

REPORT

Final Report

KU 건국대학교
KONKUK UNIV.



과목명 | 클라우드IOT서비스

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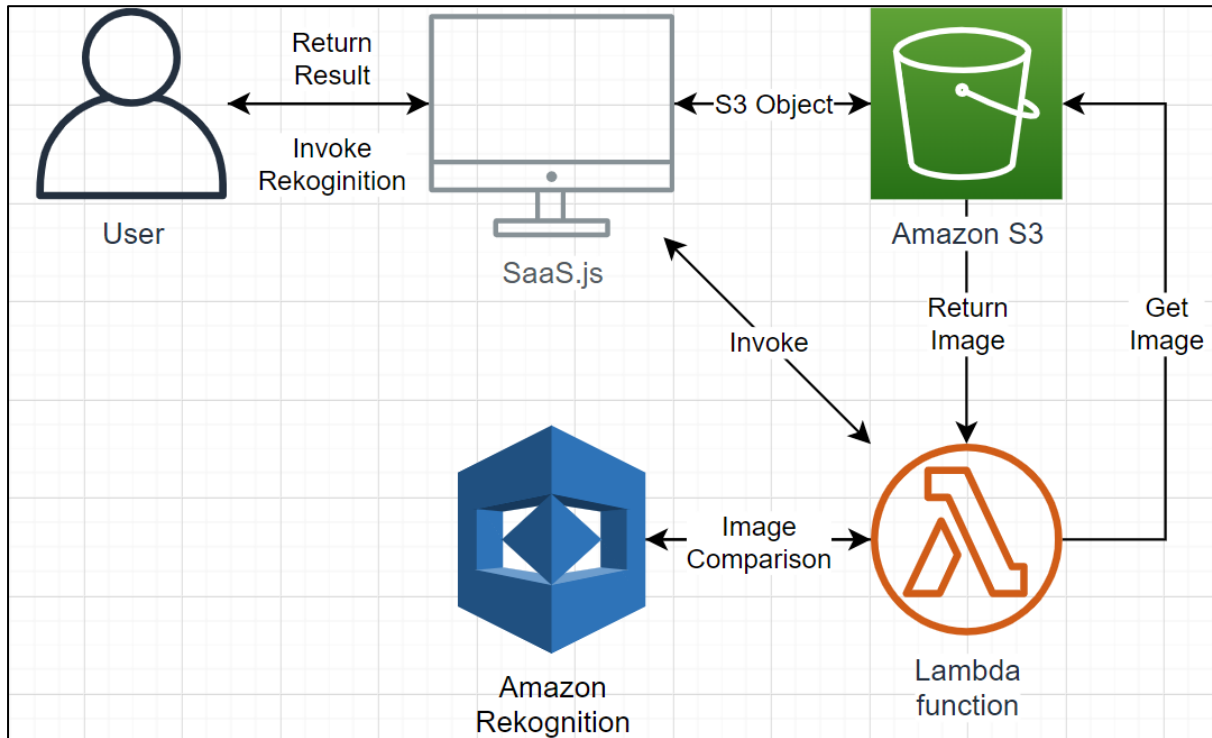
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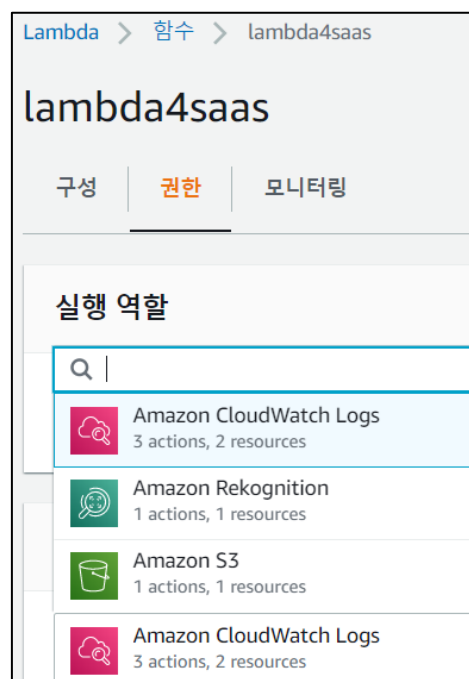
1. Task #1

1-1. System Design Document

1-1-1.Diagram



1-1-2. Give Permission to Lambda Function

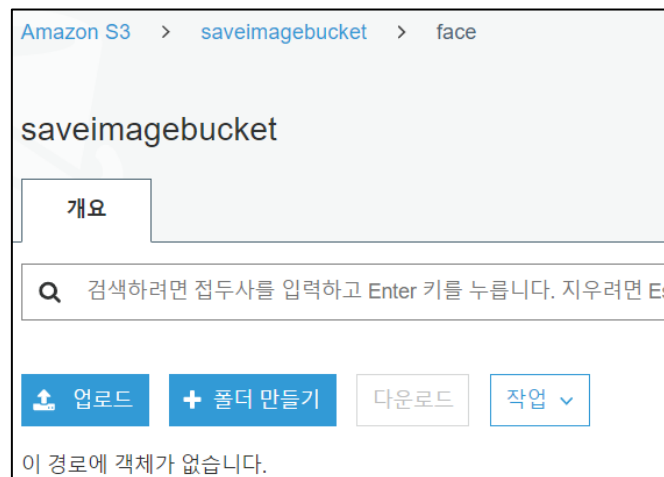


1-2. System Implementation Document

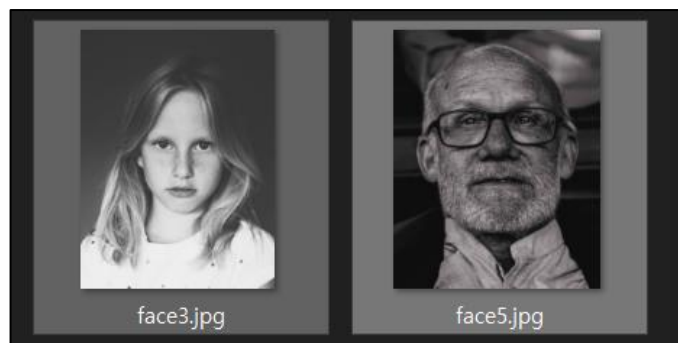
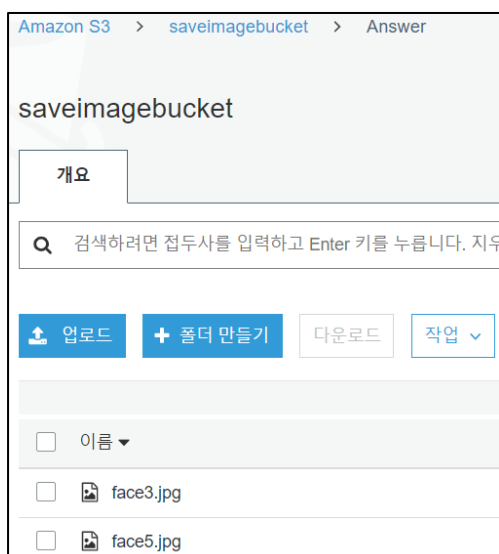
1-2-1. Create S3 bucket for S3 objects(saveimagebucket)

+ 버킷 만들기 퍼블릭 액세스 설정 편집 비우기 삭제				4 버킷	1 리전	↺
<input type="checkbox"/> 버킷 이름 ▼	액세스 ⓘ ▼	리전 ▼	생성 날짜 ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/> 2020-iot-labs	버킷 및 객체가 퍼블릭이 아님	아시아 태평양(서울)	5월 18, 2020 12:04:41 오후 GMT+0900			
<input type="checkbox"/> hw2mingi	객체를 퍼블릭으로 설정할 수 있음	아시아 태평양(서울)	5월 6, 2020 3:56:57 오후 GMT+0900			
<input type="checkbox"/> myreceiver	객체를 퍼블릭으로 설정할 수 있음	아시아 태평양(서울)	4월 20, 2020 10:44:59 오후 GMT+0900			
<input type="checkbox"/> saveimagebucket	퍼블릭	아시아 태평양(서울)	6월 9, 2020 11:44:09 오후 GMT+0900			

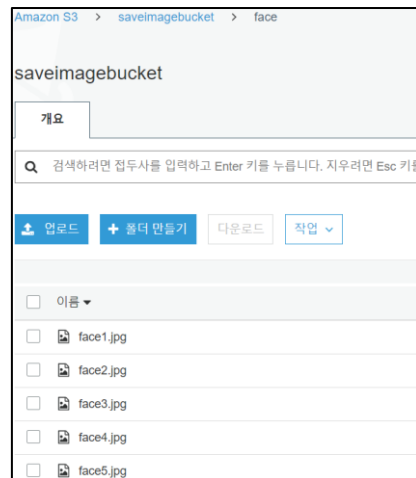
1-2-2. Create S3 folder for Upload visitor's image file



1-2-3. Create S3 objects for Registered Image(Answer/face3.jpg & Answer/face5.jpg)



1-2-4. Upload Complete Visitor's Image(S3 object in S3 bucket)



1-3. SaaS.js Node js code

```
var AWS = require('aws-sdk');
AWS.config.region = 'ap-northeast-2';
var lambda = new AWS.Lambda ({ "apiVersion" : '2015-03-31' });

AWS.config.update({region: 'ap-northeast-2'});
s3 = new AWS.S3({apiVersion: '2006-03-01'});

function imageRekognitionFunc(visitorFace){

    var bucket = 'saveimagebucket';
    var uploadParams = {Bucket: bucket, Key: '', Body: ''};
    var localImageFolder = './face/';

    var fs = require('fs');
    var visitorFolder = 'face/';
    var file = localImageFolder + visitorFace;
    var visitor = visitorFolder + visitorFace;
    var fileStream = fs.createReadStream(file);

    fileStream.on('error', function(err) {
        console.log('File Error', err);
    });

    uploadParams.Body = fileStream;
    var path = require('path');
    uploadParams.Key = visitorFolder + path.basename(file);
```

```

s3.upload(uploadParams, function (err, data) {
  if (err) {
    console.log("Error", err);
  } if (data) {
    console.log("Upload Success", data.Location);
  }
});

console.log("visiterFace : ", visiter)

const event = { visiterFace : visiter, bucket : bucket};

lambda.invoke(
  {
    FunctionName: 'lambda4saas',
    Payload: JSON.stringify(event, null, 2)
  },
  function(error, data) {
    if (error) { console.info(error);}
    else { console.info(data);}
  }
);
}

setInterval(function () {
  var images = ['face1.jpg', 'face2.jpg', 'face3.jpg', 'face4.jpg', 'face5.jpg']
;
  var randomImage = images[Math.ceil(Math.random()*5)-1];
  imageRekognitionFunc(randomImage);
}, 3000);

```

1-4. Lambda index.js Code

```

var AWS = require('aws-sdk');
AWS.config.update({region : 'ap-northeast-2'});

var imageRecog = new AWS.Rekognition();

exports.handler = async function (event, context){

  var bucket = 'saveimagebucket';
  var answer = false;

```

```

var answerImage = ['Answer/face3.jpg', 'Answer/face5.jpg'];

var visiterImage = event.visiterFace;
var command = "";

for(var i=0; i<answerImage.length; i++) {

    var Params = {
        "QualityFilter" : "AUTO",
        "SimilarityThreshold": 70,

        "SourceImage": {
            "S3Object": {
                "Bucket": bucket,
                "Name" : answerImage[i]
            }
        },

        "TargetImage": {
            "S3Object": {
                "Bucket": event.bucket,
                "Name" : visiterImage
            }
        }
    };

    var result = await imageRecog.compareFaces(Params, function(err,data)
{
        if (err) console.log(err, err.stack);
        else { answer = Boolean(data.FaceMatches.length); }
    }).promise();

    command = (answer) ? 'unlock' : 'reject';

    if (answer) {
        //console.log(command);
        return {"command" : command };
    }
}

console.log(command);
return {"command" : command };
};

```


1-5. SnapShots Debug Console(result)

```
DEBUG CONSOLE  PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  TERMINAL
C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe SaaS.js
visiterFace : face/face3.jpg
Upload Success https://saveimagebucket.s3.ap-northeast-2.amazonaws.com/face/face3.jpg
{ StatusCode: 200,
  ExecutedVersion: '$LATEST',
  Payload: '{"command":"unlock"}' }
visiterFace : face/face2.jpg
Upload Success https://saveimagebucket.s3.ap-northeast-2.amazonaws.com/face/face2.jpg
{ StatusCode: 200,
  ExecutedVersion: '$LATEST',
  Payload: '{"command":"reject"}' }
visiterFace : face/face4.jpg
Upload Success https://saveimagebucket.s3.ap-northeast-2.amazonaws.com/face/face4.jpg
{ StatusCode: 200,
  ExecutedVersion: '$LATEST',
  Payload: '{"command":"reject"}' }
visiterFace : face/face4.jpg
Upload Success https://saveimagebucket.s3.ap-northeast-2.amazonaws.com/face/face4.jpg
{ StatusCode: 200,
  ExecutedVersion: '$LATEST',
  Payload: '{"command":"reject"}' }
visiterFace : face/face1.jpg
Upload Success https://saveimagebucket.s3.ap-northeast-2.amazonaws.com/face/face1.jpg
{ StatusCode: 200,
  ExecutedVersion: '$LATEST',
  Payload: '{"command":"reject"}' }
visiterFace : face/face2.jpg
Upload Success https://saveimagebucket.s3.ap-northeast-2.amazonaws.com/face/face2.jpg
{ StatusCode: 200,
  ExecutedVersion: '$LATEST',
  Payload: '{"command":"reject"}' }
visiterFace : face/face5.jpg
Upload Success https://saveimagebucket.s3.ap-northeast-2.amazonaws.com/face/face5.jpg
```

1-6. Permission JSON Documentation

▼ Permissions policies (3 정책이 적용됨)	
정책 연결	
정책 이름 ▼	정책 유형 ▼
▶  AmazonS3FullAccess	AWS 관리형 정책
▶  AmazonRekognitionFullAccess	AWS 관리형 정책

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": "s3:*",
      "Resource": "*"
    }
  ]
}
```

-> AmazonS3FullAccess

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        "rekognition:*"
      ],
      "Resource": "*"
    }
  ]
}
```

-> AmazonRekognitionFullAccess

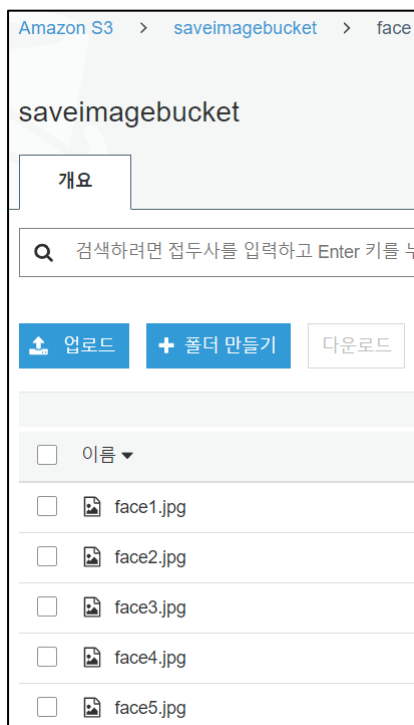
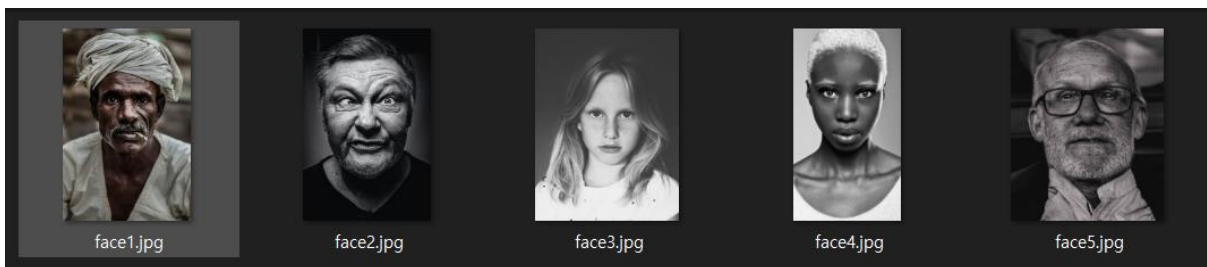
2. Task #2

2-1. System Design Document

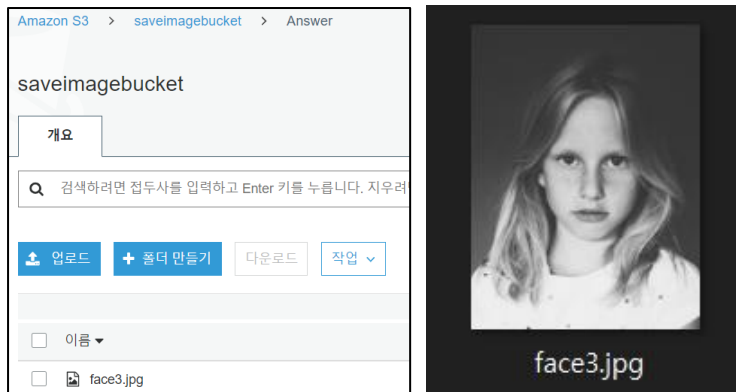
2-1-1. Create S3 bucket for S3 objects(saveimagebucket)

+ 버킷 만들기 퍼블릭 액세스 설정 편집 비우기 삭제				4 버킷	1 리전	↺
<input type="checkbox"/> 버킷 이름 ▾	액세스 ⓘ ▾	리전 ▾	생성 날짜 ▾			
<input type="checkbox"/> 2020-iot-labs	버킷 및 객체가 퍼블릭이 아님	아시아 태평양(서울)	5월 18, 2020 12:04:41 오후 GMT+0900			
<input type="checkbox"/> hw2mingi	객체를 퍼블릭으로 설정할 수 있음	아시아 태평양(서울)	5월 6, 2020 3:56:57 오후 GMT+0900			
<input type="checkbox"/> myreceiver	객체를 퍼블릭으로 설정할 수 있음	아시아 태평양(서울)	4월 20, 2020 10:44:59 오후 GMT+0900			
<input type="checkbox"/> saveimagebucket	퍼블릭	아시아 태평양(서울)	6월 9, 2020 11:44:09 오후 GMT+0900			

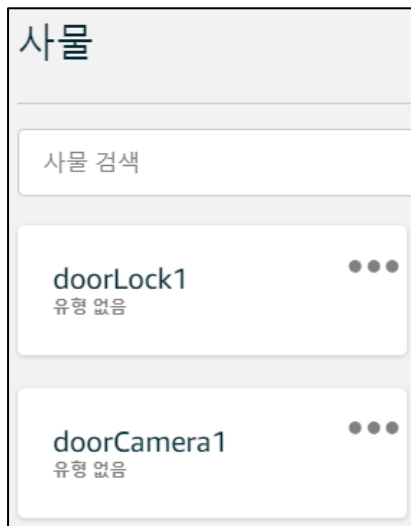
2-1-2. Create S3 objects for doorCamera1 (Image file to be confirmed: face/face1~5.jpg)



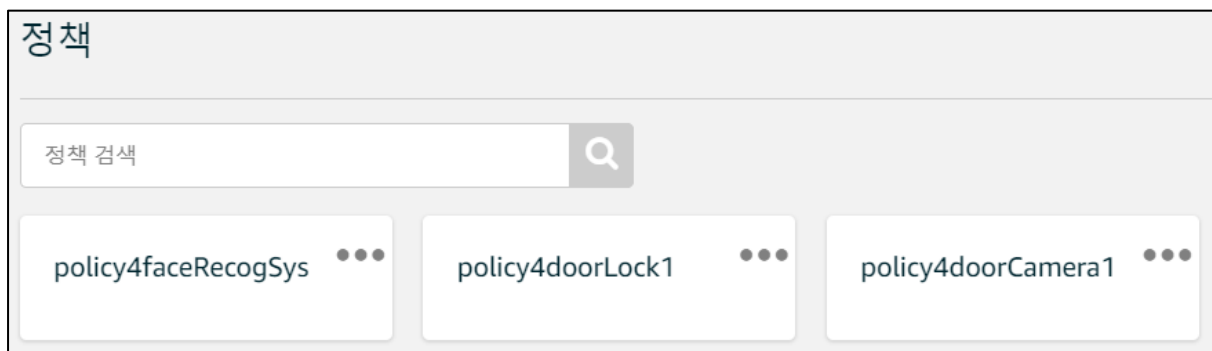
2-1-3. Create S3 objects for Registered Image(Answer/face3.jpg)



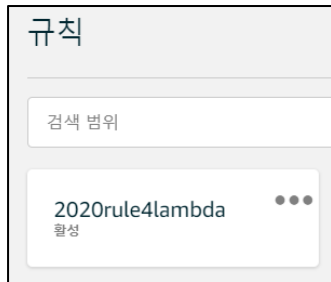
2-1-4. Create IoT Device(doorCamera1 & doorLock1)



2-1-5. Create Policy for IoT Device



2-1-6. Create IoT Rule for Invoke Lambda

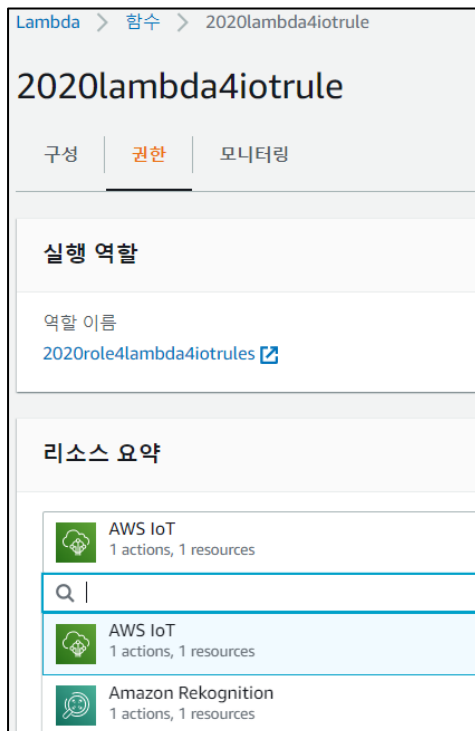


2-1-7. Create Lambda(For Receive message & Image Rekognition)

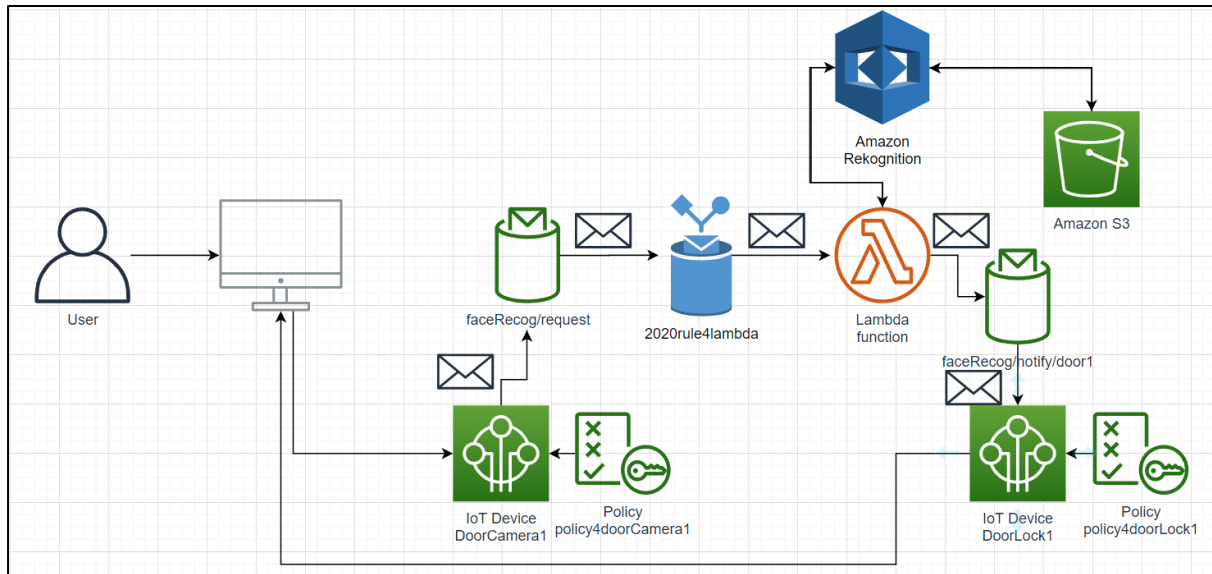
The screenshot shows the AWS Lambda console's '함수' (Functions) tab. A search bar is at the top. Below it, a table lists several functions. The table has columns for '함수 이름' (Function name), '설명' (Description), '런타임' (Runtime), '코드 크기' (Code size), and '마지막 수정' (Last modified).

함수 이름	설명	런타임	코드 크기	마지막 수정
lambda4api		Node.js 12.x	304 bytes	2개월 전
lambdaFaceRecogs		Node.js 12.x	304 bytes	1개월 전
myFunctionTest		Node.js 12.x	304 bytes	2개월 전
2020lambda4iotrule		Node.js 12.x	1018 bytes	1시간 전
hw2		Node.js 12.x	6.6 MB	1개월 전
myCalculator		Node.js 12.x	375 bytes	2개월 전

2-1-8. Give Permission to Lambda



2-1-9. Design Diagram



2-2. System Implementation Document

2-2-1. S3 objects to public for access in Lambda

Amazon S3 > saveimagebucket > Answer > face3.jpg

face3.jpg 최신 버전 ▾

개요 | **속성** | 권한 | Select 소스

객체 소유자의 액세스 권한

정식 ID ⓘ	객체 읽기 ⓘ	객체 읽기 권한 ⓘ	객체 쓰기 권한 ⓘ
<input type="radio"/> 4c8b49995d8063bf918ef0fb8791275380c6ac28715f7dbf085ae281b9d99fd8 (AWS 계정)	예	예	예

다른 AWS 계정에 대한 액세스

[+ 계정 추가](#) [삭제](#)

정식 ID ⓘ	객체 읽기 ⓘ	객체 읽기 권한 ⓘ	객체 쓰기 권한 ⓘ
<input type="radio"/> Everyone	예	예	-

퍼블릭 액세스

그룹 ⓘ	객체 읽기 ⓘ	객체 읽기 권한 ⓘ	객체 쓰기 권한 ⓘ
<input type="radio"/> Everyone	예	예	-

2-2-2. policy to doorCamera1(Connect & Publish)

사물 > doorCamera1 > fa0f36070e302f6dba6a... > policy4doorCamera1

정책

policy4doorCamera1

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": "iot:Publish",
      "Resource": "arn:aws:iot:ap-northeast-2:211265209092:topic/faceRecog/request"
    },
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": "iot:Connect",
      "Resource": "arn:aws:iot:ap-northeast-2:211265209092:client/doorCamera1"
    }
  ]
}
```

2-2-3. policy to doorLock1(Connect & Subscribe & Receive)

사물 > doorLock1 > ba7962bcae895d43eafa... > policy4doorLock1

정책

policy4doorLock1

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": "iot:Connect",
      "Resource": "arn:aws:iot:ap-northeast-2:211265209092:client/doorLock1"
    },
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": "iot:Subscribe",
      "Resource": "arn:aws:iot:ap-northeast-2:211265209092:topicfilter/faceRecog/notify/"
    },
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": "iot:Receive",
      "Resource": "arn:aws:iot:ap-northeast-2:211265209092:topic/faceRecog/notify/door1"
    }
  ]
}
```

2-2-4. IoT Rule(Invoke Lambda : 2020lambda4iotrule)

규칙

2020rule4lambda

활성

개요	설명
Tags	설명이 없습니다
	규칙 쿼리 설명문
	이 규칙을 사용하여 처리하고자 하는 메시지의 소스입니다.
	<pre>SELECT * FROM 'faceRecog/request'</pre>
	SQL 버전 사용 2016-03-23
	작업
	작업은 규칙이 트리거되면 이루어지는 것입니다. 자세히 알아보기
	<div><div>메시지 데이터를 전달하는 Lambda 함수 호출 2020lambda4iotrule</div><div>함수 이름 2020lambda4iotrule</div></div>

2-2-5. Lambda (write index.js)

Attached Separately (2-4-3)

2-2-6. implement awsiot-doorCamera1.js

Attached Separately (2-3)

2-2-7. implement awsiot-doorLock1.js

Attached Separately (2-3)

2-2-8. check in the IoT Core Test

<p>주제 게시</p> <p>faceRecog/request ✕</p> <p>● faceRecog/notify/door1 ✕</p>	<p>QoS of 0으로 게시할 주제와 메시지를 지정합니다.</p> <p>faceRecog/request</p> <pre> 1 { 2 "message": "Hello from AWS IoT console" 3 } </pre> <p>faceRecog/request 2020. 6. 14. 오전 12:31:02</p> <pre> { "notify": "faceRecog/notify/door1", "image": { "image": "face/face2.jpg", "bucket": "saveimagebucket" } } </pre>
<p>주제 게시</p> <p>faceRecog/request ✕</p> <p>faceRecog/notify/door1 ✕</p>	<p>QoS of 0으로 게시할 주제와 메시지를 지정합니다.</p> <p>faceRecog/notify/door1</p> <pre> 1 { 2 "message": "Hello from AWS IoT console" 3 } </pre> <p>faceRecog/notify/door1 2020. 6. 14. 오전 12:31:18</p> <pre> { "image": "saveimagebucket/face/face2.jpg", "command": "lock" } </pre> <p>faceRecog/notify/door1 2020. 6. 14. 오전 12:31:02</p> <pre> { "image": "saveimagebucket/face/face5.jpg", "command": "lock" } </pre>

2-3. Screen SnapShots (Implemenatation Task)

```
DEBUG CONSOLE  PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  TERMINAL
C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe awsiot-doorLock1.js
Door Lock connected
subscribing to the topic faceRecog/notify/door1 !
saveimagebucket/face/face5.jpg : unauthenticated person
saveimagebucket/face/face2.jpg : unauthenticated person
saveimagebucket/face/face3.jpg : unlock door1
saveimagebucket/face/face3.jpg : unlock door1
saveimagebucket/face/face5.jpg : unauthenticated person
saveimagebucket/face/face3.jpg : unlock door1
```

```
DEBUG CONSOLE  PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  TERMINAL
C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe awsiot-doorCamera1.js
Door Camera connected
publish to faceRecog/request{"notify":"faceRecog/notify/door1","image":{"image":"face/face5.jpg","bucket":"saveimagebucket"}}
publish to faceRecog/request{"notify":"faceRecog/notify/door1","image":{"image":"face/face2.jpg","bucket":"saveimagebucket"}}
publish to faceRecog/request{"notify":"faceRecog/notify/door1","image":{"bucket":"saveimagebucket"}}
publish to faceRecog/request{"notify":"faceRecog/notify/door1","image":{"image":"face/face3.jpg","bucket":"saveimagebucket"}}
publish to faceRecog/request{"notify":"faceRecog/notify/door1","image":{"image":"face/face3.jpg","bucket":"saveimagebucket"}}
publish to faceRecog/request{"notify":"faceRecog/notify/door1","image":{"image":"face/face5.jpg","bucket":"saveimagebucket"}}
publish to faceRecog/request{"notify":"faceRecog/notify/door1","image":{"image":"face/face3.jpg","bucket":"saveimagebucket"}}
publish to faceRecog/request{"notify":"faceRecog/notify/door1","image":{"image":"face/face3.jpg","bucket":"saveimagebucket"}}
```

2-4. Node.js Code

2-4-1.awsiot-doorCamera1.js

```
// Door Camera Device Example
// awsiot-camera.js

var awsIot = require('aws-iot-device-sdk');

var doorCamera = awsIot.device({
  keyPath: "./credentials/Camera/fa0f36070e-private.pem.key",
  certPath: "./credentials/Camera/fa0f36070e-certificate.pem.crt",
  caPath: "./credentials/Camera/AmazonRootCA1.pem",
  clientId: "doorCamera1",
  host: "a1wc5scouqf41e-ats.iot.ap-northeast-2.amazonaws.com"
});
```

```

// Device is an instance returned by mqtt.Client(), see mqtt.js for full documentation.
doorCamera.on('connect', function () {
    console.log('Door Camera connected');

    var images = ['face/face1.jpg', 'face/face2.jpg', 'face/face3.jpg', 'face/face4.jpg', 'face/face5.jpg'];
    var sourceBucket = 'saveimagebucket';

    setInterval(function () {
        // randomly select one of the five images
        var imageParam = {
            image : images[Math.ceil(Math.random()*5)],
            bucket : sourceBucket
        }

        var message = { 'notify': 'faceRecog/notify/door1', 'image': imageParam };
        console.log('publish to faceRecog/request' + JSON.stringify(message));
        doorCamera.publish('faceRecog/request', JSON.stringify(message));
    }, 15000); //15 초마다 함수 실행
});

```

2-4-2.awsiot-doorLock1.js

```

// Door Lock Device Example
// awsiot-doorLock.js

var awsIot = require('aws-iot-device-sdk');

var doorLock = awsIot.device({
    keyPath: './credentials/lock/ba7962bcae-private.pem.key",
    certPath: './credentials/lock/ba7962bcae-certificate.pem.crt",
    caPath: './credentials/lock/AmazonRootCA1.pem",
    clientId: "doorLock1",
    host: "a1wc5scouqf41e-ats.iot.ap-northeast-2.amazonaws.com"
});

// Device is an instance returned by mqtt.Client(), see mqtt.js for full documentation.
doorLock.on('connect', function () {
    console.log('Door Lock connected');
    doorLock.subscribe('faceRecog/notify/door1', function () {
        console.log('subscribing to the topic faceRecog/notify/door1 !');
    });

    doorLock.on('message', function (topic, message) {
        if (topic == 'faceRecog/notify/door1') {
            var noti = JSON.parse(message.toString());

```

```

    if (noti.command == 'unlock') console.log(noti.image, ': unlock door1')
    else console.log(noti.image, ': unauthenticated person')
  }
})
});

```

2-4-3. index.js (in Lambda)

```

1  // Face Recognition System with Promise
2  // lambda-faceRecogSys.js
3
4  var AWS = require('aws-sdk');
5  var bucket = 'saveimagebucket';
6  var imageR = new AWS.Rekognition();
7  var iotdata = new AWS.IotData({endpoint: 'a1wc5scouqf41e-ats.iot.ap-northeast-2.amazonaws.com'});
8  var check = false;
9
10 exports.handler = async function (event, context) {
11
12     var testImageID = ['Answer/face3.jpg'];
13
14     var compareParams = {
15         "QualityFilter": "AUTO",
16         "SimilarityThreshold": 90,
17
18         "SourceImage": {
19             "S3Object": {
20                 "Bucket": bucket,
21                 "Name": testImageID[0]
22             }
23         },
24
25         "TargetImage": {
26             "S3Object": {
27                 "Bucket": bucket,
28                 "Name": event.image.image
29             }
30         }
31     };
32
33     const imageResult = event.image.bucket + "/" + event.image.image;
34
35     var result = await imageR.compareFaces(compareParams, function(err, data) {
36         if (err) console.log(err, err.stack)
37         else {
38             if (Boolean(data.FaceMatches.length)) check = true;

```


```

39     else if(Boolean(data.UnmatchedFaces.length)) check = false;
40   }
41   }).promise();
42
43   if (check){
44     var parameter = {
45       topic: event.notify,
46       payload : JSON.stringify({'image': imageResult, 'command': 'unlock'}),
47       qos: 0
48     }
49     iotdata.publish(parameter, function (err, data) {
50       if (err) console.log(err, err.stack)
51       else {}
52     })
53   }
54
55   if (!check) {
56     var parameter = {
57       topic: event.notify,
58       payload : JSON.stringify({'image': imageResult, 'command': 'lock'}),
59       qos: 0
60     }
61     iotdata.publish(parameter, function (err, data) {
62       if (err) console.log(err, err.stack)
63       else {}
64     })
65   }
66
67   };

```

2-5. Permission JSON Documentation

2-5-1.AmazonRekognitionFullAccess


AmazonRekognitionFullAccess

정책 요약

{ } JSON

```

1 {
2   "Version": "2012-10-17",
3   "Statement": [
4     {
5       "Effect": "Allow",
6       "Action": [
7         "rekognition:*"
8       ],
9       "Resource": "*"
10    }
11  ]
12 }

```

2-5-2. AWSIoTFullAccess

 AWSIoTFullAccess

정책 요약

{ } JSON

```
1 {  
2   "Version": "2012-10-17",  
3   "Statement": [  
4     {  
5       "Effect": "Allow",  
6       "Action": [  
7         "iot:*"  
8       ],  
9       "Resource": "*"   
10    }  
11  ]  
12 }
```

3. Why PaaS? Not SaaS?

3-1. SaaS(Software as a Service)

Software as a Service, also known as cloud application services, represents the most commonly utilized option for businesses in the cloud market. SaaS utilizes the internet to deliver applications, which are managed by a third-party vendor, to its users. A majority of SaaS applications run directly through your web browser, which means they do not require any downloads or installations on the client side.

Advantages of SaaS

SaaS provides numerous advantages to employees and companies by greatly reducing the time and money spent on tedious tasks such as installing, managing, and upgrading software. This frees up plenty of time for technical staff to spend on more pressing matters and issues within the organization.

Characteristics of SaaS

- Managed from a central location
- Hosted on a remote server
- Accessible over the internet
- Users not responsible for hardware or software updates

3-2. PaaS(Platform as a Service)

Cloud platform services, also known as Platform as a Service (PaaS), provide cloud components to certain software while being used mainly for applications. PaaS delivers a framework for developers that they can build upon and use to create customized applications. All servers, storage, and networking can be managed by the enterprise or a third-party provider while the developers can maintain management of the applications.

Advantages of PaaS

- Simple, cost-effective development and deployment of apps

- Scalable
- High available
- Developers can customize apps without the headache of maintaining the software
- Significant reduction in the amount of coding needed
- Automaton of business policy
- Easy migration to the hybrid model

Characteristics of PaaS

- Builds on virtualization technology, so resources can easily be scaled up or down as your business changes
- Provides a variety of services to assist with the development, testing, and deployment of apps
- Accessible to numerous users via the same development application
- Integrates web services and databases

3-3. Why Use PaaS

PaaS can streamline workflows when multiple developers are working on the same development project. If other vendors must be included, PaaS can provide great speed and flexibility to the entire process. PaaS is particularly beneficial if you need to create customized applications. This cloud service also can greatly reduce costs and it can simplify some challenges that come up if you are rapidly developing or deploying an app.

SaaS Limitations and Concerns

Data security Problem

Large volumes of data may have to be exchanged to the backend data centers of SaaS apps in order to perform the necessary software functionality. Transferring sensitive business information to public-cloud based SaaS service may result in compromised security and compliance in addition to significant cost for migrating large data workloads.