

Assignment #D: Dec 月考

Updated 2044 GMT+8 Dec 10, 2023

2023 fall, Compiled by 钟明衡 物理学院

说明:

- 1) Dec 月考: AC3。题目都在“练习”里面, 按照数字题号能找到, 可以重新提交。作业中提交自己最满意版本的代码和截图。
- 2) 请把每个题目解题思路(可选), 源码Python, 或者C++ (已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC), 截图(包含Accepted, 学号), 填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora <https://typoraio.cn>, 或者用 word)。AC 或者没有AC, 都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 3) 提交时候先提交pdf文件, 再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧“作业评论”。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、作业评论有md或者doc。
- 4) 如果不能在截止前提交作业, 请写明原因。

编程环境

操作系统: Windows_NT x64 10.0.19045

Python编程环境: Visual Studio Code 1.76.1

C/C++编程环境: Visual Studio Code 1.76.1

1. 题目

如果耗时太长, 直接看解题思路, 或者源码

18176: 2050年成绩计算

<http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18176/>

思路:

打表把10000以内的质数都筛出来就可以。不过这题时间卡的比较死, 一开始写的质数筛超时了, 于是打表暴力破解

代码

```
1 m, n = map(int, input().split())
```

```
2 tt = [2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67,
71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97, 101, 103, 107, 109, 113, 127, 131, 137, 139, 149, 151,
157, 163, 167, 173, 179, 181, 191, 193, 197, 199, 211, 223, 227, 229, 233, 239,
241, 251, 257, 263, 269, 271, 277, 281, 283, 293, 307, 311, 313, 317, 331, 337,
347, 349, 353, 359, 367, 373, 379, 383, 389, 397, 401, 409, 419, 421, 431, 433,
439, 443, 449, 457, 461, 463, 467, 479, 487, 491, 499, 503, 509, 521, 523, 541,
547, 557, 563, 569, 571, 577, 587, 593, 599, 601, 607, 613, 617, 619, 631, 641,
643, 647, 653, 659, 661, 673, 677, 683, 691, 701, 709, 719, 727, 733, 739, 743,
751, 757, 761, 769, 773, 787, 797, 809, 811, 821, 823, 827, 829, 839, 853, 857,
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1063, 1069, 1087, 1091, 1093, 1097, 1103, 1109, 1117, 1123, 1129, 1151, 1153,
1163, 1171, 1181, 1187, 1193, 1201, 1213, 1217, 1223, 1229, 1231, 1237, 1249,
1259, 1277, 1279, 1283, 1289, 1291, 1297, 1301, 1303, 1307, 1319, 1321, 1327,
1361, 1367, 1373, 1381, 1399, 1409, 1423, 1427, 1429, 1433, 1439, 1447, 1451,
1453, 1459, 1471, 1481, 1483, 1487, 1489, 1493, 1499, 1511, 1523, 1531, 1543,
1549, 1553, 1559, 1567, 1571, 1579, 1583, 1597, 1601, 1607, 1609, 1613, 1619,
1621, 1627, 1637, 1657, 1663, 1667, 1669, 1693, 1697, 1699, 1709, 1721, 1723,
1733, 1741, 1747, 1753, 1759, 1777, 1783, 1787, 1789, 1801, 1811, 1823, 1831,
1847, 1861, 1867, 1871, 1873, 1877, 1879, 1889, 1901, 1907, 1913, 1931, 1933,
1949, 1951, 1973, 1979, 1987, 1993, 1997, 1999, 2003, 2011, 2017, 2027, 2029,
2039, 2053, 2063, 2069, 2081, 2083, 2087, 2089, 2099, 2111, 2113, 2129, 2131,
2137, 2141, 2143, 2153, 2161, 2179, 2203, 2207, 2213, 2221, 2237, 2239, 2243,
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2347, 2351, 2357, 2371, 2377, 2381, 2383, 2389, 2393, 2399, 2411, 2417, 2423,
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2551, 2557, 2579, 2591, 2593, 2609, 2617, 2621, 2633, 2647, 2657, 2659, 2663,
2671, 2677, 2683, 2687, 2689, 2693, 2699, 2707, 2711, 2713, 2719, 2729, 2731,
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3307, 3313, 3319, 3323, 3329, 3331, 3343, 3347, 3359, 3361, 3371, 3373, 3389,
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5273, 5279, 5281, 5297, 5303, 5309, 5323, 5333, 5347, 5351, 5381, 5387, 5393,
```

5399, 5407, 5413, 5417, 5419, 5431, 5437, 5441, 5443, 5449, 5471, 5477, 5479,
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9781, 9787, 9791, 9803, 9811, 9817, 9829, 9833, 9839, 9851, 9857, 9859, 9871,
9883, 9887, 9901, 9907, 9923, 9929, 9931, 9941, 9949, 9967, 9973]

```
3 t = [False]*10001
4 for ttt in tt:
5     t[ttt] = True
6 for _ in range(m):
7     l = tuple(map(int, input().split()))
8     count = 0
9     for a in l:
10         if int(a**.5) == a**.5:
11             if t[int(a**.5)]:
12                 count += a
13     print('%.2f' % (count/len(l)))
14
```

代码运行截图

#42993983提交状态

查看 提交 统计 提问

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
m, n = map(int, input().split())
tt = [2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97, 101, 103, 107, 109, 113, 127, 131, 137, 139, 149, 151, 157, 163, 167, 173, 179, 181, 191, 193, 197, 199, 211, 223, 227, 229, 233, 239, 241, 251, 257, 263, 269, 271, 277, 281, 283, 293, 307, 311, 313, 317, 331, 337, 347, 349, 353, 359, 367, 373, 379, 383, 389, 397, 401, 409, 419, 421, 431, 433, 439, 443, 449, 457, 461, 463, 467, 473, 479, 487, 491, 499, 503, 509, 521, 523, 527, 533, 541, 547, 557, 563, 569, 571, 577, 587, 593, 599, 601, 607, 613, 617, 619, 623, 629, 631, 637, 641, 643, 647, 653, 659, 661, 667, 671, 673, 677, 683, 687, 691, 697, 701, 709, 713, 719, 727, 733, 739, 743, 751, 757, 761, 769, 773, 787, 797, 809, 811, 817, 821, 823, 827, 829, 833, 839, 843, 853, 857, 859, 863, 869, 877, 881, 883, 887, 893, 897, 907, 911, 913, 919, 923, 929, 931, 937, 941, 943, 947, 953, 959, 967, 971, 973, 977, 983, 989, 991, 993, 997]

t = [False]*10001
for ttt in tt:
    t[ttt] = True
for _ in range(m):
    l = tuple(map(int, input().split()))
    count = 0
    for a in l:
        if int(a**.5) == a**.5:
            if t[int(a**.5)]:
                count += a
    print('%.2f' % (count/len(l)))
```

基本信息

#: 42993983

题目: 18176

提交人: 23n2300011505(12号娱乐选手)

内存: 4804kB

时间: 72ms

语言: Python3

提交时间: 2023-12-07 17:39:16

18224: 找魔数

<http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18224>

思路:

直接枚举即可。只需要枚举到平方根的一半，然后拿差判断是否为平方数

代码

```
1 n = int(input())
2 l = list(map(int, input().split()))
3 for a in l:
4     for i in range(1, int((a/2)**.5)+1):
5         j = (a-i**2)**.5
6         if int(j) == j:
7             print(bin(a), end=' ')
8             print(oct(a), end=' ')
9             print(hex(a))
10            break
11
```

代码运行截图

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
n = int(input())
l = list(map(int, input().split()))
for a in l:
    for i in range(1, int((a/2)**.5)+1):
        j = (a-i**2)**.5
        if int(j) == j:
            print(bin(a), end=' ')
            print(oct(a), end=' ')
            print(hex(a))
            break
```

基本信息

#: 42994001

题目: 18224

提交人: 23n2300011505(12号娱乐选手)

内存: 3620kB

时间: 20ms

语言: Python3

提交时间: 2023-12-07 17:40:00

19963: 买学区房

<http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/19963>

思路:

就按题目意思找到中位数就可以

代码

```
1 n = int(input())
2 inp = [i[1:-1] for i in input().split()]
3 s = [sum(map(int, inp[i].split(','))) for i in range(n)]
4 inp = list(map(int, input().split()))
5 l = [inp[i] for i in range(n)]
6 for i in range(n):
7     s[i] = s[i]/l[i]
8 ss = sorted(s)
9 ll = sorted(l)
10 if n % 2 == 0:
11     mids = (ss[n//2-1]+ss[n//2])/2
12     midl = (ll[n//2-1]+ll[n//2])/2
13 else:
14     mids = ss[n//2]
15     midl = ll[n//2]
16 ans = 0
17 for i in range(n):
18     if s[i] > mids and l[i] < midl:
19         ans += 1
20 print(ans)
21
```

代码运行截图

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
n = int(input())
inp = [i[1:-1] for i in input().split()]
s = [sum(map(int, inp[i].split(','))) for i in range(n)]
inp = list(map(int, input().split()))
l = [inp[i] for i in range(n)]
for i in range(n):
    s[i] = s[i]/l[i]
ss = sorted(s)
ll = sorted(l)
if n % 2 == 0:
    mids = (ss[n//2-1]+ss[n//2])/2
    midl = (ll[n//2-1]+ll[n//2])/2
else:
    mids = ss[n//2]
    midl = ll[n//2]
ans = 0
for i in range(n):
    if s[i] > mids and l[i] < midl:
        ans += 1
print(ans)
```

基本信息

#: 42994013

题目: 19963

提交人: 23n2300011505(12号娱乐选手)

内存: 4288kB

时间: 25ms

语言: Python3

提交时间: 2023-12-07 17:40:45

23806: 三数之和

<http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/23806/>

思路:

也是枚举。三个数有以下四种情况:

1. 三个零

当0的个数至少为3时会出现

2. 一正一负一零

当0的个数至少为1时会出现

直接把出现的正数枚举, 然后判断是否在复数中出现过

3. 两负一正

枚举一个正数和一个负数, 负数到达绝对值一半时停止, 判断剩下的负数是否存在

注意当两个负数相等的情况, 这时需要判断这个负数是否出现了2次

4. 两正一负

同上

为了节约时间, 列表c1中不重复记录数字, 列表c2中记录重复了的数

由于数据在一开始进行了排序, 可以采用二分查找来加快速度, 判断一个数是否存在列表中。经过试验, 方法是: 如果 `l[bisect.bisect(l,a)-1]==a`, 那么a就在列表l中

注意判断空列表! 我考试的时候就是没判断空列表, 导致RE。一考完就立马改对了, 损失惨重。

代码

```
1 import bisect
2
3
4 def find(l, a):
5     if l == []:
6         return False
7     return l[bisect.bisect(l, a)-1] == a
8
9
10 l = sorted(list(map(int, input().split())))
11 c1 = []
12 c2 = []
13 z = 0
14 for i in l:
15     if i == 0:
16         z += 1
17     if c1 == []:
18         c1 = [i]
19     elif c1[-1] == i:
20         c2.append(i)
21     else:
22         c1.append(i)
23 n = []
24 p = []
25 for a in c1:
26     if a < 0:
27         n.append(a)
28     elif a > 0:
29         p.append(a)
30 ans = 0
31 if z >= 3:
32     ans += 1
33 if z >= 1:
34     for a in p:
35         if find(n, -a):
36             ans += 1
37 for a in p:
38     for b in n:
39         if -b*2 <= a:
40             break
41         if find(n, -b-a):
42             ans += 1
43     if a % 2 == 0:
44         if find(c2, -a//2):
45             ans += 1
46 for a in n:
47     for b in p:
48         if -b*2 <= a:
49             break
50         if find(p, -b-a):
```



```

51         ans += 1
52     if a % 2 == 0:
53         if find(c2, -a//2):
54             ans += 1
55 print(ans)
56

```

代码运行截图

#42994198提交状态

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状态: **Accepted**

源代码

```

import bisect

def find(l, a):
    if l == []:
        return False
    return l[bisect.bisect(l, a)-1] == a

l = sorted(list(map(int, input().split())))
c1 = []
c2 = []
z = 0
for i in l:
    if i == 0:
        z += 1
    if c1 == []:
        c1 = [i]
    elif c1[-1] == i:
        c2.append(i)
    else:
        c1.append(i)
n = []
p = []
for a in c1:
    if a < 0:
        n.append(a)
    elif a > 0:
        p.append(a)
ans = 0
if z >= 3:
    ans += 1
if z >= 1:
    for a in p:
        if find(n, -a):
            ans += 1
for a in p:
    for b in n:
        if -b*2 <= a:
            break
        if find(n, -b-a):
            ans += 1
    if a % 2 == 0:
        if find(c2, -a//2):
            ans += 1
for a in n:
    for b in p:
        if -b*2 <= a:
            break
        if find(p, -b-a):
            ans += 1
    if a % 2 == 0:
        if find(c2, -a//2):
            ans += 1
print(ans)

```

基本信息

#: 42994198

题目: 23806

提交人: 23n2300011505(12号娱乐选手)

内存: 3868kB

时间: 1322ms

语言: Python3

提交时间: 2023-12-07 17:49:43

25561: 2022决战双十一

<http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/25561/>

思路：

看起来很复杂，但是实际上是个暴力枚举，只要处理好各量就没事。

思路就是每个商品在每个商店里面买，然后记录每个商店买的价格，最后算优惠（优先用大额的优惠券）就可以。

代码

```
1 def dfs(step, memory):
2     global M, dis, ans, n, m
3     if step == n+1:
4         count = sum(memory)
5         count -= (count//300)*50
6         for i in range(1, m+1):
7             for a in dis[i]:
8                 if a[0] <= memory[i]:
9                     count -= a[1]
10                    break
11            if ans == -1 or count < ans:
12                ans = count
13        else:
14            for i in range(1, m+1):
15                if M[step][i] != -1:
16                    memory[i] += M[step][i]
17                    dfs(step+1, memory)
18                    memory[i] -= M[step][i]
19        return
20
21
22 n, m = map(int, input().split())
23 M = [[-1]*(m+1) for i in range(n+1)]
24 ans = -1
25 for _ in range(1, n+1):
26     inp = input().split()
27     for a in inp:
28         s, p = map(int, a.split(':'))
29         M[_][s] = p
30     dis = [[]]
31     for _ in range(1, m+1):
32         dis.append([])
33         inp = input().split()
34         for a in inp:
```

```

35     q, x = map(int, a.split('-'))
36     dis[_].append((q, x))
37     dis[_].sort(key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
38     dfs(1, [0]*(m+1))
39     print(ans)
40

```

代码运行截图

#42993942提交状态

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状态: Accepted

源代码

```

def dfs(step, memory):
    global M, dis, ans, n, m
    if step == n+1:
        count = sum(memory)
        count -= (count//300)*50
        for i in range(1, m+1):
            for a in dis[i]:
                if a[0] <= memory[i]:
                    count -= a[1]
                    break
            if ans == -1 or count < ans:
                ans = count
        else:
            for i in range(1, m+1):
                if M[step][i] != -1:
                    memory[i] += M[step][i]
                    dfs(step+1, memory)
                    memory[i] -= M[step][i]
            return

n, m = map(int, input().split())
M = [[-1]*(m+1) for i in range(n+1)]
ans = -1
for _ in range(1, n+1):
    inp = input().split()
    for a in inp:
        s, p = map(int, a.split(':'))
        M[_][s] = p
dis = [[]]
for _ in range(1, m+1):
    dis.append([])
    inp = input().split()
    for a in inp:
        q, x = map(int, a.split('-'))
        dis[_].append((q, x))
    dis[_].sort(key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
dfs(1, [0]*(m+1))
print(ans)

```

基本信息

#: 42993942
 题目: 25561
 提交人: 23n2300011505(12号娱乐选手)
 内存: 3704kB
 时间: 29ms
 语言: Python3
 提交时间: 2023-12-07 17:37:17

08210: 河中跳房子

<http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/08210/>

思路:

直接模拟会超时, 要换个思路。

每个最短距离都对应了一个取石头的次数，当m恰好满足，则那个最短距离就是答案。由于最短距离和m单调正相关，可以采用二分法。

求取石头的次数的方法是，从头到尾逐个排查，如果长度短于要求，就取掉一块石头，最后比较取掉的石头数和m

代码

```
1 L, n, m = map(int, input().split())
2 l = [0]*(n+2)
3 for i in range(n):
4     l[i+1] = int(input())
5 l[-1] = L
6
7
8 def check(x):
9     count = 0
10    now = 0
11    for i in range(1, n+2):
12        if l[i]-now < x:
13            count += 1
14        else:
15            now = l[i]
16    return count > m
17
18
19 i = 0
20 j = L+1
21 ans = 0
22 while i < j:
23     mid = (i+j)//2
24     if check(mid):
25         j = mid
26     else:
27         ans = mid
28         i = mid+1
29 print(ans)
30
```

代码运行截图

状态: **Accepted**

源代码

```
L, n, m = map(int, input().split())
l = [0] * (n+2)
for i in range(n):
    l[i+1] = int(input())
l[-1] = L

def check(x):
    count = 0
    now = 0
    for i in range(1, n+2):
        if l[i]-now < x:
            count += 1
        else:
            now = l[i]
    return count > m

i = 0
j = L+1
ans = 0
while i < j:
    mid = (i+j)//2
    if check(mid):
        j = mid
    else:
        ans = mid
        i = mid+1
print(ans)
```

基本信息

#: 43061548

题目: 08210

提交人: 23n2300011505(12号娱乐选手)

内存: 5436kB

时间: 245ms

语言: Python3

提交时间: 2023-12-10 20:34:04

01922: Ride to School

<http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/01922/>

思路:

最终的答案是路上能遇到的车中最早到达的时间。只要发车时间不小于0，到达时间最早的车都能遇到，直接在出发时间大于等于0的车里面找出到达时间最早的即可。

代码

```
1 while True:
2     n = int(input())
3     if n == 0:
4         break
5     ans = -1
6     for i in range(n):
7         v, t = map(int, input().split())
8         if t >= 0:
9             tt = t+16200/v
10            if ans == -1:
11                ans = tt
12            elif tt < ans:
13                ans = tt
14    if int(ans) == ans:
```

```
15         print(int(ans))
16     else:
17         print(int(ans)+1)
18
```

代码运行截图

#41591538提交状态

[查看](#) [提交](#) [统计](#) [提问](#)

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
while True:
    n = int(input())
    if n == 0:
        break
    ans = -1
    for i in range(n):
        v, t = map(int, input().split())
        if t >= 0:
            tt = t+16200/v
            if ans == -1:
                ans = tt
            elif tt < ans:
                ans = tt
    if int(ans) == ans:
        print(int(ans))
    else:
        print(int(ans)+1)
```

基本信息

#: 41591538

题目: 01922

提交人: 23n2300011505(12号娱乐选手)

内存: 3560kB

时间: 54ms

语言: Python3

提交时间: 2023-10-11 20:24:51

2. 学习总结和收获

本次月考有些难，而且感觉没发挥出真实水平。在第一题上耽误了很多时间才过，导致后面时间不足。

三数之和那道题，一开始TLE，改用二分以后RE了，考试期间一直没过。考完以后猛然想起没排除空列表情况，加了一个立马就AC了。

决战双十一考完试也很快写完了，如果第一题没有卡那么久，是可以当场写完的。

跳房子那题考试时完全没有思路，后来做了也超时，最后换成二分才做出。

快要期末考了，我这个水平还是说得过去，但考场上如果像这样发挥那肯定不行。还要多加练习。