyt\appdata\local\pip\cache\wheels\3e\31\09\fa59c
```

```
ef12cdcfecc627b3d24273699f390e71828921b2cbba2
Successfully built pathtools
Installing collected packages: pathtools, smmap, setproctitle, sentry-sdk, docker-pycreds, gitdb, GitPython, wandb
Successfully installed GitPython-3.1.38 docker-pycreds-0.4.0 gitdb-4.0.10 pathtools-0.1.2 sentry-sdk-1.32.0 setproctitle-1.3.3 smmap-5.0.1 wandb-0.15.12
```

```
In [1]: import torch import torch.nn as nn import torch.optim as optim import torchvision import torchvision.transforms as transforms import wandb from architectures import BasicConvNet, ResNet18, MLP from torch.utils.tensorboard import SummaryWriter from tqdm import tqdm from torch.utils.data import DataLoader

executed in 1.57s, finished 13:53:56 2023-10-18
```

Exploring Tensorboard

Tensorboard is a local tool for visualizing images, metrics, histograms, and more. It is designed for tensorflow, but can be integrated with torch. Let's explore tensorboard usage with an example:

```
# To start a run, call the following
writer = SummaryWriter(comment=f'Name_of_Run')

# When you want to log a value, use the writer. When adding a scalar, the f
ormat is as follows:
# add_scalar(tag, scalar_value, global_step=None, walltime=None, new_style=
False, double_precision=False)
writer.add_scalar('Training Loss', loss.item(), step)

# Finally, when you are done logging values, close the writer
writer.close()
```

There are many other functionalities and methods that you are free to explore, but will not be mentioned in this notebook.

Your Task

We will be once again building classifiers for the CIFAR-10. There are various architectures set up for you to use in the architectures.py file. Using tensorboard, please search through 5 different hyperparameter configurations. Examples of choices include: learning rate, batch size, architecture, optimization algorithm, etc. Please submit the generated plots on your pdf and answer question A.

```
In [2]: epochs = 2
         cuda = torch.cuda.is_available()
         device = torch.device("cuda" if cuda else "cpu")
          executed in 1.35s, finished 13:53:59 2023-10-18
In [3]: transform = transforms.Compose(
              [transforms. ToTensor(),
               transforms. Normalize ((0.5, 0.5, 0.5), (0.5, 0.5, 0.5))])
          trainset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(root='./../cifar-10/', train=True,
                                                download=True, transform=transform)
         testset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(root='./../cifar-10/', train=False,
                                                   download=True, transform=transform)
          executed in 2.60s, finished 13:54:02 2023-10-18
         Files already downloaded and verified
         Files already downloaded and verified
In [4]: device = torch. device ('cuda' if torch. cuda. is_available() else 'cpu')
         device
          executed in 16ms, finished 13:54:02 2023-10-18
```

Out[4]: device(type='cuda')

```
In [5]: def get_optimizer(params, optim_type, 1r):
             if optim_type == "sgd":
                 optimizer = optim. SGD (params, 1r=1r)
             elif optim type == "adam":
                 optimizer = optim. Adam (params, 1r=1r)
             else:
                 raise ValueError(optim_type)
             return optimizer
         def get_model(model_type):
             if model type == "basicconvnet":
                 model = BasicConvNet()
             elif model type == "resnet18":
                 model = ResNet18()
             elif model type == "mlp":
                 model = MLP()
             else:
                 raise ValueError(model_type)
             return model
         def get criterion(loss type):
             if (loss_type == "mse"):
                 criterion = nn. MSELoss()
             elif(loss_type == "cross"):
                 criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
             else:
                 raise ValueError(loss_type)
             return criterion
         executed in 13ms, finished 13:54:03 2023-10-18
```

```
In [6]: | def train(writer, dataloader, model, loss fn, optimizer, epoch):
              size = len(dataloader.dataset)
              num batch = len(dataloader)
              model.train()
              total loss = 0
              correct = 0
              for batch, (X, y) in enumerate(dataloader):
                  X, y = X. to (device), y. to (device)
                  pred = model(X)
                  loss = loss fn(pred, y)
                  optimizer.zero grad()
                  loss. backward()
                  optimizer.step()
                  total loss += loss.item()
                  correct += (pred.argmax(1) == y).type(torch.float).sum().item()
                  if (batch % 100 == 0):
                      loss, current = loss.item(), batch * len(X)
                      print(f"loss: {loss:>7f} [{current:>5d} / {size:>5d}]")
              avg loss = total loss / num batch
              correct /= size
              # write into tensorboard
              writer.add_scalar("Train Loss", avg_loss, epoch)
              writer.add scalar("Train Acc", correct, epoch)
              print(f"Train Error: \n Accuracy: {(100*correct):>0.1f}%, Avg loss: {avg loss:>8}
         def test(writer, dataloader, model, loss_fn, epoch):
              size = len(dataloader.dataset)
              num batches = len(dataloader)
              model.eval()
              test_loss = 0
              correct = 0.1
              with torch. no grad():
                  for batch, (X, y) in enumerate(dataloader):
                      X, y = X. \operatorname{cuda}(), y. \operatorname{cuda}()
                      pred = model(X)
                      test_loss += loss_fn(pred, y).item()
                      correct += (pred.argmax(1) == y).type(torch.float).sum().item()
              test loss /= num batches
              correct /= size
              # write into tensorboard
              writer.add scalar ('Test Loss', test loss, epoch)
              writer.add_scalar('Test Acc', correct, epoch)
              print(f"Evaluation Error: \n Accuracy: \{(100*correct):>0.1f\}%, Avg loss: \{test \lambda
```

executed in 20ms, finished 13:54:04 2023-10-18

```
[10]: def run training(trainset, testset, hyperparameters, log dir = "logs"):
            print("-----
                                     ----config--
            print(hyperparameters)
            print ("-
            name = ""
            for i, key in enumerate (hyperparameters. keys()):
                value = hyperparameters[key]
                if i != (len(hyperparameters.keys()) - 1):
                    item = key + "_" + str(value) + "_
                else:
                    item = key + "_" + str(value)
                name = name + item
            model type = hyperparameters['model']
            model = get model(model type)
            loss type = hyperparameters['loss fn']
            criterion = get criterion(loss type)
            learning rate = hyperparameters['1r']
            optim type = hyperparameters['optimizer']
            optimizer = get_optimizer(model.parameters(), optim_type, lr=learning_rate)
            batch size = hyperparameters['batch size']
            num epochs = hyperparameters['epochs']
            # build train data loader
            trainloader = DataLoader(trainset, batch size=batch size, shuffle=True)
            # build test data loader
            testloader = DataLoader(testset, batch size=batch size, shuffle=False)
            # create a tensorboard writer
            path = \log \operatorname{dir} + "/" + \operatorname{name}
            writer = SummaryWriter(path)
            print(f"log will be written to {path}")
            model.cuda()
            for t in range (num epochs):
                print (f''Epoch \{t+1\} \setminus n---
                train(writer, trainloader, model, criterion, optimizer, t+1)
                test (writer, testloader, model, criterion, t+1)
            writer.close()
        executed in 15ms, finished 14:05:20 2023-10-18
```

```
In [11]: | hyperparameters1 = {
               "model": "basicconvnet",
               "lr": 0.0001,
               "loss_fn" : "cross",
"optimizer" : "adam",
               "epochs" : 20,
               "batch size": 16
           hyperparameters2 = {
               "model": "resnet18",
               "lr" : 0.0001,
               "loss_fn" : "cross",
               "optimizer": "adam",
               "epochs" : 20,
               "batch size" : 16
           hyperparameters3 = {
               "model" : "mlp",
               "lr": 0.0001,
               "loss_fn" : "cross",
               "optimizer" : "adam",
               "epochs" : 20,
               "batch size" : 16
           executed in 8ms, finished 14:05:23 2023-10-18
In [12]: def run():
               # Perhaps you want to make a function to train on a certain set of hyperparamete
               # Don't forget to use tensorboard
               run_training(trainset, testset, hyperparameters1)
               run_training(trainset, testset, hyperparameters2)
               run_training(trainset, testset, hyperparameters3)
           executed in 6ms, finished 14:05:45 2023-10-18
In [ ]:
```