

Some Ideas about Category Theory

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Overview of Contents

- What is Category Theory
- Isomorphism
- Monics and Epics
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What is Category Theory

- “Mathematics of Mathematics”

Data: Objects and Arrows(Morphisms)

Structure: Identities and Composition

$$a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c \quad a \rightarrow c$$

Properties: Unit Laws,Associativity

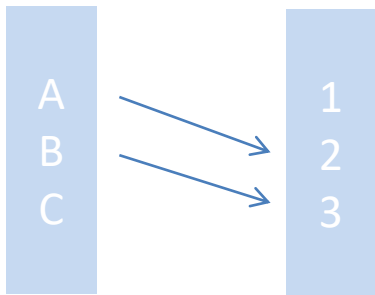
Categories:	Set	Mat	Poset($\mathbb{Z}^+, $)
Objects:	All Sets	\mathbb{N}	\mathbb{Z}^+
Morphisms:	Function	Matrix	Multiplication
Compositions :	Composition of Functions	Matrix Multiplication	Comp of Multiplication

Isomorphism

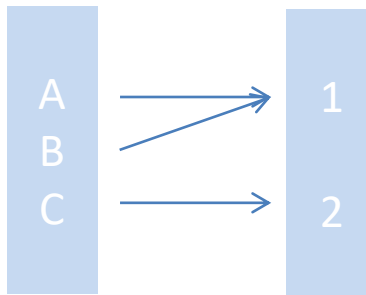
Isomorphism is an invertible morphism in a category.

g and f are inverses if $g \circ f = I_a$ $f \circ g = I_b$ given that
 $f: a \rightarrow b$ $g: b \rightarrow a$

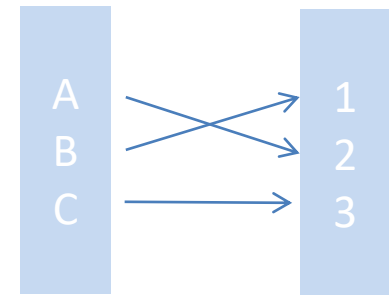
In **Set**, Isomorphisms is equivalent to bijection



Injection, 1 has no inverse



Surjection, 1 has no inverse



Bijection, every morphism is invertible

Monics and Epics

- Monic is “Categorical Injectivity”

$f: a \rightarrow b$ is monic if $\forall s, t: c \rightarrow a, f \circ s = f \circ t \implies s = t$

- Epic is “Categorical Surjectivity”

$f: a \rightarrow b$ is epic if $\forall s, t: b \rightarrow c, s \circ f = t \circ f \implies s = t$

For **Poset**($\mathbb{Z}^+, |$)

Is it monic?

Yes! We can at most have one morphism between any two objects in a Poset.

Is it epic?

Yes! By same idea...

Then we know it is both monic and epic, is it isomorphism?

Both Monic and Epic does not mean isomorphism in **Poset**

For **Poset**($\mathbb{Z}^+, |$)

Suppose we have 5

By morphism $\times 2$

We got 10

No Integer to reverse this!

Initial and Terminal Objects

For an object a in \mathcal{C} , we have an unique $a \rightarrow b \quad \forall b$ in \mathcal{C}

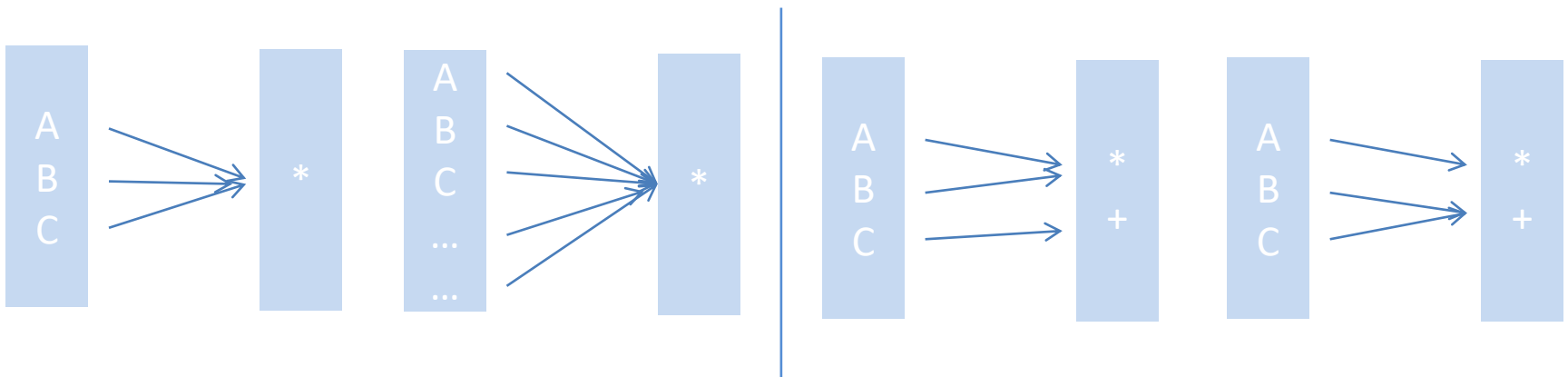
Then a is an initial object.

For an object a in \mathcal{C} , we have an unique $b \rightarrow a \quad \forall b$ in \mathcal{C}

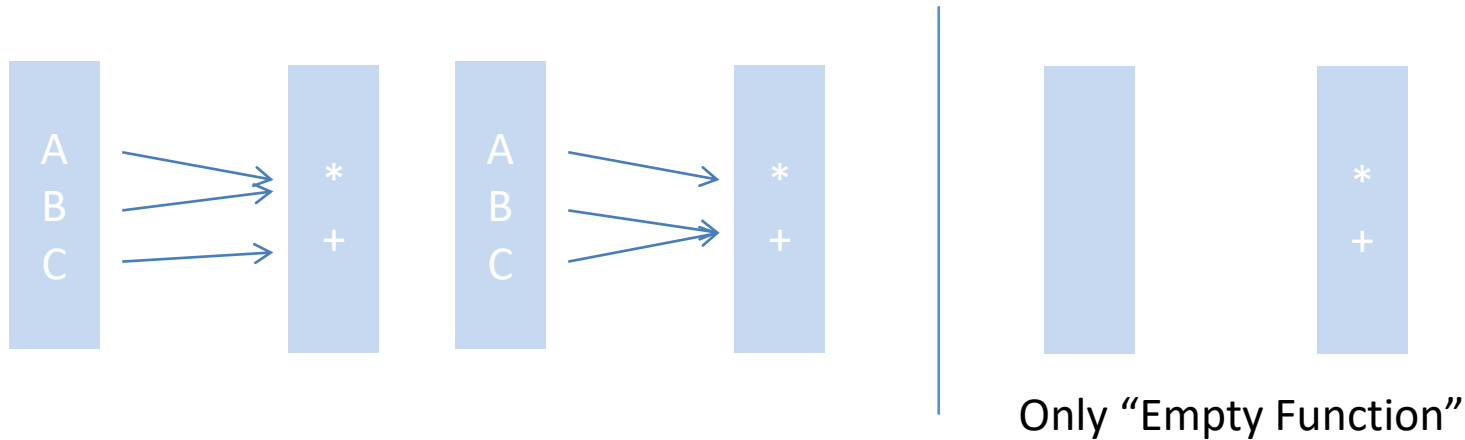
Then a is a terminal object.

In **Set**,

Any set with one element is terminal.



Empty Set is initial.



Also for **Poset**($\mathbb{Z}^+, |$)

1 is initial

What about a terminal object in this category?

There is no!

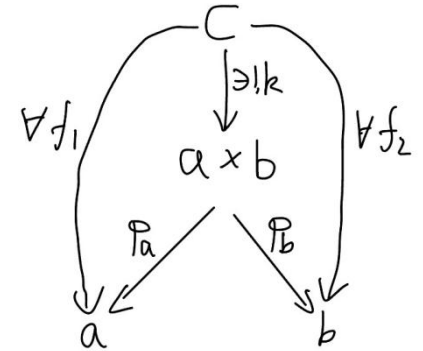
Constrain the objects of this **Poset** to factors of positive integer Z , and up to Z

Then Z is a terminal object.

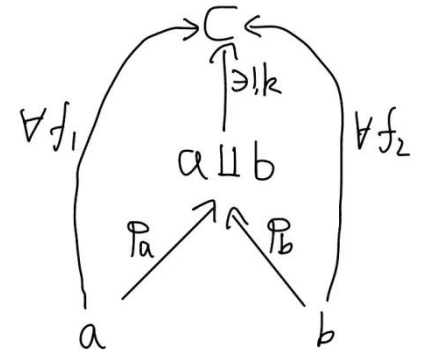
(Z is a least common multiple of all the elements here)

Products and Coproducts

For $a, b \in \mathcal{C}$, the product of a, b is an object $a \times b \in \mathcal{C}$ with morphisms $P_a: a \times b \rightarrow a, P_b: a \times b \rightarrow b$ such that $\forall c \in \mathcal{C}$, morphisms $f_1: c \rightarrow a, f_2: c \rightarrow b$, there exist a unique morphism $k: c \rightarrow a \times b$, which satisfies $P_a \circ k = f_1, P_b \circ k = f_2$



For $a, b \in \mathcal{C}$, the coproduct of a, b is an object $a \amalg b \in \mathcal{C}$ with morphisms $P_a: a \rightarrow a \amalg b, P_b: b \rightarrow a \amalg b$ such that $\forall c \in \mathcal{C}$, morphisms $f_1: a \rightarrow c, f_2: b \rightarrow c$, there exist a unique morphism $k: a \amalg b \rightarrow c$, which satisfies $k \circ P_a = f_1, k \circ P_b = f_2$



For **Set**,

If have two sets A and B,

The product is (a, b)

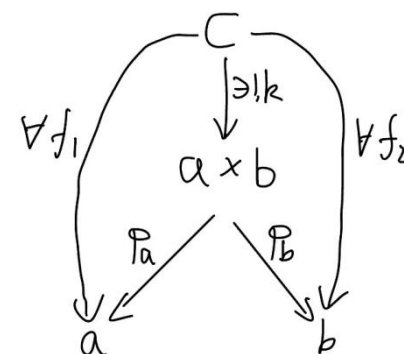
Construct:

C is the any other set

$$P_a(a, b) = a; P_b(a, b) = b$$

$$k(c) = (a, b)$$

$$f_1(c) = a; f_2(c) = b$$



The coproduct is a **disjoint union** of A and B.

Example of disjoint union:

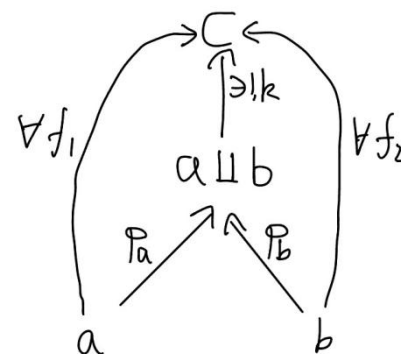
$$\text{If } a, b \in X; b, c \in Y, X \sqcup Y = \{a_X, b_X, b_Y, c_Y\}$$

Construct:

$$P_a(a) = a; P_b(b) = b \text{ "result in } a \sqcup b \text{"}$$

$$k = (f_1(x) \text{ if } x \in A) \text{ or } (f_2(x) \text{ if } x \in B)$$

$$f_1(a) = c; f_2(b) = c$$



For **Poset**($\mathbb{Z}^+, |$),

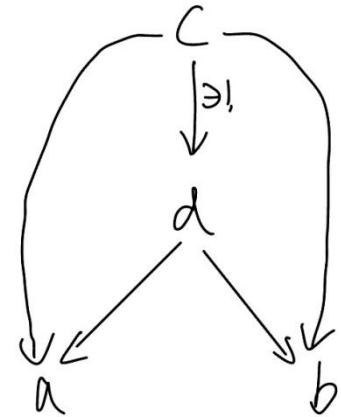
In product,

d is a factor of a and b ,

c are any factors of a and b ,

If any factors of a and b are factors of d ...

$d = \gcd(a, b)$



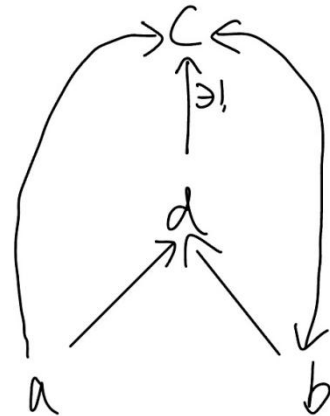
In coproduct,

d is a multiplier of a and b ,

c are any multipliers of a and b ,

If any other multiplier of a and b are multipliers of d ...

$d = \text{lcm}(a, b)$



The book I read is The Joy Of Abstraction – *An Exploration of Math, Category Theory, and Life* by Eugenia Cheng

Really Good Book:

Introduced some background knowledge

Used easy understanding examples

Also I am really thankful to my mentor Daniel.

Thanks!