

NON-PLURIPOLAR CURRENTS ARE NOT NECESSARILY \mathcal{I} -GOOD

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1. INTRODUCTION

In this note, we give an example of a non- \mathcal{I} -good non-pluripolar quasi-plurisubharmonic function.

2. WITT NYSTRÖM CONSTRUCTION

Let X be a connected compact Kähler manifold of dimension n and ω be a Kähler form on X .

For each $N \geq 1$, let ω_N denote the Fubini–Study metric on \mathbb{P}^N . By abuse of notation, we also denote the corresponding Hermitian metric on $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^N}(1)$ as ω_N .

Let $X_N = X \times \mathbb{P}^N$. Let

$$\pi_1^N: X_N \rightarrow X, \quad \pi_2^N: X_N \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^N$$

be the projections. Let

$$\Omega_N := \pi_1^{N*}\omega + \pi_2^{N*}\omega_N.$$

Note that Ω_N is a Kähler form on X_N .

Consider $\varphi \in \text{PSH}(X, \omega)$. We define

$$\Phi_N[\varphi] := \sup_{\substack{\alpha \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}^{1+N}, \\ |\alpha| < 1}}^* \left((1 - |\alpha|) \pi_2^{N*} \log |Z_0|_{\omega_N}^2 + \sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i \left(\pi_1^{N*} \varphi + \pi_2^{N*} \log |Z_i|_{\omega_N}^2 \right) \right),$$

where we adopted the multi-index notation, $\alpha = (\alpha_0, \dots, \alpha_N)$ and $|\alpha| = \alpha_0 + \dots + \alpha_N$. The elements Z_0, \dots, Z_N are a basis of $H^0(\mathbb{P}^N, \mathcal{O}(1))$.

Note that $\Phi_N[\varphi] \in \text{PSH}(X_N, \Omega_N)$ and $\Phi_N[\varphi] \geq \pi_2^{N*} \log |Z_0|_{\omega_N}^2$. It follows that $\Phi_N[\varphi]$ has small unbounded locus.

thm:WN

Theorem 2.1 (Witt Nyström). *As $N \rightarrow \infty$, we have the strong convergence of measures*

$$\frac{n!}{N^n} \pi_{1*}^N (\Omega_N + \text{dd}^c \Phi_N[\varphi])^{N+n} \rightarrow \omega_\varphi^n.$$

See [WN19].

3. A COUNTEREXAMPLE

Let us take $\varphi \in \text{PSH}(X, \omega)$ which is not \mathcal{I} -good and $\int_X \omega_\varphi^n > 0$. Let $\psi = P_\omega[\varphi]_{\mathcal{I}}$.

First observe that $\pi_1^{N*} \varphi \sim_{\mathcal{I}} \pi_1^{N*} \psi$, as a consequence of [Xia, Proposition 1.4.5]. Therefore,

$$\Phi_N[\varphi] \sim_{\mathcal{I}} \Phi_N[\psi]$$

due to [Xia, Proposition 6.1.5, Proposition 6.1.6]. Also observe that

$$\Phi_N[\varphi] \leq \Phi_N[\psi]$$

We claim that there are infinitely many $\Phi_N[\varphi]$ which are not \mathcal{I} -good.

Otherwise, we must have

$$\int_{X_N} (\Omega_N + \text{dd}^c \Phi_N[\varphi])^{N+n} = \int_{X_N} (\Omega_N + \text{dd}^c \Phi_N[\psi])^{N+n}$$

for all sufficiently large N . It follows from [Theorem 2.1](#) that

$$\int_X \omega_\varphi^n = \int_X \omega_\psi^n,$$

which is a contradiction.

Note that $\Omega_N + \text{dd}^c \Phi_N$ is non-pluripolar since

$$\mathbf{1}_{\{Z_0=0\}}(\Omega_N + \text{dd}^c \Phi_N) = \nu(\Phi_N, \{Z_0 = 0\})[\{Z_0 = 0\}] = 0.$$

Here we have identified Z_0 with $\pi_2^{N*} Z_0$.

REFERENCES

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